

English edition

## Legislation

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## I

*(Acts whose publication is obligatory)*

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 297/95**

**of 10 February 1995**

**on fees payable to the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, in particular Article 235 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 58 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93 of 22 July 1993 laying down Community procedures for the authorization and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products<sup>(1)</sup>, hereinafter referred to as 'the Agency', requires the Council to establish the structure and the amount of fees referred to in Article 57 (1);

Whereas Article 57 (1) of the Regulation establishes that the revenues of the Agency shall consist of a contribution from the Community, and the fees paid by undertakings for obtaining and maintaining a Community marketing authorization and for other services provided by the Agency;

Whereas Articles 6 (3) and 28 (3) respectively of Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93 require that any application for authorization for a medicinal product or any application for a variation be accompanied by the fee payable to the Agency for the examination of the application;

Whereas the calculation of the amount of the fees charged by the Agency must be based on the principle of the service actually provided;

Whereas the amount of the fees laid down in this Regulation should not be a determining factor for the applicant for an authorization where there is a choice between a centralized procedure and a national procedure;

Whereas the basic fee should be defined as the fee charged for the initial application for an authorization for

a medicinal product plus a fee for each different strength and/or pharmaceutical form; whereas, however, a ceiling should be established;

Whereas to the same end, an extension fee should be laid down for subsequent applications regarding a medicinal product which has already been authorized in order to take account of the additional work and expenditure where an applicant chooses to submit the applications gradually and subsequently;

Whereas provision should be made for a reduced fee for applications which may be sustained by a less detailed dossier pursuant to point 8 of the second paragraph of Article 4 of Council Directive 65/65/EEC of 26 January 1965 on the approximation of provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action relating to medicinal products<sup>(2)</sup> and point 8 of the second paragraph of Article 5 of Council Directive 81/851/EEC of 28 September 1981 on approximation of the laws of the Member States relating analytical, pharmacotoxicological and clinical standards protocols in respect of the testing of veterinary medicinal products<sup>(3)</sup> respectively and for applications concerning a medicinal product for use in non-food producing animals;

Whereas the examination of variations to the terms of existing authorizations not requiring full evaluation of the product's quality, safety and efficacy should be charged according to the complexity of the variations and the real workload linked to them, and therefore at a rate far lower than for a standard application;

Whereas the work involved in the mandatory five-yearly renewal of a Community marketing authorization justified the charging of a fee;

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 214, 24. 8. 1993, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No 22, 9. 2. 1965, p. 369/65. Directive as last amended by Directive 93/39/EEC (OJ No L 214, 24. 8. 1993, p. 22).

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 317, 6. 11. 1981, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 93/40/EEC (OJ No L 214, 24. 8. 1993, p. 31).

Whereas a fee should be laid down for arbitration services in the event of disagreement between Member States on applications for authorizations submitted under the decentralized procedure ;

Whereas a fee should be levied on a flat-rate basis for any inspection made successively to a marketing authorization at the request or in the interest of its holder ;

Whereas the market for a veterinary medicinal product differs from that of a medicinal product for human use and therefore justifies a general reduction of the fee ; whereas it should furthermore be possible to take account of the particular situation linked to the marketing of certain veterinary medicinal products on an individual basis ; whereas this aim can best be achieved by means of special provisions such as a clause for reductions and waivers ;

Whereas, as regards the evaluation of applications to establish maximum residue limits (MRLs), it is up to the applicant to decide whether to apply separately for the establishment of MRLs or to do so together with his application for a Community marketing authorization in which case the fee incurred for the evaluation of the application for authorization should cover the one for the establishment of MRLs ; whereas, however, if the applicant deliberately chooses to apply separately for the establishment of MRLs, the additional work and expenditure should be recouped by means of an isolated MRL fee ;

Whereas all other fees for the evaluation of veterinary medicinal products should follow the principles described above ;

Whereas provision should be made for waivers or reductions of the fees stated above under exceptional circumstances for essential public health or animal health reasons ; whereas any decision upon those cases should be taken by the Director after hearing the competent committee and on the basis of general criteria laid down by the Agency's Management Board ;

Whereas a provisional period of three years should be laid down after which the experience gained will enable the financial needs of the Agency to be re-assessed ; whereas for practical reasons provision should also be made for machinery to permit rates to be updated over shorter periods ;

Whereas the Treaty does not provide the necessary powers for fixing fees at Community level, within the framework of a Community system ; whereas it is therefore appropriate to have recourse to Article 235 of the Treaty,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

#### *Article 1*

##### **Scope**

1. Fees for obtaining and maintaining a Community authorization to market medicinal products for human

and veterinary use and for the other services supplied by the Agency shall be levied in accordance with this Regulation.

2. Fees shall be laid down in ecus.

#### *Article 2*

The Agency shall indicate in its annual estimate intended for the establishment of the preliminary draft budget of the Commission the estimates concerning the fees for the following financial year, and this shall be done separately from the estimating of the overall expenditure and the possible contribution by the Community.

#### *Article 3*

**Applications for authorization for medicinal products for human use under the centralized procedure**

1. *Full fee : ECU 140 000*

This is the fee for an application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product supported by a full dossier. It shall be increased by ECU 20 000 for each additional strength and/or pharmaceutical form of the same medicinal product submitted at the same time as the initial application for authorization. However, the total amount of this fee may not exceed ECU 200 000.

2. *Reduced fee : ECU 70 000*

This is the fee for an application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product not required to be supported by a full dossier as provided for under the exceptions in point 8 of the second paragraph of Article 4 of Directive 65/65/EEC. It shall be increased by ECU 10 000 for each additional strength and/or pharmaceutical form of the same medicinal product submitted at the same time as the initial application for authorization. However, the total amount of this fee may not exceed ECU 100 000.

3. *Extension fee : ECU 40 000*

This is the fee for each additional application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product made for a strength and/or pharmaceutical form after an initial application for authorization has been submitted to the Agency.

4. *Type I variation fee : ECU 5 000*

This is the fee for a variation of minor importance according to the classification established by the Commission Regulation applicable to the matter.

**5. Type II variation fee: ECU 40 000**

This is the fee for a variation of major importance according to the classification established by the Commission Regulation applicable to the matter.

**6. Renewal fee: ECU 10 000**

This is the fee for review of the available new information about the medicinal product at the time of the obligatory five-yearly renewal of a Community marketing authorization for that product granted for each strength and/or pharmaceutical form.

**7. Inspection fee: ECU 10 000**

This is the flat-rate fee for any inspection within or outside the Community. For inspections outside the Community travel expenses will be charged extra on the basis of the actual cost.

**8. Transfer fee: ECU 5 000**

This is the fee for a change in the holder of each marketing authorization to which the transfer relates.

*Article 4***Settlement of disagreements on applications for authorizations for medicinal products for human use under the decentralized procedure****Arbitration fee: ECU 30 000**

This is the flat-rate fee paid by the undertaking concerned to the Agency for arbitration of disagreements between Member States on the mutual recognition of a national marketing authorization of a type II variation to be made to an existing national authorization. This fee shall also be charged where the procedures provided for in Articles 11 and 12 of Directive 75/319/EEC<sup>(1)</sup>, are initiated at the instigation of the person responsible for placing medicinal products on the market.

*Article 5***Applications for authorizations for veterinary medicinal products under the centralized procedure****1. Full fee: ECU 70 000**

This is the fee for an application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product for use in food producing animals supported by a full dossier. It

shall be increased by ECU 10 000 for each additional strength and/or pharmaceutical form of the same medicinal product submitted at the same time as the initial application. However, the total amount of this fee may not exceed ECU 100 000.

In the case of vaccines, the full fee is ECU 40 000, each additional strength and/or pharmaceutical form entailing an increase of ECU 5 000.

**2. Reduced fee: ECU 35 000**

This is the fee for an application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product not required to be supported by a full dossier as provided for under the exceptions in point 10 of the second paragraph of Article 5 of Directive 81/851/EEC or for an application concerning a medicinal product for use in non-food producing animals. It shall be increased by ECU 5 000 for each additional strength, and/or pharmaceutical form of the same medicinal product or for a different species, submitted at the same time as the initial application. However, the total amount of this fee may not exceed ECU 50 000.

In the case of vaccines, the reduced fee is ECU 20 000, each additional strength and/or pharmaceutical form entailing an increase of ECU 5 000.

**3. Maximum residue limits (MRL) fee: ECU 40 000**

This is the fee for an application for the first MRL to be established for a substance. The fee for each request for modification or extension of an existing MRL shall be ECU 10 000.

This fee shall be deducted from that charged for a marketing authorization for a medicinal product containing the substance where such authorization is applied for by the undertaking originating the establishment of the MRL.

**4. Extension fee: ECU 20 000**

This is the fee for each additional application for a Community authorization to market a medicinal product made for a strength and/or pharmaceutical form after an initial application for authorization has been submitted to the Agency.

Unless an additional application for a strength and/or pharmaceutical form is made at the same time, this fee shall also be paid for an additional application to market the product for use in one or more additional species.

In the case of vaccines the additional fee shall be ECU 10 000.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 147, 9. 6. 1975, p. 13. Directive as last amended by Directive 93/39/EEC (OJ No L 214, 24. 8. 1993, p. 22).

5. *Type I Variation fee: ECU 5 000*

This is the fee for a variation of minor importance according to the classification established by the Commission Regulation applicable to the matter.

6. *Type II Variation free: ECU 20 000*

This is the fee for a variation of major importance according to the classification established by the Commission Regulation applicable to the matter.

7. *Renewal fee: ECU 5 000*

This is the fee for review of any available new information about the medicinal product at the time of the obligatory five-year renewal of a Community marketing authorization for that product granted for each strength, pharmaceutical form and/or species provided that species has been the subject of an extension fee within the meaning of paragraph 4 of this Article.

8. *Inspection fee: ECU 10 000*

This is the flat-rate fee for any inspection within or outside the Community. For inspections outside the Community travel expenses will be charged extra on the basis of the actual cost.

9. *Transfer fee: ECU 5 000*

This is the fee for a change in the holder of each marketing authorization to which the transfer relates.

*Article 6*

**Settlement of disagreements on applications for authorizations for veterinary medicinal products under the decentralized procedure**

*Arbitration fee: ECU 15 000*

This is the flat-rate fee paid by the undertaking concerned to the Agency for arbitration of disagreements between Member States on the mutual recognition of a national marketing authorization or of a type II variation to be made to an existing national authorization. This fee shall also be charged where the procedures provided for in Articles 19 and 20 of Directive 81/851/EEC, as amended, are initiated at the instigation of the person responsible for placing medicinal products on the market.

*Article 7*

**Waivers, fee reductions and settlement of disagreements**

1. In exceptional circumstances, and for imperative reasons of public or animal health waivers and fee reductions may be granted case by case, by the Executive Director after consultation of the competent Committee,

for medicinal products with a limited number of applications. Decisions to grant waivers or reductions shall state the reasons on which they are based.

The general criteria for granting waivers and reductions shall be determined by the Agency's Management Board.

2. A procedure similar to that described in the first subparagraph of paragraph 1 shall apply to any disagreement which may arise on the classification of an application under one of the above fee categories.

*Article 8*

**Due date and belated payment**

1. Fees for which no due date is specified in this Regulation of Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93 shall be due on the date of receipt of the relevant application.

2. Where any fee payable under this Regulation remains unpaid at its due date the Executive Director may decide either not to provide or to suspend the services requested until the relevant fee has been paid.

3. Fees shall be paid in ecus or in the national currency of one of the Member States according to the exchange rates in force, which shall be fixed daily by the Commission in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 3180/78<sup>(1)</sup>. However, the Agency's Management Board may fix monthly conversion rates on the basis of earlier rates.

*Article 9*

**Implementing rules**

Without prejudice to the other provisions of this Regulation or of Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93, implementing rules adopted by the Agency's Management Board shall lay down the due date for fees to be paid under Article 1, the methods of their payment, the consequences of belated payment or non-payment and any other measure needed to apply this Regulation.

*Article 10*

Within two years at the latest of the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission shall submit a report on its implementation and, in the light of that experience, propose a definitive Regulation to the Council. The Council, acting by a qualified majority after consulting the European Parliament, shall adopt provisions on the amounts of the fees and the conditions governing them, to apply as from 1 January 1998. Should these provisions

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 379, 30. 12. 1978, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1971/89 (OJ No L 189, 4. 7. 1989, p. 1).

not be applicable on that date, the amounts of the fees and the conditions governing them under this Regulation shall continue to apply provisionally.

However, amendments to the amounts of the various fees laid down in this Regulation shall be made in accordance

with the procedure laid down in Article 73 of Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93.

*Article 11*

**Entry into force and legal effect**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 February 1995.

*For the Council*

*The President*

A. JUPPÉ

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**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 298/95**  
of 14 February 1995

**modifying Council Regulation (EC) No 1981/94 opening and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain products originating in Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Malta, Morocco, the occupied Territories, Tunisia and Turkey, and providing detailed rules for extending and adapting these tariff quotas**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1981/94 of 25 July 1994, opening and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for certain products originating in Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Malta, Morocco, the occupied Territories, Tunisia and Turkey, and providing detailed rules for extending and adapting these tariff quotas<sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 7 thereof,

Whereas, in the context of the Uruguay Round of multi-lateral trade negotiations the import regime for tomatoes and courgettes has been changed;

Whereas Article 25 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco provides that, where the existing rules are changed, the Community may amend the regime set out in the Agreement for the products concerned;

Whereas the Community has agreed with the Kingdom of Morocco that the said regime will be adjusted on the basis of an agreement in the form of an exchange of letters;

Whereas the measures foreseen in this Regulation conform to the opinion given by the Custom Code Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

*Article 1*

In Annex IV of Regulation (EC) No 1981/94, the order numbers 09.1117 and 09.1118 are modified and order number 09.1133 is added as follow :

Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota volume (in tonnes)	Rate of duty (in %)
'09.1117	0702 00 15	11 to 14, 16, 17, 21 to 24, 26, 27, 31 to 34, 36, 37, 41 to 44, 46, 47, 51 to 54, 56, 57, 61 to 64, 66, 67	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled :		
	0702 00 20		— from 15 November 1994 to 30 April 1995	95 365	0
	ex 0702 00 45		— from 15 November 1995 to 30 April 1996	96 208	0
	— from 1 January to 31 March 1995		81 006 <sup>(1)</sup> ( <sup>2</sup> )	—	
	0702 00 50		Of which :		
09.1118	0702 00 20		Tomatoes, fresh or chilled :		
			— from 1 to 30 April 1995	16 800 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
			— from 1 to 30 April 1996	16 800 <sup>(2)</sup>	0

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 199, 2. 8. 1994, p. 1.



Order number	CN code	TARIC	Description	Quota volume (in tonnes)	Rate of duty (in %)
09.1133	0709 90 71 ex 0709 90 73  ex 0709 90 75 ex 0709 90 79	01 to 06 31 to 36 61 to 66 11 to 16 31 to 36 51 to 56	Courgettes : — from 1 January to 20 April 1995 — from 1 October 1995 to 20 April 1996	1 000 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> 1 200 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup>	— —

(<sup>1</sup>) The entry price beyond which the specific additional duty foreseen in the list of concessions of the Community to GATT is reduced to zero, is equal to ECU 560 per tonne.

(<sup>2</sup>) The specific additional duty is applicable.

(<sup>3</sup>) In the framework of this quota, the specific additional duty foreseen in the list of concessions of the Community to GATT is reduced to zero from 1 October to 20 April, on condition that the entry price is equal to or higher than ECU 451 per tonne, this amount being reduced to ECU 445 per tonne, from 1 February to 31 March 1995, and ECU 439 per tonne from 1 February to 31 March 1996.

(<sup>4</sup>) If the entry price for a consignment is 2, 4, 6 or 8 % lower than the agreed entry price of:

— ECU 560 per tonne for tomatoes, and

— ECU 451 per tonne for courgettes, this amount being reduced to ECU 445 per tonne from 1 February to 31 March 1995 and to ECU 439 per tonne from 1 February to 31 March 1996,

the specific customs duty shall be equal to 2, 4, 6 or 8 % of this entry price.

If the entry price of a consignment is less than 92 % of the entry price of:

— ECU 560 per tonne for tomatoes, and

— ECU 451 per tonne for courgettes, this amount being reduced to ECU 445 per tonne from 1 February to 31 March 1995 and to ECU 439 per tonne from 1 February to 31 March 1996,

the specific rate of customs duty bound in GATT shall apply.

#### Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 January 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 299/95**  
of 14 February 1995

**amending Regulation (EEC) No 584/75 as regards the requirements for the release of the tendering security for export refunds on rice**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 25 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice <sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1869/94 <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 17 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 584/75 <sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 409/90 <sup>(4)</sup>, lays down the method by which tenders may be submitted; whereas that method could be improved as a result of modern means of telecommunication;

Whereas Article 7 of that Regulation lays down the requirements for the release of the tendering security; whereas if the tender is accepted, that security may be released without diminishing the effectiveness of the system in cases where the successful tenderer provides proof that the security required for issue of the export licence has been lodged;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals and Rice,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

Regulation (EEC) No 584/75 is hereby amended as follows:

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

1. In Article 2:

(a) paragraph 1 is replaced by the following:

'1. Tenders, which shall be in writing, may either be delivered personally to the competent authority of the Member State, or may be sent to such authority by any means of written telecommunication.'

(b) paragraph 5 is replaced by the following:

'5. Once a tender has been submitted it may not be withdrawn.'

2. Article 7 is replaced by the following:

*Article 7*

The tendering security shall be released where:

(a) the tender has not been accepted;

(b) the successful tenderer provided proof that the security provided for in Article 12 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 891/89 <sup>(\*)</sup> has been lodged.

Where the undertaking referred to in Article 2 (3) (b) is not complied with the tendering security shall, except in cases of *force majeure*, be forfeit.

<sup>(\*)</sup> OJ No L 94, 7. 4. 1989, p. 13.'

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 197, 30. 7. 1994, p. 7.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 61, 7. 3. 1975, p. 25.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 43, 17. 2. 1990, p. 21.

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 300/95

of 14 February 1995

amending Regulation (EC) No 1077/94 opening a standing invitation to tender  
for the export of bread-making wheat held by the French intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2131/93<sup>(2)</sup>, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 120/94<sup>(3)</sup>, lays down the procedure and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by the intervention agencies;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EC) No 1077/94<sup>(4)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2981/94<sup>(5)</sup>, opened a standing invitation to tender for the export of 1 400 000 tonnes of bread-making wheat held by the French intervention agency; whereas, in the communication of 26 January 1995, France informed the Commission of the

intention of its intervention agency to alter the list of places of storage; whereas Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1077/94 must therefore be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1077/94 is replaced by the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 181, 1. 7. 1992, p. 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 191, 31. 7. 1993, p. 76.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 21, 26. 1. 1994, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 120, 11. 5. 1994, p. 9.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 315, 8. 12. 1994, p. 4.

## ANNEX

## ANNEX I

<i>(tonnes)</i>	
Place of storage	Quantity
Amiens	320 000
Bordeaux	3 000
Châlons-sur-Marne	75 000
Lille	320 000
Nancy	20 000
Nantes	57 000
Paris	25 000
Poitiers	54 000
Rennes	58 000
Rouen	430 000
Orléans	38 000

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 301/95

of 14 February 1995

determining the loss of income and the premiums applicable per ewe and per female goat in the Member States and the payment of the specific aid for sheep and goat farming in certain less-favoured areas of the Community for the 1994 marketing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 of 25 September 1989 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 3290/94<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 5 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/92 of 15 June 1992 concerning specific measures for the Canary Islands with regard to certain agricultural products<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1974/93<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Whereas Article 5 (1) and (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 provides for a premium to be granted to compensate for any loss of income sustained by producers of sheepmeat and, in certain areas, of goatmeat; whereas those areas are defined in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 and in Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1065/86 of 11 April 1986 determining the mountain areas in which the premium for goatmeat producers is granted<sup>(5)</sup>, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3519/86<sup>(6)</sup>;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 (6) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, the Member States were authorized by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1640/94<sup>(7)</sup> to pay an initial advance and by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1765/94<sup>(8)</sup> to pay a second advance to sheepmeat and goatmeat producers; whereas the definitive premiums to be paid in respect of the 1994 marketing year must thus be fixed;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, the premium payable to producers of heavy lambs in respect of the 1994 marketing year is obtained by multiplying the loss of income by a coefficient expressing the annual average production of heavy lamb meat per ewe producing such lambs, expressed in terms of 100

kilograms carcass weight; whereas, in accordance with the abovementioned Regulation, the premium per ewe for producers of light lambs and per female goat for the 1994 marketing year should be 80 % of the premium for producers of heavy lambs;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, the premium must be reduced by the impact on the basis price of the coefficient provided for in Article 8 (2) of that Regulation; whereas that coefficient was fixed at 7 % by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2069/92 of 30 June 1992 amending Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89<sup>(9)</sup>;

Whereas it is opportune to foresee that the aid provided for in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1323/90 of 14 May 1990 instituting specific aid for sheep and goat farming in certain less-favoured areas of the Community<sup>(10)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 363/93<sup>(11)</sup>, or the balance of this aid, resulting from the application of Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1640/94, should be granted before a certain date and under what conditions;

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1601/92 provides for the application from 1 July 1992 of specific measures with regard to agricultural production in the Canary Islands; whereas those measures involve the granting of a supplement to the premium payable to producers of light lambs and female goats on the same terms as those laid down for the granting of the premium provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89; whereas those terms provided for Spain to be authorized to pay the supplement to the premium;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sheep and Goats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

It is hereby noted that the difference between the basic price less the impact of the coefficient provided for in Article 8 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 and the Community market price during the 1994 marketing year was ECU 111,189 per 100 kilograms.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 289, 7. 10. 1989, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 349, 31. 12. 1994, p. 105.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 173, 27. 6. 1992, p. 13.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 180, 23. 7. 1993, p. 26.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 97, 12. 4. 1986, p. 25.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 325, 20. 11. 1986, p. 17.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 172, 7. 7. 1994, p. 10.

<sup>(8)</sup> OJ No L 183, 19. 7. 1994, p. 31.

<sup>(9)</sup> OJ No L 215, 30. 7. 1992, p. 59.

<sup>(10)</sup> OJ No L 132, 23. 5. 1990, p. 17.

<sup>(11)</sup> OJ No L 42, 19. 2. 1993, p. 1.

*Article 2*

The coefficient provided for in Article 5 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 is hereby fixed at 16 kilograms.

*Article 3*

1. The premium payable per ewe in respect of the 1994 marketing year shall be as follows :

(ECU)

Premium payable per ewe

Producers of heavy lambs	Producers of light lambs
17,790	14,232

2. The premium payable per female of the caprine species and per region in areas listed in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 and in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1065/86 in respect of the 1994 marketing year shall be as follows :

(ECU)

Premium payable per female of the caprine species

14,232

*Article 4*

The specific aid which Member States are authorized to pay to producers of sheepmeat and goatmeat in less-

favoured areas pursuant to Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1323/90, within the limits and at the rates provided for in Article 5 (7) and the second indent of the second subparagraph of Article 5 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, or, should it be the case, the balance of this aid, in the event of Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1640/94 being applied, shall be paid before 15 October 1995. The representative rate applicable to the amount of this specific aid is that of the last day of the 1994 marketing year.

*Article 5*

Pursuant to Article 13 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1601/92, the supplement to the premium for the 1994 marketing year to be granted to producers of light lambs and female goats located in the Canary Islands, within the limits and at the rates laid down in Article 5 (7) and the second indent of the second subparagraph of Article 5 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 shall be as follows :

- ECU 5,258 per ewe in the case of producers as referred to in Article 5 (3) of that Regulation,
- ECU 5,258 per female goat in the case of producers as referred to in Article 5 (5) of that Regulation.

*Article 6*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 302/95**

of 14 February 1995

**establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994, on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables<sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 4 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3813/92 of 28 December 1992 on the units of account on the conversion rates to be applied with the purposes of the common agricultural policy<sup>(2)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 150/95<sup>(3)</sup>, and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto;

Whereas, in compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas the derogation laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 1 of Council Regulation (EC) No 3311/94 of 20 December 1994 extending by one month the application of the agrimonetary arrangements in force on 31 December 1994 and fixing the agricultural conversion rates for the new Member States<sup>(4)</sup> should be applied,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 15 February 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 337, 24. 12. 1994, p. 66.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 22, 31. 1. 1995, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 350, 31. 12. 1994, p. 1.

## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 14 February 1995 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

*(ECU/100 kg)*

CN code	Third country code (1)	Standard import value
0702 00 15	204	49,1
	212	88,8
	624	97,3
	999	78,4
0707 00 10	053	166,9
	068	147,1
	204	142,6
	624	207,3
	999	166,0
0709 90 73	204	96,0
	624	196,3
	999	146,2

(1) Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 3079/94 (OJ No L 325, 17. 12. 1994, p. 17). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin.'



## COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 303/95

of 14 February 1995

## fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden to the European Union<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3813/92 of 28 December 1992 on the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 150/95<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1957/94<sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 294/95<sup>(6)</sup>;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Commission Regulation (EC) No 1957/94 to the information known to the Commission that the levies

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas, in order to make it possible for the levy arrangements to function normally, the representative market rate established during the reference period from 13 February 1995, as regards floating currencies, should be used to calculate the levies,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 15 February 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

(1) OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

(2) OJ No C 241, 29. 8. 1994, p. 21.

(3) OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.

(4) OJ No L 22, 31. 1. 1995, p. 1.

(5) OJ No L 198, 30. 7. 1994, p. 88.

(6) OJ No L 34, 14. 2. 1995, p. 38.

## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 14 February 1995 fixing the import levies on white sugar  
and raw sugar

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Levy <sup>(1)</sup>
1701 11 10	37,05 <sup>(1)</sup>
1701 11 90	37,05 <sup>(1)</sup>
1701 12 10	37,05 <sup>(1)</sup>
1701 12 90	37,05 <sup>(1)</sup>
1701 91 00	45,32
1701 99 10	45,32
1701 99 90	45,32 <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> The levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 or 3 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 837/68 (OJ No L 151, 30. 6. 1968, p. 42), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1428/78 (OJ No L 171, 28. 6. 1978, p. 34).

<sup>(2)</sup> In accordance with Article 16 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 this amount is also applicable to sugar obtained from white and raw sugar containing added substances other than flavouring or colouring matter.

<sup>(3)</sup> No import levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 304/95****of 14 February 1995****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden to the European Union<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Articles 10 (5) and 11 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3813/92 of 28 December 1992 on the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 150/95<sup>(4)</sup>,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 3035/94<sup>(5)</sup> and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, in order to make it possible for the levy arrangements to function normally, the representative market

rate established during the reference period from 13 February 1995, as regards floating currencies, should be used to calculate the levies;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EC) No 3035/94 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (1) (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 15 February 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 181, 1. 7. 1992, p. 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No C 241, 29. 8. 1994, p. 21.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 22, 31. 1. 1995, p. 1.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 321, 14. 12. 1994, p. 28.

## ANNEX

## to the Commission Regulation of 14 February 1995 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Third countries <sup>(8)</sup>
0709 90 60	103,31 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
0712 90 19	103,31 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1001 10 00	11,29 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(7)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup>
1001 90 91	95,65
1001 90 99	95,65 <sup>(9)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup>
1002 00 00	133,84 <sup>(9)</sup>
1003 00 10	102,34
1003 00 90	102,34 <sup>(9)</sup>
1004 00 00	111,34
1005 10 90	103,31 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1005 90 00	103,31 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1007 00 90	107,74 <sup>(4)</sup>
1008 10 00	45,20 <sup>(9)</sup>
1008 20 00	45,80 <sup>(4)</sup> <sup>(9)</sup>
1008 30 00	0 <sup>(5)</sup>
1008 90 10	<sup>(7)</sup>
1008 90 90	0
1101 00 00	182,16 <sup>(9)</sup>
1102 10 00	234,75
1103 11 10	60,43
1103 11 90	209,19
1107 10 11	183,40
1107 10 19	140,35
1107 10 91	195,31 <sup>(10)</sup>
1107 10 99	149,25 <sup>(9)</sup>
1107 20 00	171,77 <sup>(10)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,7245/tonne.

<sup>(2)</sup> In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levies are not applied to products imported directly into the French overseas departments, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where maize originating in the ACP is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 2,186/tonne.

<sup>(4)</sup> Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP is imported into the Community the levy is applied in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90.

<sup>(5)</sup> Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,7245/tonne.

<sup>(6)</sup> The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 (OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1902/92 (OJ No L 192, 11. 7. 1992, p. 3), and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71 (OJ No L 271, 10. 12. 1971, p. 22), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 560/91 (OJ No L 62, 8. 3. 1991, p. 26).

<sup>(7)</sup> The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

<sup>(8)</sup> No levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC.

<sup>(9)</sup> Products falling within this code, imported from Poland or Hungary under the Agreements concluded between those countries and the Community and under the Interim Agreement between the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, Bulgaria and Romania and the Community and in respect of which EUR.1 certificates issued in accordance with amended Regulation (EC) No 121/94 or (EC) No 335/94 have been presented, are subject to the levies set out in the Annex to that Regulation.

<sup>(10)</sup> In accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 this levy is reduced by ECU 6,569 per tonne for products originating in Turkey.

<sup>(11)</sup> The levy for the products falling within this code in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 774/94 is restricted under the conditions of this Regulation.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 305/95**  
**of 14 February 1995**  
**fixing the import levies on milk and milk products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,  
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products <sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden to the European Union <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 14 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on milk and milk products were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 3343/94 <sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 179/95 <sup>(4)</sup>;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EC) No 3343/94 to the prices

known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The import levies referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 February 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1995.

*For the Commission*

Franz FISCHLER

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No C 241, 29. 8. 1994, p. 21.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 350, 31. 12. 1994, p. 88.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 24, 1. 2. 1995, p. 55.

## ANNEX

## to the Commission Regulation of 14 February 1995 fixing the import levies on milk and milk products

(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)

CN code	Note (°)	Import levy	CN code	Note (°)	Import levy
0401 10 10		18,28	0403 10 16	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 30,26
0401 10 90		16,82	0403 10 22		27,07
0401 20 11		24,16	0403 10 24		31,21
0401 20 19		22,70	0403 10 26		71,74
0401 20 91		28,30	0403 10 32	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,1978/kg + 28,80
0401 20 99		26,84	0403 10 34	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2392/kg + 28,80
0401 30 11		68,83	0403 10 36	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,6445/kg + 28,80
0401 30 19		67,37	0403 90 11		129,03
0401 30 31		129,50	0403 90 13		216,72
0401 30 39		128,04	0403 90 19		260,18
0401 30 91		214,57	0403 90 31	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 30,26
0401 30 99		213,11	0403 90 33	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26
0402 10 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	129,03	0403 90 39	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 30,26
0402 10 19	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	120,28	0403 90 51		27,07
0402 10 91	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 30,26	0403 90 53		31,21
0402 10 99	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 21,51	0403 90 59		71,74
0402 21 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	216,72	0403 90 61	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,1978/kg + 28,80
0402 21 17	( <sup>1</sup> )	207,97	0403 90 63	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2392/kg + 28,80
0402 21 19	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	207,97	0403 90 69	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,6445/kg + 28,80
0402 21 91	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	260,18	0404 10 02		30,89
0402 21 99	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	251,43	0404 10 04		216,72
0402 29 11	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26	0404 10 06		260,18
0402 29 15	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26	0404 10 12		129,03
0402 29 19	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 21,51	0404 10 14		216,72
0402 29 91	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 30,26	0404 10 16		260,18
0402 29 99	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 21,51	0404 10 26	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,3089/kg + 21,51
0402 91 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	44,52	0404 10 28	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26
0402 91 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	44,52	0404 10 32	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 30,26
0402 91 31	( <sup>1</sup> )	55,65	0404 10 34	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 30,26
0402 91 39	( <sup>1</sup> )	55,65	0404 10 36	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26
0402 91 51	( <sup>1</sup> )	129,50	0404 10 38	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 30,26
0402 91 59	( <sup>1</sup> )	128,04	0404 10 48	( <sup>2</sup> )	0,3089/kg
0402 91 91	( <sup>1</sup> )	214,57	0404 10 52	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 7,29
0402 91 99	( <sup>1</sup> )	213,11	0404 10 54	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 7,29
0402 99 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	65,06	0404 10 56	( <sup>2</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 7,29
0402 99 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	65,06	0404 10 58	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 7,29
0402 99 31	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2512/kg + 25,89	0404 10 62	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 7,29
0402 99 39	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2512/kg + 24,43	0404 10 72	( <sup>2</sup> )	0,3089/kg + 21,51
0402 99 91	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1019/kg + 25,89	0404 10 74	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 28,80
0402 99 99	( <sup>1</sup> )( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1019/kg + 24,43	0404 10 76	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 28,80
0403 10 02		129,03	0404 10 78	( <sup>2</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 28,80
0403 10 04		216,72	0404 10 82	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 28,80
0403 10 06		260,18	0404 10 84	( <sup>2</sup> )	2,5143/kg + 28,80
0403 10 12	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2028/kg + 30,26	0404 90 11		129,03
0403 10 14	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,0797/kg + 30,26	0404 90 13		216,72

CN code	Note (°)	Import levy	CN code	Note (°)	Import levy
0404 90 19		260,18	0406 90 23	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 31		129,03	0406 90 25	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 33		216,72	0406 90 27	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 39		260,18	0406 90 29	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 51	(1)	1,2028/kg + 30,26	0406 90 31	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 53	(1) (°)	2,0797/kg + 30,26	0406 90 33	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 59	(1)	2,5143/kg + 30,26	0406 90 35	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 91	(1)	1,2028/kg + 30,26	0406 90 37	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 93	(1) (°)	2,0797/kg + 30,26	0406 90 39	(°) (°)	189,01
0404 90 99	(1)	2,5143/kg + 30,26	0406 90 50	(°) (°)	189,01
0405 00 11	(°)	220,00	0406 90 61	(°) (°)	452,21
0405 00 19	(°)	220,00	0406 90 63	(°) (°)	452,21
0405 00 90		268,40	0406 90 69	(°) (°)	452,21
0406 10 20	(°) (°)	228,61	0406 90 73	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 10 80	(°) (°)	305,80	0406 90 75	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 20 10	(°) (°)	452,21	0406 90 76	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 20 90	(°) (°)	452,21	0406 90 78	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 30 10	(°) (°)	180,81	0406 90 79	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 30 31	(°) (°)	176,81	0406 90 81	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 30 39	(°) (°)	180,81	0406 90 82	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 30 90	(°) (°)	297,60	0406 90 84	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 40 10	(°) (°)	177,59	0406 90 85	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 40 50	(°) (°)	177,59	0406 90 86	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 40 90	(°) (°)	177,59	0406 90 87	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 90 01	(°) (°)	255,78	0406 90 88	(°) (°)	189,01
0406 90 02	(°) (°)	195,42	0406 90 93	(°) (°)	228,61
0406 90 03	(°) (°)	195,42	0406 90 99	(°) (°)	305,80
0406 90 04	(°) (°)	195,42	1702 10 10		73,74
0406 90 05	(°) (°)	195,42	1702 10 90		73,74
0406 90 06	(°) (°)	195,42	2106 90 51		73,74
0406 90 07	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 10 15		93,13
0406 90 08	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 10 19		120,79
0406 90 09	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 10 39		113,40
0406 90 12	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 10 59		94,08
0406 90 14	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 10 70		120,79
0406 90 16	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 90 35		93,13
0406 90 18	(°) (°)	195,42	2309 90 39		120,79
0406 90 19	(°) (°)	452,21	2309 90 49		113,40
0406 90 21	(°) (°)	255,78	2309 90 59		94,08
			2309 90 70		120,79

(1) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this code is equal to the sum of the following:

- (a) the amount per kilogram shown, multiplied by the weight of lactic matter contained in 100 kg of product; and  
(b) the other amount indicated.

(°) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this code is equal to:

- (a) the amount per kilogram shown, multiplied by the weight of the dry lactic matter contained in 100 kg of product plus, where appropriate,  
(b) the other amount indicated.

(°) Products falling within this code and imported from a third country

— for which an IMA 1 certificate, issued in accordance with amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 (OJ No L 196, 5. 7. 1982, p. 1), is presented,

— for which an EUR 1 certificate, issued in accordance with amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 584/92 (OJ No L 62, 7. 3. 1992, p. 34) for Poland, the Czech Republics and Slovakia and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1588/94 (OJ No L 167, 1. 7. 1994, p. 8) for Bulgaria and Romania, is presented,

shall be subject to the levies defined in the said Regulations, respectively.

(°) The levy applicable is limited under the conditions laid down in amended Council Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 (OJ No L 84, 30. 3. 1990, p. 85).

(°) No levy applies to OCT originating products according to Article 101 (1) of Decision 91/482/EEC.