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Interactive comment

## Interactive comment on "Rainfall pattern greatly affects water use by Mongolian Scots pine on a sandy soil, in a semi-arid climate" by Hongzhong Dang et al.

Hongzhong Dang et al.

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## Comments:

I thank the authors for their thorough revision of the MS and responses to my earlier concerns. However, the most significant concern remains. The MS, in its current format, cannot address this concern therefore the paper still requires significant revision or it should be rejected. The authors scale sap flow from tree to stand measurements and the majority of the results are then presented as Ts (stand sap flux, mm). However, there is a significant level of uncertainty in the measurement of sap flow and, consequently, there can be little confidence that the stand values are accurate. The presentation of the sap flow data as Ts (mm) should be omitted from publication for

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data throughout the MS as Ts (mm) should be removed. Any calculation of stand scale

transpiration should be removed (e.g. section 4.5).

## Response:

We greatly appreciate the helpful comments raised by the referee. We carefully discussed the comments with co-authors and thoroughly revised the manuscript. We totally agreed with the referee on the potential error sources when estimating the sap flux with TDP, e.g from radial variation, azimuthal variation and calibration. In our manuscript, we attempt to consider the radial variation through measuring Js,outter and estimating Js, inner with a coefficient from Scots pine while it might be not accurate enough than measurement with multiple points sensor(e.g. HFD method from ICT). Our experiment forest is regular planted with the canopy openness about 0.24, which helps to form uniform trees and assumed be less variation along azimuthal direction. Since the estimation of total transpiration of plantation are very necessary for exploring causes of the degradation and providing suggestion for stand density adjustment in our sandy regions, we adopted TDP, a simple and affordable device for large samples, to estimate the transpiration of a forest although some error or uncertainty remains. In spite of this, we review our data analysis again carefully and we thank the referee greatly for your alternative ways to overcome the issue of uncalibrated sensors and uncertainty in data value by presenting the results of sap flux as a relative value. In the revised text, we normalized Ts (sap flux dividing by the maximum value over three-year experiment period) to replace an absolute value to avoid the confusion. The revised manuscript provided in supplement.

Please also note the supplement to this comment: http://www.biogeosciences-discuss.net/bg-2017-69/bg-2017-69-AC4-supplement.pdf

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