



Supplement of

Sources of organic gases and aerosol particles and their roles in nighttime particle growth at a rural forested site in southwest Germany

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S1. Data processing of CHARON-PTR-MS

The raw data of CHARON-PTR-MS was processed by the Ionicon Data Analyzer (IDA 1.0.2, Ionicon Analytik). Mass calibrations were performed using four ion peaks including $\text{H}_3^{18}\text{O}^+$ at m/z 21.0226, $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{OH}^+$ at m/z 59.0491, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}^+$ at m/z 203.943 and $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}_2^+$ at m/z 330.848, where $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}^+$ and $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}_2^+$ were produced from the internal standard diiodobenzene. High-resolution peak fitting for each ion was performed automatically by the IDA software and refined manually according to the database of PTR-ToF-MS literature (Pagonis et al., 2019; Yáñez-Serrano et al., 2021). The quantification procedure of CHARON-PTR-MS data has been described in detail by (Muller et al., 2017). The collision rate (k) between the analyte molecules and reagent ions (H_3O^+) is calculated based on the parametrization method (Su, 1988). This method uses the properties of the analyte molecule as input parameters: (i) its molecular weight, (ii) its molecular polarizability which is calculated from the elemental composition using the parametrization method (Bosque and Sales, 2002) and (iii) its dipole moment which is assumed to be 0.3 and 2.75 D for pure and substituted hydrocarbons, respectively. The estimated accuracy of this quantification method is $\pm 30\%$. Further data analyses including gas and particle data separation, and background subtraction were performed with custom-in MATLAB scripts in IDA. Figure S13 shows an example of each CHARON-PTR-MS alternatingly measurement cycle for selected ions including $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{17}^+$, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{15}\text{O}^+$, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}^+$, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_4^+$ and $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_5^+$. The signals of particulate more oxidized species ($\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_4^+$ and $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{O}_5^+$) measured by the CHARON slowly reached up the plateau compared to less oxidized species ($\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}^+$). This is due to the PTR-MS shows slow responses to some organic species especially more oxidized species in the particle phase (Piel et al., 2021). Thus, the initial 290 s particle-phase data at each CHARON measurement cycle were excluded. We also excluded the last 10 s particle-phase data of each CHARON measurement to avoid any inferences due to the switching from particle-phase measurement to gas-phase measurement, thus total 300 s data of each CHARON measurement were excluded finally. Then the processed particle data were corrected by the interpolate subtraction of HEPA filter background. Based on the SMPS measurements, the geometric particle sizes were observed at the range of 20-112 nm (average: 48 ± 12 nm) during the entire campaign. Finally, we adopted an average enrichment factor of 6 for the particles with the sizes <150 nm to calculate the total aerosol mass measured by the CHARON-PTR-MS. Note that the transition time was set with 3 minutes for the switching from CHARON measurement mode to VOC measurement mode before the starting of gas-phase measurement.

Therefore, for the gas phase data, we only excluded the first 10 s and the last 10 s data at each VOC measurement cycle to avoid any inferences due to the switching between different measurement modes. Then we subtracted the gas background from the measurement of VOC-free synthetic air. Finally, we averaged the gas and particle phase background-corrected data into 5 min presented in this study.

The PTR-MS suffers the ionic fragmentation during the protonation processes (Yuan et al., 2017). According to gas calibrations, the residual fractions were on average $17\% \pm 2\%$ and $37\% \pm 1\%$ for protonated isoprene ($C_5H_9^+$, m/z 69.07) and monoterpenes ($C_{10}H_{17}^+$, m/z 137.13) respectively after their fragmentation within the instrument. Previous studies have found that the fragmentation of 2-methyl-3-buten-2-ol ($C_5H_{11}O^+$, MBO) emitted from biogenic sources inside PTR instruments can significantly contribute to the $C_5H_9^+$ signals (Karl et al., 2012). In this study, the time series of $C_5H_9^+$ was correlated with that of $C_5H_{11}O^+$ ($r=0.69$, Figure S18), suggesting that the fragmentation of MBO could contribute to the signals of $C_5H_9^+$. However, the concentrations of $C_5H_{11}O^+$ were much lower than those of $C_5H_9^+$, thus the contributions from $C_5H_{11}O^+$ fragmentation to $C_5H_9^+$ were lower than those from the isoprene parent ion. Therefore, it is reasonable to attribute all $C_5H_9^+$ to isoprene in this study. Based on the calibration of β -caryophyllene for our instrument in the lab (Gao et al., 2022), we assumed all sesquiterpenes following the similar fragmentation pattern of β -caryophyllene with $29\% \pm 1\%$ at protonated sesquiterpene mass ($C_{15}H_{25}^+$, m/z 205.20). Finally, we scaled the measured data of $C_5H_9^+$, $C_{10}H_{17}^+$ and $C_{15}H_{25}^+$ for the mixing ratios of isoprene, monoterpenes and sesquiterpenes in this study. For the calibrated aromatic hydrocarbon species (benzene, toluene, xylenes, trimethylbenzene) and acetone, they have minor fragmentation and thus no further correction for their mixing ratios. Besides, no further correction was made for other uncalibrated VOC species.

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S2. Comparison with the air quality monitor station data

The hourly particle mass and trace gas data (i.e., $PM_{2.5}$, PM_{10} , O_3 , NO_2 , NO and SO_2) were retrieved from the air quality monitor station of Eggenstein (LUBW), located ~2.5 km southwest of our sampling site (<https://udo.lubw.baden-wuerttemberg.de/public/>, last access: 1/25/2022). We compared the available data ($PM_{2.5}$, PM_{10} , O_3 and NO_2) at KITcn to those obtained from the Eggenstein monitor station. As shown in Figs. S2 and S3, good correlations were found for the particle mass concentrations measured at these two locations ($r=0.91$ for $PM_{2.5}$ and 0.76 for PM_{10}).

A good linear correlation was also observed for the O₃ data (r = 0.86), but a poor correlation was found for the NO₂ data (r = 0.27). This is expected due to traffic emissions at Eggenstein station, which could lead to more spikes of NO₂ (Fig. S2). If peak values of NO₂ at the Eggenstein monitor station were removed, a better correlation for NO₂ was observed for both locations (r = 0.64).

S3. Estimation of particulate organic nitrate from AMS data and calculation of steady state NO₃ radicals

The derived ratio of NO₂⁺/NO⁺ from AMS data can be used as an indicator for the formation of organic nitrate (Kiendler-Scharr et al., 2016; Xu et al., 2015a; Farmer et al., 2010). Here we used the measured NO₂⁺/NO⁺ ratios to estimate the fraction of organic nitrate (OrgNO₃), although this estimation requires accurate ratios for pure ammonium nitrate and organic nitrate. In this study, the average ratio of NO₂⁺/NO⁺ for calibration using pure ammonium nitrate (NH₄NO₃) three times is 0.61, which is within the ranges (0.29-0.85) reported in previous observations in Europe (Kiendler-Scharr et al., 2016). Based on previous chamber and field studies on organic nitrates, we adopted a fixed value of NO₂⁺/NO⁺ with 0.1 for organic nitrates (R_{OrgNO_3}). The mass fraction and concentration ($pOrgNO_3_{Frac}$ and $pOrgNO_3_{Mass}$) can be calculated using the following equations:

$$pOrgNO_3_{Frac} = \frac{(1 + R_{OrgNO_3}) * (R_{meas} - R_{calib})}{(1 + R_{meas}) * (R_{OrgNO_3} - R_{calib})}$$

$$pOrgNO_3_{Mass} = pOrgNO_3_{Frac} * NO_3$$

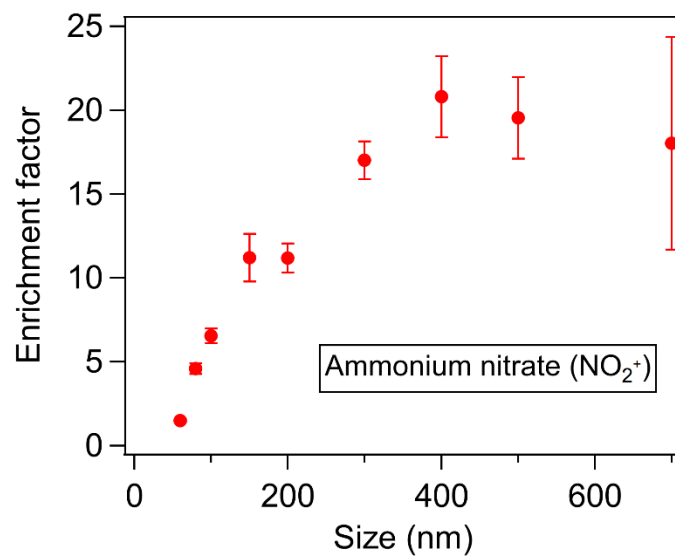
where R_{meas} is the measured ratios of NO₂⁺ and NO⁺ ions from AMS data, R_{calib} is the ratio in the calibration of NH₄NO₃. It should be noted that pOrgNO₃ calculated from AMS data only indicate the nitrate functional group of organic nitrates. We converted the mass concentrations of pOrgNO₃ to OrgNO₃ scaled by a factor of 4.2 based on the molecular weight of organic nitrate with 260 g mol⁻¹ from the FIGAERO-CIMS measurement.

As shown in Fig. S11, we also observed that C₁₀H₁₅O₇N and C₁₅H₂₃O₇N showed better correlations with the calculated OrgNO₃ from the AMS compared to C₅H₇O₇N. Note that these three particulate molecules measured by the FIGAERO-CIMS the have been proposed as the major oxidation products of isoprene, monoterpenes and sesquiterpenes respectively with nitrate radicals in the field or chamber studies (Huang et al., 2019; Chen et al., 2020; Gao et al., 2022).

According to previous studies (Yu et al., 2019; Xu et al., 2015b), the steady-state NO₃ radicals [NO₃·] can be roughly estimated by following equation.

$$[NO_3 \cdot] = \frac{k_1[NO_2][O_3]}{j_{NO_3} + k_2[NO] + \sum k_i[VOC_i]}$$

where j_{NO_3} is the NO₃ photolysis rates, k_1 and k_2 are the rate constant with $3.5 \times 10^{-17} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ and $2.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ under 298 K, respectively, k_i is the rate constant of NO₃ reacting with VOC species. In this study, we focused on the nighttime NO₃ chemistry, thus the j_{NO_3} was assumed as 0. The data of NO and NO₂ were obtained from the Eggenstein air quality monitor station located ~2.5 km southwest of the sampling site. We considered the sink of NO₃ radicals was related to the oxidation of VOC species mainly including isoprene, monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes, benzene, toluene, C₈-and C₉-aromatic hydrocarbons. As shown in Figure S19, we observed rapid decreases of steady-state NO₃ radicals during early nighttime, and stayed at low concentrations at night, which was mainly due to the sink of terpene oxidation.



105 **Figure S1.** Calibrated enrichment factor of ammonium nitrate particles as a function of particle size in the 60-700 nm range

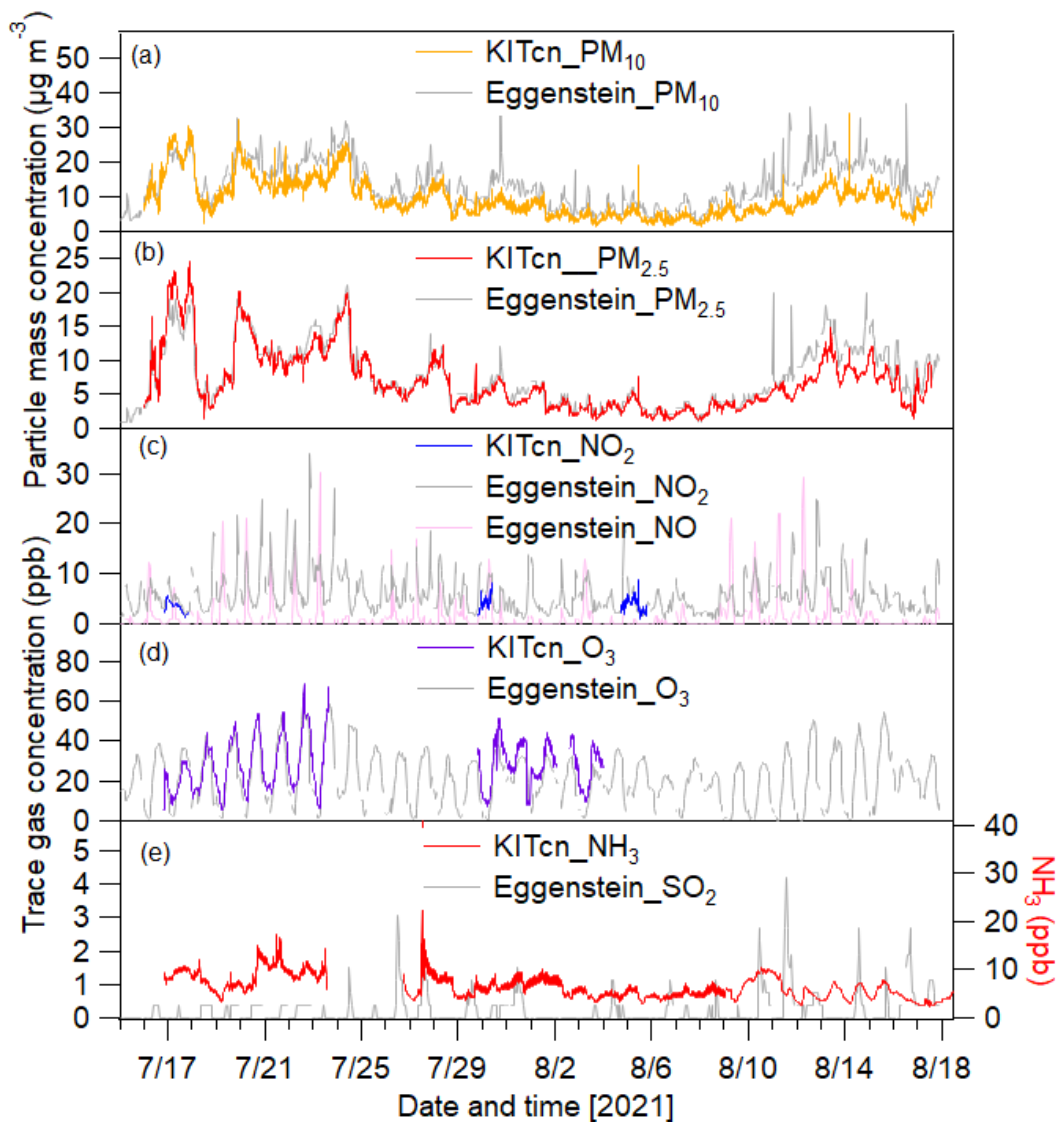


Figure S2. Time series of (a) PM₁₀, (b) PM_{2.5}, (c) NO₂ and NO, (d) O₃ and (e) SO₂ and NH₃ observed at the sampling site (KITcn) and Eggenstein air quality monitor station during the measurement period. The trace gas data of NO₂ and O₃ are only available for few days due to malfunction of the data acquisition software.

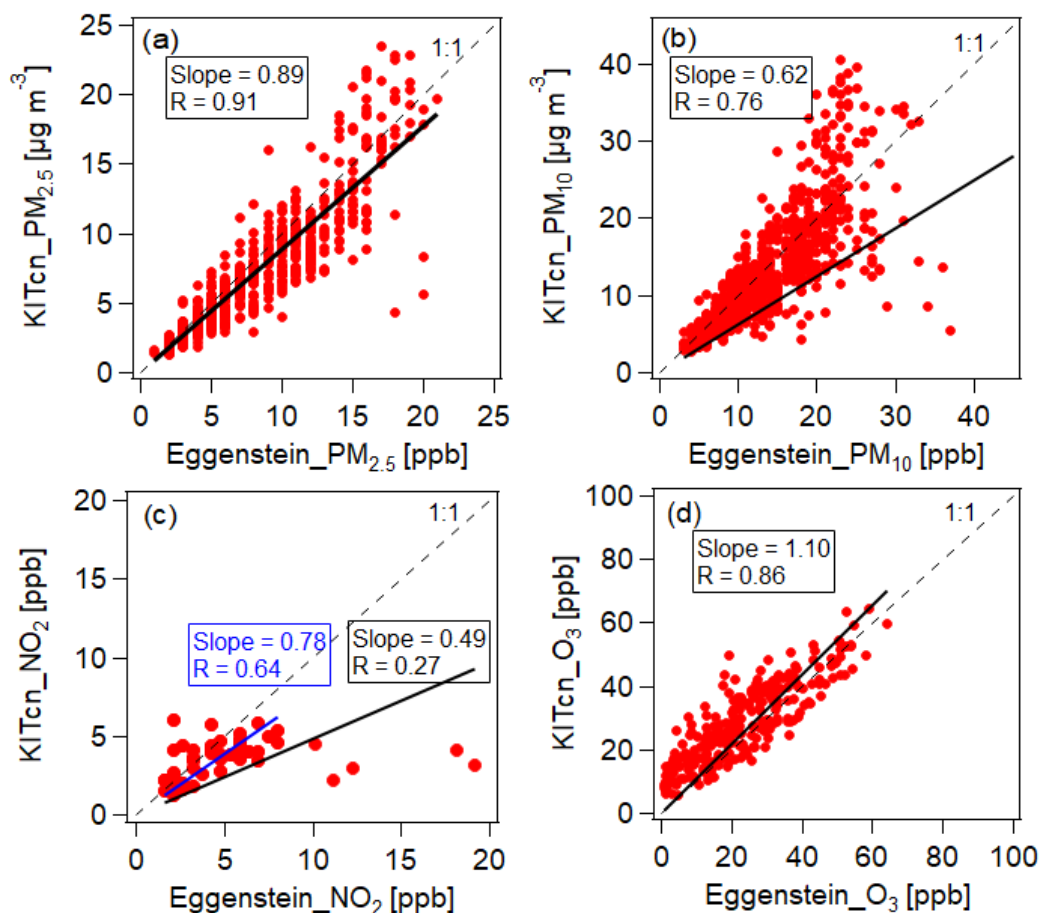
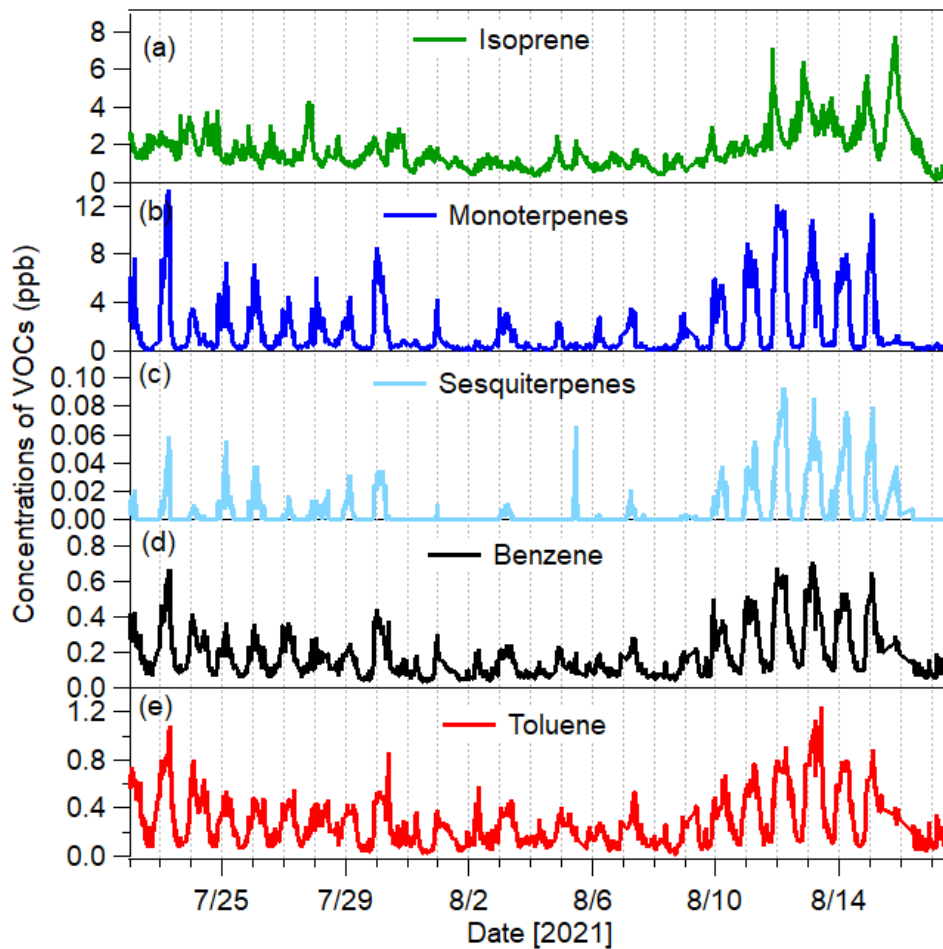
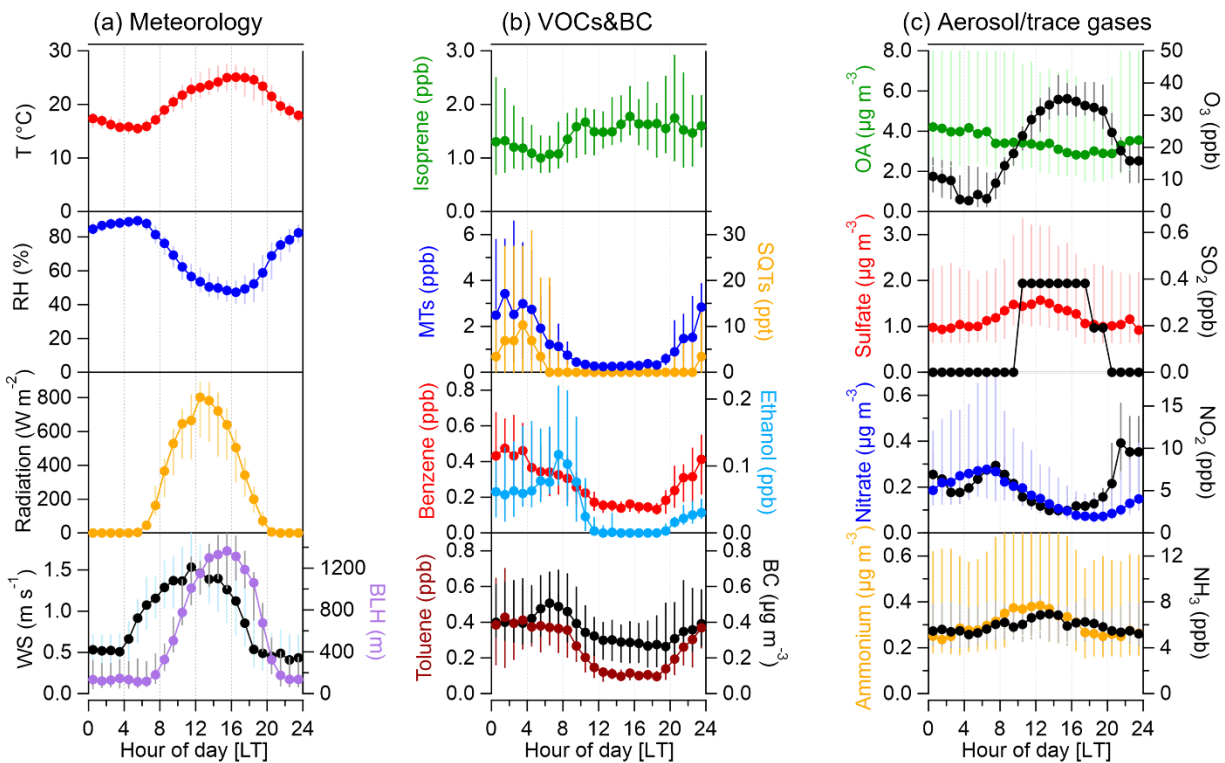


Figure S3. Scatter plots for (a) PM_{2.5}, (b) PM₁₀, (c) NO₂ and (d) O₃ measured at the sampling site (KITcn) and Eggenstein air quality monitor station during the measurement period. The black solid and dash lines represent the linear fit curve and 1:1 line, respectively. The blue solid line in (c) shows the linear fit curve after removing high NO₂ values (>10 ppb) observed at Eggenstein monitor station.



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Figure S4. Time series of concentrations of selected VOC species. (a) isoprene; (b) monoterpenes; (c) sesquiterpenes; (d) benzene and (e) toluene.



125 **Figure S5.** Diurnal variations of (a) meteorological parameters including temperature (T), relative
 humidity (RH), radiation, wind speeds (WS) and boundary layer height (BLH); (b) BC and VOCs
 including isoprene, monoterpenes (MTs), sesquiterpenes (SQTs), benzene, toluene, ethanol; (c)
 aerosol species and trace gases including OA, sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, O₃, SO₂, NO₂ and NH₃
 during the entire campaign. All data are shown in medians with the whiskers of 25th and 75th
 130 percentiles.

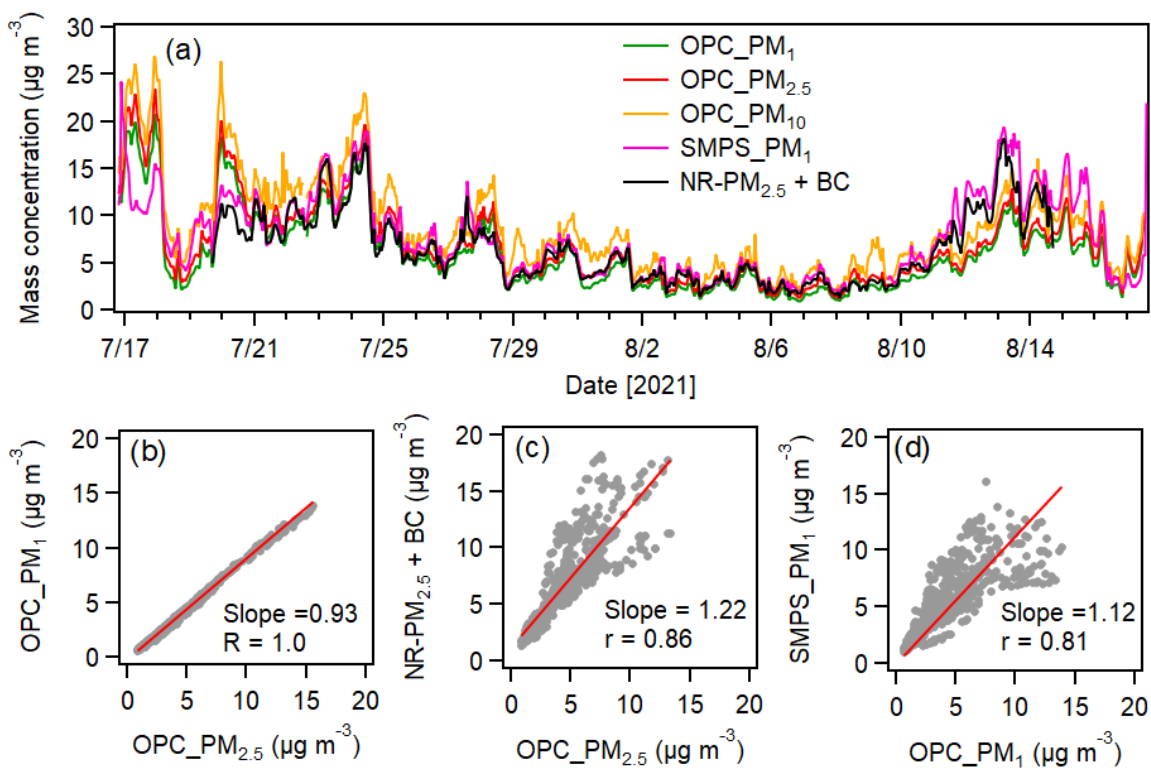


Figure S6. (a) Time series of PM₁, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ measured by the OPC, PM₁ calculated from SMPS measurement (assumed density of 1.4 g cm⁻³), and NR-PM_{2.5} measured by the AMS plus BC measured by the AE33. (c-d) scatter plots between OPC_PM₁ vs. OPC_PM_{2.5}, OPC_PM_{2.5} vs. NR-PM_{2.5} plus BC, OPC_PM₁ vs. SMPS_PM₁ during the entire measurement period.

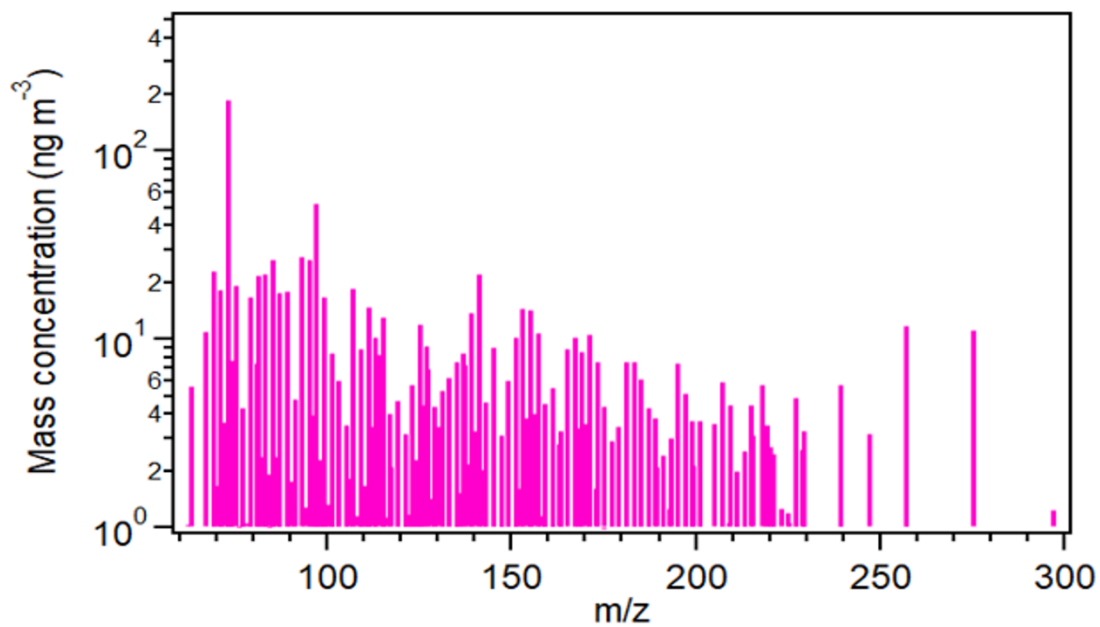


Figure S7. Median mass spectra of OA measured by the CHARON-PTR-MS

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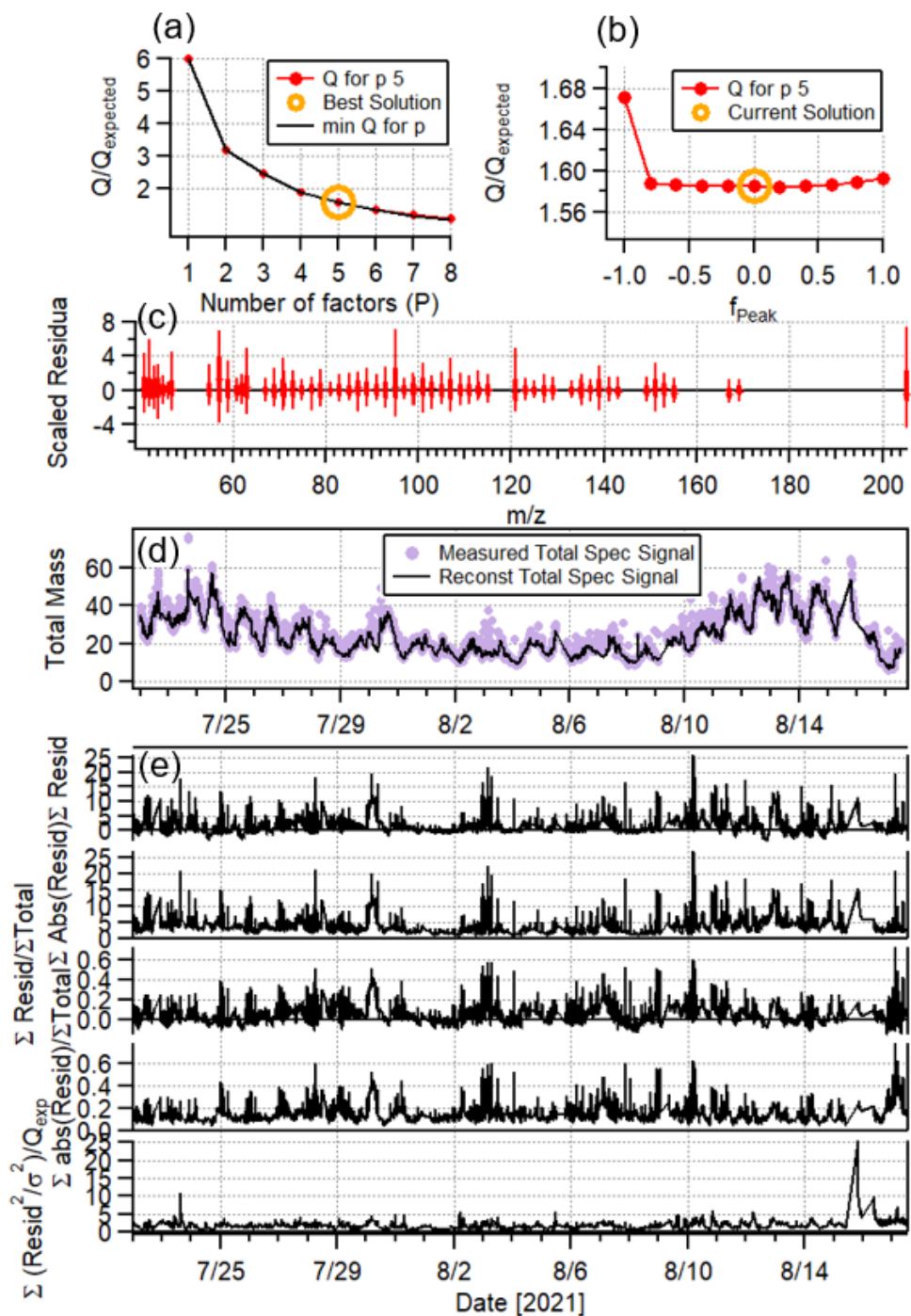


Figure S8. Key diagnostic plots for 5-factor PMF solution of PTR-measured VOCs: (a) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of number of factors (P); (b) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of f_{Peak} ; (c) the box and whiskers plot showing the distributions of scaled residuals for each m/z ; (d) time series of the measured organic mass and the reconstructed organic mass and (e) time series of variations of the residual values (= measured-reconstructed) of the fit.

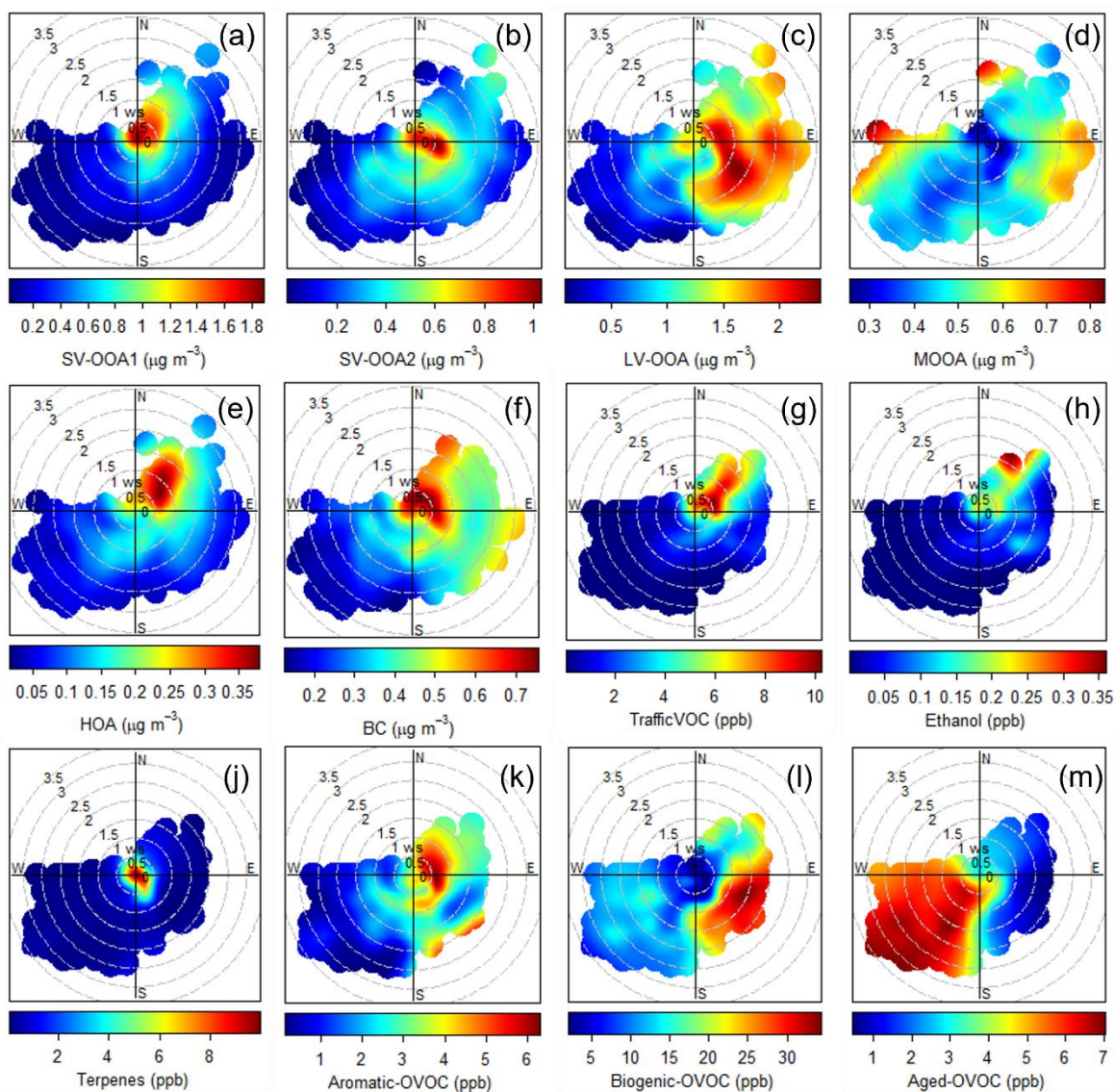
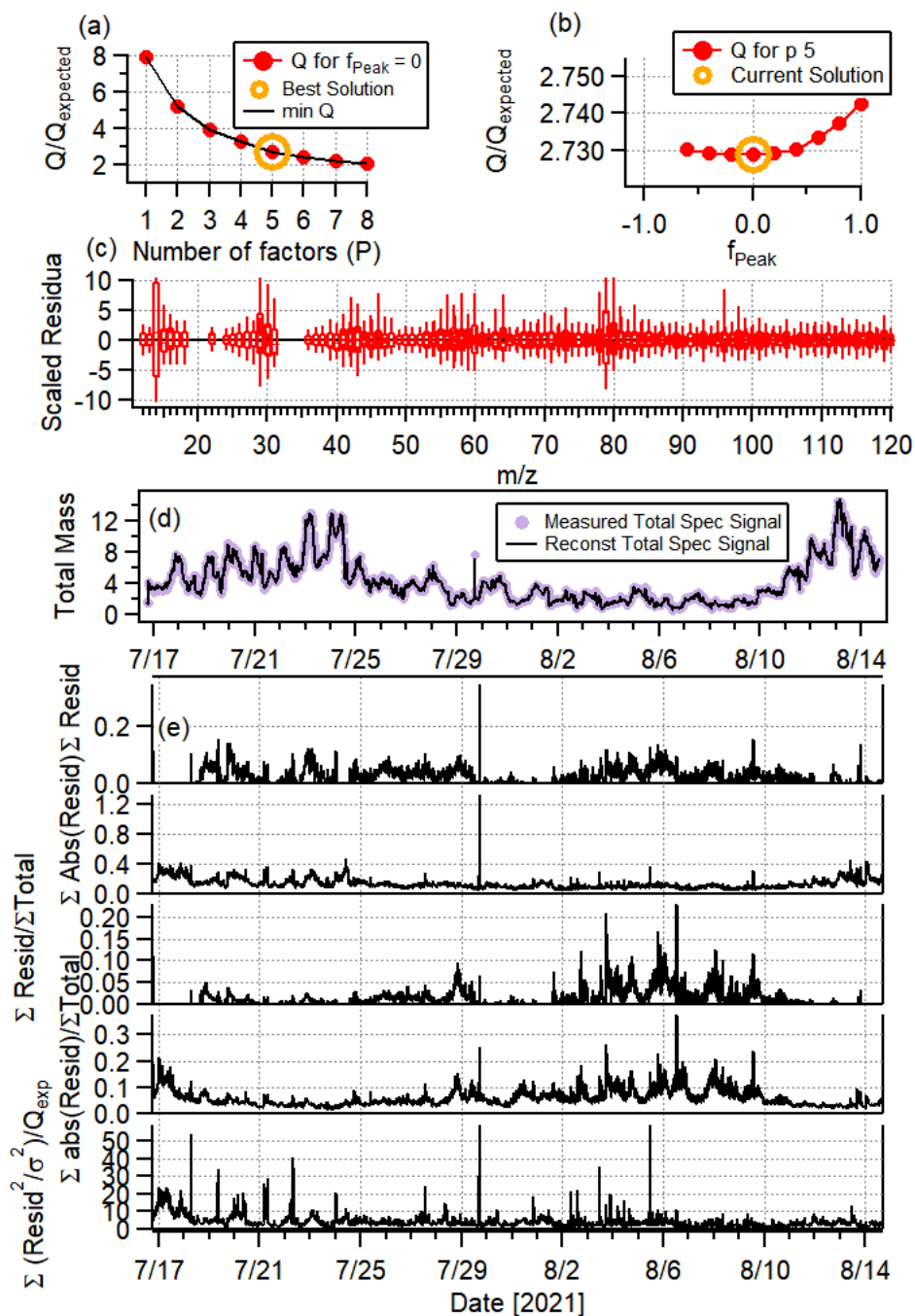
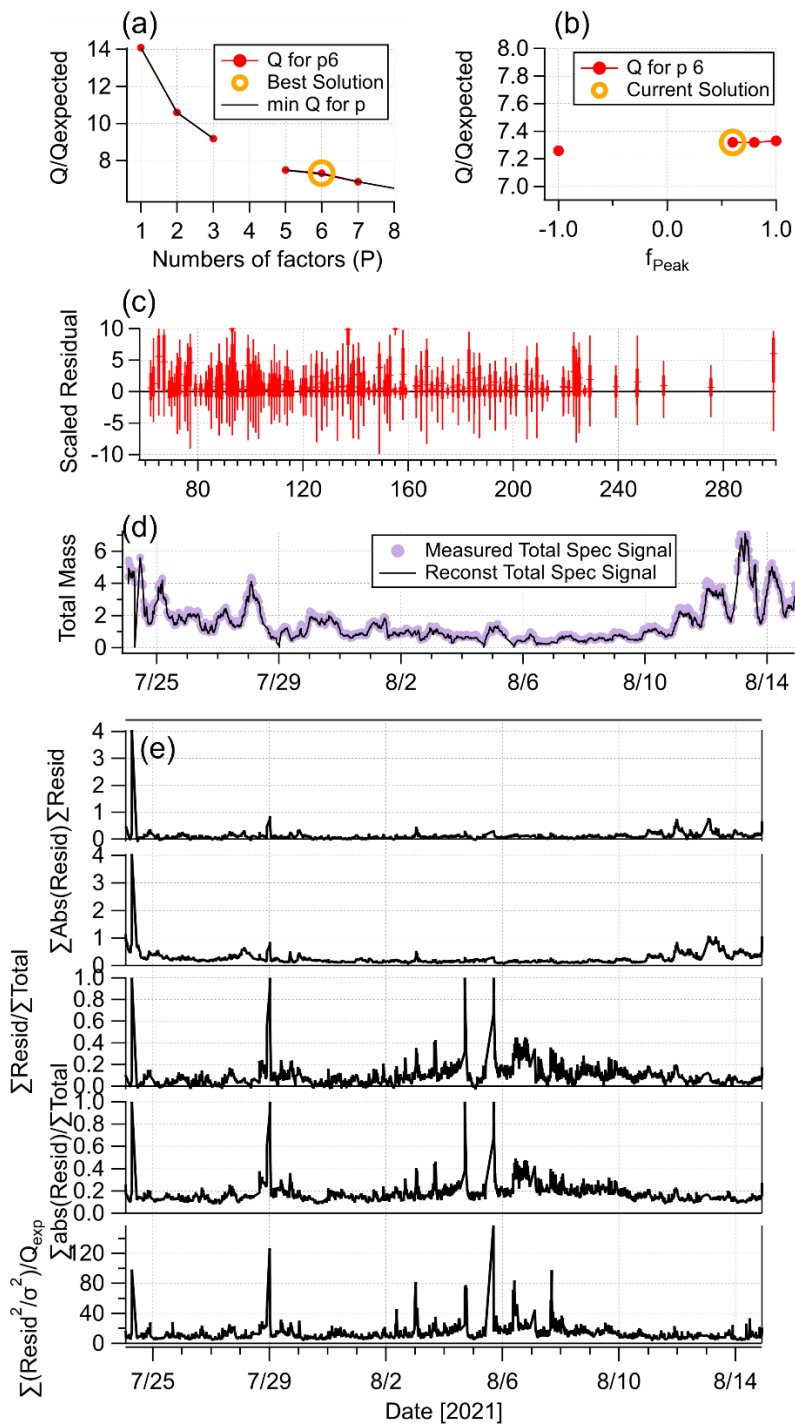


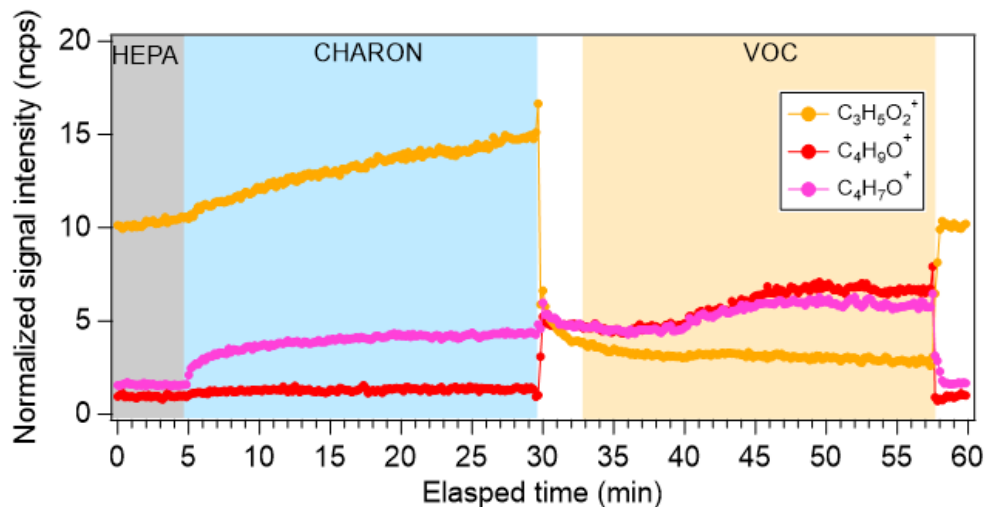
Figure. S9 Bivariate polar plots of (a-f) BC and OA factors including HOA, SV-OOA1, SV-OOA2, LV-OOA and MOOA resolved from the AMS-PMF analysis and (g-h) ethanol and VOC factors including traffic VOC, terpenes, aromatic-OVOC, biogenic-OVOC and aged OVOC.



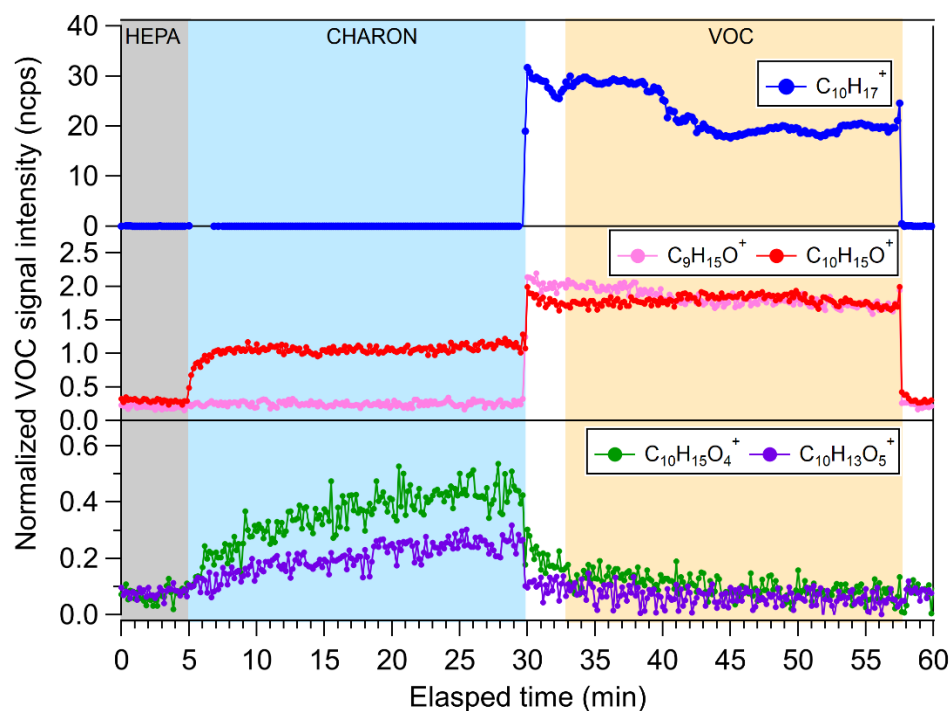
155 **Figure S10.** Key diagnostic plots for 5-factor PMF solution of AMS-measured OA: (a) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of number of factors (P); (b) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of f_{Peak} ; (c) the box and whiskers plot showing the distributions of scaled residuals for each m/z ; (d) time series of the measured organic mass and the reconstructed organic mass and (e) time series of variations of the residual values (= measured-reconstructed) of the fit.



160 **Figure S11.** Key diagnostic plots for 6-factor PMF solution of CHARON-measured OA: (a) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of number of factors (P); (b) Q/Q_{expected} as a function of f_{Peak} ; (c) the box and whiskers plot showing the distributions of scaled residuals for each m/z ; (d) time series of the measured organic mass and the reconstructed organic mass and (e) time series of variations of the residual values (= measured-reconstructed) of the fit.



165 **Figure S12.** Time series of selected ions including $C_3H_5O_2^+$, $C_4H_9O^+$, $C_4H_7O^+$ during an individual CHARON-PTR-MS alternatingly measurement cycle.



170 **Figure S13.** An example of alternatingly measurement cycle in the CHARON-PTR-MS including 5-min HEPA mode, 25 min CHARON mode, 3 min transition time, 25 min VOC mode and 2 min transition mode on 13th August 2021. Time series of selected ions including $C_{10}H_{17}^+$, $C_9H_{15}O^+$, $C_{10}H_{15}O^+$, $C_{10}H_{15}O_4^+$ and $C_{10}H_{13}O_5^+$.

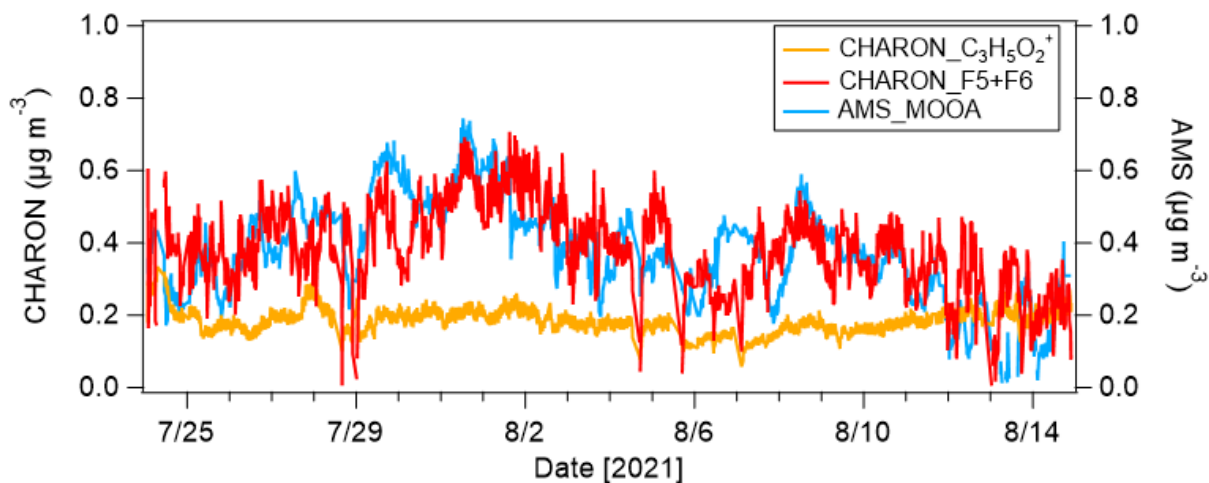


Figure S14. Time series of particulate $C_3H_5O_2^+$, sum of unassigned factor 5 and 6 (F5 + F6) from the CHARON and MOOA resolved from the AMS-PMF analysis.

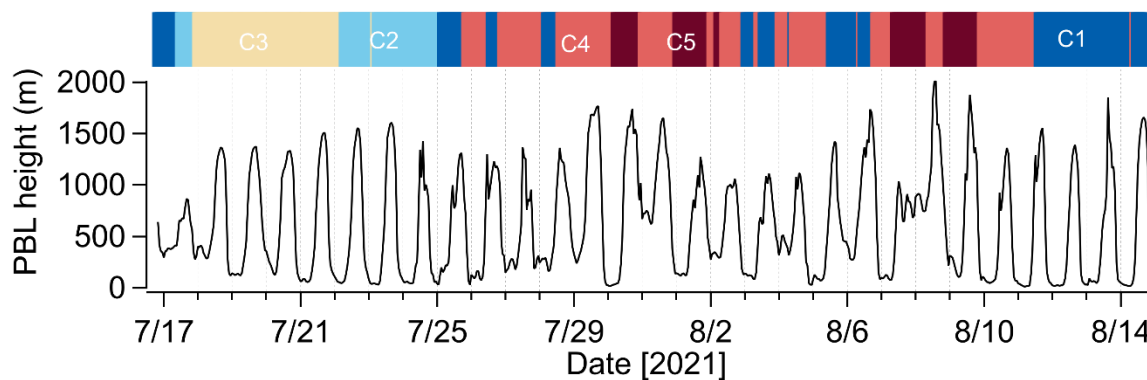


Figure S15. Time series of planetary boundary layer (PBL) height obtained from ERA5 reanalysis data over the entire campaign. The top shows the origins of five air mass clusters.

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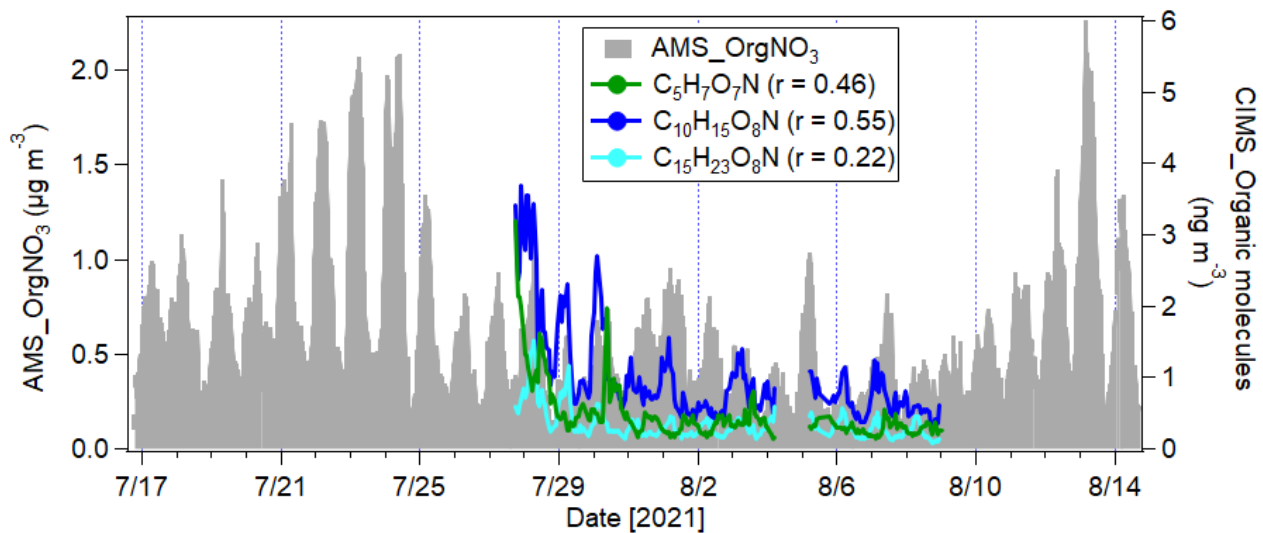


Figure S16. Time series of organic nitrate calculated from the AMS based on the method of $\text{NO}_2^+/\text{NO}^+$ and three organic nitrate molecules ($\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{O}_7\text{N}$, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_8\text{N}$ and $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_8\text{N}$) detected by FIGAERO-CIMS related with the oxidation of isoprene, monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes respectively.

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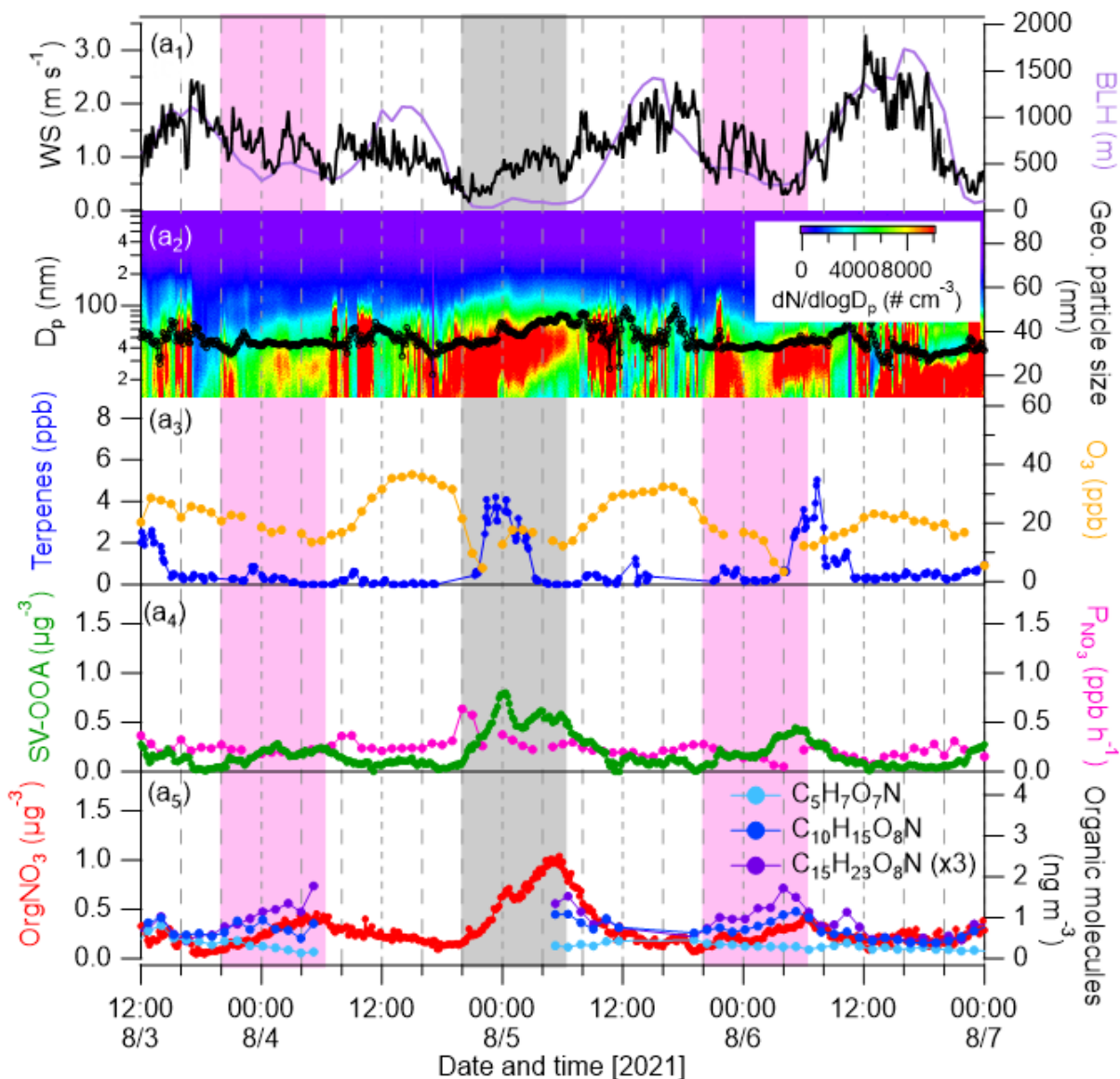
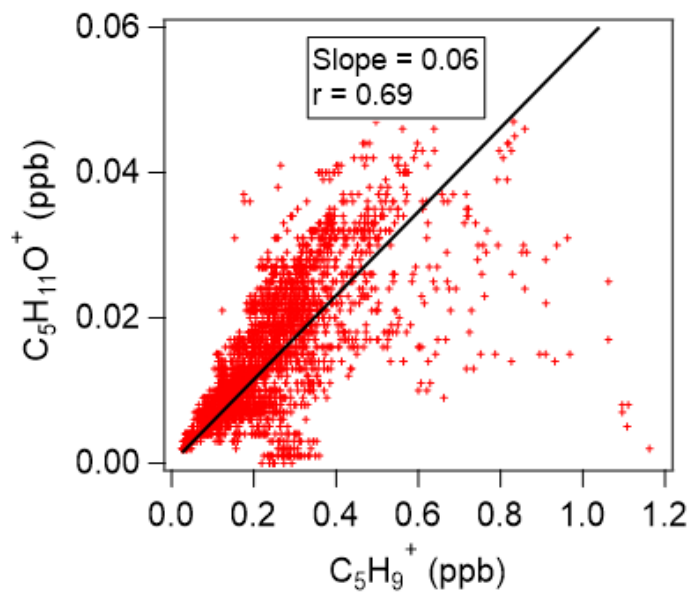


Figure S17. Cases showing the nighttime non-particle growth events as marked in pink shaded areas. Time series of wind speed, boundary layer height, particle number size distributions and geometric mean particle size, and mixing ratios of terpenes factor and O_3 , production rate of nitrate radicals (PNO_3), and mass concentrations of SV-OOA1 and organic nitrate calculated from the AMS during 3rd-7th August, 2021. Three particulate organic nitrate molecules ($\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{O}_7\text{N}$, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_8\text{N}$, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_8\text{N}$) detected by the FIGAERO-CIMS are plotted in (a₅).



195 **Figure S18.** Scatter plot of $C_5H_9^+$ and $C_5H_{11}O^+$ in the gas phase during the entire campaign.

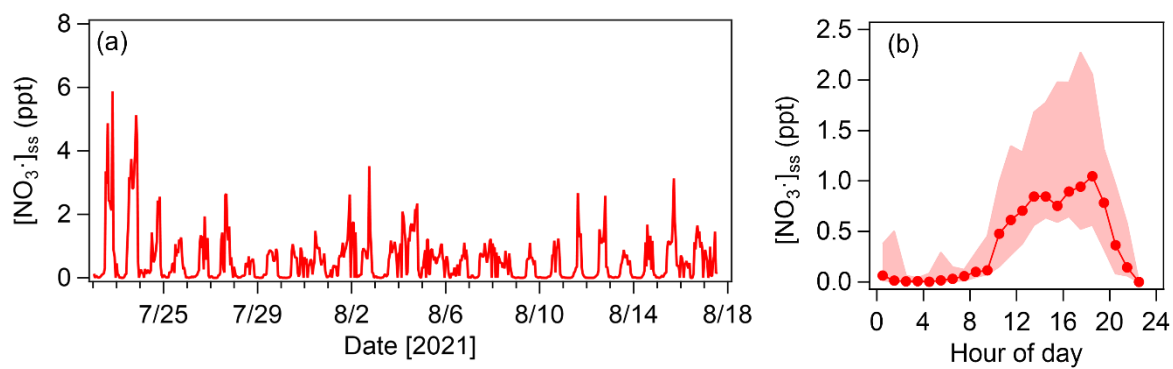


Figure S19. (a) Time series of steady-state $[NO_3\cdot]_{ss}$ concentrations (b) diurnal variations of $[NO_3\cdot]$.

Table S1 Instruments installed in the measurement room.

Measured parameters	Instrument	Data period	
		Starting	Ending
Meteorological parameters	WS700 (Lufft GmbH)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
NO ₂ (data missing)	AS32M (Environment SA)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
O ₃ (data missing)	O341M (Environment SA)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
NH ₃	G2103 (Picarro Inc.)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
PM ₁ , PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ mass	OPC FIDAS200 (Palas GmbH)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
Particle size (10–410 nm, d_m)	NanoScan-SMPS3910 (TSI Inc.)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
Particle size (13.6-763.5 nm, d_m)	SMPS (TSI Inc.)	7/16/2021	8/17/2021
Particle number concentration	CPC3789 (TSI Inc.)	7/23/2021	8/17/2021
Black carbon	AE33 (Magee Scientific)	7/19/2021	8/17/2021
Particle mass concentration	AMS (Aerodyne Research Inc.)	7/16/2021	8/14/2021
VOCs/oxygenated VOCs	CHARON-PTR-MS (Ionicon Analytik GmbH)	7/23/2021	8/17/2021
Semi-volatile aerosol particles	CHARON-PTR-MS (Ionicon Analytik GmbH)	7/23/2021	8/17/2021
Oxygenated organic molecules	FIGAERO-CIMS (Aerodyne Research Inc.)	7/27/2021	8/09/2021

Table S2 List of VOC ions and average mixing ratios with standard deviation (Std) as well as measurement detection limit (MDL) included in the PMF analysis.

m/z	Formula	Tentative assignment	Ave (ppb)	Std (ppb)	MDL (ppb)
41.04	C ₃ H ₅ ⁺	alkyl fragment	3.078	1.752	0.1505
42.03	C ₂ H ₄ N ⁺	acetonitrile	0.361	0.413	0.0117
43.02	C ₂ H ₃ O ⁺	acetic acid fragment	5.791	3.718	0.2686
43.05	C ₃ H ₇ ⁺	propene + fragment	0.402	0.251	0.0414
44.01	CH ₂ NO ⁺	isocyanic acid	0.140	0.085	0.0103
44.05	C ₂ H ₅ N ⁺	formamide	0.096	0.042	0.0082
45.03	C ₂ H ₅ O ⁺	acetaldehyde	1.754	0.951	0.1282
46.03	CH ₄ NO ⁺	formamide	0.067	0.028	0.0054
47.01	CH ₃ O ₂ ⁺	formic acid	1.011	0.732	0.0516
47.05	C ₂ H ₇ O ⁺	ethanol	0.071	0.117	0.0006
55.02	C ₃ H ₃ O ⁺	fragment	0.084	0.053	0.0066
55.05	C ₄ H ₇ H ⁺	fragment	0.649	0.299	0.0642
57.03	C ₃ H ₅ O ⁺	acrolein	0.322	0.335	0.0177
57.07	C ₄ H ₉ ⁺	fragment	0.629	0.712	0.0331
59.05	C ₃ H ₇ O ⁺	acetone	3.828	1.621	0.1250
61.03	C ₂ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	acetic acid	1.258	0.819	0.0547
62.02	CH ₄ NO ₂ ⁺	nitromethane	0.035	0.018	0.0017
63.03	C ₂ H ₇ S ⁺	dimethyl sulfide	0.035	0.018	0.0015
63.04	C ₂ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	ethylene glycol	0.014	0.007	0.0014
67.05	C ₅ H ₇ H ⁺	fragment	0.166	0.093	0.0131
69.03	C ₄ H ₅ O ⁺	furan	0.084	0.038	0.0055
69.07	C ₅ H ₉ ⁺	Isoprene	0.242	0.144	0.0280
71.01	C ₃ H ₃ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.060	0.027	0.0037
71.05	C ₄ H ₇ O ⁺	methyl vinyl ketone + methacrolein	0.204	0.134	0.0092
71.09	C ₅ H ₁₁ ⁺	pentenes	0.044	0.020	0.0095
73.03	C ₃ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	methylglyoxal/acrylic acid	0.171	0.063	0.0197
73.06	C ₄ H ₉ O ⁺	methyl ethyl ketone/butanals	0.152	0.085	0.0052
75.04	C ₃ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	propanonic acid/hydroxyacetone	0.181	0.120	0.0091
77.02	C ₂ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	glycolic acid	0.038	0.015	0.0046
79.05	C ₆ H ₇ ⁺	benzene	0.303	0.227	0.0123
81.07	C ₆ H ₉ ⁺	fragment of monoterpenes	1.060	1.420	0.0192
83.05	C ₅ H ₇ O ⁺	methylfuran	0.163	0.092	0.0080
83.09	C ₆ H ₁₁ ⁺	fragments of hexenol/hexanal	0.058	0.036	0.0110
85.03	C ₄ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	furanone	0.096	0.054	0.0059
85.06	C ₅ H ₉ O ⁺	cyclopentanone	0.066	0.039	0.0037
85.10	C ₆ H ₁₃ ⁺	methylcyclopentane	0.014	0.008	0.0042
87.04	C ₄ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	2,3-butanedione	0.158	0.082	0.0099
87.08	C ₅ H ₁₁ O ⁺	2-pentanone	0.015	0.009	0.0008
89.02	C ₃ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	butyric acid	0.014	0.005	0.0008
89.06	C ₄ H ₉ O ₂ ⁺	methyl propanoate	0.016	0.012	0.0036
91.05	C ₇ H ₇ ⁺	unknown	0.102	0.081	0.0063

93.07	C ₇ H ₉ ⁺	toluene	0.282	0.219	0.0126
95.01	C ₅ H ₃ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.041	0.053	0.0016
95.05	C ₆ H ₇ O ⁺	phenol	0.170	0.047	0.0092
95.09	C ₇ H ₁₁ ⁺	fragment of monoterpenes	0.226	0.243	0.0107
97.03	C ₅ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	furfural	0.023	0.011	0.0024
97.06	C ₆ H ₉ O ⁺	2-ethylfuran/2,5-dimethylfuran	0.116	0.072	0.0054
97.10	C ₇ H ₁₃ ⁺	methylcyclohexene	0.018	0.017	0.0068
99.01	C ₄ H ₃ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.028	0.017	0.0032
99.04	C ₅ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	furanone	0.082	0.050	0.0045
99.08	C ₆ H ₁₁ O ⁺	cyclohexanone	0.019	0.011	0.0011
101.02	C ₄ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	pentanedione	0.023	0.012	0.0019
101.06	C ₅ H ₉ O ₂ ⁺	C5-hydroxycarbonyl (ISOPOOH conversion product)	0.182	0.139	0.0083
103.04	C ₄ H ₇ O ₃ ⁺	acetic anhydride	0.012	0.007	0.0013
105.07	C ₈ H ₉ ⁺	styrene	0.033	0.028	0.0031
107.09	C ₈ H ₁₁ ⁺	C ₈ aromatics (xylenes)	0.195	0.145	0.0062
109.03	C ₆ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.012	0.008	0.0023
109.06	C ₇ H ₉ O ⁺	cresol/benzylalcohol	0.053	0.029	0.0020
109.10	C ₈ H ₁₃ ⁺	fragment of sesquiterpenes	0.067	0.048	0.0063
111.04	C ₆ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺		0.056	0.034	0.0033
111.08	C ₇ H ₁₁ O ⁺	heptadienal	0.048	0.029	0.0025
113.02	C ₅ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	furoic acid	0.031	0.020	0.0019
113.06	C ₆ H ₉ O ₂ ⁺	hexendione	0.041	0.026	0.0019
115.04	C ₅ H ₇ O ₃ ⁺	pentanetriene	0.016	0.008	0.0011
115.08	C ₆ H ₁₁ O ₂ ⁺	2,5-hexanedione/ethyl-2-butenate	0.042	0.030	0.0025
121.10	C ₉ H ₁₃ ⁺	C ₉ aromatics (trimethylbenzene)	0.084	0.068	0.0037
123.08	C ₈ H ₁₁ O ⁺	unknown	0.022	0.014	0.0013
123.12	C ₉ H ₁₅ ⁺	fragment of sesquiterpenes	0.034	0.028	0.0032
125.06	C ₇ H ₉ O ₂ ⁺	guaiacol + dihydroxy toluene	0.024	0.015	0.0018
125.10	C ₈ H ₁₃ O ⁺	unknown	0.026	0.016	0.0019
127.04	C ₆ H ₇ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.015	0.009	0.0018
127.08	C ₇ H ₁₁ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.023	0.015	0.0004
127.11	C ₈ H ₁₅ O ⁺	E-2-octenal	0.003	0.002	0.0008
129.05	C ₆ H ₉ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.008	0.006	0.0016
129.09	C ₇ H ₁₃ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.016	0.010	0.0016
133.10	C ₁₀ H ₁₃ ⁺	cymenene	0.014	0.013	0.0029
135.08	C ₉ H ₁₁ O ⁺	unknown	0.006	0.006	0.0018
135.12	C ₁₀ H ₁₅ ⁺	C ₁₀ aromatics/p-cymene	0.038	0.036	0.0018
137.13	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ ⁺	monoterpenes	0.393	0.570	0.0035
139.08	C ₈ H ₁₁ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.021	0.014	0.0016
139.11	C ₉ H ₁₅ O ⁺	nopinone	0.023	0.018	0.0009
141.05	C ₇ H ₉ O ₃ ⁺	dicarbonyl epoxide	0.020	0.015	0.0033
141.09	C ₈ H ₁₃ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.018	0.012	0.0013
143.07	C ₇ H ₁₁ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.006	0.005	0.0021
143.11	C ₈ H ₁₅ O ₂ ⁺	Z-3-hexenyl acetate	0.008	0.005	0.0015

149.10	C ₁₀ H ₁₃ O ⁺	unknown	0.006	0.006	0.0010
149.13	C ₁₁ H ₁₇ ⁺	fragment of sesquiterpene	0.004	0.003	0.0010
151.11	C ₁₀ H ₁₅ O ⁺	fragment of pinonaldehyde	0.027	0.026	0.0012
151.08	C ₉ H ₁₁ O ₂ ⁺	methylsalicylate	0.009	0.007	0.0015
153.09	C ₉ H ₁₃ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.008	0.005	0.0008
153.13	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ O ⁺	camphor	0.013	0.013	0.0007
155.07	C ₈ H ₁₁ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.008	0.009	0.0024
155.11	C ₉ H ₁₅ O ₂ ⁺	arbusculone, C ₉ unsaturated esters	0.004	0.003	0.0006
167.07	C ₉ H ₁₁ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.007	0.007	0.0041
167.11	C ₁₀ H ₁₅ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.004	0.004	0.0015
169.09	C ₉ H ₁₃ O ₃ ⁺	unknown	0.003	0.005	0.0029
169.12	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ O ₂ ⁺	unknown	0.008	0.004	0.0007
205.20	C ₁₅ H ₂₅ ⁺	sesquiterpenes	0.002	0.004	0.0001

Table S3 List of organic ions in the particle phase measured by the CHARON included in the PMF analysis.

m/z	Formula	Ave (ng m ⁻³)	Std (ng m ⁻³)
63.04	C ₂ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	7.0	4.3
65.02	C ₁ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	1.4	2.2
67.05	C ₅ H ₇ ⁺	21.3	28.0
69.03	C ₄ H ₅ O ₁ ⁺	19.2	19.2
69.07	C ₅ H ₉ ⁺	29.1	19.0
71.05	C ₄ H ₇ O ₁ ⁺	27.3	25.4
73.03	C ₃ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	185.7	35.7
73.07	C ₄ H ₉ O ₁ ⁺	2.5	2.3
75.04	C ₃ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	22.3	11.2
77.04	C ₆ H ₅ ⁺	7.9	6.5
79.05	C ₆ H ₇ ⁺	20.3	19.6
81.07	C ₆ H ₉ ⁺	34.3	34.6
83.05	C ₅ H ₇ O ₁ ⁺	34.9	33.8
83.08	C ₆ H ₁₁ ⁺	16.2	6.7
85.03	C ₄ H ₅ O ₂ ⁺	47.0	49.7
85.07	C ₅ H ₉ O ₁ ⁺	7.7	6.9
87.04	C ₄ H ₇ O ₂ ⁺	22.3	14.8
87.08	C ₅ H ₁₁ O ₁ ⁺	1.6	0.6
89.02	C ₃ H ₅ O ₃ ⁺	3.0	3.3

89.06	$C_4H_9O_2^+$	21.3	10.9
91.05	$C_7H_7^+$	7.9	8.5
93.03	$C_6H_5O_1^+$	0.9	2.4
93.07	$C_7H_9^+$	38.7	33.0
95.04	$C_6H_7O_1^+$	39.3	37.7
95.08	$C_7H_{11}^+$	20.4	23.1
97.03	$C_5H_5O_2^+$	20.0	19.4
97.06	$C_6H_9O_1$	19.5	22.7
97.10	$C_7H_{13}^+$	8.3	2.7
99.04	$C_5H_7O_2^+$	29.4	31.6
99.08	$C_6H_{11}O_1^+$	4.5	4.3
99.12	$C_7H_{15}^+$	0.4	0.4
101.06	$C_5H_9O_2^+$	11.2	10.6
101.10	$C_6H_{13}O_1^+$	1.5	0.6
103.04	$C_4H_7O_3^+$	8.5	6.4
103.08	$C_5H_{11}O_2^+$	0.9	0.5
105.07	$C_8H_9^+$	5.7	6.1
107.05	$C_7H_7O_1^+$	4.8	2.3
107.08	$C_8H_{11}^+$	34.1	42.0
109.07	$C_7H_9O_1^+$	14.5	17.4
109.10	$C_8H_{13}^+$	15.7	18.9
111.05	$C_6H_7O_2^+$	26.2	27.0
111.08	$C_7H_{11}O_1^+$	7.8	7.8
111.11	$C_8H_{15}^+$	3.5	1.5
113.02	$C_5H_5O_3^+$	8.6	8.1
113.06	$C_6H_9O_2^+$	17.6	18.8
115.04	$C_5H_7O_3^+$	9.5	9.2
115.08	$C_6H_{11}O_2^+$	14.6	7.8
119.08	$C_9H_{11}^+$	7.1	6.6
121.02	$C_7H_5O_2^+$	2.1	1.8
121.07	$C_8H_9O_1^+$	4.8	4.4
121.10	$C_9H_{13}^+$	5.8	6.8
123.04	$C_7H_7O_2^+$	8.3	7.9
123.08	$C_8H_{11}O_1^+$	9.6	10.3
123.11	$C_9H_{15}^+$	6.9	9.4
125.03	$C_6H_5O_3^+$	4.7	4.7

125.06	$C_7H_9O_2^+$	20.1	21.1
125.10	$C_8H_{13}O_1^+$	4.9	5.1
125.13	$C_9H_{17}^+$	0.9	0.5
127.04	$C_6H_7O_3^+$	15.0	13.8
127.07	$C_7H_{11}O_2^+$	12.6	14.4
127.12	$C_8H_{15}O_1^+$	0.9	0.5
129.02	$C_5H_5O_4^+$	4.5	4.1
129.06	$C_6H_9O_3^+$	7.6	7.6
129.09	$C_7H_{13}O_2^+$	1.3	1.1
131.03	$C_5H_7O_4^+$	6.5	4.2
131.07	$C_6H_{11}O_3^+$	6.3	3.3
133.01	$C_4H_5O_5^+$	0.9	0.7
133.05	$C_5H_9O_4^+$	6.6	4.7
133.10	$C_{10}H_{13}^+$	8.8	7.0
135.04	$C_8H_7O_2^+$	3.7	3.4
135.08	$C_9H_{11}O_1^+$	10.1	6.5
135.11	$C_{10}H_{15}^+$	9.9	17.2
137.10	$C_9H_{13}O_1^+$	10.9	10.4
137.13	$C_{10}H_{17}^+$	0.2	0.3
139.04	$C_7H_7O_3^+$	18.3	22.3
139.12	$C_9H_{15}O_1^+$	0.9	0.9
141.06	$C_7H_9O_3^+$	39.4	42.1
141.13	$C_9H_{17}O_1^+$	0.5	0.7
143.03	$C_6H_7O_4^+$	4.5	4.0
143.07	$C_7H_{11}O_3^+$	8.1	7.9
143.11	$C_8H_{15}O_2^+$	1.3	1.3
145.05	$C_6H_9O_4^+$	16.3	16.1
147.08	$C_{10}H_{11}O_1^+$	4.6	4.1
149.03	$C_8H_5O_3^+$	1.5	1.7
149.06	$C_9H_9O_2^+$	6.8	5.9
151.08	$C_9H_{11}O_2^+$	15.1	12.3
151.11	$C_{10}H_{15}O_1^+$	11.2	13.2
153.05	$C_4H_9O_6^+$	9.2	9.6
153.09	$C_9H_{13}O_2^+$	24.4	26.7
153.13	$C_{10}H_{17}O_1^+$	2.0	4.3
155.07	$C_8H_{11}O_3^+$	24.5	23.3

155.10	$C_9H_{15}O_2^+$	0.8	1.5
157.05	$C_7H_9O_4^+$	20.0	21.3
159.06	$C_7H_{11}O_4^+$	7.7	6.9
163.05	$C_{13}H_7^+$	4.3	3.7
163.08	$C_{10}H_{11}O_2^+$	5.2	5.2
163.13	$C_8H_{19}O_3^+$	1.3	0.8
165.02	$C_8H_5O_4^+$	1.1	0.9
165.09	$C_{10}H_{13}O_2^+$	14.1	14.4
167.03	$C_8H_7O_4^+$	0.8	0.9
167.07	$C_9H_{11}O_3^+$	16.1	14.6
167.11	$C_{10}H_{15}O_2^+$	6.0	7.2
169.05	$C_8H_9O_4^+$	8.1	7.2
169.09	$C_9H_{13}O_3^+$	15.0	16.5
171.07	$C_8H_{11}O_4^+$	19.2	19.3
171.17	$C_{11}H_{23}O_1^+$	2.0	1.1
173.04	$C_7H_9O_5^+$	2.8	2.7
175.07	$C_{11}H_{11}O_2^+$	6.7	5.7
177.05	$C_6H_9O_6^+$	3.2	2.7
179.07	$C_{10}H_{11}O_3^+$	4.8	3.7
179.09	$C_{14}H_{11}^+$	4.4	3.4
181.09	$C_{10}H_{13}O_3^+$	12.7	13.1
183.10	$C_{10}H_{15}O_3^+$	10.1	11.2
183.17	$C_{12}H_{23}O_1^+$	0.8	0.7
185.01	$C_7H_5O_6^+$	0.9	0.7
185.08	$C_9H_{13}O_4^+$	10.9	10.7
185.16	$C_{11}H_{21}O_2^+$	1.8	0.7
187.06	$C_8H_{11}O_5^+$	5.9	5.5
187.17	$C_{11}H_{23}O_2^+$	0.5	0.3
189.06	$C_{15}H_9^+$	5.9	5.1
191.05	$C_7H_{11}O_6^+$	3.3	2.4
191.15	$C_{13}H_{19}O_1^+$	1.8	1.4
193.07	$C_7H_{13}O_6^+$	4.3	3.4
193.17	$C_{13}H_{21}O_1^+$	1.2	1.1
195.12	$C_8H_{19}O_5^+$	9.9	6.2
197.09	$C_{10}H_{13}O_4^+$	9.0	8.9
197.19	$C_{13}H_{25}O_1^+$	0.8	0.5

199.05	$C_9H_{11}O_5^+$	3.2	2.6
199.09	$C_{10}H_{15}O_4^+$	7.4	8.4
201.07	$C_{16}H_9^+$	6.5	6.6
201.19	$C_{12}H_{25}O_2^+$	4.0	1.9
205.12	$C_{13}H_{17}O_2^+$	4.9	3.4
205.20	$C_{15}H_{25}^+$	0.5	0.4
207.03	$C_{10}H_7O_5^+$	1.9	1.6
207.15	$C_{13}H_{19}O_2^+$	7.4	4.6
209.01	$C_9H_5O_6^+$	1.4	1.0
211.09	$C_7H_{15}O_7^+$	3.3	3.2
211.20	$C_{14}H_{27}O_1^+$	1.6	0.8
213.08	$C_{10}H_{13}O_5^+$	4.6	4.4
219.06	$C_8H_{11}O_7^+$	2.1	1.5
219.18	$C_{15}H_{23}O_1^+$	4.0	2.0
221.11	$C_9H_{17}O_6^+$	3.3	2.5
223.07	$C_{15}H_{11}O_2^+$	2.9	3.5
225.06	$C_{14}H_9O_3^+$	2.2	2.4
225.22	$C_{15}H_{29}O_1^+$	1.4	0.9
227.21	$C_{14}H_{27}O_2^+$	5.2	1.8
229.10	$C_{18}H_{13}^+$	2.9	2.5
229.22	$C_{14}H_{29}O_2^+$	3.5	1.7
239.11	$C_{16}H_{15}O_2^+$	6.4	3.6
247.10	$C_{14}H_{15}O_4^+$	1.3	1.0
247.23	$C_{14}H_{31}O_3^+$	3.3	1.5
257.25	$C_{16}H_{33}O_2^+$	13.5	6.8
275.26	$C_{16}H_{35}O_3^+$	12.8	6.7
299.07	$C_{20}H_{11}O_3^+$	0.5	0.6

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