

Common Alerting Protocol Version 1.2

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- OASIS Standard CAP-V1.1, Approved Errata October 2007 http://docs.oasisopen.org/emergency/cap/v1.1/errata/CAP-v1.1-errata.pdf

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Abstract:

The Common Alerting Protocol (CAP) is a simple but general format for exchanging all-hazard emergency alerts and public warnings over all kinds of networks. CAP allows a consistent warning message to be disseminated simultaneously over many different warning systems, thus increasing warning effectiveness while simplifying the warning task. CAP also facilitates the detection of emerging patterns in local warnings of various kinds, such as might indicate an undetected hazard or hostile act. And CAP provides a template for effective warning messages based on best practices identified in academic research and real-world experience.

Status:

This document was last revised or approved by the Emergency Management TC on the above date. The level of approval is also listed above. Check the "Latest Version" or "Latest Approved Version" location noted above for possible later revisions of this document.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

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- 3 The Common Alerting Protocol (CAP) provides an open, non-proprietary digital message format for all
- 4 types of alerts and notifications. It does not address any particular application or telecommunications
- 5 method. The CAP format is compatible with emerging techniques, such as Web services, as well as
- 6 existing formats including the Specific Area Message Encoding (SAME) used for the United States'
- 7 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Weather Radio and the Emergency Alert
- 8 System (EAS), while offering enhanced capabilities that include:
 - Flexible geographic targeting using latitude/longitude shapes and other geospatial representations in three dimensions;
 - Multilingual and multi-audience messaging;
- Phased and delayed effective times and expirations;
 - Enhanced message update and cancellation features;
- Template support for framing complete and effective warning messages;
 - Compatible with digital signature capability; and,
 - Facility for digital images and audio.
- 17 Key benefits of CAP will include reduction of costs and operational complexity by eliminating the need for
- multiple custom software interfaces to the many warning sources and dissemination systems involved in
- 19 all-hazard warning. The CAP message format can be converted to and from the "native" formats of all
- 20 kinds of sensor and alerting technologies, forming a basis for a technology-independent national and
- 21 international "warning internet."

1.2 History

- 23 The National Science and Technology Council report on "Effective Disaster Warnings" released in
- 24 November, 2000 recommended that "a standard method should be developed to collect and relay
- instantaneously and automatically all types of hazard warnings and reports locally, regionally and
- 26 nationally for input into a wide variety of dissemination systems."
- 27 An international working group of more than 130 emergency managers and information technology and
- 28 telecommunications experts convened in 2001 and adopted the specific recommendations of the NSTC
- 29 report as a point of departure for the design of a Common Alerting Protocol (CAP). Their draft went
- 30 through several revisions and was tested in demonstrations and field trials in Virginia (supported by the
- 31 ComCARE Alliance) and in California (in cooperation with the California Office of Emergency Services)
- 32 during 2002 and 2003.
- 33 In 2002 the CAP initiative was endorsed by the national non-profit Partnership for Public Warning, which
- 34 sponsored its contribution in 2003 to the OASIS standards process. In 2004, CAP version 1.0 was
- 35 adopted as an OASIS Standard. In 2005, changes based on user feedback were incorporated into CAP
- 36 and version 1.1 was released. As part of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU-T) adoption of
- 37 CAP, a CAP 1.1 Errata was released in 2007 to support ASN.1 encoding. Version 1.2 is a minor release
- 38 to resolve issues identified by the EM-TC CAP Call for Comments initiated in April 2008 and also
- incorporates feedback from CAP profile development efforts.

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1.3 Structure of the CAP Alert Message

- 43 Each CAP Alert Message consists of an <alert> segment, which may contain one or more <info>
- 44 segments, each of which may include one or more <area> and/or <resource> segments. Under most
- 45 circumstances CAP messages with a <msgType> value of "Alert" SHOULD include at least one <info>
- element. (See the document object model diagram in section 3.1, below.)

47 1.3.1 <alert>

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- 48 The <alert> segment provides basic information about the current message: its purpose, its source and
- 49 its status, as well as a unique identifier for the current message and links to any other, related messages.
- 50 An <alert> segment may be used alone for message acknowledgements, cancellations or other system
- 51 functions, but most <alert> segments will include at least one <info> segment.

1.3.2 <info>

- 53 The <info> segment describes an anticipated or actual event in terms of its urgency (time available to
- 54 prepare), severity (intensity of impact) and certainty (confidence in the observation or prediction), as well
- 55 as providing both categorical and textual descriptions of the subject event. It may also provide
- 56 instructions for appropriate response by message recipients and various other details (hazard duration,
- 57 technical parameters, contact information, links to additional information sources, etc.) Multiple <info>
- 58 segments may be used to describe differing parameters (e.g., for different probability or intensity "bands")
- or to provide the information in multiple languages.

1.3.3 <resource>

- 61 The <resource> segment provides an optional reference to additional information related to the <info>
- segment within which it appears in the form of a digital asset such as an image or audio file.

63 1.3.4 <area>

- The <area> segment describes a geographic area to which the <info> segment in which it appears
- 65 applies. Textual and coded descriptions (such as postal codes) are supported, but the preferred
- representations use geospatial shapes (polygons and circles) and an altitude or altitude range, expressed
- 67 in standard latitude / longitude / altitude terms in accordance with a specified geospatial datum.

1.4 Applications of the CAP Alert Message

- 69 The primary use of the CAP Alert Message is to provide a single input to activate all kinds of alerting and
- 70 public warning systems. This reduces the workload associated with using multiple warning systems while
- 71 enhancing technical reliability and target-audience effectiveness. It also helps ensure consistency in the
- 72 information transmitted over multiple delivery systems, another key to warning effectiveness.
- 73 A secondary application of CAP is to normalize warnings from various sources so they can be aggregated
- 74 and compared in tabular or graphic form as an aid to situational awareness and pattern detection.
- 75 Although primarily designed as an interoperability standard for use among warning systems and other
- emergency information systems, the CAP Alert Message can be delivered directly to alert recipients over
- 77 various networks, including data broadcasts. Location-aware receiving devices could use the information
- 78 in a CAP Alert Message to determine, based on their current location, whether that particular message
- 79 was relevant to their users.
- 80 The CAP Alert Message can also be used by sensor systems as a format for reporting significant events
- 81 to collection and analysis systems and centers.

1.5 Terminology

- The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD"
- NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described
- 86 in [RFC2119].

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- 87 The words warning, alert and notification are used interchangeably throughout this document.
- The term "coordinate pair" is used in this document to refer to a comma-delimited pair of decimal values
- describing a geospatial location in degrees, unprojected, in the form "[latitude], [longitude]". Latitudes in
- 90 the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere are signed negative by means of a
- 91 leading dash.

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120	[ITIL T V 00 /]	Specification of XML Encoding Rules (XER).
121	[ITU-T X.694]	ITU-T Recommendation X.694, Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules:
122		Mapping W3C XML schema definitions into ASN.1.
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2 Design Principles and Concepts (non-normative)

125 **2.1 Design Philosophy**

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- 126 Among the principles which guided the design of the CAP Alert Message were:
 - Interoperability First and foremost, the CAP Alert Message should provide a means for interoperable exchange of alerts and notifications among all kinds of emergency information systems.
 - **Completeness** The CAP Alert Message format should provide for all the elements of an effective public warning message.
 - **Simple implementation** The design should not place undue burdens of complexity on technical implementers.
 - Simple XML and portable structure Although the primary anticipated use of the CAP Alert Message is as an XML document, the format should remain sufficiently abstract to be adaptable to other coding schemes.
 - Multi-use format One message schema supports multiple message types (e.g., alert / update / cancellations / acknowledgements / error messages) in various applications (actual / exercise / test / system message).
 - **Familiarity** The data elements and code values should be meaningful to warning originators and non-expert recipients alike.
 - Interdisciplinary and international utility The design should allow a broad range of applications in public safety and emergency management and allied applications and should be applicable worldwide.

2.2 Requirements for Design

Note: The following requirements were used as a basis for design and review of the CAP Alert Message format. This list is non-normative and not intended to be exhaustive.

- 148 The Common Alerting Protocol SHOULD:
 - Provide a specification for a simple, extensible format for digital representation of warning messages and notifications;
 - Enable integration of diverse sensor and dissemination systems;
- Be usable over multiple transmission systems, including both TCP/IP-based networks and oneway "broadcast" channels;
 - Support credible end-to-end authentication and validation of all messages;
 - Provide a unique identifier (e.g., an ID number) for each warning message and for each message originator;
 - Provide for multiple message types, such as:
 - Warnings
 - Acknowledgements
 - Expirations and cancellations
 - Updates and amendments
- Reports of results from dissemination systems
 - Administrative and system messages
 - Provide for multiple message types, such as:

- 165 Geographic targeting
- 166 Level of urgency
- 167 Level of certainty
- 168 Level of threat severity
- Provide a mechanism for referencing supplemental information (e.g., digital audio or image files, additional text);
- Use an established open-standard data representation;
- Be based on a program of real-world cross-platform testing and evaluation;
- Provide a clear basis for certification and further protocol evaluation and improvement; and,
- Provide a clear logical structure that is relevant and clearly applicable to the needs of emergency
 response and public safety users and warning system operators.

2.3 Examples of Use Scenarios

Note: The following examples of use scenarios were used as a basis for design and review of the CAP Alert Message format. These scenarios are non-normative and not intended to be exhaustive or to reflect actual practices.

2.3.1 Manual Origination

- 181 The Incident Commander at an industrial fire with potential of a major explosion decides to issue a public
- alert with three components: a) An evacuation of the area within half a mile of the fire; b) a shelter-in-
- place instruction for people in a polygon roughly describing a downwind dispersion 'plume' extending
- several miles downwind and half a mile upwind from the fire; and c) a request for all media and civilian
- aircraft to remain above 2500 feet above ground level when within a half mile radius of the fire.
- 186 Using a portable computer and a web page (and a pop-up drawing tool to enter the polygon) the Incident
- 187 Commander issues the alert as a CAP message to a local alerting network.

188 2.3.2 Automated Origination by Autonomous Sensor System

- A set of automatic tsunami warning sirens has been installed along a popular Northwest beach. A
- 190 wireless network of sensor devices collocated with the sirens controls their activation. When triggered,
- each sensor generates a CAP message containing its location and the sensed data at that location that is
- 192 needed for the tsunami determination. Each siren activates when the combination of its own readings and
- those reported at by other devices on the network indicate an immediate tsunami threat. In addition, a
- 194 network component assembles a summary CAP message describing the event and feeds it to regional
- 195 and national alerting networks.

2.3.3 Aggregation and Correlation on Real-time Map

- 197 At the State Operations Center a computerized map of the state depicts, in real time, all current and
- 198 recent warning activity throughout the state. All major warning systems in the state the Emergency
- Alert System, siren systems, telephone alerting and other systems have been equipped to report the
- details of their activation in the form of a CAP message. (Since many of them are now activated by way
- of CAP messages, this is frequently just a matter of forwarding the activation message to the state
- 202 center.)

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- 203 Using this visualization tool, state officials can monitor for emerging patterns of local warning activity and
- correlate it with other real time data (e.g., telephone central office traffic loads, 9-1-1 traffic volume,
- seismic data, automatic vehicular crash notifications, etc.).

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2.3.4 Integrated Public Alerting

- As part of an integrated warning system funded by local industry, all warning systems in a community can
- be activated simultaneously by the issuance, from an authorized authority, of a single CAP message.
- 210 Each system converts the CAP message data into the form suitable for its technology (text captioning on
- TV, synthesized voice on radio and telephone, activation of the appropriate signal on sirens, etc.).
- 212 Systems that can target their messages to particular geographic areas implement the targeting specified
- in the CAP message with as little 'spillover' as their technology permits.
- In this way, not only is the reliability and reach of the overall warning system maximized, but citizens also
- 215 get corroboration of the alert through multiple channels, which increases the chance of the warning being
- 216 acted upon.

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2.3.5 Repudiating a False Alarm

- 218 Inadvertently the integrated alerting network has been activated with an inaccurate warning message.
- This activation comes to officials' attention immediately through their own monitoring facilities (e.g., 2.3.3
- above). Having determined that the alert is, in fact, inappropriate, the officials issue a cancellation
- 221 message that refers directly to the erroneous prior alert. Alerting systems that are still in the process of
- delivering the alert (e.g., telephone dialing systems) stop doing so. Broadcast systems deliver the
- 223 cancellation message. Other systems (e.g., highway signs) simply reset to their normal state.

224 3 Alert Message Structure (normative)

3.1 Document Object Model

<u>alert</u>

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Message ID (identifier)

Sender ID (sender)

Sent Date/Time (sent)

Message Status (status)

Message Type (msgType)

Source (source)

Scope (scope)

Restriction (restriction)

Addresses (addresses)

Handling Code (code) *

Note (note)

Reference IDs (references)

Incident IDs (incidents)

Elements in **boldface** are mandatory; elements in *italics* have default values that will be assumed if the element is not present; asterisks (*) indicate that multiple instances are permitted.

info

Language (language)

Event Category (category) *

Event Type (event)

Response Type (responseType) *

*

Urgency (urgency)

Severity (severity)

Certainty (certainty)

Audience (audience)

Event Code (eventCode) *

Effective Date/Time (effective)

Onset Date/Time (onset)

Expiration Date/Time (expires)

Sender Name (senderName)

Headline (headline)

Event Description (description)

Instructions (instruction)

Information URL (web)

Contact Info (contact)

Parameter (parameter) *

resource

Description (resourceDesc)

MIME Type (mimeType)

File Size (size)

URI (uri)

Dereferenced URI (derefUri)

Digest (digest)

area

Area Description (areaDesc)

Area Polygon (polygon) *

Area Circle (circle) *

Area Geocode (geocode) *

Altitude (altitude)

Ceiling (ceiling)

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3.2 Data Dictionary

Note: Unless explicitly constrained within this Data Dictionary or the XML Schema (Section 3.4), CAP elements MAY have null values. Implementers MUST check for this condition wherever it might affect application performance.

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Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
3.2.1 "alert	" Element and Sul	b-elements	
alert	cap. alert. group	The container for all component parts of the alert message (REQUIRED)	 (1) Surrounds CAP alert message subelements. (2) MUST include the xmlns attribute referencing the CAP URN as the namespace, e.g.: (sub-elements] (3) In addition to the specified subelements, MAY contain one or more <info> blocks.</info>
identifier	cap. alert. identifier. identifier	The identifier of the alert message (REQUIRED)	(1) A number or string uniquely identifying this message, assigned by the sender.(2) MUST NOT include spaces, commas or restricted characters (< and &).
sender	cap. alert. sender. identifier	The identifier of the sender of the alert message (REQUIRED)	 (1) Identifies the originator of this alert. Guaranteed by assigner to be unique globally; e.g., may be based on an Internet domain name. (2) MUST NOT include spaces, commas or restricted characters (< and &).
sent	cap. alert. sent. time	The time and date of the origination of the alert message (REQUIRED)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16:49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00".

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
status	cap. alert. status. code	The code denoting the appropriate handling of the alert message (REQUIRED)	Code Values: "Actual" - Actionable by all targeted recipients "Exercise" - Actionable only by designated exercise participants; exercise identifier SHOULD appear in <note> "System" - For messages that support alert network internal functions "Test" - Technical testing only, all recipients disregard "Draft" - A preliminary template or draft, not actionable in its current form</note>
msgType	cap. alert. msgType. code	The code denoting the nature of the alert message (REQUIRED)	Code Values: "Alert" - Initial information requiring attention by targeted recipients "Update" - Updates and supercedes the earlier message(s) identified in <references> "Cancel" - Cancels the earlier message(s) identified in <references> "Ack" - Acknowledges receipt and acceptance of the message(s) identified in <references> "Error" - Indicates rejection of the message(s) identified in <references>; explanation SHOULD appear in <note></note></references></references></references></references>
source	cap. alert. source. identifier	The text identifying the source of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The particular source of this alert; e.g., an operator or a specific device.
scope	cap. alert. scope. code	The code denoting the intended distribution of the alert message (REQUIRED)	Code Values: "Public" - For general dissemination to unrestricted audiences "Restricted" - For dissemination only to users with a known operational requirement (see <restriction>, below) "Private" - For dissemination only to specified addresses (see <addresses>, below)</addresses></restriction>

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
restriction	cap. alert. restriction. text	The text describing the rule for limiting distribution of the restricted alert message (CONDITIONAL)	Used when <scope> value is "Restricted".</scope>
addresses	cap. alert. addresses. group	The group listing of intended recipients of the alert message (CONDITIONAL)	 Required when <scope> is "Private", optional when <scope> is "Public" or "Restricted".</scope></scope> Each recipient SHALL be identified by an identifier or an address. Multiple space-delimited addresses MAY be included. Addresses including whitespace MUST be enclosed in double-quotes.
code	cap. alert. code. code	The code denoting the special handling of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any user-defined flag or special code used to flag the alert message for special handling.(2) Multiple instances MAY occur.
note	cap. alert. note. text	The text describing the purpose or significance of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The message note is primarily intended for use with <status> "Exercise" and <msgtype> "Error".</msgtype></status>
references	cap. alert. references. group	The group listing identifying earlier message(s) referenced by the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) The extended message identifier(s) (in the form sender,identifier,sent) of an earlier CAP message or messages referenced by this one. (2) If multiple messages are referenced, they SHALL be separated by whitespace.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
incidents	cap. alert. incidents. group	The group listing naming the referent incident(s) of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) Used to collate multiple messages referring to different aspects of the same incident. (2) If multiple incident identifiers are referenced, they SHALL be separated by whitespace. Incident names including whitespace SHALL be surrounded by double-quotes.
3.2.2 "info"	Element and Sub	-elements	
info	cap. alertInfo. info. group	The container for all component parts of the info sub-element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) Multiple occurrences are permitted within a single <alert>. If targeting of multiple <info> blocks in the same language overlaps, information in later blocks may expand but may not override the corresponding values in earlier ones. Each set of <info> blocks containing the same language identifier SHALL be treated as a separate sequence.</info></info></alert> (2) In addition to the specified subelements, MAY contain one or more <resource> blocks and/or one or more <area/> blocks.</resource>
language	cap. alertInfo. language. code	The code denoting the language of the info sub- element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) Code Values: Natural language identifier per [RFC 3066]. (2) If not present, an implicit default value of "en-US" SHALL be assumed. (3) A null value in this element SHALL be considered equivalent to "en-US."

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
category	cap. alertInfo. category. code	The code denoting the category of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)	(1) Code Values: "Geo" - Geophysical (inc. landslide) "Met" - Meteorological (inc. flood) "Safety" - General emergency and public safety "Security" - Law enforcement, military, homeland and local/private security "Rescue" - Rescue and recovery "Fire" - Fire suppression and rescue "Health" - Medical and public health "Env" - Pollution and other environmental "Transport" - Public and private transportation "Infra" - Utility, telecommunication, other non-transport infrastructure "CBRNE" - Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear or High-Yield Explosive threat or attack "Other" - Other events (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.</info>
event	cap. alertinfo. event. text	The text denoting the type of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)	

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
responseType	cap. alertInfo. responseType. code	The code denoting the type of action recommended for the target audience (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: "Shelter" – Take shelter in place or per <instruction> "Evacuate" – Relocate as instructed in the <instruction> "Prepare" – Make preparations per the <instruction> "Execute" – Execute a pre-planned activity identified in <instruction> "Avoid" – Avoid the subject event as per the <instruction> "Monitor" – Attend to information sources as described in <instruction> "Assess" – Evaluate the information in this message. (This value SHOULD NOT be used in public warning applications.) "AllClear" – The subject event no longer poses a threat or concern and any follow on action is described in <instruction> "None" – No action recommended (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.</info></instruction></instruction></instruction></instruction></instruction></instruction></instruction>
urgency	cap. alertInfo. urgency. code	The code denoting the urgency of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)	(1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages. (2) Code Values: "Immediate" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken immediately "Expected" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken soon (within next hour) "Future" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken in the near future "Past" - Responsive action is no longer required "Unknown" - Urgency not known</certainty></severity></urgency>

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
severity	cap. alertInfo. severity. code	The code denoting the severity of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)	 (1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages.</certainty></severity></urgency> (2) Code Values: "Extreme" - Extraordinary threat to life or property "Severe" - Significant threat to life or property "Moderate" - Possible threat to life or property "Minor" - Minimal to no known threat to life or property "Unknown" - Severity unknown
certainty	cap. alertInfo. certainty. code	The code denoting the certainty of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)	(1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages. (2) Code Values: "Observed" – Determined to have occurred or to be ongoing "Likely" - Likely (p > ~50%) "Possible" - Possible but not likely (p <= ~50%) "Unlikely" - Not expected to occur (p ~ 0) "Unknown" - Certainty unknown (3) For backward compatibility with CAP 1.0, the deprecated value of "Very Likely" SHOULD be treated as equivalent to "Likely".</certainty></severity></urgency>
audience	cap. alertInfo. audience. text	The text describing the intended audience of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
eventCode	cap. alertInfo. eventCode. code	A system- specific code identifying the event type of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any system-specific code for event typing, in the form: <eventcode></eventcode>
effective	cap. alertInfo. effective. time	The effective time of the information of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16: 49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00". (3) If this item is not included, the effective time SHALL be assumed to be the same as in <sent>.</sent>
onset	cap. alertInfo. onset. time	The expected time of the beginning of the subject event of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16: 49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00".

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
expires	cap. alertInfo. expires. time	The expiry time of the information of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16:49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00". (3) If this item is not provided, each recipient is free to set its own policy as to when the message is no longer in effect.
senderName	cap. alertInfo. senderName. text	The text naming the originator of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The human-readable name of the agency or authority issuing this alert.
headline	cap. alertInfo. headline. text	The text headline of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	A brief human-readable headline. Note that some displays (for example, short messaging service devices) may only present this headline; it SHOULD be made as direct and actionable as possible while remaining short. 160 characters MAY be a useful target limit for headline length.
description	cap. alertInfo. description. text	The text describing the subject event of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	An extended human readable description of the hazard or event that occasioned this message.
instruction	cap. alertInfo. instruction. text	The text describing the recommended action to be taken by recipients of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	An extended human readable instruction to targeted recipients. If different instructions are intended for different recipients, they should be represented by use of multiple <info> blocks.</info>

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
web	cap alertInfo. web. identifier	The identifier of the hyperlink associating additional information with the alert message (OPTIONAL)	A full, absolute URI for an HTML page or other text resource with additional or reference information regarding this alert.
contact	cap. alertInfo. contact. text	The text describing the contact for follow-up and confirmation of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	
parameter	cap. alertInfo. parameter. code	A system-specific additional parameter associated with the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any system-specific datum, in the form: <parameter></parameter>

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain			
3.2.3 "reso	3.2.3 "resource" Element and Sub-elements					
resource	cap alertInfoResource. resource. group	The container for all component parts of the resource sub-element of the info sub-element of the alert element (OPTIONAL)	 (1) Refers to an additional file with supplemental information related to this <info> element; e.g., an image or audio file.</info> (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.</info> 			
resourceDesc	cap. alertInfoResource. resourceDesc. text	The text describing the type and content of the resource file (REQUIRED)	The human-readable text describing the type and content, such as "map" or "photo", of the resource file.			
mimeType	cap. alertInfoResource. mimeType. identifier	The identifier of the MIME content type and sub-type describing the resource file (REQUIRED)	MIME content type and sub-type as described in [RFC 2046]. (As of this document, the current IANA registered MIME types are listed at http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/)			
size	cap. alertInfoResource. size. integer	The integer indicating the size of the resource file (OPTIONAL)	(1) Approximate size of the resource file in bytes.(2) For <uri> based resources, <size> SHOULD be included if available.</size></uri>			
uri	cap. alertInfoResource. uri. identifier	The identifier of the hyperlink for the resource file (OPTIONAL)	A full absolute URI, typically a Uniform Resource Locator that can be used to retrieve the resource over the Internet OR a relative URI to name the content of a <derefuri> element if one is present in this resource block.</derefuri>			

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain	
derefUri	cap alertInfoResource. derefUri. data	The base-64 encoded data content of the resource file (CONDITIONAL)	(1) MAY be used either with or instead of the <uri> element in messages transmitted over one-way (e.g., broadcast) data links where retrieval of a resource via a URI is not feasible.</uri>	
			(2) Clients intended for use with one-way data links MUST support this element.	
			(3) This element MUST NOT be used unless the sender is certain that all direct clients are capable of processing it.	
			(4) If messages including this element are forwarded onto a two-way network, the forwarder MUST strip the <derefuri> element and SHOULD extract the file contents and provide a <uri> link to a retrievable version of the file.</uri></derefuri>	
			(5) Providers of one-way data links MAY enforce additional restrictions on the use of this element, including message-size limits and restrictions regarding file types.	
digest	cap. alertInfoResource. digest. code	The code representing the digital digest ("hash") computed from the resource file (OPTIONAL)	Calculated using the Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-1) per [FIPS 180-2] .	
3.2.4 "area" Element and Sub-elements				
area	cap. alertInfoArea. area. group	The container for all component parts of the area sub-element of the info sub-element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Multiple occurrences permitted, in which case the target area for the <info> block is the union of all the included <area/> blocks. (2) MAY contain one or multiple instances of <polygon>, <circle> or <geocode>. If multiple <polygon>, <circle> or <geocode> elements are included, the area described by this <area/> block is represented by the union of all the included elements.</geocode></circle></polygon></geocode></circle></polygon></info>	

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
areaDesc	cap. alertInfoArea. areaDesc. text	The text describing the affected area of the alert message (REQUIRED)	A text description of the affected area.
polygon	cap. alertInfoArea. polygon. group	The paired values of points defining a polygon that delineates the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) Code Values: The geographic polygon is represented by a whitespace-delimited list of [WGS 84] coordinate pairs. (See WGS 84 Note at end of this section) (2) A minimum of 4 coordinate pairs MUST be present and the first and last pairs of coordinates MUST be the same. (3) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <area/> block.
circle	cap. alertInfoArea. circle. group	The paired values of a point and radius delineating the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: The circular area is represented by a central point given as a [WGS 84] coordinate pair followed by a space character and a radius value in kilometers. (See WGS 84 Note at end of this section) (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <area/> block.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
geocode	cap. alertInfoArea. geocode. code	The geographic code delineating the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any geographically-based code to describe a message target area, in the form: <geocode></geocode>
altitude	cap. alertInfoArea. altitude. quantity	The specific or minimum altitude of the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	 (1) If used with the <ceiling> element this value is the lower limit of a range.</ceiling> Otherwise, this value specifies a specific altitude. (2) The altitude measure is in feet above mean sea level per the [WGS 84] datum.
ceiling	cap. alertInfoArea. ceiling. quantity	The maximum altitude of the affected area of the alert message (CONDITIONAL)	(1) MUST NOT be used except in combination with the <altitude> element.</altitude>(2) The ceiling measure is in feet above mean sea level per the [WGS 84] datum.

3.3 Implementation Notes

235 3.3.1 WGS 84 Note

234

- 236 Geographic locations in CAP are defined using [WGS 84] (World Geodetic System 1984), equivalent to
- 237 EPSG (European Petroleum Survey Group) code 4326 (2 dimensions). CAP does not assign
- 238 responsibilities for coordinate transformations from and to other Spatial Reference Systems. See section
- 239 1.5 Terminology for the format of coordinate pairs within CAP elements.

240 3.3.2 DateTime Data Type

- 241 All [dateTime] elements (<sent>, <effective>, <onset>, and <expires>) SHALL be specified in the form
- 242 "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssXzh:zm" where:
- YYYY indicates the year
- MM indicates the month
- DD indicates the day
- T indicates the symbol "T" marking the start of the required time section
- hh indicates the hour
- mm indicates the minute
- ss indicates the second
- X indicates either the symbol "+" if the preceding date and time are in a time zone ahead of UTC, or the symbol "-' if the preceding date and time are in a time zone behind UTC. If the time is in UTC, the symbol "-" will be used.
- zh indicates the hours of offset from the preceding date and time to UTC, or "00" if the preceding time is in UTC
- zm indicates the minutes of offset from the preceding date and time to UTC, or "00" if the
 preceding time is in UTC
- 257 For example, a value of "2002-05-30T09:30:10-05:00" would indicate May 30, 2002 at 9:30:10 AM
- 258 Eastern Standard Time, which would be 2:30:10PM Universal Coordinated Time (UTC). That same
- 259 time might be indicated by "2002-05-30T14:30:10-00:00".

260 3.3.3 Character Entity References

The use of character entity references, such as HTML entities (e.g.) is discouraged.

262 3.3.4 Security Note

- 263 Because CAP is an XML-based format, existing XML security mechanisms can be used to secure and
- authenticate its content. While these mechanisms are available to secure CAP Alert Messages, they
- should not be used indiscriminately.

266 3.3.4.1 Digital Signatures

- The <alert> element of a CAP Alert Message MAY have an Enveloped Signature, as described by XML-
- 268 Signature and Syntax Processing [XMLSIG]. Other XML signature mechanisms MUST NOT be used in
- 269 CAP Alert Messages.
- 270 Processors MUST NOT reject a CAP Alert Message containing such a signature simply because they are
- 271 not capable of verifying it; they MUST continue processing and SHOULD inform the user of their failure to
- validate the signature.

276

In other words, the presence of an element with the namespace URI [XMLSIG] and a local name of <Signature> as a child of the <alert> element must not cause a processor to fail merely because of its presence.

3.4 XML Schema

```
277
278
       <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
279
280
       <!-- Copyright OASIS Open 2010 All Rights Reserved -->
        <schema xmlns = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
281
           targetNamespace = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
282
283
           xmlns:cap = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
          xmlns:xs = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
284
285
           elementFormDefault = "qualified"
          attributeFormDefault = "unqualified"
286
          version = "1.2">
287
          <element name = "alert">
288
            <annotation>
289
              <documentation>CAP Alert Message (version 1.2)</documentation>
290
            </annotation>
291
            <complexType>
292
              <sequence>
293
294
                <element name = "identifier" type = "xs:string"/>
                <element name = "sender" type = "xs:string"/>
295
                <element name = "sent">
296
                 <simpleType>
297
                    <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
298
299
                     <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
                    </restriction>
300
                  </simpleType>
301
                </element>
302
                <element name = "status">
303
                  <simpleType>
304
                    <restriction base = "xs:string">
305
                      <enumeration value = "Actual"/>
306
                      <enumeration value = "Exercise"/>
307
                      <enumeration value = "System"/>
308
                      <enumeration value = "Test"/>
309
                      <enumeration value = "Draft"/>
310
                    </restriction>
311
                  </simpleType>
312
                </element>
313
                <element name = "msqType">
314
                  <simpleType>
315
                    <restriction base = "xs:string">
316
                      <enumeration value = "Alert"/>
                      <enumeration value = "Update"/>
317
318
                      <enumeration value = "Cancel"/>
319
                      <enumeration value = "Ack"/>
320
321
322
323
                      <enumeration value = "Error"/>
                    </restriction>
                  </simpleType>
                </element>
324
325
                <element name = "source" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
                <element name = "scope">
326
327
                  <simpleType>
                    <restriction base = "xs:string">
328
329
                      <enumeration value = "Public"/>
                      <enumeration value = "Restricted"/>
                      <enumeration value = "Private"/>
330
331
                    </restriction>
332
333
                  </simpleType>
                </element>
334
335
                <element name = "restriction" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
                <element name = "addresses" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
336
337
                <element name = "code" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded"/>
<element name = "note" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
338
                <element name = "references" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
339
                <element name = "incidents" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
340
                <element name = "info" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
341
                  <complexType>
```

```
342
                    <sequence>
343
                      <element name = "language" type = "xs:language" default = "en-US" minOccurs = "0"/>
344
                      <element name = "category" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
345
                        <simpleType>
346
                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
347
348
                            <enumeration value = "Geo"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Met"/>
349
350
351
352
                            <enumeration value = "Safety"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Security"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Rescue"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Fire"/>
353
                            <enumeration value = "Health"/>
354
                            <enumeration value = "Env"/>
355
                            <enumeration value = "Transport"/>
356
                            <enumeration value = "Infra"/>
357
358
                            <enumeration value = "CBRNE"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Other"/>
359
                          </restriction>
360
                        </simpleType>
361
                      </element>
362
                      <element name = "event" type = "xs:string"/>
363
                      <element name = "responseType" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
364
                        <simpleType>
365
                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
366
                            <enumeration value = "Shelter"/>
367
                            <enumeration value = "Evacuate"/>
368
                            <enumeration value = "Prepare"/>
369
                            <enumeration value = "Execute"/>
370
371
372
373
                            <enumeration value = "Avoid"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Monitor"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Assess"/>
                            <enumeration value = "AllClear"/>
374
375
                            <enumeration value = "None"/>
                          </restriction>
376
377
378
379
380
                        </simpleType>
                      </element>
                      <element name = "urgency">
                        <simpleType>
                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
                            <enumeration value = "Immediate"/>
381
382
                            <enumeration value = "Expected"/>
383
                            <enumeration value = "Future"/>
384
                            <enumeration value = "Past"/>
385
                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
386
387
                          </restriction>
                        </simpleType>
388
                      </element>
389
                      <element name = "severity">
390
                        <simpleType>
391
                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
392
                            <enumeration value = "Extreme"/>
393
                            <enumeration value = "Severe"/>
394
                            <enumeration value = "Moderate"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Minor"/>
395
396
                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
397
                          </restriction>
398
                        </simpleType>
399
                      </element>
400
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401
                        <simpleType>
402
                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
403
                            <enumeration value = "Observed"/>
404
                            <enumeration value = "Likely"/>
405
                            <enumeration value = "Possible"/>
                            <enumeration value = "Unlikely"/>
406
407
                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
408
                          </restriction>
409
                        </simpleType>
410
                      </element>
411
                      <element name = "audience" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
412
                      <element name = "eventCode" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
413
                        <complexType>
```

```
414
                           <sequence>
415
                             <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
416
                             <element ref = "cap:value"/>
417
                           </sequence>
418
419
420
                         </complexType>
                       </element>
                       <element name = "effective" minOccurs = "0">
421
422
423
424
425
                        <simpleType>
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                            <pattern value = "\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
                          </restriction>
                       </simpleType>
426
                       </element>
427
428
429
430
431
                      <element name = "onset" minOccurs = "0">
                        <simpleType>
                          <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
                            <pattern value = "\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
                          </restriction>
432
                       </simpleType>
433
                       </element>
434
                      <element name = "expires" minOccurs = "0">
435
                        <simpleType>
436
                          <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
437
438
                            <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
                          </restriction>
439
                       </simpleType>
440
                       </element>
441
                      <element name = "senderName" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/> <element name = "headline" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
442
443
                       <element name = "description" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
444
                      <element name = "instruction" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
445
                       <element name = "web" type = "xs:anyURI" minOccurs = "0"/>
446
                       <element name = "contact" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
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448
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449
450
                           <sequence>
                             <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
451
452
                             <element ref = "cap:value"/>
                           </sequence>
453
                        </complexType>
454
                       </element>
455
                       <element name = "resource" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
4<u>56</u>
                         <complexType>
457
                           <sequence>
458
                             <element name = "resourceDesc" type = "xs:string"/>
459
                             <element name = "mimeType" type = "xs:string"/>
460
                             <element name = "size" type = "xs:integer" minOccurs = "0"/>
461
                             <element name = "uri" type = "xs:anyURI" minOccurs = "0"/>
462
                             <element name = "derefUri" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
463
                             <element name = "digest" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
464
                           </sequence>
465
                         </complexType>
466
                       </element>
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                       <element name = "area" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
468
                         <complexType>
469
470
                           <sequence>
                             <element name = "areaDesc" type = "xs:string"/>
471
472
473
                             <element name = "polygon" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs =</pre>
        "unbounded"/>
                             <element name = "circle" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs =</pre>
474
475
        "unbounded"/>
                             <element name = "geocode" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
476
477
                               <complexType>
478
                                   <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
479
                                   <element ref = "cap:value"/>
480
                                 </sequence>
481
                               </complexType>
482
                             </element>
483
                             <element name = "altitude" type = "xs:decimal" minOccurs = "0"/>
484
                             <element name = "ceiling" type = "xs:decimal" minOccurs = "0"/>
485
                           </sequence>
```

```
486
487
488
488
489
490
490
491
491
492
492
493
494
495
495
496
496
497
498
498
498
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498
498
498
498
499
500
```

3.5 Use of ASN.1 to Specify and Encode the CAP Alert Message

504 **3.5.1 General**

503

510

526

The ASN.1 (see ITU-T Rec X.680) schema in 3.5.3 provides an alternative formulation of the XML schema defined in 3.4. If the ASN.1 Extended XML Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec X.693) are applied to this ASN.1 schema, the permitted XML is identical to that supported by the XML schema in 3.4. If the

ASN.1 Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec X.691) are applied to it, the resulting binary

encodings are more compact than the corresponding XML encodings.

3.5.2 Formal Mappings and Specification

- The normative specification of the compact binary encoding is in 3.5.3 with the application of the ASN.1
- 512 Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec. X.691).
- 513 The semantics of the fields in the ASN.1 specification are identical to those of the XSD specification, and
- the mapping of the fields from the XSD specification to the ASN.1 specification is formally defined in ITU-
- 515 T Rec. X.694.
- 516 Implementations can produce and process the CAP alert XML messages using either ASN.1-based or
- 517 XSD-based tools (or other ad hoc software).
- 518 Implementations can produce and process the CAP alert compact binary messages using ASN.1-based
- tools (or by other ad hoc software).
- 520 Any XML encoded CAP alert messages can be converted to compact binary messages by decoding with
- an ASN.1 tool configured for the Extended XML Encoding Rules and re-encoding the resulting abstract
- values with an ASN.1 tool configured for Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules.
- 523 Any compact binary CAP alert messages can be converted to XML encoded messages by decoding with
- an ASN.1 tool configured for Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules and re-encoding the resulting abstract
- values with an ASN.1 tool configured for Extended XML Encoding Rules.

3.5.3 ASN.1 Schema

```
527
          CAP-1-2 {itu-t recommendation x cap(1303) version1-2(2)}
528
         DEFINITIONS XER INSTRUCTIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
529
          -- CAP Alert Message (version 1.2)
530
         BEGIN
531
532
         Alert ::= SEQUENCE {
533
            identifier IdentifierString,
534
                -- Unambiguous identification of the message
535
                -- from all messages from
536
                -- this sender, in a format defined by the sender and
537
                -- identified in the "sender" field below.
538
            sender
                      String,
                -- The globally unambiguous identification of the sender.
539
540
                -- This specification does not define the root of
541
                -- a global identification tree (there is no international
542
                -- agreement on such a root), so it relies
543
                -- on human-readable text to define globally and
544
                -- unambiguously the sender.
545
                -- An internet domain name or use of "iri:/ITU-T/..."
546
                -- are possible, but
547
                -- the choice needs to be clearly stated in human-readable form.
548
                     DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the XSD
549
         550
            status AlertStatus,
551
                     AlertMessageType,
            msgType
552
            source
                      String OPTIONAL,
553
               -- Not standardised human-readable identification
```

```
554
                -- of the source of the alert.
555
                       AlertScope,
             scope
556
             restriction String OPTIONAL,
557
                 -- Not standardised human-readable restrictions
558
                 -- on the distribution of the alert message
559
             addresses
                        String OPTIONAL,
560
                 -- A space separated list of addressees for private messages
                 -- (see 3.2.1)
561
562
             code-list SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF code String,
563
                 -- A sequence codes for special handling
564
                 -- (see 3.2.1)
565
                 -- The format and semantics of the codes are not defined in this
566
                 -- specification.
567
                        String OPTIONAL,
568
                 -- Not standardised human-readable clarifying text for the alert
569
                 -- (see 3.2.1)
570
             references String OPTIONAL,
571
                 -- Space-separated references to earlier messages
572
                 -- (see 3.2.1)
573
             incidents String OPTIONAL,
574
                 -- Space-separated references to related incidents
575
                 -- (see 3.2.1)
576
                        SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF info AlertInformation }
             info-list
577
578
          AlertStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
579
                  actual,
580
                  draft,
581
                  exercise,
582
                  system,
583
                  test }
584
585
          AlertMessageType ::= ENUMERATED {
586
                  ack,
587
                  alert,
588
                  cancel,
589
                  error,
590
                  update }
591
592
          AlertScope ::= ENUMERATED {
593
                  private,
594
                  public,
595
                  restricted }
596
597
          AlertInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
598
                              Language -- DEFAULT "en-US" --
             language
599
                 -- The language used in this value of the Info type
600
                 -- (see 3.2.2)
601
             category-list
                                SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..MAX)) OF
602
                                category InformationCategory,
603
                                String,
604
                 -- Not standardised human-readable text describing the
605
                 -- type of the event (see 3.2.2)
606
             responseType-list SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF
607
                               responseType InformationResponseType,
608
             urgency
                               HowUrgent,
609
             severity
                               HowSevere,
610
             certainty
                              HowCertain,
611
             audience
                               String OPTIONAL,
612
                 -- Not standardised human-readable text describing the
613
                 -- intended audience for the message (see 3.2.2)
614
             eventCode-list
                               SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF eventCode SEQUENCE {
615
                    valueName ValueName,
616
                    value
                              Value },
```

```
617
                            DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
            effective
618
         619
                            DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
            onset
620
         621
                            DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
            expires
622
         623
            senderName
                            String OPTIONAL,
624
               -- Not standardised human-readable name of the authority
625
               -- issuing the message (see 3.2.2)
626
            headline
                            String (SIZE (1..160,...)) OPTIONAL,
627
               -- Not standardised human-readable short statement (headline)
628
               -- of the alert (see 3.2.2)
629
            description
                           String OPTIONAL,
630
               -- Not standardised human-readable extended description of
631
               -- the event (see 3.2.2)
632
            instruction
                            String OPTIONAL,
633
               -- Not standardised human-readable recommended action
634
               -- (see 3.2.2)
635
                            AnyURI OPTIONAL,
            web
636
                            String OPTIONAL,
            contact
637
               -- Not standardised human-readable contact details for
638
               -- follow-up (see 3.2.2)
639
            parameter-list
                           SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF parameter SEQUENCE {
640
               -- System-specific parameters (see 3.2.2)
641
               valueName ValueName,
642
               value
                      Value },
643
            resource-list
                           SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF resource ResourceFile,
644
            area-list
                            SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF Area }
645
646
         InformationCategory ::= ENUMERATED {
647
                CBRNE,
648
                env,
649
                fire,
650
                geo,
651
                health,
652
                infra,
653
                met,
654
                other,
655
                rescue,
656
                safety,
657
                security,
658
                transport }
659
660
         InformationResponseType ::= ENUMERATED {
661
                allClear,
662
                assess,
663
                avoid,
664
                evacuate,
665
                execute,
666
                monitor,
667
                none,
668
                prepare,
669
                shelter }
670
671
         HowUrgent ::= ENUMERATED {
672
                expected,
673
                future,
674
                immediate,
675
                past,
676
                unknown }
677
678
         HowSevere ::= ENUMERATED {
679
                extreme,
680
                minor,
```

```
681
                  moderate,
682
                  severe.
683
                  unknown }
684
685
          HowCertain ::= ENUMERATED {
686
                  likely,
687
                  observed,
688
                  possible,
689
                  unknown,
690
                  unlikely }
691
692
          ResourceFile ::= SEQUENCE {
693
                 -- Information about an associated resource file
694
                 -- (see 3.2.3)
695
             resourceDesc String,
696
                 -- Not standardised human-readable description of the type
697
                 -- and content of
698
                 -- an associated resource file (for example a map or
699
                 -- photograph) (see 3.2.3)
700
             mimeType
                          String,
701
             size
                          INTEGER OPTIONAL, -- In bytes
702
             uri
                          AnyURI OPTIONAL,
703
                         String OPTIONAL,
             derefUri
704
                 -- An alternative to the URI giving the Base64-encoded
705
                 -- content of the resource file (see 3.2.3)
706
                          String OPTIONAL
707
                 -- SHA-1 hash of the resource file for error detection
708
                -- (see 3.2.3) -- }
709
710
          Area ::= SEQUENCE {
711
                 -- Identification of an affected area
712
             areaDesc
                          String,
713
                 -- Not standardised human-readable description of the area
714
             polygon-list SEQUENCE OF polygon String,
715
                 -- Each element is a space-separated list of coordinate pairs
716
                 -- The complete list starts and ends with the same point and
717
                 -- defines the polygon that defines the area
718
                 -- (see 3.2.4).
719
             circle-list SEQUENCE OF circle String,
720
                 -- A space-separated list of coordinates for a point and a radius
721
             geocode-list SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF geocode SEQUENCE {
722
                 -- A geographic code designating the alert target area
723
                 -- (see 3.2.4)
724
                      valueName ValueName,
725
                      value
                                Value },
726
             altitude
                       REAL OPTIONAL,
727
                 -- Specific or minimum altitude of the affected area
728
                      REAL OPTIONAL
             ceiling
729
                 -- Maximum altitude of the affected area -- }
730
731
          ValueName ::= String -- A not standardised name for
732
                 -- an information event code, a parameter or a geocode
733
734
          Value ::= String -- The value of the information event code,
735
                              -- parameter or geocode
736
737
          String ::= UTF8String (FROM (
738
                      \{0,0,0,9\} -- TAB
739
                    | \{0,0,0,10\} -- CR
740
                    | {0,0,0,13} -- LF
741
                    \{0,0,0,32\}..\{0,0,215,255\} -- Space to the start of the S-zone
742
                    | \{0,0,224,0\}..\{0,0,255,253\} -- Rest of BMP after S-zone
743
                    \{0,1,0,0\}..\{0,16,255,253\} -- Other planes -- ) )
744
```

```
745
          StringChar ::= String (SIZE(1))
746
747
          SpaceAndComma ::= UTF8String (FROM (
748
                       {0,0,0,32} -- SPACE
749
                     | \{0,0,0,44\} -- COMMA -- ) )
750
751
          IdentifierString ::= String (FROM (StringChar EXCEPT SpaceAndComma))
752
          Language ::= VisibleString(FROM ("a".."z" | "A".."Z" | "-" | "0".."9"))
753
754
                          (PATTERN "[a-zA-Z] # (1,8) (-[a-zA-Z0-9] # (1,8))*")
755
                 -- The semantics of Language is specified in IETF RFC 3066
756
757
          DateTime ::= TIME (SETTINGS "Basic=Date-Time Date=YMD
758
                     Year=Basic Time=HMS Local-or-UTC=LD")
759
                  -- This is the ISO 8601 format using local time and a
760
                  -- time difference
761
762
          StringWithNoCRLFHT ::= UTF8String (FROM (
763
                    \{0,0,0,32\}..\{0,0,215,255\}
764
                    |\{0,0,224,0\}..\{0,0,255,253\}|
765
                    |\{0,1,0,0\}..\{0,16,255,255\})|
766
767
          AnyURI ::= StringWithNoCRLFHT (CONSTRAINED BY {
768
                     /* Shall be a valid URI as defined in IETF RFC 2396 */})
769
770
          ENCODING-CONTROL XER
771
              GLOBAL-DEFAULTS MODIFIED-ENCODINGS
772
               GLOBAL-DEFAULTS CONTROL-NAMESPACE
773
                   "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" PREFIX "xsi"
774
              NAMESPACE ALL, ALL IN ALL AS "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
775
                        PREFIX "cap"
776
              NAME Alert, Area AS UNCAPITALIZED
777
              UNTAGGED SEQUENCE OF
778
              DEFAULT-FOR-EMPTY AlertInformation.language AS "en-US"
779
              TEXT AlertStatus:ALL,
780
                    AlertMessageType:ALL,
781
                    AlertScope:ALL,
782
                    InformationCategory:ALL,
783
                    InformationResponseType:ALL,
784
                    HowUrgent:ALL,
785
                    HowSevere: ALL,
786
                    HowCertain: ALL AS CAPITALIZED
787
              WHITESPACE Language, AnyURI COLLAPSE
788
          END
```

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4 Conformance

- An implementation conforms to this specification if it satisfies all of the MUST or REQUIRED level requirements defined within this specification.
- This specification references a number of other specifications. In order to comply with this specification,
- an implementation MUST implement the portions of referenced specifications necessary to comply with
- 795 the required provisions of this specification. Additionally, the implementation of the portions of the
- referenced specifications that are specifically cited in this specification MUST comply with the rules for
- 797 those portions as established in the referenced specification.

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4.1 Conformance Targets

The following conformance targets are defined in order to support the specification of conformance to this standard:

- a) CAP V1.2 Message
- b) CAP V1.2 Message Producer
- c) CAP V1.2 Message Consumer

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4.2 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message

An XML 1.0 document is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message if and only if:

- a) it is valid according to the schema located at http://docs.oasisopen.org/emergency/cap/v1.2/CAP-v1.2.xsd and
- b) the content of its elements and the values of its attributes meet all the additional mandatory requirements specified in Section 3.

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4.3 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message Producer

A software entity is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer if and only if:

a) it is constructed in such a way that any XML document produced by it and present in a place in which a conforming CAP V1.2 Message is expected (based on contextual information) is indeed a conforming CAP V1.2 Message according to this standard.

The condition in (a) above can be satisfied in many different ways. Here are some examples of possible scenarios:

- a distribution element(for example, EDXL-DE) transfers messages carrying CAP V1.2 Messages;
 a client has sent a request for a CAP V1.2 Message to a server which claims to be a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer, and has received a response which is therefore expected to carry a conforming CAP V1.2 Message;
- a local test environment has been set up, and the application under test (which claims to be a
 conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer) has the ability to produce a CAP V1.2 Message and
 write it to a file in a directory in response to a request coming from the testing tool; the testing tool
 has sent many requests to the application under test and is now verifying all the files present in
 the directory, which is expected to contain only conforming CAP V1.2 Messages;

4.4 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message Consumer

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833 834

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836 837

838 839 A software entity is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Consumer if and only if:

a) it is constructed in such a way that it is able to successfully validate and ingest a conforming CAP V1.2 Message according to this standard.

The condition in (a) above can be satisfied in many different ways. Here is one example of a possible scenario:

 a client receives and processes a CAP V1.2 Message from a server which claims to be a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer

840 Appendix A. CAP Alert Message Example

XML examples are included below and are also available as separate files, along with ASN.1 binary encoded examples, in the CAP 1.2 document repository http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/cap/v1.2/

A.1. Homeland Security Advisory System Alert

843 844

883

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
845
       <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
846
847
       <alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
         <identifier>43b080713727</identifier>
848
849
         <sender>hsas@dhs.gov</sender>
         <sent>2003-04-02T14:39:01-05:00</sent>
850
         <status>Actual</status>
851
         <msqType>Alert</msqType>
852
         <scope>Public</scope>
853
854
         <info>
           <category>Security</category>
855
856
           <event>Homeland Security Advisory System Update
           <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
857
           <severity>Severe</severity>
858
           <certainty>Likely</certainty>
859
           <senderName>U.S. Government, Department of Homeland Security</senderName>
860
           <headline>Homeland Security Sets Code ORANGE</headline>
861
           <description>The Department of Homeland Security has elevated the Homeland Security Advisory
862
       System threat level to ORANGE / High in response to intelligence which may indicate a heightened
863
       threat of terrorism.</description>
864
           <instruction> A High Condition is declared when there is a high risk of terrorist attacks. In
865
       addition to the Protective Measures taken in the previous Threat Conditions, Federal departments
866
       and agencies should consider agency-specific Protective Measures in accordance with their
867
       existing plans.</instruction>
868
           <web>http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/display?theme=29</web>
869
           <parameter>
870
             <valueName>HSAS</valueName>
871
872
             <value>ORANGE</value>
           </parameter>
873
           <resource>
874
875
             <resourceDesc>Image file (GIF)</resourceDesc>
             <mimeType>image/gif</mimeType>
876
877
             <uri>http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/getAdvisoryImage</uri>
           </resource>
878
879
           <area>
             <areaDesc>U.S. nationwide and interests worldwide</areaDesc>
880
           </area>
881
         </info>
882
       </alert>
```

A.2. Severe Thunderstorm Warning

884 885

933

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
886
       <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
887
       <alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
888
         <identifier>KST01055887203</identifier>
889
         <sender>KSTO@NWS.NOAA.GOV</sender>
890
         <sent>2003-06-17T14:57:00-07:00</sent>
891
         <status>Actual</status>
892
         <msgType>Alert</msgType>
893
         <scope>Public</scope>
894
         <info>
895
           <category>Met</category>
896
           <event>SEVERE THUNDERSTORM</event>
897
           <responseType>Shelter</responseType>
898
           <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
899
           <severity>Severe</severity>
900
           <certainty>Observed</certainty>
901
           <eventCode>
902
             <valueName>SAME</valueName>
903
             <value>SVR</value>
904
           </eventCode>
905
           <expires>2003-06-17T16:00:00-07:00</expires>
906
           <senderName>NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE SACRAMENTO CA</senderName>
907
           <headline>SEVERE THUNDERSTORM WARNING</headline>
908
           <description> AT 254 PM PDT...NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE DOPPLER RADAR INDICATED A SEVERE
909
       THUNDERSTORM OVER SOUTH CENTRAL ALPINE COUNTY...OR ABOUT 18 MILES SOUTHEAST OF KIRKWOOD...MOVING
910
       SOUTHWEST AT 5 MPH. HAIL...INTENSE RAIN AND STRONG DAMAGING WINDS ARE LIKELY WITH THIS
911
       STORM.</description>
912
           <instruction>TAKE COVER IN A SUBSTANTIAL SHELTER UNTIL THE STORM PASSES./instruction>
913
           <contact>BARUFFALDI/JUSKIE</contact>
914
915
916
           <area>
             <areaDesc>EXTREME NORTH CENTRAL TUOLUMNE COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA, EXTREME NORTHEASTERN
       CALAVERAS COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA, SOUTHWESTERN ALPINE COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA</areaDesc>
917
             <polygon>38.47,-120.14 38.34,-119.95 38.52,-119.74 38.62,-119.89 38.47,-120.14/polygon>
918
919
               <valueName>SAME</valueName>
920
               <value>006109</value>
921
             </geocode>
922
923
             <geocode>
               <valueName>SAME</valueName>
924
               <value>006009</value>
925
926
             </geocode>
             <geocode>
927
                <valueName>SAME</valueName>
928
               <value>006003</value>
929
             </geocode>
930
           </area>
931
         </info>
932
       </alert>
```

A.3. Earthquake Report (Update Message)

934 935

985

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
936
       <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
937
       <alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
938
         <identifier>TRI13970876.2</identifier>
939
         <sender>trinet@caltech.edu</sender>
940
         <sent>2003-06-11T20:56:00-07:00</sent>
941
         <status>Actual</status>
942
         <msgType>Update</msgType>
943
         <scope>Public</scope>
944
         <references>trinet@caltech.edu,TRI13970876.1,2003-06-11T20:30:00-07:00</references>
945
946
           <category>Geo</category>
947
           <event>Earthquake
948
           <urgency>Past</urgency>
949
950
           <severity>Minor</severity>
           <certainty>Observed</certainty>
951
952
           <senderName>Southern California Seismic Network (TriNet) operated by Caltech and
       USGS</senderName>
953
           <headline>EQ 3.4 Imperial County CA</headline>
954
           <description>A minor earthquake measuring 3.4 on the Richter scale occurred near Brawley,
955
       California at 8:30 PM Pacific Daylight Time on Wednesday, June 11, 2003. (This event has now been
956
       reviewed by a seismologist) </description>
957
           <web>http://www.trinet.org/scsn/scsn.html</web>
958
959
           <parameter>
             <valueName>EventID</valueName>
960
             <value>13970876
961
           </parameter>
962
           <parameter>
963
              <valueName>Version</valueName>
964
             <value>1</value>
965
           </parameter>
966
           <parameter>
967
             <valueName>Magnitude</valueName>
968
             <value>3.4 Ml</value>
969
           </parameter>
970
           <parameter>
971
             <valueName>Depth</valueName>
971
972
973
974
975
976
977
             <value>11.8 mi.</value>
           </parameter>
           <parameter>
             <valueName>Quality</valueName>
             <value>Excellent</value>
           </parameter>
978
979
           <area>
             <areaDesc>1 mi. WSW of Brawley, CA; 11 mi. N of El Centro, CA; 30 mi. E of OCOTILLO
980
        (quarry); 1 mi. N of the Imperial Fault</areaDesc>
981
             <circle>32.9525,-115.5527 0</circle>
982
            </area>
983
         </info>
984
       </alert>
```

A.4. AMBER Alert (Multilingual Message)

986 987

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
988
        <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
        <alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
 989
 990
           <identifier>KAR0-0306112239-SW</identifier>
 991
           <sender>KARO@CLETS.DOJ.CA.GOV</sender>
 992
           <sent>2003-06-11T22:39:00-07:00</sent>
 993
           <status>Actual</status>
 994
           <msgType>Alert</msgType>
 995
           <source>SW</source>
 996
           <scope>Public</scope>
 997
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 998
              <language>en-US</language>
 999
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1000
              <event>Child Abduction
1001
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1002
              <severity>Severe</severity>
1003
              <certainty>Likely</certainty>
1004
              <eventCode>
1005
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1006
                 <value>CAE</value>
1007
              </eventCode>
1008
              <senderName>Los Angeles Police Dept - LAPD</senderName>
1009
              <headline>Amber Alert in Los Angeles County</headline>
1010
              <description>DATE/TIME: 06/11/03, 1915 HRS. VICTIM(S): KHAYRI DOE JR. M/B BLK/BRO 3'0", 40
1011
        LBS. LIGHT COMPLEXION. DOB 06/24/01. WEARING RED SHORTS, WHITE T-SHIRT, W/BLUE COLLAR.
1012
        LOCATION: 5721 DOE ST., LOS ANGELES, CA. SUSPECT(S): KHAYRI DOE SR. DOB 04/18/71 M/B, BLK HAIR,
1013
        BRO EYE. VEHICLE: 81' BUICK 2-DR, BLUE (4XXX000).</description>
1014
              <contact>DET. SMITH, 77TH DIV, LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPT-LAPD AT 213 485-2389/contact>
1015
              <area>
1016
                 <areaDesc>Los Angeles County</areaDesc>
1017
                 <geocode>
1018
                    <valueName>SAME</valueName>
1019
                    <value>006037</value>
1020
                 </geocode>
1021
              </area>
1022
1023
           </info>
           <info>
1024
              <language>es-US</language>
1025
              <category>Rescue</category>
1026
              <event>Abducción de Niño</event>
1027
1028
              <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
              <severity>Severe</severity>
1029
              <certainty>Likely</certainty>
1030
              <eventCode>
1031
                 <valueName>SAME</valueName>
1032
                 <value>CAE</value>
1033
              </event.Code>
1034
              <senderName>Departamento de Policía de Los Ángeles - LAPD</senderName>
1035
              <headline>Alerta Amber en el condado de Los Ángeles</headline>
1036
              <description>DATE/TIME: 06/11/03, 1915 HORAS. VÍCTIMAS: KHAYRI DOE JR. M/B BLK/BRO 3'0", 40
1037
        LIBRAS. TEZ LIGERA. DOB 06/24/01. CORTOCIRCUITOS ROJOS QUE USAN, CAMISETA BLANCA, COLLAR DE
1038
        W/BLUE. LOCALIZACIÓN: 5721 DOE ST., LOS ÁNGELES. SOSPECHOSO: KHAYRI DOE ST. DOB 04/18/71 M/B,
1039
        PELO DEL NEGRO, OJO DE BRO. VEHÍCULO: 81' BUICK 2-DR, AZUL (4XXX000) < /description>
1040
              <contact>DET. SMITH, 77TH DIV, LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPT-LAPD AT 213 485-2389/contact>
1041
              <area>
1042
                 <areaDesc>condado de Los Ángeles</areaDesc>
1043
1044
                    <valueName>SAME</valueName>
1045
                    <value>006037</value>
1046
                 </geocode>
1047
              </area>
1048
           </info>
1049
        </alert>
```

Appendix B. Acknowledgments

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1101

OASIS Emergency Management Technical Committee 1051 Doug Allport, Canadian Association for Public Alerting and Notification (CAPAN) 1052 1053 Patti Aymond, IEM Himadri Baneriee, Previstar Inc. 1054 Frank Bell, Individual 1055 1056 Art Botterell, Contra Costa County Community Warning System John Bradley, Individual 1057 1058 Rex Brooks, Individual 1059 Robert Bunge, NOAA's National Weather Service Toby Considine, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill 1060 1061 William Cox, Cox Software Architects LLC 1062 Olivier Dubuisson, France Telecom 1063 Sukumar Dwarkanath, SRA International 1064 David Ellis, Sandia National Laboratories 1065 Thomas Ferrentino, Individual Jack Fox, US Department of Homeland Security 1066 Patrick Gannon, Warning Systems, Inc. 1067 Timothy Gilmore, US Department of Homeland Security 1068 James Goodson, US Department of Homeland Security 1069 1070 Tim Grapes, Evolution Technologies Inc. Gary Ham, Individual 1071 Harry Haury, NuParadigm Government Systems, Inc. 1072 Werner Joerg, IEM 1073 Elysa Jones, Warning Systems, Inc. 1074 1075 Jeff Jortner, Sandia National Laboratories 1076 William Kalin, US Department of Homeland Security Ram Kumar, Individual 1077 Jeff Kyser, Warning Systems, Inc. 1078 Ron Lake, Galdos Systems Inc. 1079 David Lamendsdorf, Emergency Interoperability Consortium 1080 1081 Mike McDougall, Individual 1082 Donald McGarry, Mitre Corporation Tom Merkle, Lockheed Martin 1083 1084 Enoch Moses, ManTech Enterprise Integration Center (e-IC) 1085 Brian Nelson, Sandia National Laboratories Camille Osterloh, US Department of Homeland Security 1086 1087 John Pitale, Edmond Scientific Company Mark Pleimann, Mitre Corporation 1088 1089 Donald Ponikvar, US Department of Homeland Security 1090 Jacqueline Postell, US Department of Homeland Security 1091 Carl Reed, Open Geospatial Consortium, Inc. (OGC) 1092 Dean Reese, ESI Acquisition, Inc. 1093 Kirby Rice, Eye Street Solutions Howard Ryan, Desktop Alert Inc. 1094 Tracy Ryan, Emergency Interoperability Consortium 1095 Josh Shows, ESI Acquisition, Inc. 1096 1097 Aviv Siegel, AtHoc, Inc. 1098 Andrew Sonner, Evolution Technologies Inc. 1099 Christopher Springer, US Department of Homeland Security

Steve Streetman, US Department of Homeland Security

Lee Tincher, Evolution Technologies Inc.

1102	James Trawick, viaRadio Corporation
1103	Alessandro Triglia, OSS Nokalva
1104	Richard Vandame, US Department of Homeland Security
1105	Matt Walton, Individual
1106	Jeff Waters, US Department of Defense (DoD)
1107	David Webber, Individual
1108	Jacob Westfall, Individual
1109	David Yarbrough, Northrop Grumman
1110	
1111	

Appendix C. Revision History

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
1.2	2010-03-02	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved changes that removed XML Digital Encryption within CAP messages.
1.2	2009-12-22	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft submitted by the Messaging Subcommittee with a duplicate Normative Reference entry removed.
1.2	2009-09-29	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft submitted by the Messaging Subcommittee with a change made to responseType in the ASN.1 schema.
1.2	2009-09-17	Jacob Westfall	Messaging Subcommittee approved changes based on initial public comment period:
			 Expanded the scope of the <addresses> element</addresses> Changed <mimetype> to be a required element and added note for <size></size></mimetype>
			Qualified the base schema types in the schema
			Changed the schema typing for <altitude> and <ceiling> to be a decimal instead of a string</ceiling></altitude>
			ASN.1 examples were added
			Various editorial corrections
1.2	2009-04-28	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft with the following additional changes:
			DateTime Data Type moved to Implementation Notes
			Changes to <status> and <note> descriptions</note></status>
			 Wording change to <severity> "Minor"</severity>
			 Schema changed to allow only one <encrypteddata> element and changed Security Note section to allow multiple <signature> elements</signature></encrypteddata>
			Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.2	2009-04-14	Jacob Westfall	Messaging Subcommittee approved v. 1.2 draft for submission to full Technical Committee:
			Multiple XML signature/encryption elements
			 Editorial changes to History and Character Entity References sections
			DateTime Data Type examples
			Fixed DOM display

1.0	2000 02 24	Josep Westfall	Applied changes per recommendations identified by CAD
1.2	2009-03-31	Jacob Westfall	Applied changes per recommendations identified by CAP comments process and profile development:
			Includes CAP 1.1 Errata and ASN.1 Schema
			DateTime Data Type to further define the acceptable date and time values
			New <responsetype> values of Avoid and AllClear</responsetype>
			Clarification on acceptable <polygon> values and the use of character entity references</polygon>
			Schemas were updated to reflect changes and to validate when XML signature/encryption elements are present
			Conformance section added
			Updated CAP Alert Message Examples
			Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.1 Errata	2007-10-02		CAP 1.1 Errata approved (see CAP 1.1 Errata document for prior change history)
1.1	2005-09-30		CAP 1.1 adopted as OASIS Standard (see CAP 1.1 specification document for prior change history)
1.1	2005-07-27	Art Botterell	Edits to conform object model, data dictionary and schema:
			Reordered items in object diagram and data dictionary to match sequence required by schema.
			Edited schema to make <scope> mandatory and to permit multiple instances of <responsetype> and <eventcode>, in accordance with the data dictionary.</eventcode></responsetype></scope>
1.1	2005-07-23	Art Botterell	Applied changes per recommendations of Messaging Subcommittee based on initial public comment period:
			 Modified XML syntax of <eventcode> ,</eventcode> <parameter> and <geocode></geocode></parameter>
			Added "Draft" value for <status></status>
			Changed CAP namespace to URN form
			Tightened usage of dateTime formats in <sent>, <effective>, <onset> and <expiration></expiration></onset></effective></sent>
			Corrected schema to correct value of "CBRNE" in <event></event>
			Conformed examples in Appendix A to new namespace.
1.1	2005-04-28	Elysa Jones	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.1 draft with the following additional changes:
			Normative language added to specify uniqueness of <identifier></identifier>
			Change [dateTime] format for <sent>, <effective>, <onset> and <expires> elements</expires></onset></effective></sent>
			Change <language> element RFC from 1166 to 3066 and added null</language>
			Changed the <minetype> element RFC 1521 to 2046</minetype>
			Added <derefuri> element</derefuri>
			Security Note updated and added Digital Signature and Encryption note paragraphs

1.1	2005-01-04	Art Botterell	Messaging Subcommittee approved v. 1.1 draft for submission to full Technical Committee:
			Added <responsetype> element</responsetype>
			Made <category> element mandatory</category>
			Amended enumerated values for the <certainty> element</certainty>
			Deleted the <password> element</password>
			Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.0	2004-04-01	Art Botterell	CAP 1.0 adopted as OASIS Standard (see CAP 1.0 specification document for prior change history.)