A graphical analysis of world energy up to 1986

Introduction

FACTS AND FIGURES is produced annually at the OPEC Secretariat in Vienna, to assist people requiring a means of rapidly assimilating important facts about the energy industry, without themselves having to delve into time-consuming research from an array of sources. Since it is the belief of OPEC Member Countries that energy cannot be viewed in isolation from other global economic considerations, parts of this booklet broach such related issues as comparisons between the economic fortunes of industrialized and developing nations.

A wide range of authoritative sources have been consulted in producing this booklet. Where disparities have occurred among sources, great pains have been taken at the Secretariat to distill those figures which most faithfully reflect observed market trends.

The graphs are presented in six sections. The first three examine energy issues on a global scale, the next two concentrate on OPEC, while the final one makes broad economic comparisons between different world groupings.

It is hoped that this latest issue of FACTS AND FIGURES, which covers the period up to the end of 1986, will prove of interest and value to its readers.

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1987

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OPEC flows of crude and refined oil — 1986

OPEC Far East — 4 Indonesia

OPEC Latin America — 2 Ecuador; 13 Venezuela

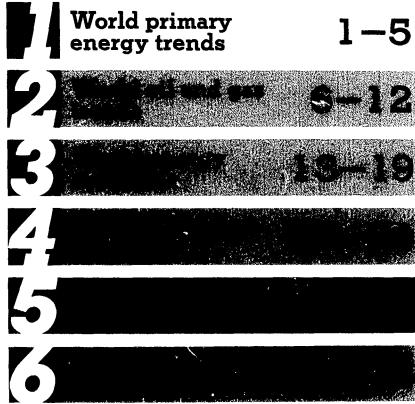
OPEC Africa — 1 Algeria; 3 Gabon; 9 Nigeria; 8 SP Libyan AJ

OPEC Middle East — 5 IR Iran; 6 Iraq; 7 Kuwait; 10 Qatar; 11 Saudi Arabia 12 UAE



SECTIONS

facts&figures



Glossary

Aus/NZ Australia/New Zealand b/d Barrels per day billion Thousand million bboe Billion barrels oil equivalent CPE Centrally planned economy Developing country DC dollar US dollar dwt Deadweight tons EEC European Economic Community GDP Gross domestic product **GNP** Gross national product IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency IR Iran Islamic Republic of Iran mb/d Million barrels per day mtoe Million tons oil equivalent Industrialized countries North Oceania Australia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea and South Pacific islands OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Organization of the Petroleum Exporting OPEC Countries South Developing countries SP Libyan AJ Socialist Peoples Libyan Arab

Jamahiriya

Western Europe

United Arab Emirates

United States of America

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

UAE

USSR

W Eur

US

Sources

1	BP Statistical Review of World Energy	
2	UN Energy Statistics Yearbook	
3	Direct communications to the OPEC Secretariat	
4	World Oil	
5	Petroleum Intelligence Weekly	
6	OPEC Secretariat calculations	
7	Cedigaz	
8	National sources	
9	Middle East Economic Survey	
10	Oil and Gas Journal	
11	Hydrocarbon Processing	
12	Arab Cil and Gas	
13	Economic Intelligence Unit	
14	World Tanker Fleet Review	
15	France in the World, 1986	
16	OPEC Annual Statistical Bulletin, 1986	
17	20th Century Petroleum Statistics	
18	Oil and Energy Trends, Statistical Review	
19	Nuclear Power Reactors in the World, IAEA	
20	OECD Quarterly Oil and Gas Statistics	
21	OAPEC report	
22	OECD Economic Outlook	
23	International Petroleum Times	
24	IMF International Financial Statistics	
25	OECD Trade by Commodity	
26	GATT, International Trade, 1985-86	
27	UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics	
28	OECD press release, Financial Resources for	

Developing Countries, 19 June 1987

RD Statistical Region of World Energy

SECTION

World primary energy trends



Primary energy consumption by type 1974–86 — flow chart

1

Primary energy consumption by type 1974-86 — selected years

2

Primary energy consumption by group 1974–86

3

Primary energy production by group 1974–86

4

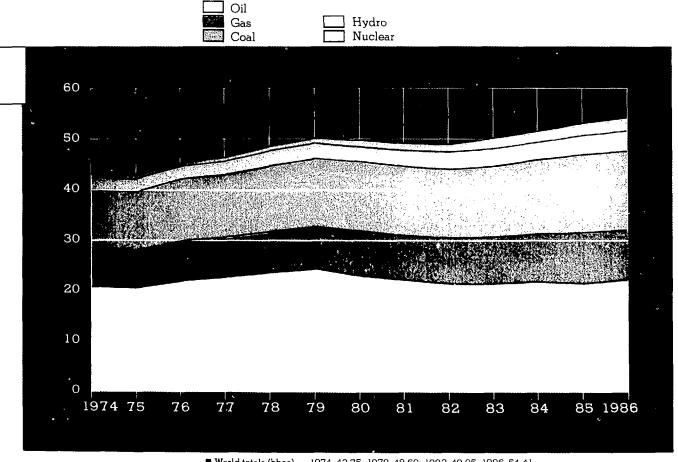
Primary energy comparison between regions of the South 1986

5

World primary energy trends 1974-86

Primary energy consumption by type — flow chart

Billion barrels oil equivalent



[■] World totals (bboe) — 1974, 42.75; 1978, 48.60; 1982, 49.05; 1986, 54.41.

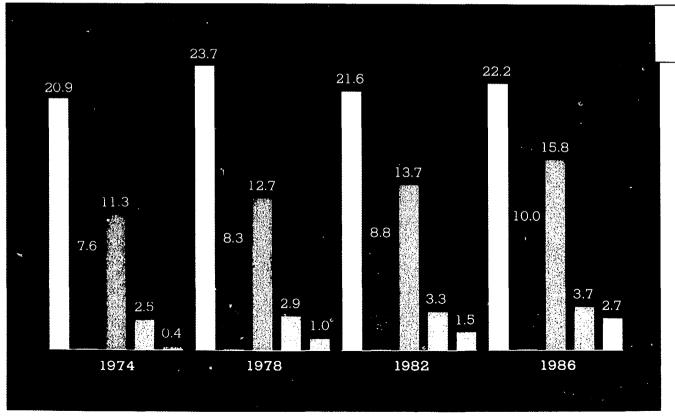
[■] The figures include bunkers.
■ Sources: 1, 2.

World primary energy trends

Primary energy consumption by type — selected years

Billion barrels oil equivalent

Oil
Gas Hydro
Coal Nuclear



The figures include bunkers.

■ Sources: 1, 2.

World primary energy trends

1974-86

Primary energy consumption by group

Billion barrels oil equivalent



■ Sources: 1, 2.

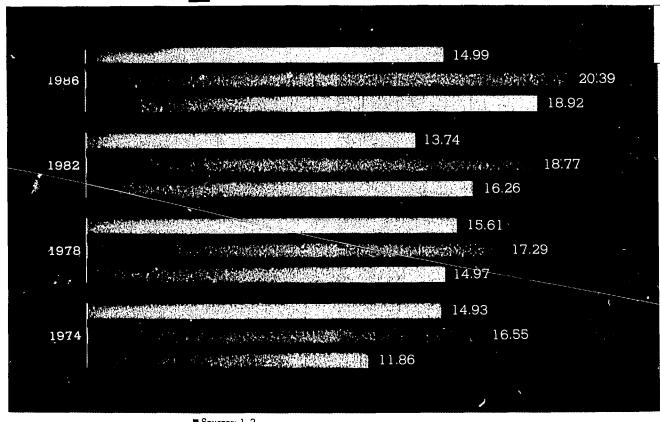
186 THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. 거원급 25.65 **示例如纸料证明**如是图图 15.16 27.60 26.02 ■ The figures include bunkers.

World primary energy trends 56

Primary energy production by group

Billion barrels oil equivalent

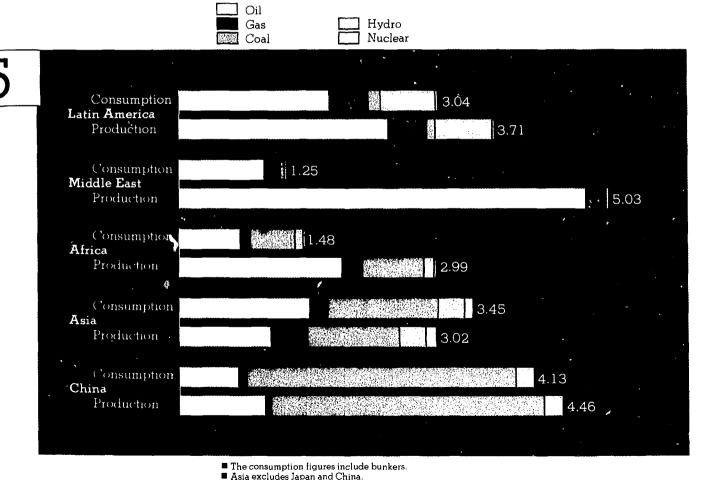
DCs OECD **CPEs**



World primary energy trends

Primary energy comparison between regions of the South

Billion barrels oil equivalent



■ Sources: 1, 2.





World oil and gas trends

Crude oil production 1982-86 6

Per capita oil consumption 1986

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Natural gas production 1986 8

Oil and gas comparison 1986 9

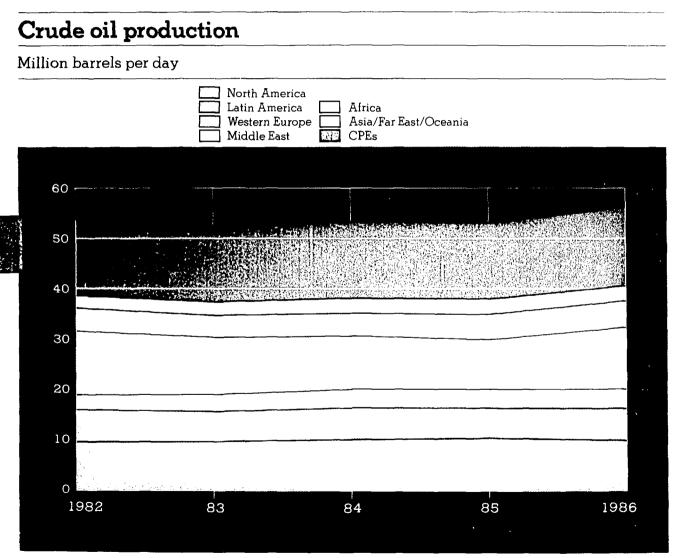
Refining capacity by group 1960–86 — flow chart 10

Refining capacity by group 1960–86 — selected years

Tanker fleet by flag 1981-86 1.2

World oil and gas trends

1982-86



[■] World totals (mb/d) = 1982, 53.7, 1983, 52.7, 1984, 53.5; 1985, 53.2; 1986, 56.2.

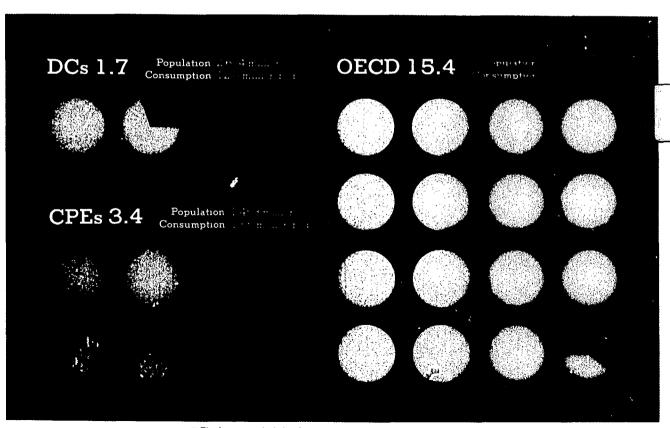
■ Sources: 3-5.

World oil and gas trends

1986

Per capita oil consumption

Barrels per person per year



[■] The figures include bunkers.

■ Sources: 1, 6.

7

World oil and gas trends

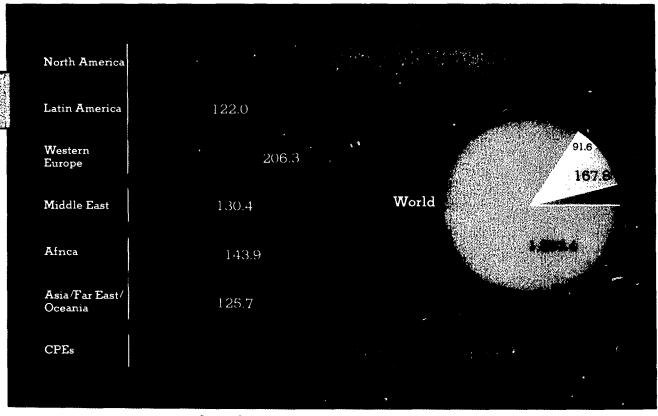
Natural gas production

Billion standard cubic metres

Gross Marketed Reinjected

Flared Other



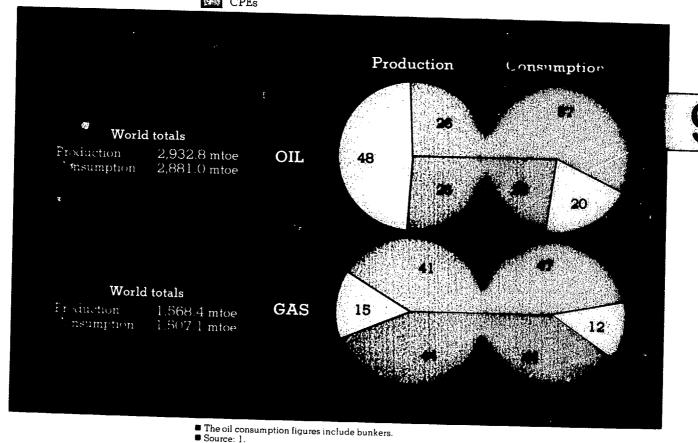


World oil and gas trends

Oil and gas comparison

Percentage

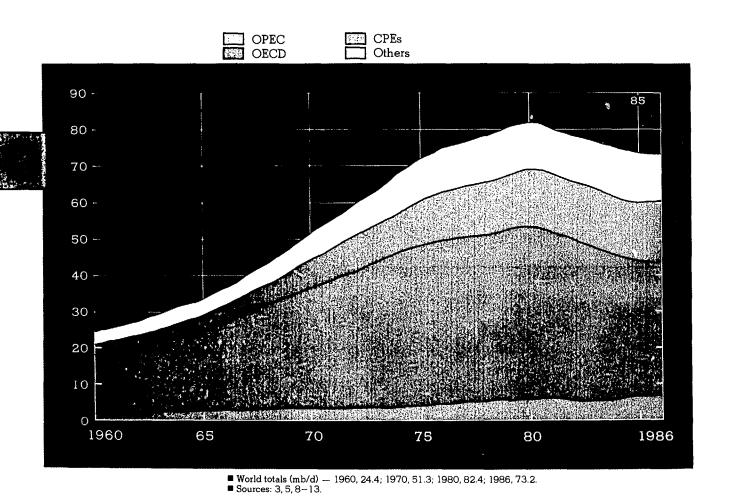
DCs
OECD
CPEs

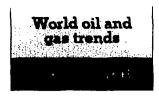


World oil and gas trends

Refining capacity by group — flow chart

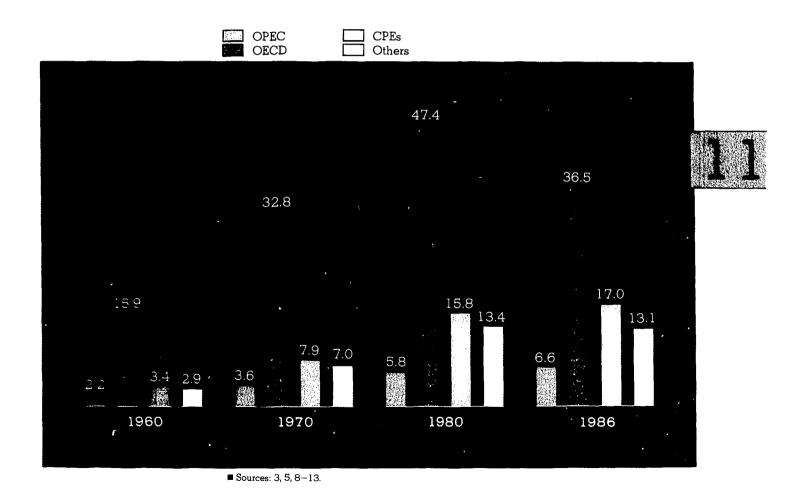
Million barrels per day





Refining capacity by group — selected years

Million barrels per day



World oil and gas trends

1981-86

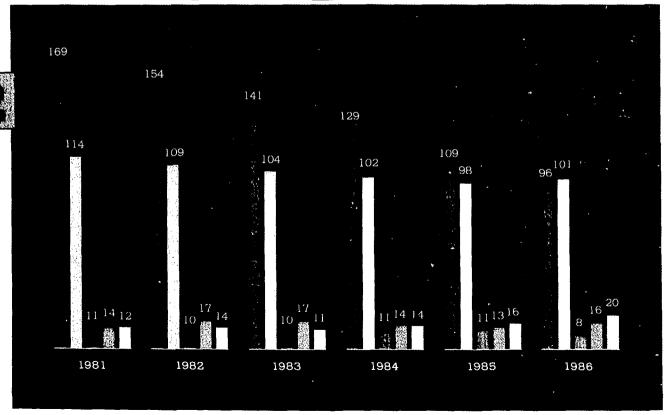
Tanker fleet by flag

Million deadweight tons

OECD CPEs OPEC

Flags of convenience

Others



[■] World totals (million dwt) — 1981, 320; 1982, 304; 1983, 283; 1984, 270; 1985, 247; 1986, 241. ■ Only crude and product tankers of 10,000 dwt and above are included in the figures.

Source: 14.

[■] The figures are as at the end of each year.

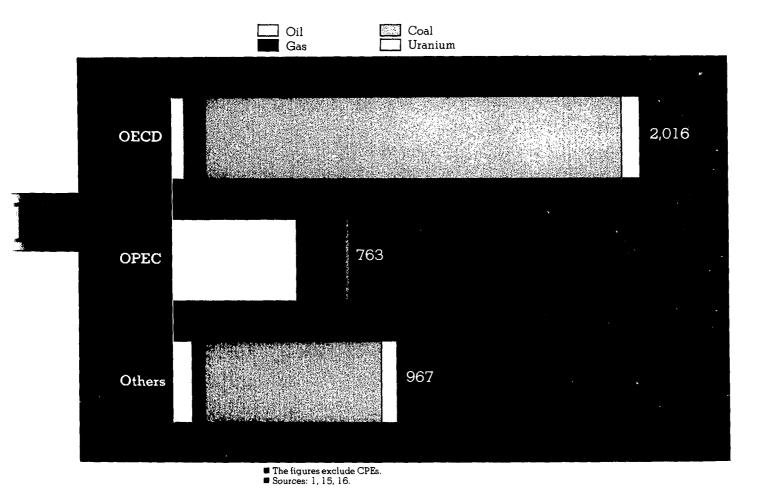


Proven recoverable conventional energy resources 1986
Crude oil reserves 1986
Cumulative oil discoveries
Number of active oil exploration rigs 1982–86
Provon natural gas reserves 1986
Naclear power 1986
Proven recoverable coal reserves



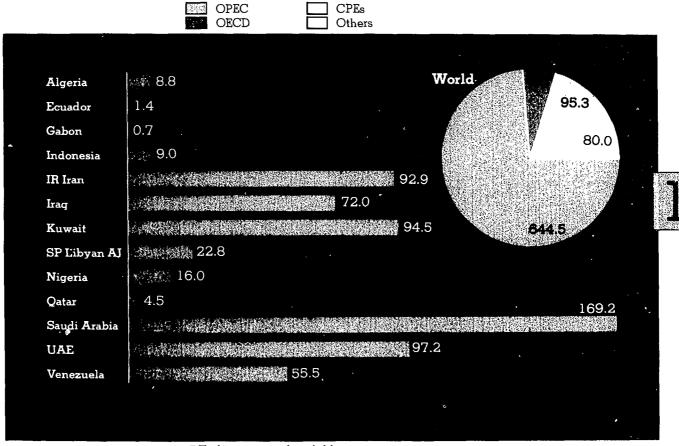
Proven recoverable conventional energy resources

Billion barrels oil equivalent



Crude oil reserves

Billion barrels



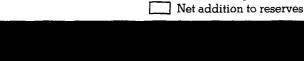
[■] The figures are as at the end of the year.
■ Sources: 3, 5, 8–10, 12, 13.

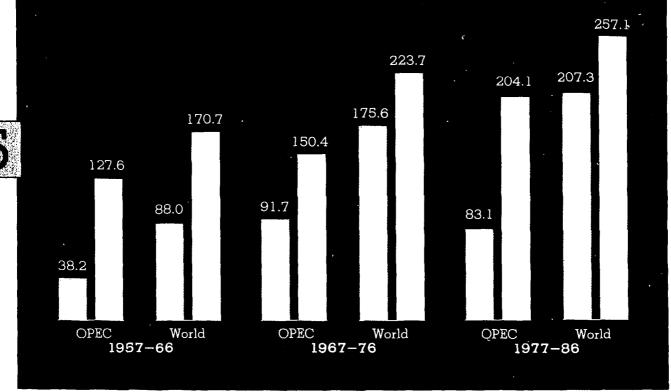
1957-86

Cumulative oil discoveries

Billion barrels

Cumulative production

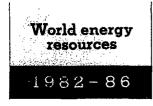




■ Cumulative discoveries = cumulative production + net addition to reserves.

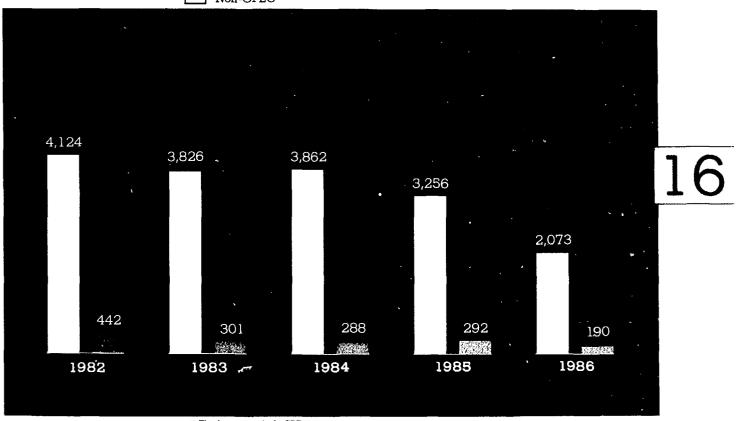
■ "World" includes OPEC Member Countries.

■ Sources: 3-5, 8-10, 12, 13, 17.



Number of active oil exploration rigs





■ The figures exclude CPEs.

■ The figures are as at the end of each year.

■ Source: 18.

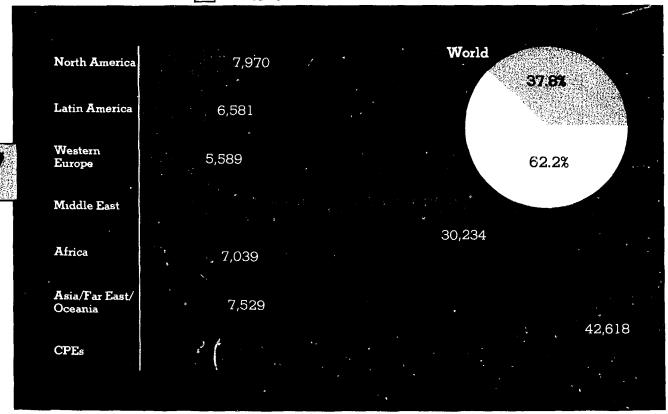
1986

Proven natural gas reserves

Billion standard cubic metres

Regional total OPEC

Non-OPEC



[■] The figures are as at the end of the year.■ Sources: 3-5, 7-10, 13.

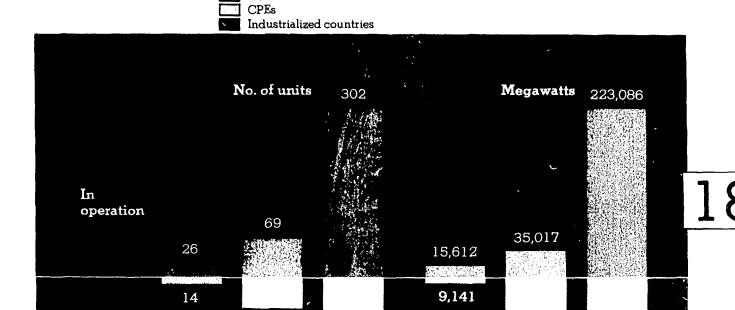
1986

DCs



Under

construction



63

44,314

64,393

■ The figures are as at the end of the year.

Source: 19.

56

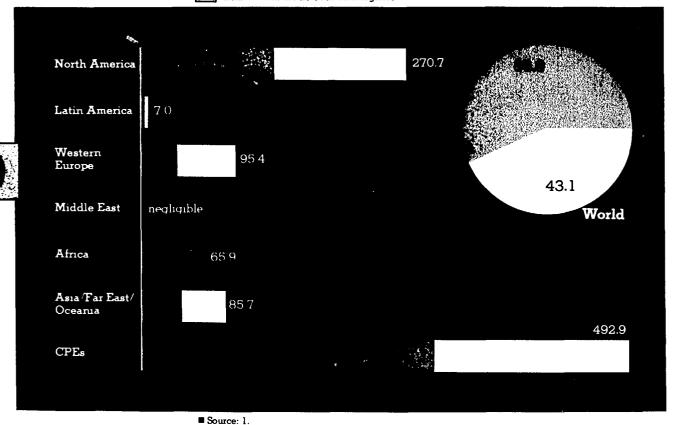
1986

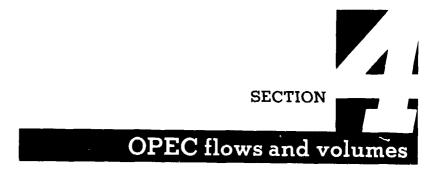
Proven recoverable coal reserves

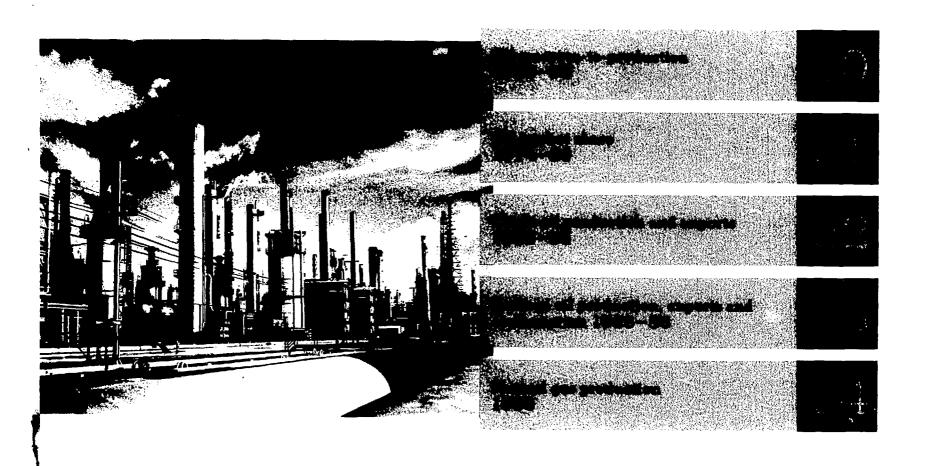
Billion tons coal

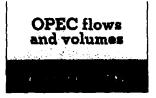
Bituminous coal and anthracite

Sub-bituminous coal and lignite



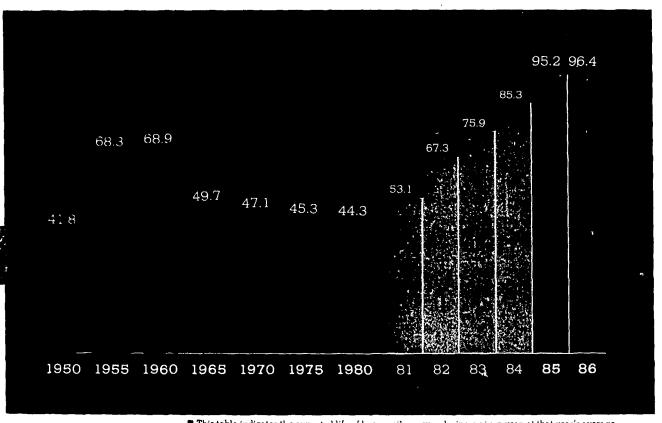






Oil reserves-to-production

Life in years



This table indicates the expected life of known oil reserves during a given year, at that year's average depletion rate.

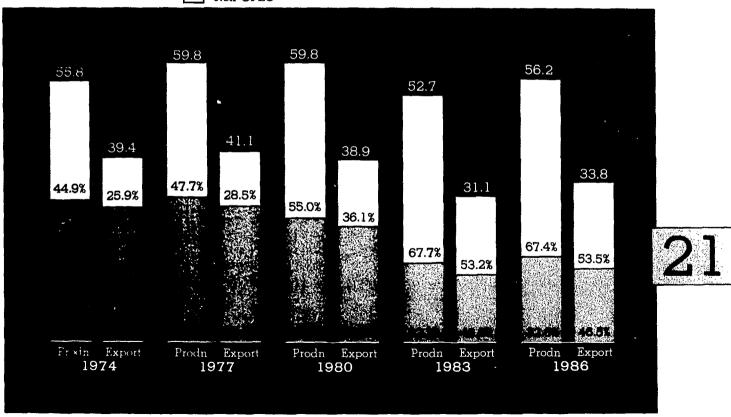
[■] Sources: 3-5, 8-10, 12, 13.



Oil market share

Million barrels per day

OPEC Non-OPEC



■ Prodn = crude oil production.

■ Export = exports of crude oil and oil products.
■ Sources: 2-5, 8, 20.

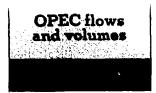


Crude oil production and exports

Million barrels per day

Production Exports

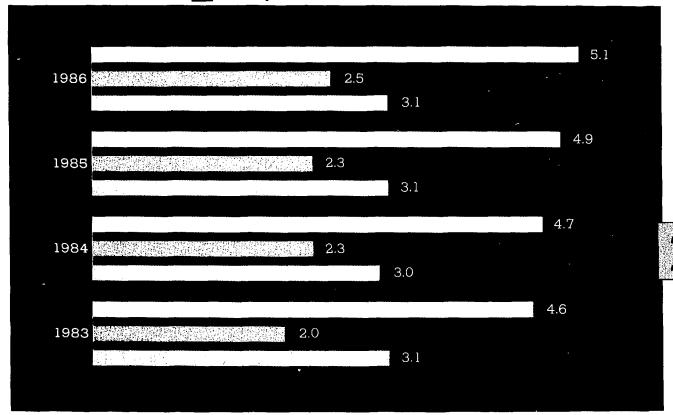




Refined oil production, exports and consumption

Million barrels per day

Production
Exports
Consumption



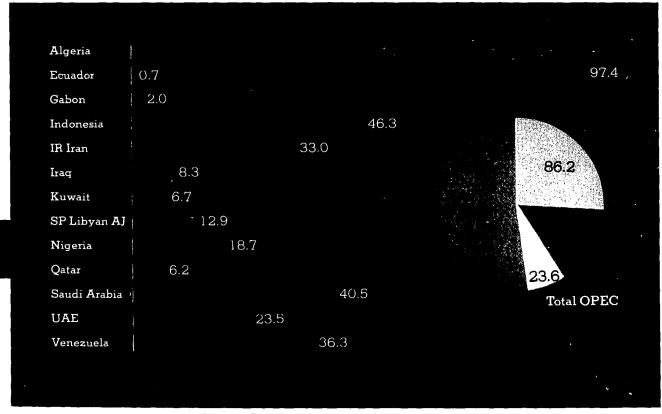
- Production data exclude output from gas plants.
- Exports and consumption exclude bunkers.
- Sources: 2, 3, 8, 20, 21.



Natural gas production

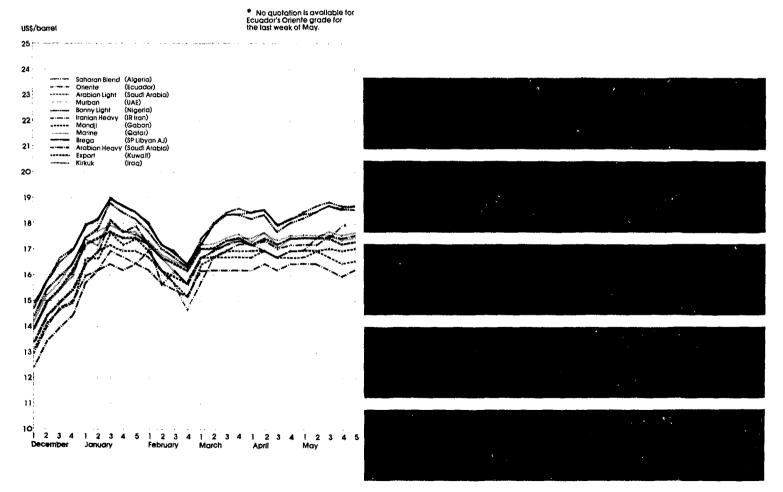
Billion standard cubic metres

Gross
Marketed
Flared
Reinjected
Other





Selected OPEC crude spot prices, December 1986 - May 1987



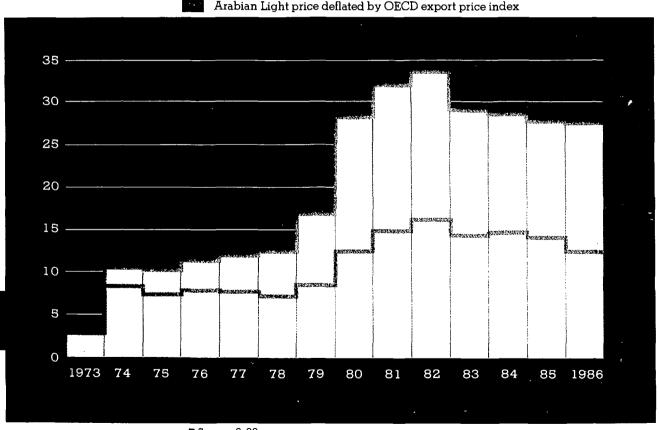


Crude oil prices in nominal and real terms

Dollars per barrel

Nominal price — Arabian Light price (yearly average)

Arabian Light price deflated by OECD export price index

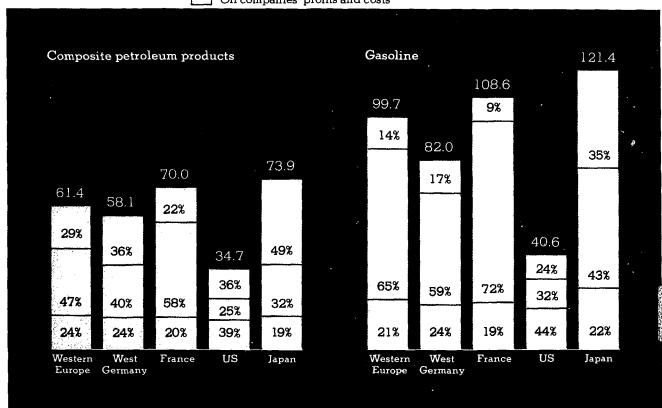




Price breakdown of refined barrels

Dollars per barrel

- OPEC's share, including production costs
- Consuming government's tax
- Oil companies' profits and costs



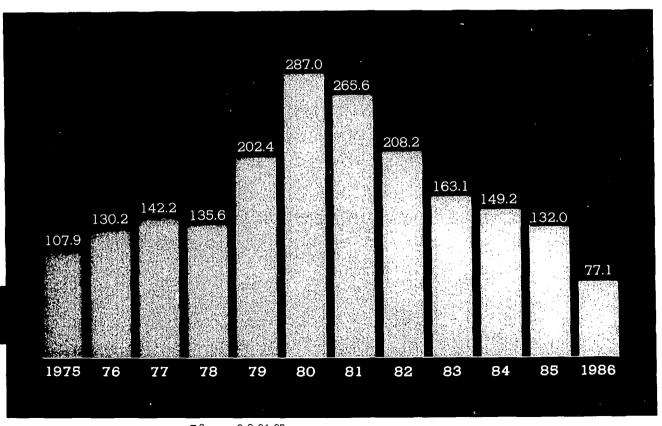
A barrel of composite petroleum products = a fictitious barrel containing a mixture of all petroleum products, calculated on a weighted basis.

[■] Sources: 6, 8, 23.



Petroleum export values

Billion dollars

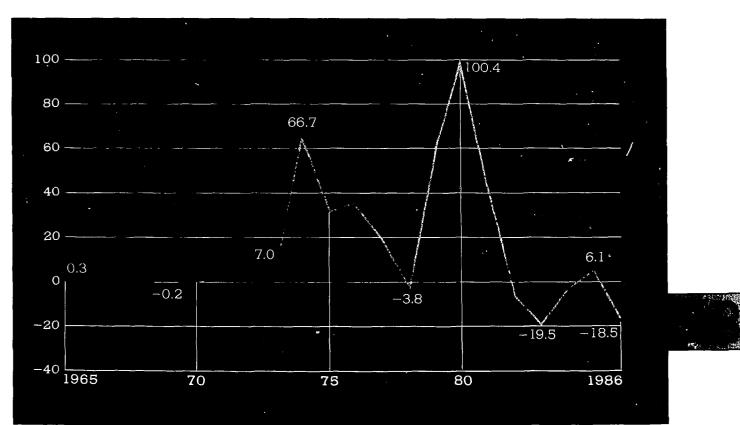


■ Sources: 6, 8, 24, 25.



Balance of payments on current account

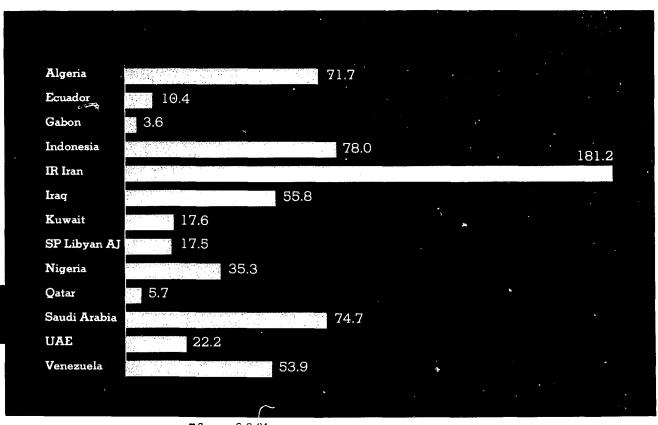
Billion dollars



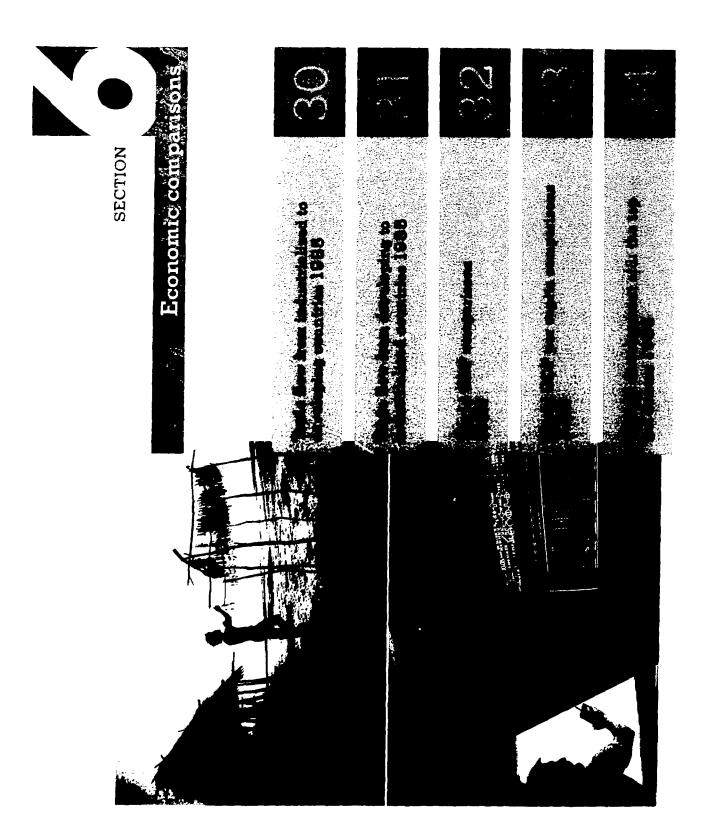


Gross national product

Billion dollars



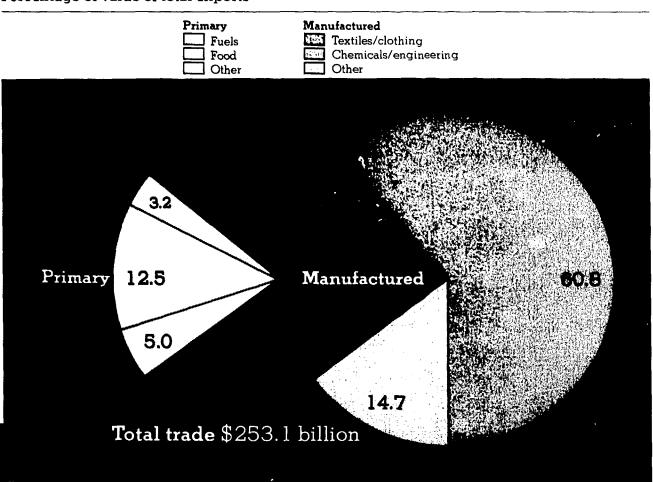
■ Sources: 6, 8, 24.





Trade flow from industrialized to developing countries

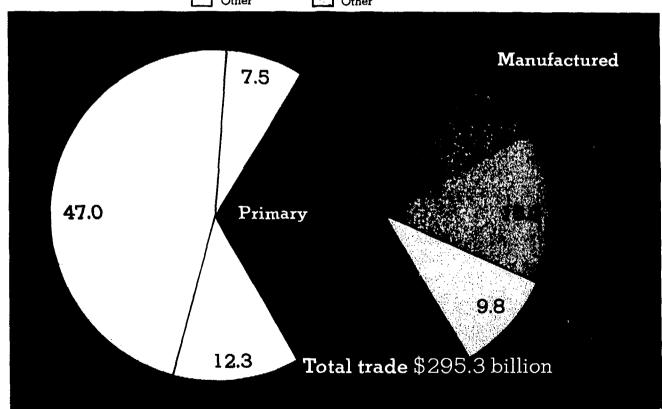
Percentage of value of total exports



Trade flow from developing to industrialized countries

Percentage of value of total exports

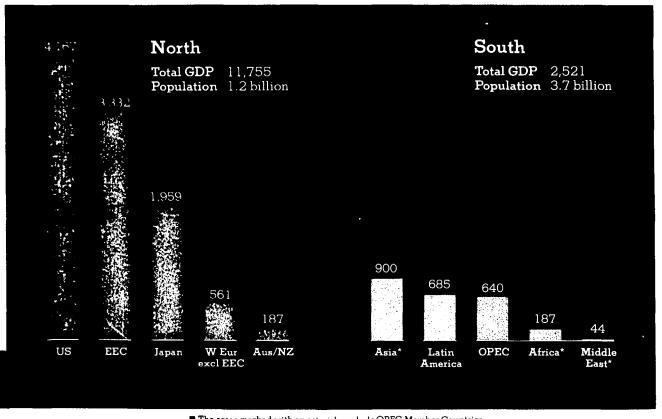






World GDP comparisons

Billion dollars



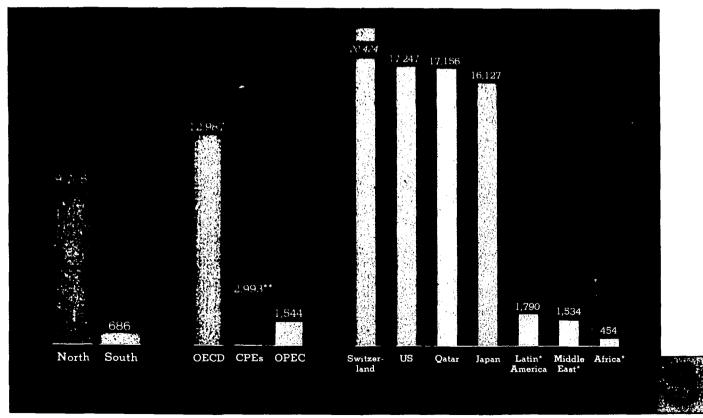
[■] The areas marked with an asterisk exclude OPEC Member Countries.

■ Sources: 3, 6, 8, 24, 27.



World GDP per capita comparisons

Dollars



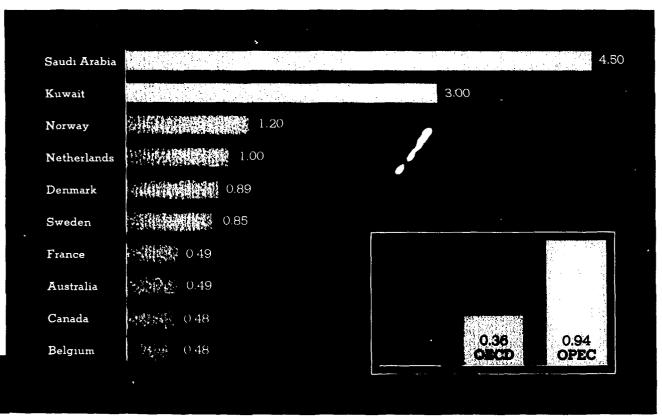
- Switzerland has the highest GDP per capita in the world, and Qatar has the highest figure in OPEC.
 The areas marked with a single asterisk exclude OPEC Member Countries.
- The double asterisk denotes the use of net material product calculations.
- The CPEs on this page are confined to the USSR and Eastern Europe.

■ Sources: 3, 6, 8, 24, 27.



Official development aid: the top ten donors

Net disbursements as percentage of GNP





Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries
Obere Donaustrasse 93, 1020 Vienna, Austria
Tel: 26 55 11. Telex: 134474.