EM-DAT

THE EMERGENCY EVENTS DATABASE

Data That Save Lives



























EM-DAT's data save lives in numerous essential ways

The EM-DAT database is a crucial resource that provides data necessary for making timely and effective decisions, thus improving disaster preparedness, response, and mitigation efforts. Ultimately, this helps to protect lives, sustain livelihoods, and support development.

RAISE AWARENESS TO IGNITE ACTION

Sharing Knowledge

► EM-DAT promotes advocacy and action by highlighting the tangible impacts of disasters, particularly those exacerbated by climate change.

Protecting Vulnerable Communities

▶ EM-DAT provides policymakers and international organizations with data that can guide strategic measures aimed at protecting vulnerable communities.

We rely on EM-DAT for planning and risk analysis, crucial for our humanitarian operations.

> DANITZA HAUGHTON IOM. PANAMA



EM-DAT is vital for managing disaster risks, aiding in my research on socioeconomic impacts since 2007. Without EM-DAT my career would have been completely different.

> ILAN NOY VICTORIA UNIVERSITY OF WELLINGTON. NEW ZEALAND

OPTIMIZE RESOURCE ALLOCATION

Supporting Effective Response

▶ By documenting disaster impacts, EM-DAT enhances targeted planning and resource allocation.

Optimizing Aid Effectiveness

► EM-DAT's comprehensive data ensures that humanitarian efforts are effectively aligned with the needs of communities affected by disasters.

> For over 20 years, EM-DAT's data have been invaluable to the global disaster risk reduction community.

> > YUICHI ONO IRIDeS, JAPAN

Empowering Risk Management

► Experts use EM-DAT to advocate for evidence-based policy changes and to improve disaster risk management, such as securing funds for mitigation and recovery efforts.

Improving Data Collection

▶ EM-DAT identifies regions with inadequate data by partnering with local stakeholders and academic institutions. This collaboration raises awareness and enhances data collection efforts.

> Thanks to EM-DAT, we can transform past disaster data into actionable plans that save lives and

> > AMOD MANI DIXIT FOR EARTHQUAKE



ANTICIPATE TO REDUCE THE IMPACT OF DISASTERS

Fostering Disaster Research

► EM-DAT's extensive historical records enable researchers to anticipate disasters and develop effective response strategies.

Planning Disaster Mitigation and Preparedness

▶ Insights from EM-DAT inform crucial policies, such as building codes and early warning systems, which help to enhance disaster readiness.

strengthen resilience.

NATIONAL SOCIETY TECHNOLOGY, NEPAL



EM-DAT remains the leading and most credible source for disasters and loss data for Africa, which has informed policies at continental, regional, and national levels.

> DEWALD VAN NIEKERK NORTH WEST UNIVERSITY, SOUTH-AFRICA





EM-DAT is essential

for understanding the

relationship between extreme

weather events and impacts.

AGLAE JEZEQUEL

LMD. FRANCE



Learning from the past to prepare for the future

EM-DAT is a comprehensive dataset which tracks the occurrence of disasters globally, along with their human and economic impacts.

Essential evidence-based data

for policymakers and disaster risk experts, both in the public and private sectors, researchers, and NGOs.

26,000+ disaster records

dating back to 1900 offering a broad historical view.

Unique global database

disasters and their impacts on a global level.

80,000+ registered users

outreach through derivative papers, reports, and other products.

Open Access

for non-commercial uses.



Visit the EM-DAT website

2024

Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters (CRED)

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www.emdat.be

Did you know that more than 10,000 Natural Hazard-Induced Disasters have occurred so far in the 21st century

resulting in more than:



1.6+ million deaths



4.6+ billion people affected



US\$ 4,500 billion damage



Earthquakes

are the deadliest disasters, with over 790,000 deaths since 2000.



Floods are the most frequent disasters and affect the largest number of people, accounting for 25% of the database content and impacting more than 1.8 billion people since 2000.



Storms are the costliest disasters, causing more than US\$ 2,164 billion in damages since 2000.