

NVIDIA MMA1Z00-NS400 400Gb/s, Single-port, QSFP112 Multimode SR4 Transceivers Product Specifications

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Introduction

The NVIDIA MMA1Z00-NS400 is an InfiniBand and Ethernet 400Gb/s, Single-port, QSFP112, SR4 multimode parallel transceiver using a single, 4-channel MPO-12/APC optical connector. The Short Reach 4-channel (SR4) design uses 100G-PAM4 modulation and has a maximum fiber reach of 50-meters using OM4 multimode fiber and assumes two optical patch panels in the link. It has identical design and internals as the OSFP version, only with different connector shells.

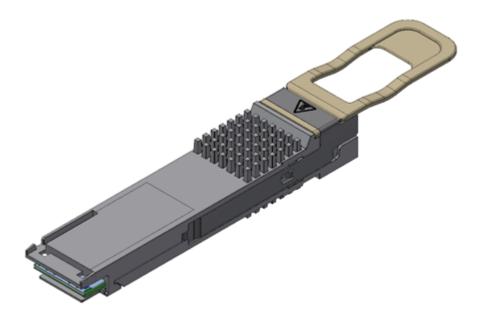
The transceiver firmware supports both InfiniBand and Ethernet and is automatically enabled depending on the protocol of the switch attached to. The QSFP112 shell has a flat-top and utilizes the riding heat sink (cooling fins) on the ConnectX-7 or BlueField-3 connector cage. The small bumps near the pull tab provide additional cooling and remains outside the host connector cage.

When linked to 1:2 splitter fiber cable split end has only 2 channels and will activate only 2-channels in the 400G transceiver automatically creating a 200G speed and reducing power.

Multimode optics is denoted by a tan-colored pull tab and aqua-colored optical fiber. Green plastic shell on the MPO-12/APC optical connector denotes Angled Polish Connector (APC) and is not compatible with the aqua colored Ultra-flat Polished Connectors (UPC).

NVIDIA's Single-port and Twin-port transceiver combinations guarantee optimal operation in NVIDIA end-to-end InfiniBand systems and a rigorous production tested to ensure the best out-of-the-box installation experience, performance, and durability.

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(i) Note

Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and lengths may vary.

Key Features

- IB and ETH support
- 400G SR4 multimode
- 4-channels of 100G-PAM4 modulation
- QSFP112 connector shell
- 850nm wavelength VCSEL laser
- Single MPO-12/APC optical connector
- Max reach:
 - 30m on OM3
 - 50m on OM4
- 8.5W max (4-channels)
- 5.5W max (2-channels)
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Class 1 laser safety
- Hot pluggable, RoHS based
- QSFP112 MSA
- CMIS 4.0 compliant

• Case temperature range of 0°C to +70°C

Applications

• Used in ConnectX-7/QSFP112 adapters or BlueField-3/QSFP112 DPUs linked to Twin-port transceivers in 2x400G IB/EN switches

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Overview

Transceiver Connectivity Scenarios

The transceiver is used for connecting 400G and 200Gb/s BlueField-3/QSFP112 Data Processing Units (DPU) or ConnectX-7/QSFP112-based, PCIe-bus network cards. Typically, the transceiver is linked to a single 800Gb/s Twin-port 2x400G OSFP transceiver (MMA4Z00-NS) in a Quantum-2 InfiniBand or Spectrum-4 Ethernet switch. The 400Gb/s transceiver has two speeds depending on the number of fibers attached:

- 400Gb/s mode: Using 4-channels and straight 50-meter crossover fiber cables (MFP7E10), the transceiver draws 9 Watts maximum or 8 Watts typical. In this case, the Twin-port 2x400G transceiver supports 400G transceivers in two ConnectX-7/QSFP112 and/or two BlueField-3/QSP112 DPU cards.
- 200Gb/s mode: Using 2-channels and 1:2 splitter 50-meter crossover fiber cables (MFP7E20), the transceiver operates at 200Gb/s NDR200 rate and draws 5 Watts maximum. It automatically reduces power from 8 Watts as only 2 channels are activated. This case creates links to four 200Gb/s ConnectX-7/QSFP112 of BlueField-3/QSFP112 adapter cards.

(i) Note

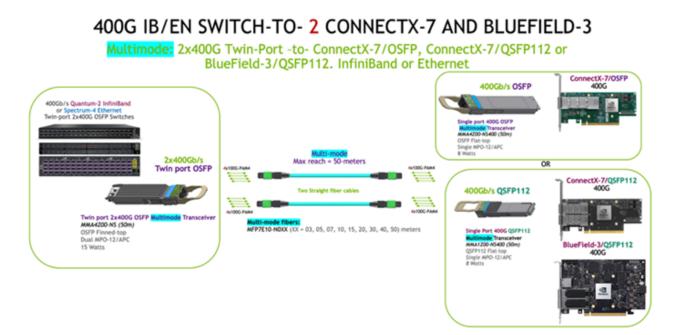
- QSFP112 are not for use in switches. BlueField-3 only accepts QSFP112s
- Both fibers in the Twin-port 2x400G transceiver linked to the QSFP112s must be the same type straight or splitter and cannot be mixed

Use cases

1. Switch-to-two 400G ConnectX-7/QSFP112 or BlueField-3/QSFP112

A Twin port OSFP transceiver using two, straight fiber cables can support up to two ConnectX-7/QSFP112 adapters and/or two BlueField-3 DPUs. Each of the two, 4channel fiber cables (MFP7E10) can link to the 400G QSFP112 MMA1Z00-NS400 transceiver up to 50-meters.

- ConnectX-7 adapters are offered on both OSFP and QSFP112
- BlueField-3 adapters only accept QSFP112 devices



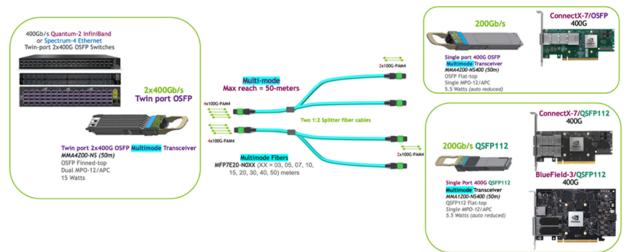
2. Switch-to-four 200G ConnectX-7/QSFP and/or BlueField-3/QSFP112

A Twin port OSFP transceiver using two, 1:2 fiber splitter cables can support up any combination of four ConnectX-7 adapters and/or BlueField-3/QSFP1212 DPUs. Each of the two, 4-channel 1:2 fiber splitter cables (MFP7E20) can link to a 400G QSFP112 MMA1Z00-NS400 transceiver up to 50-meters.

The two-fiber channel ends only activate two of the lanes in the 400G transceiver creating a 200G device and automatically reduces the power consumption of only the 400G transceivers from 8 Watts typical to 5.5 Watts typical. Twin port OSFP power consumption remains at 15 Watts.

400G IB/EN SWITCH-TO- 4 CONNECTX-7 AND BLUEFIELD-3

Multimode: 2x400G Twin-Port -to- 200G ConnectX-7/OSFP, ConnectX-7/QSFP112 or BlueField-3/QSFP112. InfiniBand and/or Ethernet



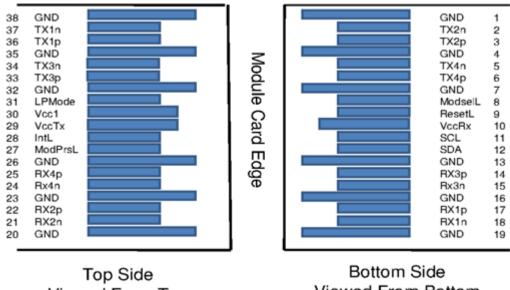
Pin Description

QSFP112 Pin Description

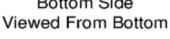
Pi n	Symbo I	Description	Pi n	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	20	GND	Ground
2	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	21	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
3	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	22	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
4	GND	Ground	23	GND	Ground
5	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	24	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output
6	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	25	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
7	GND	Ground	26	GND	Ground
8	ModSe IL	Module Select	27	ModPr sL	Module Present
9	ResetL	Module Reset	28	IntL	Interrupt
10	Vcc Rx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	29	Vcc Tx	+3.3V Power Supply Transmitter
11	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock	30	Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply
12	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data	31	LPMod e	Low Power Mode
13	GND	GND	32	GND	Ground
14	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	33	ТхЗр	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
15	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	34	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
16	GND	Ground	35	GND	Ground

Pi n	Symbo I	Description	Pi n	Symbol	Description
17	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	36	Txlp	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
18	Rxln	Receiver Inverted Data Output	37	Txln	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
19	GND	Ground	38	GND	Ground

Pin definitions of the module high speed inputs/outputs:



Viewed From Top



Control Signals

This transceiver is CMIS 4.0 compliant. This means that the control signals shown in the pad layout support the following functions:

Na me	Description
M od Pr sL	Module Present pin, grounded inside the module. Terminated with pull-up in the host system. Asserted low when the transceiver is inserted, whereby the host detects the presence of the transceiver.

M od Sel L	Module Select input pin, terminated high in the module. Only when held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL enables multiple modules to share a single 2-wire interface bus.
Re set L	Reset input pin, pulled high in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the minimum pulse length (t_Reset_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state. During reset the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates completion of the reset interrupt by asserting IntL signal low with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module completes the reset interrupt without requiring a reset.
LP M od e	Low Power Mode input, pulled up inside the module. The transceiver starts up in low-power mode, i.e. <1.5 W with the two-wire interface active. The host system can read the power class declaration from the transceiver and determine if it has enough power to enable the high-speed operation/high power mode of the transceiver. This can be done by asserting LPMode low or by use of the Power_over- ride and Power_set control bits (Address A0h, byte 93 bits 0,1).
Int L	Interrupt Low is an open-collector output, terminated high in the host system. A "Low" indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system, e.g. temperature alarm. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The INTL pin is de-asserted "High" after completion of reset, when byte 2 bit 0 (Data Not Ready) is read with a value of 'O'.

Diagnostics and Other Features

The transceiver supports the QSFP112 MSA specification and has the following key features:

Physical layer link optimization:

- Programmable Tx input equalization
- Programmable Rx output amplitude
- Programmable Rx output pre-emphasis

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM):

- Rx receive optical power monitor for each lane
- Tx transmit optical power monitor for each lane

- Tx bias current monitor for each lane
- Supply voltage monitor
- Transceiver case temperature monitor
- Warning and Alarm thresholds for each DDM function (not user changeable)

Other SFF-8636 functions and interrupt indications:

- Tx & Rx LOS indication
- Tx & Rx LOL indication
- Tx fault indication

LOS, LOL, and Tx Fault status flags can be read via the two-wire management interface and are jointly transmitted via the IntL output pin. Relevant advertisement, threshold, and readout registers are found in the SFF-8636 MSA.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Specifications

Absolute maximum ratings are those beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Prolonged operation between the operational specifications and absolute maximum ratings is not intended and may cause permanent device degradation.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40	85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Т _{ОР}	0	70	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Relative Humidity (non-condensing)	RH – Option 1	5	95	%
Control Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	Vcc+0.5	V

(i) Note

Module temperature per DDMI readout of up to 75°C is allowed.

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbo I	Min	Тур	Max	Unit s
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.13 5	3.3	3.46 5	V
Instantaneous peak current at hot plug (400G)	ICC_IP	-	-	3600	mA

Parameter	Symbo I	Min	Тур	Max	Unit s
Sustained peak current at hot plug (400G)	ICC_S P	-	-	3000	mA
Maximum Power consumption (400G)	PD	-	8.1	8.5	W
Maximum Power consumption, Low Power Mode (400G)	PDLP	-	-	2	W
Instantaneous peak current at hot plug (200G)	ICC_IP	-	-	2200	mA
Sustained peak current at hot plug (200G)	ICC_S P	-	-	1840	mA
Maximum Power consumption (200G)	PD	-	-	5.5	W
Maximum Power consumption, Low Power Mode (200G)	PDLP	-	-	2	W
Signaling Rate per Lane	SRL	-	53.12 5	-	GBd
Two Wire Serial Interface Clock Rate	-	-	-	400	kHz
Power Supply Noise Tolerance (10Hz - 10MHz)	-	66	-		mV
Rx Differential Data Output Load	-	-	100	-	Ohm
Operating distance (OM3)		2		30	m
Operating distance (OM4)		2		50	m

Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Receiver (Module Input)				
AC common-mode output Voltage (RMS)	-	-	25	mV
Differential output Voltage (Long mode)	-	-	845	mV
Differential output Voltage (Short mode)	-	-	600	mV
Near-end Eye height, differential	70	-	-	mV
Far-end Eye height, differential	30	-	-	mV
Far end pre-cursor ratio	-4.5	-	2.5	%
Differential Termination Mismatch	-	-	10	%

Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Units		
Transition Time (min, 20% to 80%)	9.5	-	-	ps		
DC common mode Voltage	-350	-	2850	mV		
Transmitter (Module Input)						
Differential pk-pk input Voltage tolerance	750	-	-	mV		
Differential termination mismatch	-	-	10	%		
Single-ended voltage tolerance range	-0.4	-	3.3	V		
DC common mode Voltage	-350	-	2850	mV		

Notes:

Amplitude customization beyond these specs is dependent on validation in customer system.

Electrical Specification for Low Speed Signal

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Module output SCL and SDA	VOL	0	0.4	V
	VOH	VCC-0.5	VCC+0.3	V
	VIL	-0.3	VCC*0.3	V
Module Input SCL and SDA	VIH	VCC*0.7	VCC+0.5	V

Optical Specifications

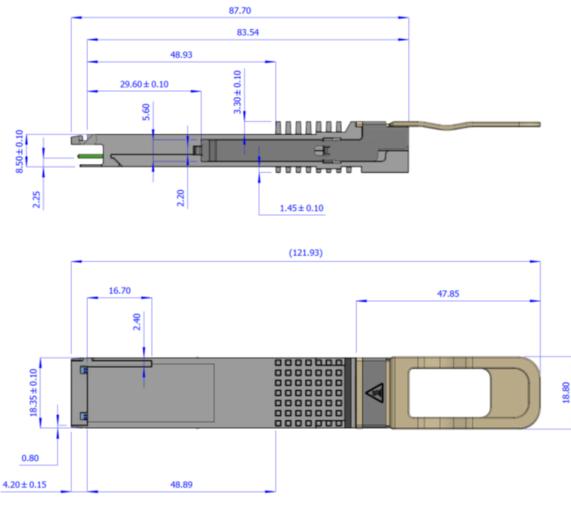
Parameter	Symbol	Mi n	Ту р	Ma x	Unit	Not es
Transmitter						
Wavelength	λC	84 4	85 0	863	nm	
RMS spectral width	Δλ			0.6		

Average Launch Power, each lane	AOPL	-4. 6	-	4.0	dBm	1
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter), each lane (min)	ТОМА	-2. 6		3.5	dBm	2
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), each lane	TDECQ	-	-	4.4	dB	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, each lane	TOFF	-	-	-30	dBm	
Extinction Ratio, each lane	ER	-	<u>2.5</u>		dB	
RIN21.40MA	RIN	-	-	-13 2	dB/ Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORL	-	-	12	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	TR	-	-	-26	dB	3
Receiver						
Wavelength	λC	84 2	85 0	863	nm	
Damage Threshold, average optical power, each lane	AOPD	5	-	-	dBm	
Average Receive Power, each lane	AOPR	-6. 3	-	4.0	dBm	6
Receive Power (OMAouter), each lane	OMA-R	-	-	3.5	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	RR	-	-	-26	dB	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane	SOMA	-	-	-4.4	dBm	4
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each Iane	SRS	-	-	-1.8	dBm	5
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test						
Stressed eye closure for PAM4	SECQ	4.4		dB		
OMAouter of each aggressor lane	OMAou ter	3.5		dB m		

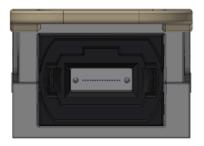
Notes:

- 1. Average launch power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength.
- 2. Even if max(TECQ,TDECQ) < 1.8dB, OMAouter (min) must exceed this value.
- 3. Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.
- 4. Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with SECQ of 0.9 dB.
- 5. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER = $2.4 \times 10-4$
- 6. Minimum power is informative. AOP above the minimum does not ensure compliance

Mechanical Specifications



Connector illustration



This is the 'head end'. The connectors in the fiber cable splitter 'tails' have same layout but only 2 transmit and 2 receive fibers with the middle 8 positions empty.



Module port labeling and lane routing. Txn/Rxn refers to the OSFP pin description

Single mode optics are denoted by a yellow-colored pull tab and yellow-colored optical fiber. The green plastic shell on the MPO-12/APC optical connector denotes Angled Polish Connector.

(i) Note

Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and form may vary.

New Form-factors

The QSFP112 body has a flat-top to cool the 8-Watt NDR transceiver. Unlike the Twin-port transceiver, the heat sink is contained on the ConnectX-7 or BlueField-3 card connector cage. The small bumps on top of the transceiver, accelerate cooling but remain outside the QSFP112 cage.

Labels

Back shell Label

NVIDIA MMA1Z00-NS400 400Gb/s, Single-port, QSFP112 Multimode SR4 Transceivers Product 18 Specifications The label applied on the transceiver's back-shell is illustrated below. Note that the Images are for illustration purposes only. Labels look and placement may vary.

Transceiver Label (Illustration)



i Note

Images are for illustration purposes only. Product labels, colors, and form may vary.

Transceiver Back-Shell Label Serial Number Legend

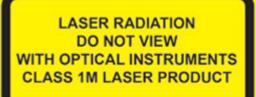
Symb ol	Meaning	Notes
MT	Manufacturer name	2 digits (alphanumeric)
YY	Year of manufacturing	2 last digits of the year (numeric)
WW	Week of manufacturing	2 digits (numeric)
JC <u>or</u> DM	Manufacturer Site: JC – Option 1 (China)	Two characters

	DM – Option 2 (Malaysia)	
SSSSS	Serial number	5 digits (decimal numeric) for serial number, starting from 00001.

Regulatory Compliance

The transceiver is a Class 1M laser product. It is certified per the following standards:

Feature	Agency	Standard
Laser Eye Safety	FDA/CDRH	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 and Laser Notice 50
Electrical Safety	СВ	IEC 62368
Electrical Safety	UL/CSA	UL 62368 and CAN/CSAN 62368





/ Warning

Warning: Exposure to the laser light can cause damage to the eyes. Use protective face gear while handling this product and keep the laser light away from the eyes and face.

Connector and Cabling Details

MPO-12/APC Optical Connector

The Twin-port NDR transceiver has a unique NVIDIA patented design enabling two, multiple-push-on/angled-polished-connector 12-fiber (MPO-12/APC) optical connectors per single OSFP form-factor by turning the optical connectors vertically in the twin-port transceiver end. This enables it to host two NDR transceivers inside, each with its own MPO-12/APC optical connector operating independently that can link to another Twin-port transceiver or to a single-port 400Gb/s NDR transceiver.

The MPO-12 has a 12-fiber ribbon but only 8-fibers are used – four transmit and four receive fibers for the 4-channels of 100G-PAM4 NDR.

- The APC design minimizes back reflections and signal interference by diverting back reflected light from the fiber face to be absorbed into the fiber cladding.
- A positioning key on top of the connector together with the alignment pins define the fiber position numbering scheme to align pin 1 in the optical connector to pin 1 in the transceiver also called "polarity"
- Transceivers have alignment pins for precise positioning of the cable connector against the optical beams. The fiber cable has alignment holes matching the transceiver's pins.
- It is important to note that transceivers have pins. Optical connectors have holes and are used with transceivers. Optical connectors with pins are not compatible with transceivers and are used in trunk cabling to connect two fiber cables together.

The MPO-12/APC optical connector is used in <u>both</u> the NDR single mode and multimode fiber cables.

Multimode optics is denoted by a tan-colored pull tab and aqua-colored optical fiber. Green plastic shell on the MPO-12/APC connector denotes Angled Polish Connector and is not compatible with aqua colored shell for Ultra-flat Polished Connectors (UPC) for HDR.

MPO-12/APC Showing 4-Transmit and 4-Receive Fibers and Angled Polish Connector End



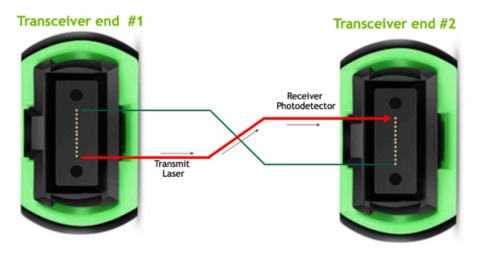
NVIDIA Supplied Crossover Type-B Fiber Cables

Linking two transceivers directly together requires aligning the transceiver laser sources with the correct photo detectors in the receive transceiver. Transmit and receive fibers are switched inside the cable enabling two transceivers to be directly connected to each other. This is called a Type-B crossover fiber.

Each of the two 4-channel NDR ports in the Twin-port transceiver has its own 4-channel optical connector that can link to two single-port 400Gb/s NDR transceiver. Two fiber cables are needed for each Twin-port transceiver.

Fiber cables are crossover cable Type-B that aligns the transmit laser with the opposite transceiver's receiver photodetector allowing to directly connect two transceivers together to maintain minimum optical losses, lowest back reflections, longest reach and increased reliability without the use of optical patch panels. For Twin-port transceivers, both cables must be the same type (straight or 1:2 splitter) although different lengths are allowed.

Crossover Cable Design

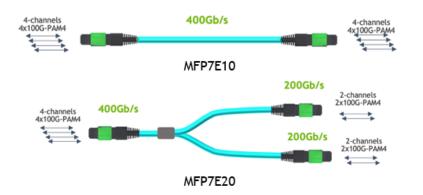


Multimode Straight and Splitter Cables



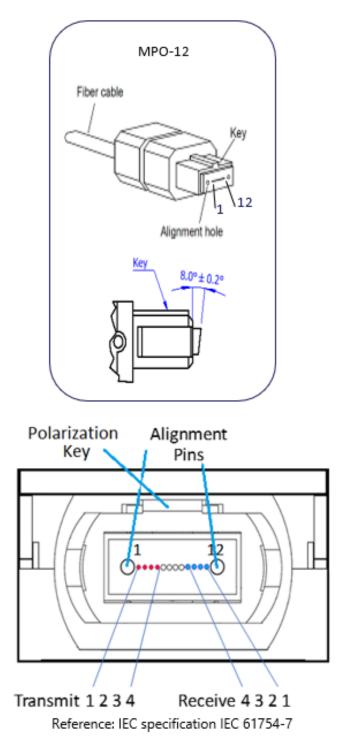
NDR or NDR200 HCA DPU side

Note:



Refer to the Recommended Fiber Cables table for more information.

Transceivers have alignment pins for precise positioning of the cable connector against the optical beams. The fiber cable has alignment holes matching the transceiver's pins. MPO Connector with Alignment Holes and Positioning Key



NDR transceiver: MPO Receptacle, Lane Assignment, and Positioning Key (front view)

Handling and Cleaning

The transceiver can be damaged by exposure to current surges and over voltage events. Take care to restrict exposure to the conditions defined in Absolute Maximum Ratings. Observe normal handling precautions for electrostatic discharge-sensitive devices.

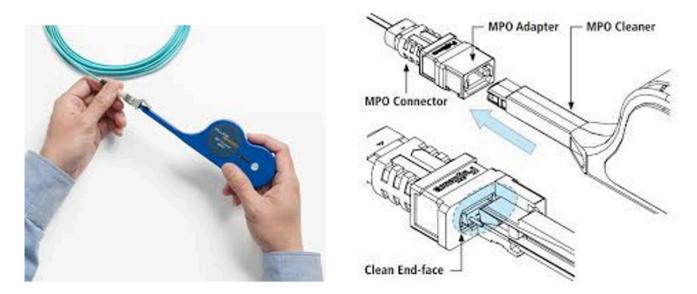
The transceiver is shipped with dust caps on both the electrical and the optical port. The cap on the optical port should always be in place when there is no fiber cable connected. The optical connector has a recessed connector surface which is exposed whenever it has no cable nor cap.

Important note 1: Keep both the fiber and transceiver dust caps.

Important note 2: <u>Clean both transceiver receptacle and cable connector</u> prior to insertion of the fiber cable, to prevent contamination from it.

The dust cap ensures that the optics remain clean during transportation. Standard cleaning tools and methods should be used during installation and service. Liquids must not be applied.

Important note 3: 80% of transceiver link problems are related to dirty optical connectors.



Cable Management Guidelines

For more information and general interconnect management and installation, see <u>NVIDIA</u> <u>Cable Management Guidelines and FAQ Application Note</u>.

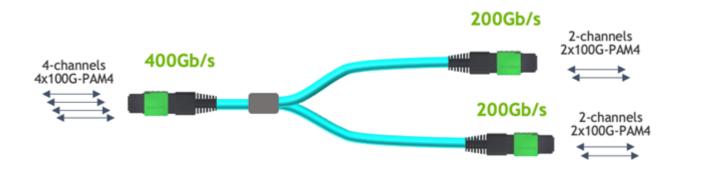
Part Numbers and Description

OPN	Description
MMA1Z00-	NVIDIA single port transceiver, 400Gbps, NDR, QSFP112, MPO, 1310nm
NS400	SMF, up to 100m, flat top

Recommended NVIDIA Supplied Crossover Fiber Cables Part Numbers

Multimode, Straight Crossover Fibers

OPN	4-channel MPO/APC to 4-channel MPO/APC
MFP7E10-N003	3m
MFP7E10-N005	5m
MFP7E10-N007	7m
MFP7E10-N010	10m
MFP7E10-N015	15m
MFP7E10-N020	20m
MFP7E10-N030	30m
MFP7E10-N050	50m



Multimode, 1:2 Splitter Crossover Fibers

OPN	4-channel MPO/APC to Two 2-channel MPO/APC
MFP7E20-N003	3m

OPN	4-channel MPO/APC to Two 2-channel MPO/APC
MFP7E20-N005	5m
MFP7E20-N007	7m
MFP7E20-N010	10m
MFP7E20-N015	15m
MFP7E20-N020	20m
MFP7E20-N030	30m
MFP7E20-N050	50m

Document Revision History

Rev	Date	Description
1.7	May 2024	Modified max power for 200G (2 channels) to 5.5W (was 6.5W)
1.6	Mar. 2024	Added DDMI note in the Specifications section.
1.5	Jan. 2024	Updated low power mode output.
1.4	Dec. 2023	Updated Regulatory Compliance section.
1.3	Aug. 2023	Updated maximum power consumption.
1.2	Apr. 2023	Updated the document for Ethernet support.Minor text edits
1.1	Feb. 2023	Updated Regulatory Compliance section.
1.0	Nov. 2022	Initial release.

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