Supplement of Biogeosciences, 11, 4493–4506, 2014 http://www.biogeosciences.net/11/4493/2014/doi:10.5194/bg-11-4493-2014-supplement © Author(s) 2014. CC Attribution 3.0 License.





Supplement of

The effect of drought and interspecific interactions on depth of water uptake in deep- and shallow-rooting grassland species as determined by $\delta^{18}{\rm O}$ natural abundance

N. J. Hoekstra et al.

Correspondence to: J. A. Finn (john.finn@teagasc.ie)

Supplementary Material

Table S1. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), community (*L. perenne* monoculture, *T. repens* monoculture, *C. intybus* monoculture, *T. pratense* monoculture, equiproportional mixture) and soil depth interval (0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40 cm^a) on the soil moisture content and the δ^{18} 0 of soil water in Tänikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

	Tänikon 2011				Reckenholz 2012					
		δ ¹⁸ 0 soil SMC water				SMC		δ ¹⁸ 0 soil water		
	-	F-		F-					F-	
Model	df	value	p^{b}	value	р	df	value	р	value	р
Water supply	1	53.3	***	136.1	***	1	627.2	***	77.0	***
Community	4	0.6	ns	4.3	*	4	4.2	0.07	3.2	ns
Depth	3	3.6	*	68.1	***	4	13.8	***	105.1	***
Water supply × Community	4	0.6	ns	0.3	ns	4	2.3	ns	2.3	ns
Water supply × Depth	3	34.2	***	29.7	***	4	39.1	***	7.1	***
Community × Depth Water supply × Community ×	12	0.8	ns	1.5	ns	16	0.5	ns	2.4	**
Depth	12	0.5	ns	0.5	ns	16	1.8	0.07	2.0	*

^a During 2012, the 0-10 cm soil depth interval was split into 0-5 and 5-10 cm

Table S2. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought) and community (*L. perenne* monoculture, *T. repens* monoculture, *C. intybus* monoculture, *T. pratense* monoculture, equiproportional mixture) on aboveground dry matter yield in Tänikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

		Tänikon	2011	Reckenholz 2012		
Model	df	F-value	p ^a	F-value	p	
Water supply	1	7.3	*	41.7	***	
Community Water supply ×	4	28.5	***	47.4	***	
Community	4	1.7	ns	2.7	0.08	

^a Levels of significance are indicated as: ns = non significant, * = p < 0.05, ** = p < 0.01, *** = p < 0.001

Table S3. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought) and species (*L. perenne*, *T. repens*, *C. intybus*, *T. pratense*) on the proportional contribution of each species to the dry matter yield of the equi-proportional mixture in Tänikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

Year		Tänikon 2	2011	Reckenholz	2012
Model	df	F-value	ρ ^a	F-value	р
Water supply	1	0.0	ns	0.0	ns
Species	3	42.3	***	14.0	***
Water supply × Species	3	3.8	*	0.2	ns

^a Levels of significance are indicated as: ns = non significant, * = p < 0.05, ** = p < 0.01, *** = p < 0.001

b Levels of significance are indicated as: ns = non significant, *=p < 0.05, **=p < 0.01, ***=p < 0.001

Table S4. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), diversity (monoculture, mixture) and species^a (L. perenne, T. repens, C. intybus, T. pratense) on the proportional water uptake from the 0-10 cm soil depth interval (PCWU₀₋₁₀) and the inferred depth of water uptake in Tänikon 2011 and Reckenholz 2012.

				l uptake from 0 cm	Inferred depth of water uptake		
Year	Model	df	F-value	$ ho^{b}$	F-value	р	
2011	Water supply	1	0.0	ns	0.5	ns	
	Diversity	1	92.8	**	6.4	0.06	
	Water supply × Diversity	1	29.4	*	0.4	ns	
2012	Water supply	1	4.5	0.07	0.0	ns	
	Species	3	10.9	**	12.3	**	
	Diversity	1	0.0	ns	0.2	ns	
	Water supply × Species	3	1.3	ns	1.8	ns	
	Water supply x Diversity	1	0.0	ns	0.1	ns	
	Species × Diversity Water supply × Species ×	3	10.0	**	5.7	*	
	Diversity	3	3.7	0.05	1.9	ns	

^a For 2011, only data for one species (*T pratense*) were available, and the factor species was omitted from the model.

Table S5. The main and combined effects of water supply (control, drought), diversity (monoculture, mixture) and species pair (L. perenne-T. repens, L. perenne-C. intybus, L. perenne-T. pratense; T. repens-C. intybus, T. repens-T. pratense and C. intybus-T. pratense) or rooting-depth pair (shallow, mixed, deep^a) on the proportional similarity of the proportional water uptake from the 0-10 cm and 10-40 cm soil depth intervals in Reckenholz 2012.

	df	F-value	$ ho^{\mathrm{b}}$		df	F-value	р
Water supply	1	0.8	ns	Water supply	1	0.9	ns
Diversity	1	0.0	ns	Diversity	1	0.0	ns
Species pair	5	2.4	0.05	RD pair Water supply ×	2	5.8	**
Water supply × Diversity	1	3.0	ns	Diversity	1	1.8	ns
Diversity × Species pair	5	7.5	***	Diversity × RD pair Water supply × RD	2	9.1	***
Water supply × Species pair	5	5.3	**	pair	2	2.3	ns

^a Rooting-depth pairs: shallow (*L. perenne–T. repens*), mixed (*L. perenne–C. intybus, L. perenne–T. pratense, T.* repens—C. intybus, T. repens—T. pratense) and deep (C. intybus—T. pratense) b Levels of significance are indicated as: ns = non significant, * = p < 0.05, ** = p < 0.01, *** = p < 0.001

b Levels of significance are indicated as: ns = non significant, * = p < 0.05, ** = p < 0.01, *** = p < 0.001

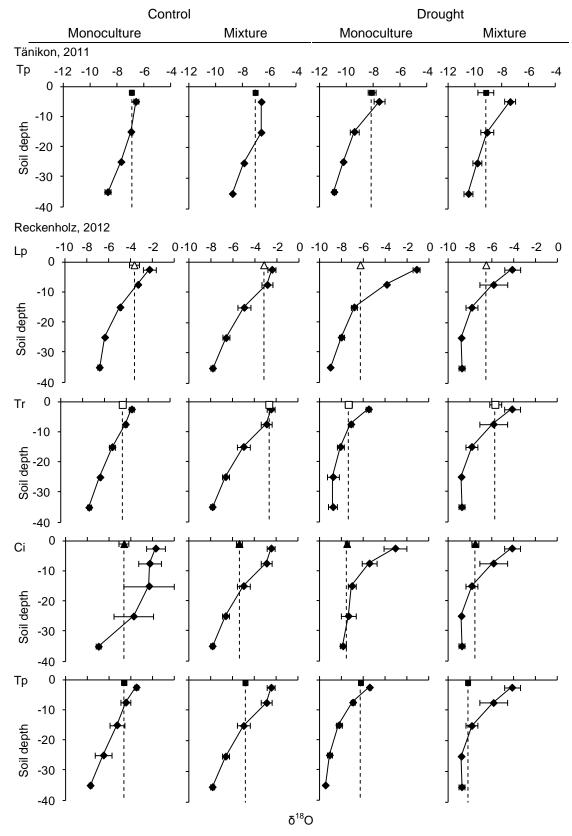


Figure S1. Mean (\pm SE, n=2 for all soils and plants, n=1 for plants in the case of Tänikon-T. pratense-Control-Mixture and Reckenholz-T. repens-Control-Mixture) δ^{18} O values of soil water ($_$, \spadesuit) and plant xylem water for L. perenne (\triangle Lp), T. repens (\square Tr), C. intybus (\blacktriangle Ci) and T. pratense (\blacksquare Tp) species grown in monoculture or mixture under control or drought conditions in Tänikon, 2011 and Reckenholz, 2012. The point at which the δ^{18} O signature of the plant xylem ($_$) intersects with the soil water δ^{18} O line ($_$) corresponds to the estimated mean depth of water uptake (see Fig. 2a-e).

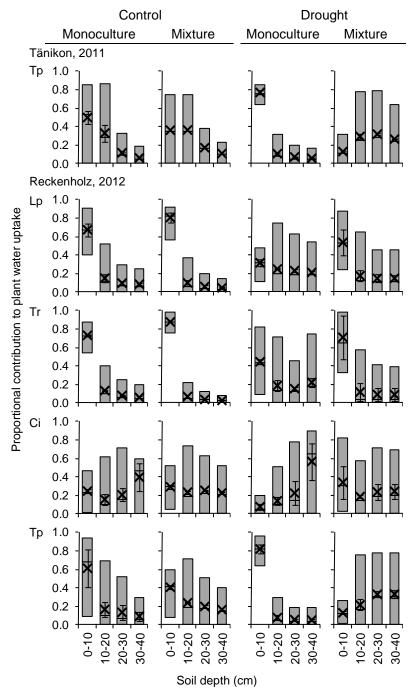


Figure S2. Box plots of the proportional contribution of each soil layer (0-10, 10-20, 20-30 and 30-40 cm) to plant water uptake of Lp (*L. perenne*), Tr (*T. repens*), Ci (*C. intybus*) and Tp (*T. pratense*) grown in monoculture or mixture under control and drought conditions in Tänikon (2011) or Reckenholz (2012). Lower, middle and upper boundaries of the bars represent the 1st percentile, 50th percentile and 99th percentile of the proportional contribution, respectively. The mean (×) and SE of the mean proportional contribution (n = 2 in all cases except for Tänikon-*T. pratense*-control-mixture and Reckenholz-*T. repens*-control-mixture, where n = 1) are also included.

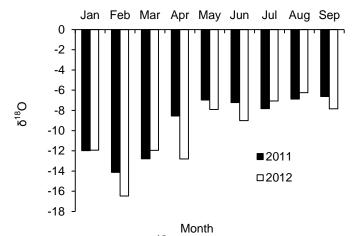


Figure S3. Monthly δ^{18} O isotopic composition of rainfall (station St. Gallen, data from the Swiss National Network for the Observation of Isotopes in the Water Cycle, ISOT), during 2011 and 2012.