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# Avian Diversity in and around Digha, District—East Midnapore (West Bengal, India)

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#### **Abstract**

The digha is located at the border of West Bengal and Orissa state. It has both fresh and saline waterbodies rich in aquatic vegetation and several kinds of birds in the harbours in all the seasons. Grassland areas, rice fields, herbs, shrubs and trees located in and around the water bodies provide food and shelter for these birds. Total number of 86 bird species belonging to 10 orders and 35 families were recorded during the 2-year long study period. Passeriformes is the dominant order of birds. But the future of this avian fauna is in danger due to unchecked growth of tourism related hotel industry and urbanisation of the city.

#### **Keywords**

Avifauna, Biodiversity, Digha

#### 1. Introduction

The Indian subcontinent is very rich in biodiversity. According to an estimate total 1300 bird species found in Indian subcontinent, out of the more than 9000 bird species of the world, over 13% of the world's bird fauna are found in India [1]-[3]. It is suggested that the avifauna is important for the good health of the ecosystem as these birds play various roles as scavenger, pollinators and predators of insect pests [4] [5]. Digha is a seaside city in the state of West Bengal, India. It is present in East Midnapore district and at the northern end of the Bay of Bengal. The name "Digha", was referred by Warren Hastings's letters as Brighton of the East [6]. It is located at 21.68°N 87.55°E. It has an average elevation of 6 metres (22 feet) (Figure 1 and Figure 2). There are three seasons in Digha, mainly summer, monsoon, winter. Average temperature is 28°C - 37°C. It shows great avian diversity

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Figure 1. It shows the location of Digha (Photograph taken from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki).



**Figure 2.** It shows the location of Digha (Photograph taken from <a href="https://www.googleearth.com">www.googleearth.com</a>).

which can attract the attention of bird watchers and ornithologists. The area is surrounded by a large number of small and big ponds, estuaries and Bay of Bengal in southern side of Digha. Nearest areas of Digha are Junput, Shankarpur, Mandarmani and Talsari and these areas also contain a large diversity of avifauna. The present study is not carried out only to prepare the checklist of birds, but to find out their occurrence and to create awareness for their conservation. Of course, it is the need of the hour to conserve the rich diversity of avifauna of Digha.

#### 2. Materials and Method

An extensive study of avifauna was carried out from October 2012 to February 2014 at the regular interval of fifteen days during most active period of birds. The data was recorded in each survey from different habitat types and the observations were carried out with the help of  $10 - 12 \times 50$  Nikon binocular and photography was done with the Cannon SX50 HS and EOS 7D cameras with 150 - 500 mm Sigma lens. Identification of birds was done using field guides book of Grimmett and Selim Ali [1] [7]-[9] and by searching internet resources. Classification of birds was carried out with aid of published references [6] [10]. Picture of study area was taken by using website Google earth and graphs were prepared by using the Microsoft Excel. The avian species are classified on the basis of resident (R), resident migrant (RM) and migrant (M).

#### 3. Results and Discussion

The total of 86 species of birds belonging to 10 orders and 35 families were recorded from Digha and its surrounding areas (**Table 1**). This is the first record in Digha avian fauna of West Bengal State which shows quite good avian diversity in this area. Some varieties of birds visit in the winter season for breeding and most of them

Table 1. It shows orders, families, scientific names, common names and habitat of the birds. Here resident R = resident, RM = resident migrant and M = migrant.

Picidae Picidae   Picidae	SL No.	Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Habit
Picidae Dinopium benghalense Lesser Golden-back Woodpecker R  Dinopium benghalense Lesser Golden-back Woodpecker R  Dicrus macrocercus Black Drongo R  Corvidae Corvus splendens House Crow R  Dendrocitiat vagabunda Rufous Treepie R  Alaudidae Alauda galgula Oriental Skylark R  Cisticolidae Orthotomussutorius Common Tailorbird R  Motacilla flava Yellow-Wagtail R  Motacilla alba White-Wagtail R  Passeridae Lonchura punculata Scally-Breasted Munia R  Passeridore Passer domesticus House Sparrow R  Sylviidae Turdoides striat Jungal Babbler R  Sylviidae Zoothera citrina Orange-Headed Thrush R  Laniidae Laniius excubitor Great Grey Shrike RMMMM  Laniius excubitor Great Grey Shrike RMMMM  Pyenonotidae Pyenonotus cafer Red-Vented Bulbul R  Nectariniidae Nectarinia zeylonica Purple-Rumped Sunbird R  Purma Muscianidae Red-Vented Bulbul R  Nectariniidae Oriolus kundoo Indian Golden Oriole R  Oriolidae Sturmia malabrica Chestnut-Tailed Starling R  Sturmidae Sturmia malabrica Chestnut-Tailed Starling R  Megalaimidae Megalaima sisatica Blue-Throated Barbet R  Megalaimidae Megalaima lineata Lineated Barbet R  Megalaimidae Regalaima sisatica Blue-Throated Barbet R		Passeriformes	Picidae	Micropternus brachyurus	Rofous Woodpecker	R
Passeriformes				Dendrocopos macei	Fulvous-breasted Woodpecker	R
Passeriformes				Chrysocolaptes lucidus	Greater Golden-back Woodpecker	R
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Dinopium benghalense	Lesser Golden-back Woodpecker	R
Corvidae Corvus macrorhynchous Dendrocitta vagabunda Rufous Treepie R Alaudidae Alauda gulgula Oriental Skylark R Cisticolidae Orthotomussutorius Common Tailorbird R  Motacilla flava Yellow-Wagtail R  Motacilla alba White-Wagtail R  Motacilla alba White-Wagtail R  Anthus rufulus Passeridae Denceus philippinus Baya Weaver R  Passer domesticus House Sparrow R  Sylviidae Turdoides striat Jungal Babbler R  Zoothera citrina Orange-Headed Thrush R  Muscicapidae Saxicolodies fulicatus Indian Robin R  Laniidae Lanius schach Rufous-Backed Shrike RMMMM  Elaniidae Pycnonotiae Pycnonotus cafer Red-Vented Bulbul R  Nectariniidae Nectarinia Cinnyris asiaticus Purple-Rumped Sunbird R  Oriolidae Oriolus xanthornus Black-Hooded Oriole R  Sturnia malabrica Chestmut-Tailed Starling R  Acridotheres fuscus Jungle Myna R  Megalaimidae Megalaima asiatica Blue-Throated Barbet R  Megalaima lineata Lineatd Barbet R			Corvidae	Dicrurus macrocercus	Black Drongo	R
Alaudidae				Corvus splendens	House Crow	R
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Corvus macrorhynchous	Jungle Crow	R
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Dendrocitta vagabunda	Rufous Treepie	R
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Alaudidae	Alauda gulgula	Oriental Skylark	R
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Cisticolidae	Orthotomussutorius	Common Tailorbird	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Passeridae	Motacilla flava	Yellow-Wagtail	R
Passeridae   Lonchura punctulata   Scally-Breasted Munia   R     Ploceus philippinus   Baya Weaver   R     Passer domesticus   House Sparrow   R     Sylviidae   Turdoides striat   Jungal Babbler   R     Passeriformes   Zoothera citrina   Orange-Headed Thrush   R     Muscicapidae   Saxicolodies fulicatus   Indian Robin   R     Saxicola caprata   Pied Bushchat   R     Laniidae   Lanius schach   Rufous-Backed Shrike   RMMMM     Lanius excubitor   Great Grey Shrike   RM     Pycnonotidae   Pycnonotus cafer   Red-Vented Bulbul   R     Nectariniidae   Nectarinia zeylonica   Purple-Rumped Sunbird   R     Cinnyris asiaticus   Purple Sunbird   R     Oriolidae   Oriolus xundoo   Indian Golden Oriole   R     Oriolidae   Oriolus xunthornus   Black-Hooded Oriole   R     Sturnia malabrica   Chestnut-Tailed Starling   R     Acridotheres fuscus   Jungle Myna   R     Acridotheres tristis   Common Myna   R     Sturnus contra   Asian Pied Starling   R     Megalaimidae   Megalaima haemacephala   Coppersmith Barbet   R     Megalaimidae   Megalaima asiatica   Blue-Throated Barbet   R     Megalaimidae   Megalaima lineata   Lineated Barbet   R				Motacilla alba	White-Wagtail	R
Lonchura punctulata   Scally-Breasted Munia   R   Ploceus philippinus   Baya Weaver   R   Passer domesticus   House Sparrow   R				Anthus rufulus	Paddyfield Pipit	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Lonchura punctulata	Scally-Breasted Munia	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Ploceus philippinus	Baya Weaver	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Passer domesticus	House Sparrow	R
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Sylviidae	Turdoides striat	Jungal Babbler	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1		Muscicapidae	Zoothera citrina	Orange-Headed Thrush	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Saxicolodies fulicatus	Indian Robin	R
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Saxicola caprata	Pied Bushchat	R
$\frac{Lanius\ excubitor}{Pycnonotidae} \qquad \frac{Pycnonotus\ cafer}{Pycnonotus\ cafer} \qquad \frac{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}$ $\frac{Nectariniidae}{Nectariniidae} \qquad \frac{Nectarinia\ zeylonica}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}$ $\frac{Nectariniidae}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}$ $\frac{Oriolus\ kundoo}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}$ $\frac{Oriolus\ kundoo}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Bulbul}$ $\frac{Oriolidae}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Black-Hooded\ Oriole} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Black-Hooded\ Oriole}$ $\frac{Sturnia\ malabrica}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Black-Hooded\ Oriole} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Black-Hooded\ Oriole}$ $\frac{Sturnia\ malabrica}{Purple-Rumped\ Sunbird} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Vented\ Black-Hooded\ Oriole} \qquad \frac{R}{Red-Ven$			Laniidae	Lanius schach	Rufous-Backed Shrike	RMMMM
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$				Lanius excubitor	Great Grey Shrike	RM
NectarinidaeCinnyris asiaticusPurple SunbirdROriolidaeOriolus kundooIndian Golden OrioleROriolus xanthornusBlack-Hooded OrioleRSturnia malabricaChestnut-Tailed StarlingRAcridotheres fuscusJungle MynaRAcridotheres tristisCommon MynaRSturnus contraAsian Pied StarlingRMegalaima haemacephalaCoppersmith BarbetRMegalaimidaeMegalaima asiaticaBlue-Throated BarbetRMegalaima lineataLineated BarbetR			Pycnonotidae	Pycnonotus cafer	Red-Vented Bulbul	R
			Nectariniidae	Nectarinia zeylonica	Purple-Rumped Sunbird	R
				Cinnyris asiaticus	Purple Sunbird	R
			Oriolidae	Oriolus kundoo	Indian Golden Oriole	R
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				Oriolus xanthornus	Black-Hooded Oriole	R
Acridotheres tristis Common Myna R Sturnus contra Asian Pied Starling R  Megalaima haemacephala Coppersmith Barbet R  Megalaimidae Megalaima asiatica Blue-Throated Barbet R  Megalaima lineata Lineated Barbet R			Sturnidae	Sturnia malabrica	Chestnut-Tailed Starling	R
Acridotheres tristis Common Myna R Sturnus contra Asian Pied Starling R  Megalaima haemacephala Coppersmith Barbet R  Megalaimidae Megalaima asiatica Blue-Throated Barbet R  Megalaima lineata Lineated Barbet R				Acridotheres fuscus	Jungle Myna	R
Megalaima haemacephalaCoppersmith BarbetRMegalaimidaeMegalaima asiaticaBlue-Throated BarbetRMegalaima lineataLineated BarbetR				Acridotheres tristis	Common Myna	R
MegalaimidaeMegalaima asiaticaBlue-Throated BarbetRMegalaima lineataLineated BarbetR				Sturnus contra	Asian Pied Starling	R
Megalaima lineata Lineated Barbet R			Megalaimidae	Megalaima haemacephala	Coppersmith Barbet	R
Megalaima lineata Lineated Barbet R				Megalaima asiatica	Blue-Throated Barbet	R
0				ŭ	Lineated Barbet	R
			Rhipiduridae	Rhipidura albicollis White-Throated Fantail		R

## Continued

		Zosteropidae	Zosterops palpebrosus	Oriental White-Eye	R
2	Cuculiformess	Cuculidae	Eudynamys scolopaceus	Asian Koel	R
	Cucumornicss	Cucundae	Centropus sinensis	Greater Coucal	R
			Vanellus malabaricus	Yellow-Wattled Lapwing	RM
			Vanellus indicus	Red-Wattled Lapwing	RM
		Charadriidae	Tringa gareola	Sand Piper	M
			Himantopus himantopus	Black Winged Stilt	RM
			Charadrius dubius	Little Ringed Plover	R
			Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret	R
		Ardeidae	Egretta garzetta	Little Egret	RM
			Casmerodius albus	Large Egret	RM
3	Ciconiiformes		Ardeola grayii	Indian Pond Heron	R
			Mesophoyx intermedia	Median Egret	RM
		Phalacrocoracidae	Phalacrocorax niger	Little Cormorant	R
		Jacanidae	Hydrophasianus chirurgus	Pheasant-Tailed Jacana	R
			Metopidius indicus	Bronze-Winged Jacana	R
		Anhingidae	Anhinga melanogaster	Darter or Snake Bird	M
		Accipitridae	Anastomus oscitans	Asian Openbill-Stork	RM
			Aquila spe.	Eagle	RM
		Ciconiidae	Elanus caeruleus	Black Shouldered Kite	R
			Milvus migrans	Black Kite	R
			Haliastur indus	Brahminy Kite	R
			Ceryle rudis	Lesser Pied Kingfisher	RM
		Alcedinidae	Pelargopsis capnsis	Strok-Billed Kingfisher	R
			Alcedo atthis	Small Blue Kingfisher	R
4	Coraciformes		Halcyon smyrnensis	White-Breasted Kingfisher	R
•	Coraciionnes	Meropidae	Merops orientalis	Small Bee-Eater	R
			Merops philippinus	Blue-Tailed Bee Eater	RM
			Merops leschenaulti	Chestnut-Headed Bee-eater	R
		Coraciidae	Coracias benghalensis	Indian Roller	RM
		Columbidae	Streptopelia chinensis	Spotted Dove	R
5			Streptopelia tranquebarica	Red Collard-Dove	R
	Columbiformes		Columba livia	Blue Rock Pigeon	R
			Streptopelia chinensis	Spotted Dove	R
			Streptopelia decaoto	Eurasian Collared Dove	R
			Treron phoenicopterus	Yellow-Footed Green Pigeon	RM
6	Gruiformes	Rallidae	Amaurornis phoenicurus	White-Breasted Warehen	R
			Psittacula krameri	Rose-Ringed Parakeet	R
7	Psittaciformes	Psittacidae	Psittacula eupatria	Alexanderine Parakeet	R
8 (	Charadriniiformes	Glareolidae	Glareola lactea	Small Pratincole	RM
			Ichthyaetus ichthyaetus	Palla's Gull	M
			Chroicocephalus brunnicephalus	Black-Headed Gull	M
			Chroicocephalus ridibundus	Brown-Headed Gull	M
		Sternidae	Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-Billed Tern	M
			Sterna aurantia	River Tern	R
			Gallinago gallinago	Common Snipe	M
		Scolopacidae	Tringa glareola	Wood Sandpiper	
		Dogumie t 1	0 0	* *	M
0	Colliform	Recurvirostridae	Himantopus himantopus	Black-Winged Stilt	M
9	Galliformes	Phasianidae	Gallus gallus	Red Jungle fowl	R
10	Strigiformes	Strigidae	Otus lettia	Collared Scopes Owl	R
			Glaucidium brodiei	Collared Owlet	R

permanently reside in this habitat due to presence of ample amount of avian food in and around Digha. Most of the avian species are resident (R), resident migrant (RM) and very few are migrant (M).

Coastal areas of Digha exhibit significant quantitative variation in avifauna. Among 10 orders of recorded birds Passeriformes consists of 42% (**Figure 3**) of total families out of 35 (**Table 1**), and it includes Picidae, Corvidae, Alaudidae, Cisticolidae, Passeridae, Sylviidae, Muscicapidae Laniidae Pycnonotidae, Nectariniidae, Oriolidae, Sturnidae, Megalaimidae, Rhipiduridae and Zosteropidae. Birds belonging to orders like Gruiformes and Galliformes constitute 1% of birds of total species surveyed (**Figure 3**). Passeriformes consists of 42.86%, and Cuculiformes, Psittaciformes, Gruiformes and Galliformes, Strigiformes, Columbiformes consists of 2.86% order each of total bird's species (**Figure 4**).

Avifauna belonging to families Columbidae and Passeridae constitute 6.97% of the total bird species. Pycnonotidae, Rhipiduridae, Zosteropidae, Aludidae, Cisticolidae Sylviidae, Phalacrocoracidae, Anhingidae, Coraciidae, Rallidae, Recurvirostridae, and Phasianidae constitute 1.16% each of the total bird species (**Figure 5**). Further it was interesting to note that passerine birds dominated the diversity with 36 species as compared to non passerine (50 species) (**Table 1**). Family wise analysis showed that family Columbidae and Passeridae (6 species each) dominated the avian fauna followed by Charadriidae, Ardeidae (5 species each), Picidae, Corvidae, Sturnidae, Alccedinidae, Glareolidae (4 species each), Muscicapidae, Megalaimidae, Ciconiidae, Meropidae (3 species each), Laniidae, Nectariniidae, Orilidae, Cuculidae, Jacanidae, Accipitridae, Psittacidae, Sternidae, Scolopacidae, Strigidae (2 species each), Pycnonotidae, Rhipiduridae, Zosteropidae, Sylviidae, Phalacrocoracidae, Anhingidae, Coraciidae, Rallidae, Recurvirostridae, and Phasianidae Aludidae, Cisticolidae (1 species each)

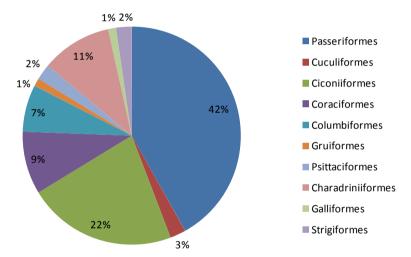


Figure 3. It shows percentages (%) of Species in different families of avifauna.

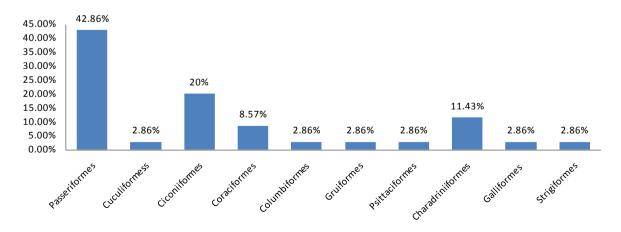


Figure 4. It shows the percentages (%) of order in different families of avian faunas

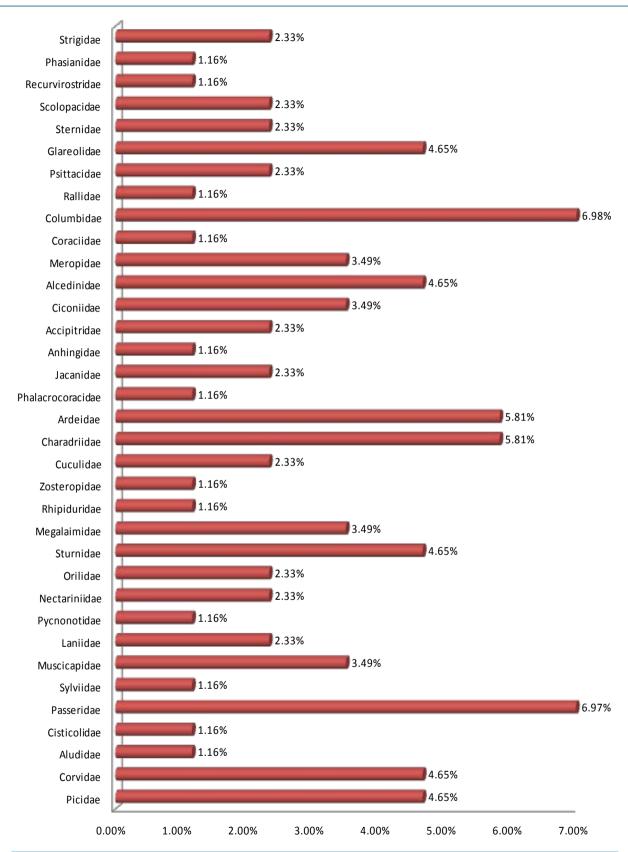


Figure 5. It shows the family wise percentages of avian fauna.

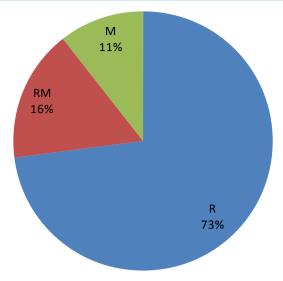


Figure 6. It shows percentages (%) of resident (R), resident-migrant (RM) and migrant (M) avifauna.

were poorly represented in the area (**Table 1**). Analysis of the data on residential status revealed that out of 86 species, 73% were resident, 16% resident migrant (RM) and 11% are migrant (M) (**Figure 6**).

#### 4. Conclusion

The present study establishes the richness of the Digha with respect to bird fauna which is an excellent indicator of ecological health. However, the future of the avian fauna of Digha is under threat from unabated urbanisation, increased bird hunting, and pouring of hazardous agricultural chemicals into the water bodies affecting the fish eating birds and others (migratory birds mainly). Pollution and disturbances related to water sports and overcrowding of tourist are also expected to severely disturb the ecological balance (specially the avian diversity) of this area.

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