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#### EVALUATION OF THE AECB'S PROCESS OF CONSULTATION WITH EMPLOYEES OF ITS LICENSEES

by

Beak Consultants Limited

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Report

#### PROJECT TEAM AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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#### ABSTRACT

During the development of new and amended regulations for the control of the nuclear industry in Canada, the Atomic Energy Control Board (AECB) has involved a number of public consultation approaches aimed at keeping the public informed about these regulatory changes as well as receiving public feedback on any recommendations or concerns relating to them. As part of a program to evaluate their public consultation, AECB has retained Beak Consultants Limited (BEAK) to investigate the effectiveness of these programs relative to workers at AECB licensed facilities.

The first stage in the study involved a review of public consultation methods used by various Federal Covernment agencies. These were then compared to the existing AECB programs to evaluate potential improvements. These were also referred to in later surveys of employees at licensed facilities to determine their perceived appropriateness.

For survey purposes, the AECB licensed facilities were divided into 12 classes of radioisotope licence, power or research reactor licences, uranium mine/mill licences, heavy water plant licences, radioactive waste management licences and accelerator licences. A telephone survey of facility management was used to determine the distribution of radiation workers by licence type and the management opinions of worker awareness of AECB. Union or professional association representatives were also surveyed by telephone. During these telephone discussions, arrangements were made to coordinate an in-person survey of employees at representative facilities.

A detailed questionnaire was designed for use in the survey of employees. The questionnaire was then pretested at the University of Toronto. This resulted in revisions to questions found to be ambiguous or difficult to understand as well as shortening the questionnaire to speed up the response time. The questionnaire was then reviewed and revised by the AECB. Some revisions were also made, at a later time, as a condition imposed by management at some licensed facilities.

Initial telephone surveys indicated that Ontario had the most complete representation of the various licence categories so, for cost-effectiveness, the detailed questionnaire was primarily used in this province. In addition, employee surveys were conducted of uranium miners in Saskatchewan and reactor workers in New Brunswick. Reactors in Quebec and uranium mining companies in Ontario declined the invitation to participate. A total of 543 questionnaires were administered to employees at 25 different facilities. The majority of employees were both aware of AECB and correctly understood its function. Both of these aspects increased as a function of union membership, age, income, male sex and ARW status. However, the use of AECB consultative documents declined with union membership and increased with membership in professional associations. Satisfaction with the AECB consultative process was fairly low. Workers tended to be more satisfied with other agencies or safety associations. Feelings of job safety were greatest among those who received consultative documents or read AECB press releases.

Feelings of safety also increased with age, education, income and professional association membership, but declined with union membership. Unionized employees expressed a desire for more consultation with AECB.

The study resulted in a number of recommendations to improve the AECB process of consultation with employees at licensed facilities. These included:

 (a) more emphasis on direct two-way communication through regional workshops or meetings at individual facilities;

(b) distribution of non-technical summaries of consultative documents;

(c) expanded distribution of Notices of Issuance with the opportunity to request more in-depth consultative documents or lay summaries. Employers, unions, professional associations and the media could be asked to help inform employees of the availability of these documents;

(d) response questionnaire mail-back forms should be enclosed with consultative documents, and analysis reports should be enclosed with final regulatory documents summarizing these responses;

 (e) a non-technical regulatory journal or newsletter should be issued on a regular basis to keep management informed about the status of proposed amendments;

(f) input to special information programs for non-technical, non-radiation workers at licensed facilities; and

(g) input to formal training programs on radiation protection available to radiation workers at licensed facilities.

While recommendations (f) and (g) are not directly related to the consultation process, and may be considered the employer's responsibility, AECB participation in employee programs would improve the climate for consultation with employees.

Additional recommendations related to improved targeting of consultation with employees included:

- (a) more specific guidelines for designation of ARW's by employers, and
- (b) updating of licensee contacts for each licence held.

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#### RÉSUMÉ

Durant le développement de règlements nouveaux ou modifiés pour la réglementation de l'industrie nucléaire au Canada, la Commission de contrôle de l'énergie atomique (CCEA) a entrepris différentes formes de consultation publique afin de tenir le public au courant de tout changement apporté à la réglementation et de connaître ses réactions face à toute recommandation qui s'y rapporte. Dans le cadre de l'évaluation de son processus de consultation publique, la CCEA a retenu BEAK Consultants (BEAK) pour examiner l'efficacité de ces différentes formes de consultation du point de vue des travailleurs.

La première phase de l'étude comprenait l'examen des méthodes de consultation publique utilisées par divers organismes du gouvernement fédéral. Les méthodes ont été comparées par la suite aux programmes existants de la CCEA en vue d'évaluer les améliorations possibles. Elles ont aussi été mentionnées au cours d'enquêtes ultérieures dans les installations autorisées afin de déterminer si les employés les jugeaient opportunes.

Aux fins de ces enquétes, les installations autorisées par la CCEA ont été divisées en 12 catégories de permis d'après la classification suivante : radioisotopes, réacteurs de puissance et de recherche, mines et usines de concentration d'uranium, usines d'eau lourde, gestion des déchets radioactifs et accélérateurs. On a effectué une enquête par téléphone auprès de la direction des installations afin de déterminer la distribution des travailleurs sous rayonnements par catégorie de permis et l'opinion de la direction sur la connaissance que les employés ont de la CCEA. Les représentants des syndicats et des associations professionnelles ont aussi été interrogés par téléphone. Pendant ces discussions téléphoniques, des dispositions ont été prises pour coordonner une enquête personnelle sur place auprès des employés d'installations représentatives.

Un questionnaire détaillé a été établi pour les enquêtes auprès des employés. Le questionnaire a été éprouvé à l'Université de Toronto. Par la suite, des révisions aux questions paraissant ambiguës ou difficiles à comprendre ont été apportées, et le questionnaire a été écourté afin d'accélérer le délai de réponse. Le questionnaire a été ensuite revu et corrigé par la CCEA. Quelques révisions ont été apportées un peu plus tard à la demande de la direction de quelques installations autorisées.

Comme les premières enquêtes par téléphone ont indiqué que l'Ontario comptait la meilleure représentation au sein des diverses catégories, le questionnaire détaillé a été utilisé principalement dans cette province pour des questions de rentabilité. De plus, des enquêtes ont été menées auprès des mineurs d'uranium de la Saskatchewan et des employés de réacteur du Nouveau-Brunswick. Les réacteurs du Québec et les sociétés minières de l'Ontario ont décliné l'invitation à participer. Cinq cent quarante-trois (543) questionnaires ont été remis aux employés de 25 installations.

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La plupart des employés étaient à la fois conscients de l'existence de la CCEA et comprenaient correctement son rôle. Ces deux aspects augmentent en fonction des facteurs suivants : l'affiliation syndicale, l'âge, le revenu, le sexe masculin et le statut de travailleur sous rayonnement de l'employé. Toutefois, le recours aux documents de consultation de la CCEA décroît en proportion de l'affiliation syndicale et augmente en proportion de l'accréditation par des associations professionnelles. Les employés se sont montrés assez peu satisfaits en général du processus de consultation de la CCEA, tandis qu'ils semblaient être plus satisfaits des autres organismes ou associations de sécurité. Le sentiment de sécurité au travail était le plus fort chez ceux qui reçoivent les documents de consultation de la CCEA ou qui lisent ses communiqués de presse.

Le sentiment de sécurité s'accroît aussi en fonction des facteurs suivants : l'âge, l'éducation, le revenu, l'affiliation professionnelle, mais décroît en fonction de l'affiliation syndicale. Les employés syndiqués ont exprimé le désir d'une plus grande consultation de la part de la CCEA.

L'étude présente les recommandations suivantes pour améliorer le processus de consultation de la CCEA auprès des employés des installations autorisées :

a) une plus grande insistance sur la communication réciproque directe grâce à des ateliers régionaux ou réunions dans les installations ellesmêmes;

b) la distribution de résumés non techniques des documents de consultation.

c) la distribution accrue d'avis de publication et l'occasion de demande des documents de consultation plus approfondis ou des résumés de vulgarisation. On pourrait demander aux employeurs, aux syndicats, aux associations professionnelles et aux médias d'aider à mieux renseigner les employés sur la disponibilité de tels documents;

d) la distribution d'un questionnaire-réponse, comme pièce jointe, avec chaque document de consultation et la distribution du rapport d'analyse de ces questionnaires, comme pièce jointe, avec la version définitive des documents de réglementation;

e) la publication périodique d'un journal ou d'un bulletin non technique pour informer la direction de l'état des modifications proposées à la réglementation;

f) la participation à des programmes d'information spéciaux dans les installations autorisées à l'intention des travailleurs qui ne sont ni travailleurs techniques ni travailleurs sous rayonnements;

g) la participation à des programmes de formation officiels en radioprotection dans les installations autorisées à l'intention des travailleurs sous rayonnements; Bien que les recommandations f) et g) ne soient pas directement liées au processus de consultation et peuvent être considérées comme responsabilités relevant de l'employeur, la participation de la CCEA dans les programmes pour employés améliorerait le climat de la consultation auprès d'eux.

D'autres recommandations liées à une meilleure orientation de la consultation auprès des employés comprennent :

a) des lignes directices plus précises pour la désignation des travailleurs sous rayonnements par les employeurs;

b) la mise à jour du nom des personnes contacts chez les titulaires de permis pour chaque permis détenu.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

The AECB has the mandate to regulate the development and operation of nuclear facilities in Canada and to control related prescribed substances. Part of this mandate involves the development of new and amended regulations to safeguard the nuclear industry, its employees and the general environment. In the development of such regulations, the AECB has involved public consultation and information processes. The purposes of public consultation include:

(a) keeping the public informed on AECB and how it regulates the nuclear industry;

(b) informing AECB of any public concerns or suggestions related to this regulation; and

(c) optimizing the development of new and amended regulations through informed public review and feedback.

The AECB is interested in the effectiveness of its public consultation programs. Its interest is both in the usefulness of these programs to the general public and as a mechanism for keeping employees and management at licensed facilities involved and informed on the regulatory process. A study was recently concluded (Secor, 1984; AECB Report INFO-0123) to analyze the AECB public consultation program in general. This study looked primarily at the use of <u>Consultative Documents</u>. It also reviewed consultative programs initiated by other federal agencies such as CRTC, CTC and NEB. It concluded that the existing AECB public consultative process "appears quite satisfactory" as it applies to the nuclear industry. However, it was noted that public response is relatively low (averaging 6% response on mailed Consultative Documents). It was also noted that the program has not been so successful relative to unions and professional associations at licensed facilities, local communities near these facilities and public interest groups.

The Canadian Labour Congress (CLC) has encouraged AECB over the past several years to conduct an evaluation of its consultation programs with specific reference to workers. The present study was undertaken to investigate the effectiveness of these programs relative to workers at facilities licensed by AECB.

#### 1.2 Objectives

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The objectives of this study were:

(a) to determine the extent to which employees of AECB facilities wish to be consulted in the regulatory process;

(b) to determine the usefulness of existing AECB public consultation programs in keeping licensee employees informed; and

(c) to determine the optimal approaches for including consultation with licensee employees in the regulatory process.

#### 2. IDENTIFICATION OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION APPROACHES

Public consultation has become increasingly important in Canadian decision-making over the last two decades (Burton and Wildgoose, 1977; Sadler, 1979). However, it still remains a poorly understood and often ineffective tool that requires considerable research to optimize approaches under different objectives and background circumstances. A wide variety of public consultation approaches has been used in Canada. These are listed by Eedy and Howes (1982) to include: disclosure meetings to inform the public at early stages in planning; news releases or advertisements; information meetings at critical stages in project development; workshops to work together with the public on defining or resolving issues; open houses; newsletters; questionnaires; public advisory committees; random interviews or opinion surveys; institutional interviews; public reports; and formal public hearings.

Eedy and Howes (1982) note that the different methods have widely varying effects and are most appropriate under different background circumstances or even at different times under the same project development. In fact, in some of their case studies, as many as 11 of these 12 different methods were applied to the same study within a relatively short period of time. During the current study, a number of additional methods were also identified that were more appropriate to long-term, more general issue information programs.

The variation in optimal approaches to public information is further emphasized by Sully <u>et al.</u> (1982) who summarize how the same combination of most of the above methods applied at two different locations at the same time and relating to the same development resulted in totally opposite results. The importance of implementing a good public consultation program was pointed out by Eedy (1982) who reviewed a totally subsidized project with obvious local benefits that was turned down due to public concerns that were raised in the early stages of public consultation and not properly responded to.

The purpose of public consultation on regulatory agenda is to ensure that the most effective regulations are developed. Public involvement in their development not only allows public input to the optimization of the regulations, but it also maximizes public acceptance of these regulations once enacted. It is thus imperative that AECB utilizes the best approaches to maximize the effectiveness of public consultation in its regulatory process.

#### 2.1 Approaches Used by Other Regulatory Agencies

In order to investigate the variety of methods used in public consultation and to recommend optimal approaches for AECB's regulatory agenda, a review was conducted of the public consultation approaches found most effective by other government agencies. These were compared to the approaches currently used by AECB.

Regulations to be proclaimed in Canada must first undergo an analysis of their costs and benefits which includes consultation with directly affected parties both at the problem definition stage and at the proposed regulation stage (Treasury Board of Canada, 1979). The public ("all interested parties") must be given a minimum of 60 days to review and comment on a proposed regulation, its purpose, its legal authority, and a summary of its socio-economic impacts. Due to this requirement, different regulatory agencies have designed a variety of approaches to involve the public in review of regulatory agenda.

Public consultation programs used in regulation development by Federal agencies include:

(a) Environment Canada (1980) issued a draft policy for public consultation which was distributed for public input. They have also had annual public meetings to review the effectiveness of their public information policies.

Most of public information on new regulatory agenda is handled through Ottawa. Each regulation has a specified information officer. The department issues a handbook for these officers telling them how to respond to public enquiries. Regulatory agenda and background reports on the need for new regulations are all public. Environment Canada is currently having an outside evaluation of this program.

In addition to the regulatory agenda, Environment Canada has information officers in each region, a regular newsletter, an open policy on public availability of reports, and annual public workshops in each region to discuss departmental policy.

(b) Labour Canada issues regulatory agendas to the public with names of departmental contacts for specific regulations. Meetings are held with employer groups to discuss these regulatory agendas. Those contacted did not know a lot about the implementation of these public consultation approaches, since programs are apparently regulation-specific.

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(c) The **Canadian Transport Commission** publishes notices regarding new regulations in the Canada Gazette. Media releases and local press advertisements are used in the area affected. If enough public comments occur, a quasi-judicial hearing is set up.

(d) Health and Welfare Canada issues information letters to some of the Department's 10,000 person mailing list (only those on list affected by specific regulations). A ninety-day response period is allowed for comments. If major revisions occur, a second draft of the first letter goes out for comments. A second letter summarizes comments and final regulatory decisions. Responses to the letter are low, with a 2% response rate considered good. If response is felt inadequate, follow-up calls are used quite successfully.

The Department publishes regulatory agendas and notices in the Canada Gazette and occasionally uses advertisements or press releases in special cases. An information service hot line at five Regional and 22 District offices as well as in Ottawa is used. An Expert Advisory Committee (technical, consumer and industry representatives) which meets two to three times per year has been created. Occasionally, Health & Welfare Canada holds Regional meetings, by invitation only, asking for a broad spectrum of opinions. Moreover, the Department occasionally participates in association meetings or seminars.

(e) The National Energy Board publishes regulatory agenda, information bulletins and newspaper notices. All applications must go to public hearings. If these hearings result in proposed regulatory or policy changes, separate hearings are held. The National Energy Board publishes hearings decisions, legal transcripts, etc. For minor regulatory changes, they send a draft to a mailing list (different list for each energy sector), but seldom get much response. (A recent draft went to 1,000 with 35 responses.)

(f) The Canadian Radio and Telecommunications Commission issues the notices of proposed regulatory changes to a mailing list and to the media. Responses vary from few to thousands. When public hearings are called, media releases as well as advertisements are used. Hearings are formal and legal. All documents used at hearings are public.

(g) The **Transport Canada** Information Officer contacted knew of no public consultation activities outside of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

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Regulations. Transport Canada does issue twice annual regulatory agenda to subscribers. This regulatory agenda lists regulatory activities proposed and contacts. In proclaiming the TDG Regulations, an extensive public consultation program was conducted. This included public availability of draft regulations and a comment period, a monthly TDG Newsletter to keep the public informed on status of the regulations, TDG Special Bulletins at milestones in the regulatory agenda, and irregular Information Bulletins and Occurrence Reports to discuss special aspects of the TDG Regulations. Special information telephone contacts were also available throughout.

#### 2.2 The AECB Consultation Process

The AECB currently employs a number of public consultation approaches. These include:

(a) **Regulatory Agendas** are issued to those requesting to be on the mailing list on a twice annual basis. They list all proposed regulatory changes, the rationale for investigating the changes, the status of implementation and studies planned or in progress relevant to the proposed regulation. They also provide a contact name at AECB for further information.

(b) **Consultative Documents** are prepared for each specific regulatory change proposed, for new regulatory guidelines or regulatory policy statements, and for new generic licence conditions. This summarizes the proposed amendment or new regulation and solicits public comment. The consultative documents are automatically sent to a general mailing list and to an ad hoc mailing list of persons who have expressed interest in the specific area of regulation. Notices of Issuance are sent to a further supplementary general list. The full document is forwarded to persons on that list upon request. Media releases are also used to inform the public of the availability of documents judged to have a significant impact or to merit promotion.

A period of 90 days is allowed for public input to the proposed regulation. If comments result in significant revisions to the proposed legislation, a second draft may be circulated to those in the public who commented on the first draft.

An Analysis Report summarizing the consultation process, the comments received and their impact on the final regulations, is sometimes distributed with the final regulatory document.

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(c) The **AECB Library** and Public Documents Room at 270 Albert Street in Ottawa is open to the public. All public reports and documents by or submitted to the AECB are available. Librarians are also available to direct public users or respond to questions.

(d) The Office of Public Information has full-time information officers available to respond to public inquiries. It also issues periodic public summaries of AECB regulations, policies and studies in the Regulatory Agenda (a), publishes and distributes the Consultative Documents (b), and issues the Annual Publications Catalogue (e), other periodic documents (f) and media releases (g).

(e) Several **Annual Reports** issued by AECB are available to the public. The Annual Publications Catalogue lists reports and documents available to the public. The AECB Annual Report summarizes activities and budgets for the past year. It includes information on existing and future regulatory changes.

(f) **Periodic Documents** are published by the AECE on its research, regulations and policies.

(g) Media Releases are issued on research, policies, regulations and other AECB actions when public interest is felt to warrant these.

(h) **Inspectors:** Nuclear facilities licensed under AECB regulation are periodically inspected by AECB personnel. These inspectors are available to report to the management and employees on the reasons for inspection, outcome of the inspection and general AECB policies or regulations relative to that facility. They are also available to respond to management or employee inquiries related to the facilities.

(i) Seminars: Senior AECB staff attend and give policy papers at selected conferences and seminars. Recent papers have been given on the consultation program as it relates to regulatory initiatives. Also, the Uranium Mines Division participates in two seminar training courses each year, dealing with radiation safety and regulatory policy.

#### 2.3 Summary and Comparison of Regulatory Public Participation

All Federal departments with regulatory manuates include a number of common public consultation approaches. These include the Canada Gazette, twice annual publishing of regulatory agenda, information officers, and consultative documents or draft regulations being sent for a public review period of 90 days. Within these basic approaches, the application varies greatly. Environment Canada has perhaps the most consistent and widespread approach. Hence, all draft regulations, background study documents, etc. are sent for public review; regular newsletters and technical publications keep the public informed as new regulations are slowly developed; and annual public workshops provide feedback on how the public consultation is working. Transport Canada had a similar program for its new Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, but other regulations are treated with a much lower profile. Other regulatory agencies such as NEB and CRTC have a much more formal program with legalized public hearings and active involvement of special interest groups on a regulation-specific basis.

The AECB public consultation program was felt to compare well with other Federal agencies. The mechanisms are available. The main concerns are whether these are known and used by the appropriate public groups, whether these groups understand the information in the highly technical documents available, how to keep the interested public informed on the status and revisions of regulations as they undergo lengthy reviews, and how to ensure that while information is available to all the public, only those specifically interested in a topic area receive the detailed documentation.

The AECB uses Notices of Issuance to answer, at least partially, the last area of concern. These Notices of Issuance could potentially be expanded in distribution while cutting back on distribution of more lengthy or technical documents until specifically requested. A periodic survey of public concerns and desires, such as conducted by Environment Canada, could also be of great value. Other examples recommended for AECB consideration include:

(a) The EPS Environmental Quality Update provides a status report summary. This identifies all regulations for which changes are considered and the status of related reports. It is up to the individuals on the mailing list to obtain the relevant documents and background reports.

This would solve problems identified in our survey such as: receipt of non-relevant regulatory documentation; lack of follow-up material on finalization of regulatory

changes; clarification of status of proposed regulatory changes; identification of authorities to contact with specific regulatory change questions; and desires of some employers only to obtain information once changes have been finalized.

(b) The EPS Summary Report is one of four milestone technical reports (or series of reports) required by EPS to rationalize proposed regulation changes. A summary report is sent to all who commented on the technical reports or consultative documents. It provides a less technical (layman) summary of all documents, comments and the final resolution. The Analysis Report which is sometimes issued by AECB with a regulatory document serves much the same function. Expanded use of the Analysis Report would resolve a number of licensee comments such as: "we are only interested in the final result", "consultative documents are too technical to understand", and "we need some indication of how public comments are responded to".

(c) The **TDG Newsletter** is a monthly, widely distributed summary of all events relevant to regulatory agenda under the TDG Act. It is thus similar to the EPS "Update" and "Summary" combined. It also announces other types of available "awareness materials", summarizes events, and gives examples of responses to events.

(d) **TDG Special Bulletins** come out irregularly but consistently. They are a low cost way of keeping everyone up-to-date.

(e) **TDG Information Bulletin and Occurrence Reports** are irregular but provide the kind of lay summaries people seem to want. The occurrence report emphasizes the need for specific regulations.

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#### 3. THE AECB LICENSING SYSTEM

The AECB issues licences to radionuclide users in a number of different categories. Licence conditions may be stipulated according to the licence type, the intended radionuclide use, and the facilities available to the licensee. One requirement is the designation of certain employees as Atomic Radiation Workers (ARW's) if there is a reasonable probability during the dosimetry year that they will exceed the 500 mrem (5 mSv) stochastic dose commitment limit set by the regulation for non-ARW's. Designated ARW's must be monitored by the use of personal dosimeters. Designation of ARW's is the responsibility of the employer.

Licences are grouped into eight broad categories, including: 34 Prescribed Substances Licences, 5,217 Radioisotope Licences, 21 Power and Research Reactor Licences, 21 Uranium Mine/Mill Licences, 8 Uranium Refinery and Fuel Fabrication Licences, 5 Heavy Water Plant Licences, 11 Radioactive Waste Management Licences, and 57 Accelerator Licences, including licences for construction, decommissioning and "mothballed" facilities.

#### 3.1 Prescribed Substances Licences

Prescribed substances licensees possess radioactive materials which are subject to international safeguards obligations, typically uranium and thorium compounds, usually of low activity but often in large quantities. Possession may be for the purpose of resale, display, storage or analysis. The functions of the prescribed substances licensing program include inventory and transportation safeguards. Radiological risk to employees is generally considered to be minor. Consequently, the present study did not consider employees of prescribed substances licence holders.

#### 3.2 Radioisotope Licences

Radioisotope licences are further classified into 23 categories, as follows:

(a) Analyzers (ANALYZ): This category is used for instruments which may be portable but usually are fixed laboratory instruments. The sources are small.

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(b) **Brachytherapy (BRATPY):** These sources are used for cancer therapy by implanting them into or close to the tumor. Typical sources are approximately i GBq (gigabecquerel) of cesium-137, iodine-125, gold-198, iridium-192 or radium-226.

(c) Calibration (CALIBR): These sources, which are normally used for instrument calibration, can vary from several kilobecquerels to a gigabecquerel. Small sources would normally be stored or shipped in a lead container. Larger sources are located behind massive shields.

(d) **Consolidated (CONSLD):** For large institutions such as some universities, consolidated licences are issued which allow the institution some control in the purchasing and use of radioactive material. This category encompasses all the other use types.

(e) Gas Chromatographs (CROMAT): Gas chromatographs are laboratory instruments which sometimes use small tritium or nickel-63 sources to detect trace amounts of certain compounds in gases. The sources are marked with a radiation warning sign and are located inside the instrument.

(f) **Dewpointer (DEWPTR):** Dewpointers, which contain small radium-226 sources, are used to measure the dewpoint of gases.

(g) Gauges: Fixed gauges are normally mounted on pipes or tanks in factories to measure remotely the density, moisture or level of the product. They usually contain between 1 and 100 gigabecquerels of cesium-137 inside a lead shield which is marked with a radiation warning sign.

(h) Human <u>In Vitro</u> (HUMVIT): Small amounts of radioactive material are used in laboratory tests to aid in the diagnosis of human diseases.

(i) Human In Vivo (HUMVIV): Small amounts of radioactive material with short half-lives are injected into humans as part of certain diagnostic tests but, in some cases such as hyperthyroidism, iodine-131 in solution is injected for therapy purposes.

(j) **Irradiator (IRADTR):** By using radiation, certain products can be sterilized or changed chemically. For example, large doses are used to sterilize medical products such as sutures, and smaller doses can be used to delay the spoilage of fruits and

vegetables. Irradiators can vary from a few terabecquerels of cobalt-60 or cesium-137 inside a lead shield, to petabecquerels of cobalt-60 which are stored underwater and raised inside a shielded room to irradiate the product. The room contains numerous interlocks on all entrances, warning signs and thick concrete walls. In case of fire within the shielded room, it is necessary to shield the source before entering. If this is not possible, the fire must be fought externally.

(k) Logging (LOGING): Sealed sources of cesium-137 and americium-241 are frequently lowered down oil and gas wells to obtain information about the formations surrounding the well. Sources as large as a terabecquerel are used. Sources are normally stored in pipes or pits in the ground, and they are transported to the well head in sturdy shields which have passed severe drop, puncture and fire tests.

(1) Light Source (LT SCE): Radioactive material can be used to cause fluorescence of certain materials. The most common use is emergency exit signs on aircraft which contain approximately one-half terabecquerel of tritium gas (a radioactive form of hydrogen). The containers are robust to prevent breakage of the glass tubes which contain the tritium gas.

(m) Open Source (OP SCE): Unsealed radioactive material is used for a variety of experiments and tests. The material is normally received from the supplier in glass vials anc, for use, the contents are withdrawn and used in a typical chemical laboratory. If there is a possibility of airborne radioactive material, fume hoods are used. If a significant amount of activity is spread around the laboratory, precautions must be taken to prevent ingestion or contamination of the skin or clothing. Each laboratory using radioactive material is identified with a warning sign and the name and telephone number of a person to contact in the case of emergencies.

(n) Other: This category is used to describe a few uses which do not conveniently fit into any of the other categories.

(o) Nuclear Pacemaker (PACER): Radioactive material is used to provide the power for some cardiac pacemakers. There are approximately 50 people in Canada who have these, but the number is gradually decreasing because improved batteries have been replacing radioactive power sources in any new implants. The containers have been designed to withstand cremation and severe impacts. Each patient carries a card or wears a bracelet to alert people.

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(p) Portable Gauges (PORGAG): Portable instruments which contain 400 megabecquerels of cesium-137 and 2 gigabecquerels of americium-241 are commonly used to measure the moisture and density of soils, road beds, etc. These units are normally of little hazard. However, the instruments are sometimes damaged by earth-moving equipment. In such cases, the sources may be separated from the debris, and it is important to determine their location.

(q) **Radiography (RADGFY):** Cobalt-60 and iridium-192 as large as 2 terabecquerels are regularly used to radiograph welds, castings, etc. The sources are taken to job sites in portable "cameras" which typically weigh about 20 kg. These sources are extremely dangerous when they are unshielded. Because of the potential hazard, they can only be used by certified radiographers who have studied radiation safety, and each camera must be able to withstand severe fire, impact and puncture tests. Cameras are durably marked with a radiation warning sign and the owner's name and telephone number.

(r) Smoke Detectors (SMOKE): Radioactive material (americium-241) is commonly used to detect the early stages of a fire and, in many cities, such a unit is mandatory in each house.

(s) **Static Eliminators (STALIM):** Polonium-210 mounted in strips, brushes or air nozzles is a common method to reduce static electricity problems, such as those in the printing and photofinishing industry. The radioactive material is contained within small ceramic beads which, in turn, are protected by a screen.

(t) **Supplier (SUPPLR):** This category is used for all companies that supply radioactive material. The products could range from smoke detectors to radiography sources.

(u) Surge Voltage Protectors (SURPRO): Small amounts of radioactive material are used in some electronic tubes to provide specific characteristics.

(v) Target: Targets for high energy accelerators sometimes contain up to 4 terabecquerels of tritium. The tritium is contained within the target which, in turn, is located inside an accelerator tube. Accelerators of this type are normally located only at some universities.

(w) Teletherapy (TELTPY): Cobalt-60 sources as large as 500 terabecquerels are used to treat cancer patients. Sources this large could be very dangerous but, for protection, they are located inside massive lead shields and specially designed rooms. The source can only be exposed when the door to the therapy room is closed and a specific start-up procedure is followed. In view of the massive nature of the lead shield and the thick concrete walls, floor and ceiling, the probability of the source being unshielded as the result of a fire is extremely small.

For the purposes of this study, some licence categories have been pooled, reflecting their similarities in terms of working environment, source strength and potential human hazards. As a result, 12 radioisotope licence categories were considered, as follows: ANALYZ-CROMAT, BRATPY-TELPY, CALIBR, CONSOLD, COMPROD (SMOKE-STALIM-SURPRO-DEWPTR-LT SCE), GAUGES (GAUGES-PORGAG), HUM OPSCE (HUMVIT-HUMVIV-OP SCE), IRADTR, LOGING, RADGFY, SUPPLR and TARGET.

Analyzers and chromatographs containing sealed sources are typically used in analytical chemistry laboratories. Brachytherapy and teletherapy sources are typically used in hospital radiotherapy units. The COMPROD category includes small sealed sources in commercial products for industrial or consumer use. Gauges contain sealed sources, both fixed and portable, and are used in factories and construction, where there is a significant potential for source damage and radioisotope release. The HUM OPSCE category includes various uses of unsealed radioisotopes in solution in medical or other laboratories, where there is a significant potential for source there is a significant potential for source for unsealed radioisotopes in solution in medical or other laboratories, where there is a significant potential for accidental dispersion.

Radioisotope licences in PACER and OTHER categories have not been specifically considered in this study. PACER licences are held by individual patients whose names and medical histories are confidential. OTHER licences have been excluded in view of their small number and very diverse nature.

• The vast majority of licences issued by AECB are radioisotope licences. As of April 1985, the catalogue included 5,217 radioisotope licences in the categories listed above.

### 3.3 Power and Research Reactor Licences

Power and research reactors differ in type and capacity. For the purposes of this study, all reactor licences have been grouped together. As of 31 March 1985, there were 12 power reactor licences in Canada, all CANDU-PHW pressurized heavy water reactors, with the exception of a CANDU-BLW boiling light water reactor currently being

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decommissioned. The power reactors range in licensed capacity from 25 MW (NDP Generating Station) to 850 MW (Darlington Generating Station A under construction), with up to four reactor units per licence.

There were nine research reactor licences in Canada as of 31 March 1985. Most are for Slowpoke II reactors with a 20 KW licensed capacity. The largest, outside of AECL, is for a 5 MW Swimming Pool reactor at McMaster University.

#### 3.4 Uranium Mine/Mill Licences

Uranium mine/mill licences vary in type and capacity. Underground exploration, ore removal and decommissioning licences do not specify capacity. Production licences specify both product (e.g., mill feed, uranium concentrate, uranium, acid raffinate, ore) and capacity on a per diem or annual basis. As of 31 March 1985, there were 21 uranium mine/mill licences in Canada, including four for exploration, five for ore removal, four for decommissioning and eight for production.

#### 3.5 Uranium Refinery and Fuel Fabrication Licences

Uranium refineries produce elemental uranium or uranium compounds from the mill product. Uranium compounds include  $UF_6$ ,  $UO_2$ ,  $UO_3$  and ammonium di-uranate (yellowcake is usually the mill product). Licensed capacities of refineries range from 70 to 18,000 tonnes/yr of specific compounds, with up to four compounds on each licence. Fuel fabricators produce smaller quantities (200 to 600 tonnes/yr) of uranium fuel bundles or pellets from the refinery product for use as a reactor fuel. Both refineries and fuel fabricators hold a Fuel Facility Operating Licence. As of 31 March 1985, there were eight such licences in Canada.

#### 3.6 Heavy Water Plant Licences

Heavy water plant licences range in production capacity from 400 to 800 tonnes/yr of heavy water for use as a reactor coolant. As of 31 March 1985, five heavy water plant licences were held in Canada.

#### 3.7 Radioactive Waste Management Licences

Radioactive waste management facilities vary with type of waste and type of treatment, including storage of high-level solid wastes from nuclear power stations (e.g., spent fuel),

research facilities, uranium refineries and military activities, and storage or incineration of low-level wastes. As of 31 March 1985, there were 11 radioactive waste management licences in Canada.

### 3.8 Accelerator Licences

Accelerators are used to accelerate sub-atomic particles for various applications. In physic, they are used in the study of sub-atomic particle interactions. In medicine, they are used principally for diagnosis and therapy. Accelerators are typically located in university research laboratories or hospital radiotherapy units. As of March 1985, there were 57 accelerator licences in Canada.

#### 4. DISTRIBUTION OF RADIATION WORKERS AT LICENSED FACILITIES

The distribution of radiation workers, by facility licence type and province, was investigated by means of a telephone survey of facility management. The purpose of this preliminary investigation was to identify any obvious regional differences in radiation worker populations, with respect to type of work performed (i.e., licence category), awareness of the AECB consultation process, or satisfaction with that process. Impressions of employee awareness and satisfaction were assessed indirectly by questioning management personnel, as well as union or other worker representatives where possible (see Section 4.3). Direct surveys of workers are discussed in Section 5. Suggested regional differences in worker populations were considered in determining the geographical scope of the subsequent written questionnaire survey of employees.

Figure 4-1 is a questionnaire used in the management survey to ensure consistency during telephone interviews.

Licensees were contacted during the preliminary survey in all provinces and territories, except the Northwest Territories, where a single contact was attempted but no response obtained. They were selected by stratified random sampling from the AECB catalogue of licensees. Radioisotope licensees and accelerator licensees were determined by province from AECB computer files. Other types of licensees were determined from the AECB Annual Report.

The sampling effort ranged from approximately 1% in well represented province by licence type categories (100 or more licensees) to 100% in some categories represented by a single licensee in the province. There are a large number of province by licence type categories containing a single licensee, or very few licensees. Therefore, equal sampling effort in all categories would not be practical without excluding the majority of province by licence type categories.

Each respondent in the telephone survey (Figure 4-1) was asked to estimate the number of ARW's present at his/her facility and to indicate in general whether those workers were aware of the AECB consultation process and whether they were satisfied with the level of consultation. Details were also sought on worker organizations and the willingness of the licensee to be involved in a survey of individual employees (Section 5). ARW's were defined for the purposes of this survey as workers who either handle radioactive materials or work in designated radiation areas. Designated ARW's were

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# FIGURE 4-1: FORM USED IN TELEPHONE SURVEY OF LICENSEE MANAGEMENT

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AECB PUBLIC CONSULTATION	PHONE SURVEY
LICENSEE or FACILITY:	
ADDRESS:	
TELEPHONE:	
Number of radiation workers: (handle radioisotopes or work in designat	ed radiation areas)
Consultation Process: AECB	
Worker Awareness?	
Worker Satisfaction?	
Unions represented at the facility: (contacts-shop steward or local pres.)	
Telephone Number:	
Professional Affiliations: (if no union)	
Contact:	Telephone:
Willingness to participate in study: Willingness to set up group survey:	yes no maybe they will do it let the union do it Beak to arrange
Comments:	
Date: Ti	me:

included in this enumeration, even though some of them do not handle radioactive materials or work in radiation areas.

#### 4.1 Results of Management Survey

The distribution of licences by province and licence type is shown in Table 4-1. The number of licensees contacted in each province by licence type category during the telephone survey is included in parentheses. Since individual licensees may hold more than one licence (the average licensee holds two), assignment of licensees to licence categories was artifically determined, according to the category in which each licensee was selected. Approximately 40% of the licensees contacted indicated that a union was active at their facility.

Assignment of ARW's to licence categories is also somewhat artificial, since their employers often cannot be assigned to a particular category. Specific job descriptions usually permit assignment of workers to a licence category; however, managers seldom had such specific information available and were not prepared to attempt such a classification. As a result, it was suggested that workers themselves would be in a better position to identify a single most appropriate licence category, based on their own work experience. This suggestion was adopted for employee interviews (Section 5.4).

For the purpose of estimating the cross-Canada distribution of ARW's from the telephone survey, the average number of ARW's per licensee was determined for each province (Table 4-2). This provincial average was multiplied by the number of licensees in each province to estimate the number of ARW's in each province. For the Northwest Territories, the average number of ARW's per licensee was assumed to be equal to the Yukon average.

The total number of ARW's in Canada was estimated at about 45,000. This number can be obtained by multiplying the average number of ARW's per Canadian licensee by the number of Canadian licensees, or as the sum of estimated ARW's in each province.

The distribution of ARW's among licence categories can be estimated by assuming a distribution of licensees among licence categories in proportion to the distribution of licences. The number of licensees in each category is then multiplied by the average number of ARW's per licensee to estimate the number of ARW's in each licence category. These estimates are shown in Table 4-3 for Canada as a whole.

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	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Туре	BC	ΥK	NW	AB	SK	MB	ON	PQ	NB	NS	PE	NF	Total
Radioisotope Licences <sup>1</sup>													
ANALYZ CROMAT BRATPY TELTPY CALIBR CONSOLD COM. PROD. GAUGES HUM OP SCE IRADTR LOGGING RADGFY SUPPLR TARGET	64(1) 5 47(1) 83(1) 155(2) 111(1) 5(1) 9 21 7 2(1)	 0 0 1 3(1) 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 0 1 0(1) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	47(1) 8 48(1) 5 84(1) 177(2) 83(1) 5 61(4) 65(1) 14 2(1)	17(1) 4 13(1) 2 19 58(1) 27 1 7(1) 4 0 0	9(1) 3 15 4 21 46(1) 39 2 2 5 0 0	211(2) 26(1) 309(3) 12(1) 646(6) 481(5) 426(4) 29(1) 4(2) 82(3) 129(1) 4	95(1) 21 81(1) 6 261(3) 296(3) 275(3) 6 2 52(1) 35 4(1)	14 3 12 1 5 45(1) 17 0 1 5 0 0	13(1) 2 15 3(1) 13 (1) 36(1) 31(1) 2(1) 1(i) 8 2 0	0 2 0 3(1) 3 0 1 0	4 2 5 22(1) 13 0 0 3 0 0	479 76 545 39 1,139 1,332 1,025 50 87 246 187 12
Major Facility Licences													
ACCELERATOR <sup>1,3</sup> REACTOR <sup>2,3</sup> HVY WATER <sup>2,3</sup> FUEL <sup>2,3</sup> MINE <sup>2</sup> WST MAN <sup>2,3</sup>	6(1) 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	8 1 0 1(1) 0 2	3 1 0 12(2) 0	2(I) 0 0 0 0 0	21(2) 9(1) 1(1) 5(2) 7(1) 5(2)	01 3 0 1 0 1	  (1)  0  (1)  0  1	3 1 2(1) 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	I(1) 0 0 2 0	55 16 3 8 21 9
TOTAL LICENSES	519	5	16	611	168	148	2,407	1,149	107	132	9	58	5,329
TOTAL LICENSEES	258	4	7	362	87	79	1,327	674	67	74	4	30	2,973
TOTAL CONTACTED	(10)	(1)	(1)	(13)	(6)	(3)	(38)	(13)	(3)	(8)	(1)	(2)	

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DISTRIBUTION OF LICENCES BY TYPE AND PROVINCE (number contacted in parentheses) TABLE 4-1:

<sup>1</sup> Based on AECB licence files as of April 1985.
<sup>2</sup> Based on 1984-85 Annual Report.
<sup>3</sup> Licences for construction, decommissioning and "mothballed" facilities excluded.

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Cotogony in Which	Mean No. of ARW's/Licensee												
Licensee Selected	BC	үк	NW	AB	SK	мв	ON	PQ	NB	NS	PE	NF	
ANALYZ CROMAT BRATPY TELPY	9			50	+	+	1 19	2		+			
CALIBR	5			5	+		10	1					
CONSOLD	+			+			12			300			
COM PROD				5		+	4	4		4			
GAUGES	7	5		4	2	5	14	7	2	6	3	4	
HUM OPSCE	13			40			16	7		+			
IRADTR							7			+			
LOGGING				9	+		4			+			
RADGFY				35			4	6					
SUPPLR							8						
TARGET	+			400				_					
ACCELERATOR	177					50	+	3				30	
REACTOR							1,000		400				
HVY WAIER				25			500			6			
				35	200		101						
	•				200		2,200						
WSIMAN							15		+				
Mean <sup>1</sup> All Categories	11.50	5.0	(5.0)	17.51	38.24	6.87	19.56	5.24	10.61	21.83	3.0	5.13	
NO. OF LICENSEES	258	4	7	362	87	79	1 <b>,327</b>	674	67	74	4	- 30	
EST. NO. OF WORKERS	2,967	20	(35)	6,339	3,327	543	25,956	3,532	711	1,615	12	154	

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## TABLE 4-2: DISTRIBUTION OF LICENSEES AND ARW'S BY PROVINCE

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Note: '+' indicates licence types also held by licensees selected in other categories.

 $^{1}$  Means over multiple categories are weighted in proportion to the number of licences in each category.

	Estimated	Mean No. of	Estimated
	No. of	Workers/	No. of
Licence Category	Licensees <sup>1</sup>	Licensee	Workers
ANALYZ CROMAT	268	6.98	1,871
BRATPY TELPY	42	16.60	697
CALIBR	305	6.57	2,004
CONSOLD	22	60.81	1,338
COM PROD	636	3.59	2,283
GAUGES	744	7.51	5,587
HUM OPSCE	573	13.18	7,552
IRADTR	28	6.12	171
LOGGING	49	7.59	372
RADGFY	137	12.81 -	. <b>1,755</b>
SUPPLR	104	6.98	726
TARGET	. 7	349.53	2,447
ACCELERATOR	26	56.20	1,461
REACTOR	9	821.38	7,392
HVY WATER	2	219.24	438
FUEL	5	80.01	400
MINE	11	786.43	8,651
VST MAN	5	13.10	66
ALL CATEGORIES	2,973	15.21	45,211

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# TABLE 4-3: DISTRIBUTION OF LICENSEES AND ARW'S BY LICENCE CATEGORY

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 $^{\rm I}$  Not to be confused with the number of licences, which is greater.

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The distribution depicted in Table 4-3 should be considered approximate, since it is based on a small sample of licensees artificially assigned to the licence categories in which they were selected. Many of the licensees actually held licences in several categories. ARW's were not assigned to licence categories based on their individual job descriptions during this stage of the study.

Chi-square analysis of the radioisotope licence distribution in Table 4-1 indicates that the relative proportions of different licence types vary significantly among provinces  $(X_{121}^2=716.62)$ . British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba do not differ significantly  $(X_{22}^2=27.85)$ . Alberta differs from the other western provinces when logging and radiography categories are included in the analysis  $(X_{33}^2=112.73)$ , but not when these categories are excluded  $(X_{27}^2=35.11)$ . The Maritime Provinces do not differ significantly from each other  $(X_{30}^2=33.28)$ . Quebec differs from the Maritime Provinces when commercial product (SMOKE, STALIM, SURPRO, DEWPTR, LT SCE) licences are included in the analysis  $(X_{44}^2=98.53)$ , but not when this category is excluded  $(X_{40}^2=54.54)$ . Ontario differs significantly from all other provinces, mainly as a result of its high relative frequency of commercial product licences, reflecting its manufacturing base.

Management response to the telephone survey, with respect to general employee awareness of the AECB consultation process, is summarized in Table 4-4. Positive responses (workers generally aware) and negative responses (workers generally not aware) were recorded, along with any specific comments reflecting management's perspective. Confidence bands on the percentage of positive responses are included in parentheses where sample sizes warrant. The confidence band narrows with increasing sample size. For Canada as a whole, approximately 54% (41 to 67%) of licensees contacted indicated that their employees were aware of the consultation process. Responses in specific province and licence type categories are consistent with this estimate, and do not suggest any obvious differences in employee awareness between geographic regions.

Management response with respect to employee satisfaction with the level of consultation is summarized in Table 4-5. Positive responses (workers generally satisfied) and negative responses (workers generally not satisfied) were recorded. Some respondents were uncertain about employee satisfaction. These responses were excluded in calculating the percentage of positive responses. Confidence bands were computed for each percentage based on sufficient sample size. For Canada as a whole, approximately 91% (80 to 98%) of responding licensees felt that their employees were satisfied with the

Category in which Licensee Selected	BC	YΚ	NW	AB	SK	мв	ON	PQ	NB	NS	PE	NF	% Yes (*)
Analyze Cromat				1/0			1/0	1/0				<u> </u>	100
Bratpy Telpy							0/1						0
Calibr	1/0			0/1			0/1	0/1					25
Consold				•			1/0			1/0			100
Com Prod				0/1			5/0	0/2		1/0			67 (30-92)
Gauges	1/0	0/1		2/0	0/1	1/0	1/2	1/1	0/i	1/0	1/0	0/1	53 (27-78)
Hum Opsce	1/0			1/0			1/2	2/0					71
lradtr							0/1						0
Logging	1/0			3/1			1/1						67
Radgfy				1/0			2/0	1/0					100
Supplr							1/0						100
Target							0/1						0
Accelerator	0/1					0/1	1/0	1/0				0/1	40
Reactor									1/0				100
Hvy Water										0/1			0
Fuel				0/1			0/1						0
Mine					0/1		1/0						50
Wst Man													
% Yes	80	0		55	0	50	57	60	50	75	100	0	54 (41-67)
(*)				(21-86)			(34-78)	(27-88)					(41-67)

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TABLE 4-4: DISTRIBUTION OF WORKER AWARENESS (number of yes/no responses from management)

\* 95% confidence belt on proportions in parentheses.

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Category in which Licensee Selected	BC	ҮК	N₩	AB	SK	МВ	ON	PQ	NB	NS	PE	NF	% Yes (*)
Analyze Cromat				1/0		<u> </u>		1/0					100
Bratpy Telpy							1/0						100
Calibr	1/0			1/0			1/0	1/0					100
Consold							1/0			1/0			100
Com Prod				1/0			5/0	1/1		1/0			89 (52-100)
Gauges	1/0	1/0		1/0	1/0	0/1	3/0	2/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	0/1	86 (57-98)
Hum Opsce				1/0			2/1	2/0					83
Iradtr							1/0						100
Logging	1/0			3/1			1/0						83
Radgfy				1/0			2/0	1/0					75
Supplr							1/0						100
Target	-						1/0						100
Accelerator	1/0					1/0	1/0	1/0				1/0	100
Reactor Hypy Water									1/0				100
Fuel				1/0			1/0						100
Mine				170	1/0		1/0						100
Wst Man					1/0								100
% Yes	100	100		91	100	50	95	90	100	100	10 <b>0</b>	50	91 (80-98)
(*)				(58-100)			(75-100	)(55-100)	I				(80-98)

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# TABLE 4-5: DISTRIBUTION OF WORKER SATISFACTION (number of yes/no responses from management)

\* 95% confidence belt on proportions in parentheses.

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## TABLE 4-6: ASSOCIATION OF WORKER AWARENESS AND SATISFACTION AS REPORTED BY LICENSEES

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Number of Licensees Reporting Workers	Number	Number of Licensees Reporting Workers Satisfied (+)						
Aware (+)	+	-	+/-	?				
+	26	2	28	9				
-	23	3	26	3				
+/-	49	5	54	12				
?	4	2	6					

+/- Indicates sum of positive (+) and negative (-) responses.

? Indicates undecided licensees.

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existing level of consultation. Responses in specific province and licence type categories are consistent with this estimate, and do not suggest any obvious differences in employee satisfaction between geographic regions.

Comparison of Tables 4-4 and 4-5 suggests that many employees are satisfied, even though they may not be aware of the consultation process. This conclusion is supported by a chi-square analysis of association between employee awareness and satisfaction as reported by management in Table 4-6 ( $X_1^2=0.31$ ). However, it should be emphasized that the conclusion at this stage is based on management's response. Employee responses are summarized in Section 7.

#### 4.2 Comments from Management During Telephone Survey

As indicated on Figure 4-1, comments were solicited from licensee management representatives contacted relevant to their perception of the usefulness of the existing AECB consultation program and any recommendations for improvement. Comments from specific, contacted individuals are listed in Table 4-7, and the most common comments are summarized below.

(a) Most management at licensed facilities were happy with the current AECB information program. However, very few respond to consultative documents. This is generally since they treat these as information sources, feel their comments would not affect the proposed regulations, agree with the proposal, or feel they are not relevant to their company.

(b) Most feel their workers are well informed and satisfied with the level of information provided on regulations.

(c) Many feit the consultative documents are too technical for workers to understand. They only pass on summaries once regulations are finalized. They feel management, as those most responsible for worker health and safety, should act as intermediaries in passing regulatory information from AECB to ARW's.

(d) Many licensees with unions expressed concern about contacting the union. Only a minority of the unionized employees are designated as ARW's in most cases, and management saw the survey as potential source of alarm to other workers not involved with radioisotopes. In general, these same companies were happy to have ARW's contacted.

### TABLE 4-7: SPECIFIC COMMENTS MADE BY LICENSEE MANAGEMENT IN TELEPHONE SURVEY TELEPHONE SURVEY

- I. X-ray technicians not under AECB licence. However, some institutions designate them as ARW's.
- 2. Mail list best information approach. Pleased with the current AECB information program.
- 3. More information desired on an industry (licence-type) specific basis.
- 4. Management concern over contacting employees/union. Feel all such contacts should be through management as intermediary.
- 5. Worker complaints about difference between male and female dose limits.
- 6. Find consultative documents informative but do not respond unless relevant to their work.
- 7. Feel personal contact AECB needed for when questions arise (possibly periodic seminars).
- 8. Most regulations not pertinent and confusion results. A summary of pertinent regulations on an industry-specific basis would be useful.
- 9. Irregularity of consultative documents makes them wonder if they miss some (suggest newsletter on a regular basis).
- Concerns by non-ARW's (i.e., cleaning staff, workers in other areas who see radiation signs) are a major worry. A very non-technical information approach is needed.
- II. Concern/confusion regarding ARW definition. Some did not know the term. Others designate ARW's by completely different criteria.
- 12. Follow-up response from AECB summarizing comments on consultative documents needed to show how comments are incorporated into final regulations.
- 13. Feel they are overregulated/licence applications take too much time.
- 14. Workers feel new regulations becoming too lenient.
- 15. Information too complex for workers.
- 16. Need more information on rationale for regulations.
- 17. Metrification causes confusion.
- 18. Afraid AECB will use information from survey to increase regulation of specific licensee.

(e) Few understood the definition of ARW and some use their own interpretation of the definition as a reason not to designate workers. A common attitude was: "since our business has never had accidental exposures exceeding the ARW definition, we assume we never will and thus have not designated any ARW's".

(f) Other methods for AECB to keep licensee workers informed were suggested, including seminars, a regular newsletter, and a contact number (see Table 4-7).

(g) The April 1985 computer print-out was somewhat outdated. At least four companies we attempted to contact were out of business, one contact name had died and at least two retired, about 10% of telephone numbers had changed and about 20% of the time we were referred to a new licence contact person.

#### 4.3 Results of Union/Professional Association Survey

Thirteen unions or professional associations representing employees of AECB licensees were identified by management personnel during the preliminary telephone survey of licensees. Of these organizations, Il were contacted during a similar telephone survey of organizations representing employees. The personnel contacted, usually either local or head office presidents, were asked whether employees of AECB licensees within their organization were generally aware of the AECB's consultation process, and whether those employees were generally satisfied with the consultation effort. They were also asked to estimate the number of designated ARW's and the number of non-designated ARW's within their membership.

Most union/association contacts indicated that they were unable to respond with specific reference to any particular licence category. Overall results with regard to perception of worker awareness of and satisfaction with AECB's consultation process are summarized in Table 4-8. Respondants collectively estimated that they represented 2,431 designated ARW's (based on four estimates) and another 3,116 non-designated ARW's (based on two estimates). Five respondants were unable to provide estimates.

From Table 4-8, it appears that approximately 40% (4/10) of decided employee representatives felt that workers were aware of the AECB's consultation process, and that approximately 38% (3/8) of decided representatives considered their workers satisfied with the consultation process. The awareness estimate is only slightly lower than that suggested by employers (40% vs 54%). However, the satisfaction estimate is

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# TABLE 4-8:WORKER AWARENESS AND SATISFACTION AS REPORTED BYEMPLOYEE ORGANIZATIONS

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	Number	r of Organiza	tion Responses	
R <i>es</i> ponse Parameter	+	r.	+/-	?
Worker Awareness	4	6	10	l
Worker Satisfaction	3	5	8	3

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considerably lower than that suggested by employers (38% vs 91%). It also appears that employee representatives were less certain than management about employee attitudes, or less able to generalize. This might be expected from the fact that the membership of employee organizations may represent many different licensees and licence categories, as well as non-licensed employers.

#### 4.4 Comments from Unions and Associations During Telephone Survey

Union and professional association representatives were invited to comment on their perception of the usefulness of AECB's consultation program and to suggest possible improvements. The most common comments are summarized below:

(a) most unions contacted felt that there was a need for this study, either to determine employee attitudes or to identify necessary improvements to the consultation process;

(b) most unions considered occupational health and safety concerns of workers to be part of their mandate and were involved in health and safety committees, either , jointly with management or independently; and

(c) several unions suggested that literature should be sent directly to workers by the AECB, as well as to employers.

Other comments from specific contacted individuals are listed in Table 4-9. The desire for legislation of health and safety committees (Comment No. 5) has been expressed previously by union representatives (e.g., Heard, 1985).

## TABLE 4-9: SPECIFIC COMMENTS MADE BY EMPLOYEE ORGANIZATIONS IN TELEPHONE SURVEY

1. Need for evaluation of the AECB employee consultation process.

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- 2. Need for improvement of the AECB employee consultation process.
- 3. Unions have a mandate to represent workers in occupational health and safety.
- 4. Literature should be sent directly to workers by the AECB.
- 5. Health and safety committees should be legislated and basic structure defined.
- 6. Higher standards for radiological health and safety are needed.

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- 7. There should be regular meetings between employees and AECB representatives.
- 8. Feeling of distrust of AECB due to close relationship with management.
- 9. Little concern about radiological health and safety issues due to low activity levels.

#### 5. SURVEY OF ATOMIC RADIATION WORKERS

#### 5.1 Questionnaire Design

The questionnaire design process included two stages of development. An initial pre-test questionnaire contained a large proportion of "open" questions. Open questions require written or verbal expression of opinions. The purpose of open questions in a pre-test is to maximize information on the full spectrum of respondents' views while minimizing the effect of the researcher's preconceptions on the responses (Whyte, 1977). Open questions 'are time-consuming to complete, responses are difficult to quantify, and respondents often require considerable one-on-one personal contact with the interviewer in order to clarify question intent. However, a list of responses to open questions can be used to develop "forced-choice" questions during the second stage of questionnaire design.

Forced-choice questions ask the respondents to select from a list of given alternatives those that come closest to representing their own view. The advantage of this approach is that question intent is clearly specified by the alternatives, permitting rapid completion and subsequent quantification of responses. The risk of misinterpretation is reduced, facilitating later comparisons among respondents.

The pre-test helps to identify any ambiguities in working that might lead to misinterpretation. Ambiguities can then be clarified during the second stage of questionnaire development.

#### 5.2 Pre-test and Revision

The pre-test took place at the University of Toronto in April 1985. The University of Toronto was chosen because it holds a diverse collection of AECB licences and consequently employs a group of ARW's. Personal interviews were conducted on the campus. A sample size of 29 respondents was obtained, including workers from each laboratory. After completing the questionnaire, each respondent was asked for comments on any ambiguities encountered.

The pre-test questionnaires (Appendix A) were subsequently analyzed. Some redundant questions were removed, based on the fact that most respondents interpreted and answered them in the same way. Lists of responses were drawn up for inclusion in forced-choice questions. Where a wide range of responses was obtained, common

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responses were listed as forced-choice alternatives, and 'another' alternative was included to allow for unlisted responses.

The original pre-test questionnaire took approximately 20 minutes for each personal interview. Based on respondents' comments, this was judged as too lengthy. Some respondents lost interest about half-way through the interview, possibly undermining the quality of responses. The revised questionnaire, Appendix A, took approximately ten minutes for each respondent to complete. The revised questionnaire was finalized in consultation with the AECB Scientific Authority.

The final questionnaire was designed directly to measure the employees': awareness of the AECB and its regulatory function, participation in the AECB's consultation process, satisfaction with the consultation process, desire for increased participation, and preferred mechanisms of consultation.

The questionnaire was also designed to identify key factors which may influence the employees' response. Possible factors considered include: age, sex, education and income; perception of radiation hazards on the job; length of time on the job; designation as an ARW; union or professional association membership; work in a radiation area; and handling of radioactive materials.

Responses to questions of satisfaction and perception are difficult to quantify on a standardized scale without introducing highly technical response parameters. Verbal terms do not necessarily have the same precise meaning or quantitative implications for all respondents. However, the response scale for radiation safety issues can be calibrated against the response to similar non-radiological safety issues. For this reason, questions pertaining to worker satisfaction with consultation processes and mechanisms of consultation in non-radiological health and safety areas were included in the questionnaire.

Questions 21 to 34 pertaining to the evaluation of consultation mechanisms were presented in reverse order on some questionnaires, in order to guard against responseorder bias. In long lists of alternative choices, there is a tendency to choose or prefer the top items in the list. List reversal compensates for this effect. At each interview session, some questionnaires of each type were used.

#### 5.3 Sample Selection

Sampling of ARW's as questionnaire respondents was confined to the Province of Ontario for all radioisotope licence categories. While the distribution of licence types in Ontario differed from that in other provinces, reflecting the greater degree of industralization in Ontario, there was no indication from the preliminary survey of licensee management that employee awareness of or satisfaction with the consultation process was likely to differ greatly from one province to another. The majority of radioisotope licensees are located in Ontario.

However, there were circumstantial reasons to suspect possible differences in employee response between eastern and western uranium mine/mill facilities. In particular, high grade non-pyritic ores are found in Saskatchewan whereas Ontario ores are typically low grade pyritic deposits. The potential for human radiation exposure is greater in high grade mines and, at some locations, open pit rather than underground techniques are used. Consequently, both Saskatchewan and Ontario mines were invited to participate in the survey.

There were also reasons to suspect possible differences in response of reactor employees between Ontario and other provinces. In particular, a recent labour-management confrontation at some Ontario reactor facilities may have influenced employee attitudes. Consequently, employees at a similar facility in New Brunswick were also surveyed. Invitations to include a Quebec reactor facility were declined.

A cluster sampling program was used to sample licensees within each licence category. Each licensee which agreed to participate was asked to arrange interviews with available ARW's. ARW's were defined to include employees who either handled radioactive materials in the course of their work, worked in a designated radiation area, or were individually designated as ARW's. At most facilities, all available ARW's were interviewed. Representative samples of 50 to 100 workers were selected at some of the larger facilities.

The definition of an ARW (Section 3) is not precise, and in practice may differ considerably from one licensee to another. There are workers who handle radioactive materials, or work in designated radiation areas, who are not designated as ARW's by their employers. Similarly, there are designated ARW's who do not handle radioactive materials or work in radiation areas. Many are designated as a matter of convenience, or of conservative company policy. It is often administratively easier to designate and monitor all employees than to differentiate between designated and non-designated staff. However, all designated ARW's are likely to consider themselves to be targets of the AECB consultation process, as are other employees who handle radioactive materials or work in radiation areas.

#### 5.3.1 Selection of Licensees

Licensees were selected by stratified random sampling from the catalogue of licensees. Radioisotope and accelerator licensees are catalogued by licence type on AECB computer files. Other licensees are listed by licence type in the 1984-85 Annual Report.

Sampling effort within the major radioisotope licence categories was approximately 1% of the number of licensees. In other licence categories, sampling effort was approximately 10% of the number of licensees. The additional effort in these categories is consistent with the greater average number of employees per licensee in the non-radioisotope categories. Also, in non-radioisotope licence categories, the small number of licensees precludes sampling at a 1% level of effort.

Each licensee selected constituted a cluster of employees in the cluster sampling program. The employees interviewed in each cluster were considered to be representative of ARW's at their licensed facility.

#### 5.3.2 Selection of Employees

At most licensed facilities selected for the survey, the population of ARW's was fully canvassed, except for occasional absentees. Most licensed facilities are licensed in a radioisotope licence category. In these licence categories, the number of ARW's is typically small and easily canvassed.

At the larger licensed facilities (more than 100 ARW's), representative samples of employees were selected. In these cases, the sampling plan within the facility was specifically designed to include employees from each shift and/or relevant department. The plan was typically designed by management in consultation with union and/or BEAK staff.

The degree of BEAK involvement in sampling within facilities varied. Some facilities provided employee lists, permiting BEAK to design and conduct the sampling. Other

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facilities were reluctant to provide employee lists and conducted their own sampling of employees. In either case, BEAK staff were usually present to conduct employee interviews and answer any questions. In general, few questions of interpretation arose.

#### 5.4 Employee Interviews

The preferred method for questionnaire administration was a group interview session. Groups of up to 50 employees were gathered in a lunch or conference room and questionnaires distributed. A BEAK researcher was present to provide instructions, answer queries regarding instructions, or help respondents who did not understand particular questions. Generally, there were very few problems with the questionnaire (the result of a successful pre-test).

The group interviews made it possible to interview large numbers of employees quickly with their full attention to the questionnaire. Some employers were not prepared to gather employees into group situations because of the nature of their work. These included factories with assembly line production and hospitals where most medical personnel are on constant call. In these cases, personal one-to-one interviews were the preferred alternate method. In some cases, questionnaires were distributed to employees who were asked to fill them in when they had time (i.e., on lunch or at home) and return them to the employer who forwarded the completed questionnaires to BEAK. This was only done when the two preferred methods were not feasible or possible. Rates of return in this situation averaged about 80%. The main disadvantage of leaving guestionnaires with respondents or employers is the lack of verified quality control. The possibility exists that the employer could remove questionnaires with "negative" responses or The possibility of interaction among respondents also exists. change responses. Interaction is not desirable since questionnaire responses are assumed to be independent. These potential problems could not arise in group or personal interviews where BEAK researchers directly administered and collected the survey.

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#### 6. LABOUR-MANAGEMENT FACTORS

Labour-management relations are potentially important as factors influencing employee response. During periods of confrontation, opinions tend to become polarized. Polarization is not necessarily confined to the specific issues under negotiation. It is a particularly important consideration when radiation safety issues are under dispute.

Labour-management factors were cited previously as part of the rationale for including provinces other than Ontario in the survey of reactor licensees. Ontario power reactors and heavy water facilities were involved in protracted negotiations with their union throughout the spring and summer of 1985. Salaries, benefits and job security were the primary issues. However, safety issues were raised during this period, and were subject to press coverage. A wildcat strike erupted at one point, during which management took over essential staff functions. During a subsequent legal strike, AECB permission was required for continued operation of the nuclear plant in question, and was eventually granted when management staff had received adequate training. Employee attitudes towards management, safety and the AECB were highly polarized at this time.

Contract issues were eventually resolved by arbitration, and the final contract was signed in the fall of 1985. Employee interviews were postponed until after the contract signing, by mutual agreement of the reactor facilities and the AECB.

Labour-management relations also played a significant role in determining access to mine sites for survey of uranium mining sector employees and in determining details of survey administration. All western mine licensees contacted expressed concern about questioning employees on their preferred mechanisms of consultation with the AECB, since the list of possible mechanisms included and implicitly acknowledged a possible union role in the consultation process. Some licensees also objected to questions concerning union membership which were designed to detect possible differences in attitude between union and non-union employees.

An attempt was made to obtain union-management cooperation in organizing employee interviews with BEAK staff. This was considered advisable in a polarized situation in order to increase the likelihood of obtaining a representative sample of employees and to reduce the chance of one side or the other influencing employee responses. However, • none of the western mines approached would agree to this arrangement. One Ontario mine agreed to work with the union, though not on company time, and this arrangement

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was unsatisfactory to the union. Union elections underway at this time may have been a key factor.

In order to gain the cooperation of the western uranium mines, it was decided, in consultation with the AECB Scientific Authority, to permit company revision of the questionnaire. The mining companies were re-invited to participate under these conditions, and encouraged to involve union representatives in the questionnaire review and organization of employee interviews. This new invitation was also extended to Ontario uranium mines and power reactor facilities.

Two western uranium mines, one with a union and the other without, agreed to participate under these conditions. The revised questionaires are included in Appendix A. Both companies insisted on deletion of Questions 36 through 39. The non-unionized mine also insisted on deletion of Questions 40 through 43, in addition to minor revisions to other questions. The minor revisions included clarification of some terms in the specific context of uranium mining, and removal of all references to unions. This mine also insisted on administering the questionnaire themselves, although BEAK was granted observer status.

Ontario power reactor and heavy water facilities agreed to participate in the survey subject to revision of Questions 14, 17, 19 and 40 for all facilities, and additional revisions to Questions 6, 9, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18 and 19 at the heavy water plant. The changes to Questions 14 and 19 at all facilities reflected an acknowledgement of the employer's role as an intermediary in the AECB's employee consultation process. The changes for heavy water plant interviews reflected AECB's primary concern with  $H_2S$  poisoning, rather than radiation, as a safety issue at heavy water plants. Other minor revisions to Questions 17 and 40 provided clarification of terms in the specific context of reactor operations. Revised questionnaires are included in Appendix A.

The questionnaire revisions required as a result of labour-management factors complicate the interpretation and analysis of survey results in the uranium mining sector. In the unionized mine, many employees used Questions 40 and 41 to indicate that they belonged to the union. This information was utilized even though respondants were not asked to provide it. Employees at the non-unionized mine did not have the same opportunity to indicate either union or professional association membership. Thus, in analysis of response variation with union membership, union members were over-represented in the mining sector. The minor revisions to other questions were not considered to alter significantly employee interpretation.

In the power reactor sector, the revisions were considered, <u>a priori</u>, to be minor. However, the revisions for the heavy water plant altered the issues fundamentally, from radiation to  $H_2S$  hazards, reflecting a very different focus in AECB's consultation efforts here, as compared to other licensed facilities. This must be considered in any comparison among licence categories.

#### 7. SURVEY RESPONSE AND EVALUATION

A total of 543 questionnaire responses were obtained from employees. One hundred and fifty-four or 28% of these respondants gave definite responses to all 47 questions. Fifty-one percent of respondents were union members. As discussed in Section 6, some major facilities insisted on deletion of certain questions as a condition of participation in the survey. Thus, the number of valid responses may vary from one question to another, and from one analysis to another, depending on the number of questions used for each analysis. All major licence categories were represented, in approximate proportion to the estimated number of workers in each category. Several minor licence categories were excluded from the sample, since no workers specifically assignable to those categories were found. These categories included CALIBR, SUPPLR and WSTMAN. Workers performing these functions are likely included under other licence categories. For example, reactor workers typically perform waste management functions on a rotating part-time basis.

The questions presented to employees, and the answers provided, were divided into two groups of variables. Response variables were considered to measure employee awareness of, participation in, and satisfaction with the AECB public consultation process. Responses pertaining to health and safety consultation by other agencies were included in this variable set for comparative purposes. Grouping variables were considered as factors which could potentially influence the employee response. Relationships between grouping variables and response variables were examined in detail, along with relationships between response variables.

Table 7-1 summarizes response variables for the employee sample as a whole, without regard to grouping variables, such as licence category. A complete breakdown of responses by licence category is included in Appendix B. Table 7-2 summarizes characteristics of the employee sample in terms of grouping variables, such as union or professional association membership, ARW status, or socio-economic factors.

Average employee responses can be expressed either for the employee sample or for the Canadian population of employees as estimated in Table 4-3. Table 7-I shows both estimates of the mean response for selected key response variables. Differences between the two means reflect differences between sample and population in distribution of employees by license category. Sample and estimated population means were very similar.

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	Sample					Pop'n
Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N	Mean
v1	1.07	.25	1.00	2.00	524	1.05
V2	1.20	.40	1.00	2.00	543	1.18
¥3	1.17	.38	1.00	2.00	487	1.26
V4	1.46	. 50	1.00	2.00	541	1.47
V9	2.00	1.00	1.00	5.00	540	2,01
vio	2.08	. 80	1.00	5.00	541	1.99
vii	3.76	4.26	1.00	14.00	542	
v12 -	3.69	3.72	1.00	14.00	541	
v13	. 71	3.85	0.0	50.00	533	12
v14	2 47	7 13	0.0	65.00	487	4.16
V15	2 51	5 04	0.0	50 00	457	2 30
V15	2.01	3.04	1 00	5 00	525	2.1
¥10 W17	2.13	1.00	1 00	5.00	525	2.14
V1/	2.13	.95	1.00	3.00	555	2.1
V18	1.41	.49	1.00	2.00	440	1.4.
V19	3.78	1.10	1.00	5.00	450	و د
V20	3.33	1.13	1.00	5.00	496	3.5
V2IA	5.49	2.80	1.00	10.00	515	
V21B	5.36	2.90	1.00	10.00	501	
V22A	4.78	2.66	1.00	10.00	520	
V22B	2.46	2.26	1.00	10.00	457	
V23A	6.97	2.45	1.00	10.00	521	
V23B	- 6.48	2.72	1.00	10.00	497	
V24A	5.87	2.57	1.00	10.00	517	
V24B	4,90	2.77	1.00	10.00	492	
V25A	6.71	2.55	1.00	10.00	521	
V25B	3.33	2.93	1.00	10.00	457	
V26A	4.10	3.00	1.00	10.00	494	
V26B	6.03	2.91	1.00	10.00	501	
V27A	6.84	2.51	1.00	10.00	518	
V278	6.61	2.65	1.00	10.00	501	
V28A	5.59	2.72	1.00	10.00	506	
V288	4.68	2.93	1.00	10.00	491	
V29A	4.86	2.68	1.00	10,00	513	
V298	4 01	2 69	1.00	10,00	486	
V20A	5 95	2 60	1 00	10.00	510	
¥30A	5.05	2.03	1.00	10.00	103	
1210	5.43	2.73	1 00	10.00	516	
¥J1A V210	2.40	2.70	1 00	10.00	455	
1310	2.55	2.41	1.00	10.00	433	
V32A	5.//	2.8/	1.00	10.00	514	
V328	5.84	2.93	1.00	10.00	495	
V33A	4.58	2.69	1.00	10.00	51/	
¥338	2.47	2.29	1.00	10.00	461	
V34A	, 7.31	2.37	1.00	10.00	521	
V34B	5.22	3.18	1.00	10.00	481	
V35	1.94	.23	1.00	2.00	543	•

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Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
V5	1.23	.42	1.00	2.00	533
V6	1.14	.35	1.00	2.00	532
٧7	1.28	.45	1.00	2.00	486
V8A	6.61	5.02	0.0	35.00	527
V8B	7.00	13.47	0.0	98.00	495
V36	1.49	•50	1.00	2.00	492
V38	1.74	.44	1.00	2.00	446
V39	2.60	1.16	1.00	5.00	438
V40	1.72	.45	1.00	2.00	408
V42	1.83	• 38	1.00	2.00	363
V43	2.51	• 99	1.00	5.00	362
V44	34.50	8.51	.0.00	65.00	527
V45	1.12	.33	1.00	2.00	525
V46	2.94	• 92	0.0	4.00	525
√47	4.34	• 90	1.00	5.00	507

## TABLE 7-2: AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EMPLOYEE SAMPLE IN TERMS OF GROUPING VARIABLES

\* V46 'no formal education' recoded from 5 to 0.

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Average responses are meaningful only for ordinal variables where possible responses are arranged in some logical sequence. Questions II and 12, in which respondants indicated who they would first approach with radiological and non-radiological health and safety problems, represented non-ordinal response variables. For these two variables, the distribution of first choices was described, and the most popular choice in response to each question was identified. Response distributions are illustrated in Figure 7-1.

Geographical comparisons between provinces were possible within the REACTOR licence category. Two reactor facilities in Ontario and one facility in New Brunswick were included in the employee sample. The breakdown of employee response by licence category (Appendix B) lists these facilities separately. Any apparent differences in response between reactor facilities are discussed in the text. Similarly, responses from two Saskatchewan uranium mines are listed separately in Appendix B.

A number of relational variables were calculated reflecting the difference between employee responses concerning AECB and those concerning other agencies. For example, the response for awareness of AECL (I = yes, 2 = no, Question No. I) was subtracted from that for awareness of AECB (same scale, Question No. 3) to indicate whether each respondant was more or less aware of AECB as compared to AECL. Similarly, satisfaction with AECB's consultation effort was related to satisfaction with other regulatory agencies (Question No. I) response minus Question No. 20 response).

Other relational variables were calculated to adjust for time on the job as an ARW. For example, participation in the consultation process was measured in terms of number of contacts made to AECB or number of consultative documents received from AECB per year as an ARW (Question No. 13 or 14 response divided by Question No. 8 response), as well as over the respondant's lifetime. Finally, a relational variable was calculated for each Question 21 through 34, in which respondants rated specific consultation mechanisms according to their value in (A) communicating opinions to, and (B) receiving information from AECB (1 = poor, 10 = excellent). The relational variables (Score A - Score B) reflected the employee's impression of directionality in each consultation method. Relational variables are summarized in Table 7-3.

Relationships between pairs of variables were investigated by several methods, according to whether the variables were discrete or continuous in nature. Categorical variables, with a small number of possible responses, were tested for relationship to other categorical variables by means of chi-square contingency analysis. Effects of

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Who would you most likely contact for information about:

radiation health and safety		other health and safety
QUESTION 11		QUESTION 12
1.00 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXX 296 - - 10 11 12 12	1.00 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 207 2.00 XXXXXXXXX 90 3.00 XXXXXXXXXX 109 4.00 5 5.00 1 6.00 XXX 22 7.00 XXX 22 9.00 XX 22 9.00 XX 9 0.00 XXX 27 1.00 XX 12 2.00 XX 11 3.00 XX 10
14.00 XXX 23	14	4.UU XX 16

سرد مجله

#### LEGEND:

- safety officer 1. 2.
- safety committee
- supervisor Atomic Energy Control Board representative

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- Supervi
   Supervi
   Atomic
   friend
   union o
   Ministr
- union or professional association Ministry of Labour (provincial)
- 8. Labour Canada

- 9. Workers' Compensation Board 10. safety association (i.e., Industrial Accident Prevention Association, or Canadian Institute for Radiation Safety) 11. expert (i.e., professor)
- 12. doctor
- 13. not sure
- 14. other

### TABLE 7-3: MEANS OF RELATIONAL VARIABLES COMPUTED FROM EMPLOYEE RESPONSES

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Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
N1R2	10	.31	-1.00	0.0	524
N3R4	24	.43	-1.00	0.0	487
N1R3	09	. 39	-1.00	1.00	475
N2R4	27	.49	-1.00	1.00	541
N13R8	.13	. 50	0.0	5.00	366
N14R8	• 54	1.73	0.0	20.00	327
N15R8	.50	. 98	0.0	10.00	309
N16R17	.75	.44	0.0	1.00	524
N9R10	08	. 90	-4.00	3.00	538
N19R20	.44	1.16	-4.00	4.00	444
N21	.19	2.24	-9.00	9.00	496
N22	2.32	2.83	-7.00	9.00	454
N23	.50	1.73	-6.00	8.00	494
N24	•97	2.28	-7.00	9.00	489
N25	3.39	3.33	-9.00	9.00	455
N26	-1.91	3.48	-9.00	8.00	475
N27	.26	1.88	-8.00	8.00	496
N28	.92	2.73	-9.00	9.00 -	482
N29	.84	2.10	-7.00	9.00	483
N 30	.45	2.17	-9.00	8.00	491
N31	2.93	3.03	-7.00	9.00	454
N 32	01	2.13	-8.00	8.00	489
N33	2.04	2.65	-6.00	9.00	459
N34	2.14	2.98	-8.00	9.00	478

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categorical variables, such as union membership, on continuous variables, such as number of contacts to AECB per year, were tested by Kruskal-Wallis analysis of variance, a nonparametric technique. Relationships between continuous variables, such as contacts per year and age, were tested by means of rank correlation analysis.

Continuous variables were also recorded into categories and subjected to chi-square contingency analysis. For this purpose, age was recoded into two categories (young = 20-41 and old = 42-65). Counts and counts per year, such as contacts to AECB, consultative documents (or notices) seen, and press releases (or articles) seen, were similarly recoded into two categories (0 and 1-or-more). Results based on recoding in this manner were compared to those obtained prior to recoding.

Relationships between key variables based on chi-square contingency analysis are summarized in Table 7-4. Positive relationships are indicated by '+' and negative relationships are indicated by '-'. Other relationships, though significant, were non-linear and not easily summarized in unidirectional terms. These are indicated by '\*'. Contingency tables and chi-square values are given in Appendix C.

Relationships between key variables based on Kruskal-Wallis analysis of variance or rank correlation analysis are summarized in Table 7-5. Complete analyses and test statistics are included in Appendix C.

Specific employee responses are discussed in Sections 7.1 through 7.4. These sections highlight the most important analytical results and present conclusions or recommendations based on these results: Section 7.1, employee awareness of the AECB and its regulatory function; Section 7.2, employee satisfaction with the public consultation process; Section 7.3, employee participation in the public consultation process and the desire for greater participation; Section 7.4, preferred mechanisms of consultation. Recommendations for improvement of the consultation process are included in Section 8.

7.1 Employee Awareness of the Consultation Process

A key question pertaining to employee awareness of the consultation process is employee awareness of the AECB (Question No. I). A related question is whether the employee correctly understands the regulatory function of the AECB (Question No. 2). The majority of respondants were both aware of the AECB (93%) and correctly understood its

Que	stion No.	1	2	13	14	15	16	18	9	19
Meaning		Awareness of AECB	Correct Re Function	Contacts to AECB	Consultative Documents	Press Releases	Desire for Cons	More Participation	Feeling of Safety	Worker Satisfaction
Gro	uping Factors									
36 40 44 45 46 47 7 <b>Re</b>	Union Membership Ass'n Membership Age Male Sex Education Income ARW Status	* * * *	* + + +	- +	- + + +	+ + - +	*	+ -	- + + +	+ -
1 2 13 14 15 16 18 9 19	Awareness of AEC Correct re Function Contacts to AECB Consultative Doc's Press Releases Desire for Cons More Participation Feeling of Safety Worker Satisfaction	CB on s n on		+ + +	+ + + +	+ + + +		+	+ * + -	۰ ۲

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### TABLE 7-4: RELATIONSHIPS AMONG EMPLOYEE RESPONSES - CHI-SQUARE CONTINGENCY ANALYSIS

+ Positive relationship.

- Negative relationship.

\* Significant but non-linear relationship, p < 0.05.

Age categories = 20 - 41, 42 - 65.

Questions 13 - 15 categories = 0, 1 or more.

#### RELATIONSHIPS AMONG EMPLOYEE RESPONSES - KRUSKAL-WALLIS AND CORRELATION ANALYSES TABLE 7-5:

Question No. C Meaning t		13 Contacts	13 Consultative	14 Press	13/8 Contacts to	14/8 Consultative	15/8 Press Releases
		to AECB	Documents	Releases	AECB Per Year	Documents Per Year	Per Year
	· · · · ·	<u> </u>	······				
Gra	suping Factors						
36	Union Membership		-	· +	-	-	
40	Ass'n Membership		+		+	+	
44	Age*	+	+	+			
45	Male Sex			+			
46	Education		+			+	
47	Income			+			
7	ARW Status			+			
Re	sponse Variables						
13	Contacts to AECB*	+	+	+	+	+	+
14	Consultative Documents	s* +	+	+	+	+	+
15	Press Releases*	+	+	+	+	÷	+

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Indicates rank correlation analysis, other relationships based on Kruskal-Wallis test. Positive relationship. Negative relatioship, p < 0.05. ¥

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function (80%). Most of the few respondants who incorrectly stated the AECB's function confused its role with that of AECL, mentioning, for example, reactor sales or .research. Awareness and understanding of AECB was better, however, than awareness and understanding of AECL (Questions 3 and 4, 83 and 54% respectively). These percentages can be inferred from the mean response scores in Table 7-1 which also gives the number of respondants to each question.

Awareness of AECB and correct understanding of its function showed similar patterns of variation with socio-economic grouping factors. Both measures increased with union membership, male sex, income and ARW status (Table 7-4). Correct understanding (and expression) of the AECB's function increased with education. Awareness of AECB was also associated with educational level, but that relationship was non-linear.

Specific awareness of the consultation process was measured in terms of the number of AECB consultative documents (notices) or press releases (articles) seen by employees. The average ARW sees, or is made aware of, 0.54 consultative documents per year and 0.50 press releases per year (Table 7-3). The number of notices seen per year increases with education and professional association membership. However, with union membership, the number of consultative documents seen per year decreases (Tables 7-4 and 7-5).

Forty-four percent of respondants indicated that they had seen consultative documents, while 55% indicated that they had seen press releases in their lifetime. The total number of consultative documents seen increases with professional association (not union) membership, age and income. The total number of press releases seen increases with union membership, age, male sex, education, income and ARW status.

In summary, most of the licensee employees were aware of AECB and its responsibilities towards their protection. Approximately half of the survey respondants had seen consultative documents, and half had seen press releases issued by the AECB. Awareness of AECB was stronger among unionized than non-unionized employees. However, the non-unionized employees (most of whom belonged to professional associations) were much more aware of the AECB consultative process.

#### 7.2 Employee Satisfaction with the Consultation Process

Employees were asked, in Question No. 19, to indicate the extent to which AECB had done a good job in consulting with them. The average response on a scale of l = very

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good to 5 = very poor was 3.78, indicating that they felt a fairly poor job had been done. The most common response (35% of employees) was 5, indicating opinions of a very poor job. With respect to other agencies, departments and safety associations, the average response was 3.30, indicating that respondents felt a more adequate job had been done by other (unspecified) regulatory agencies.

Employee satisfaction increased with age, but decreased with education (Table 7-4). Consultative documents (notices) and press releases (articles), when seen by employees, both had a positive effect on satisfaction. There was no relationship between employee awareness and satisfaction, as also indicated by the responses of employers speaking on the workers behalf (Section 4.1).

The employee's feeling of safety from radiation hazards did not seem to influence his level of satisfaction (Table 7-4). The feeling of safety was increased by receipt of consultative documents (notices) and reading of press releases (articles), and also increased with age, education, income and professional association membership. Union membership was inversely related to the feeling of safety. Employees felt about as safe from radiation hazards as from other hazards on the job, with an average response in both cases of approximately 2 = fairly safe on a scale of l = very safe to 5 = not safe at all (Table 7-1).

In summary, although the average licensee employee felt reasonably safe from radiation hazards, most employees were not satisfied that a good job had been done in consulting them. This feeling was particularly prevalent among the younger employees. Unionized employees felt less safe on the job than their non-unionized counterparts. Therefore, it is logical that they might be more concerned about increasing the level of consultation (see Section 7.3 below).

#### 7.3 Employee Participation in the Consultation Process

Employee participation was measured in terms of number of contacts made to AECB in order to express opinions (Question No. 13). The average number of contacts per year as an ARW was 0.13 (Table 7-3). Annual contact with AECB tended to increase with professional association membership and to decrease with union membership (Table 7-5). The total number of contacts, over the worker's lifetime, was also related to age (Table 7-4). Twelve percent of respondents had made such contacts.

Consultative documents (notices) and press releases (articles) received by employees may be considered measures of employee participation, although they are discussed under 'employee awareness' (Section 7.1). Annual receipt of consultative documents (Question No. 14) follows a similar pattern to contact with AECB (Question No. 13), increasing with professional association membership, and inversely related to union membership.

The desire for participation in the consultation process was measured by two response variables. Employees were asked to indicate the extent to which workers should be consulted by AECB (Question No. 16) and whether they would like to be more active in the consultative process than at present (Question No. 18). The average response to the first question was 2.15 on a scale of 1 = constant consultation to 5 = none, indicating that a lot of consultation was desired (Table 7-I). Employees gave essentially the same response with respect to other (unspecified) regulatory agencies (Question No. 17).

Fifty-nine percent of respondents indicated that they would like to be more active than at present in consultation with AECB. This percentage can be inferred from the mean response to Question No. 18 in Table 7-1. Alternative responses were 1 = yes or 2 = no. The desire for more consultative activity was directly related to union membership and inversely related to professional association membership. It was also inversely associated with the feeling of safety from radiation hazards and educational level (Table 7-4).

As noted before, while the average employee at licensed facilities is aware of AECB and feels relatively safe in his job, he is not satisfied that a good job has been done of consulting him. Unionized employees feel less safe on the job than non-unionized employees and, therefore, feel a greater need for increased participation in the consultation process.

Interestingly, although union members appeared more aware of AECB than their nonunion counterparts, as a whole, they were less apt to see and read consultative documents or contact AECB directly. They tended to rely more on the media for such information, either by choice or necessity. This may result in part from the fact that some of the larger union groups had had recent disputes with management in which it was felt AECB sided with management. Many of the union leaders interviewed expressed the opinion that AECB spent all of its time with management and had little direct involvement with employees or unions.

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#### 7.4 Preferred Mechanisms of Consultation

In Question No. II, employees were asked to indicate who they would most likely contact for information on radiation health and safety (or  $H_2S$  health and safety for the HVYWAT licence category). Fifty-five percent of respondants indicated that they would first approach their radiation safety officer. Their supervisor was the next most popular choice (II%), followed closely by their safety committee (6%) or some other expert (Figure 7-I). The same order of preference was expressed with respect to other types of health and safety information (Question No. 12, Figure 7-I).

In Questions 21 through 34, respondents were asked to rate specific consultation mechanisms on a scale of l = very poor to l0 = excellent for (A) providing information to the employee, and (B) expression of opinion to AECB.

Table 7-1 shows the average scores. Workshops and safety committees received the highest scores (approximately 7) and were considered two-way channels of information exchange. Table 7-3 shows that the average A-B difference was small for these consultation mechanisms. Educational programming was also highly rated as a mechanism of transmitting information to employees.

All groups surveyed agreed that the best consultation process would include direct twoway interaction with AECB. Employees and their union or professional association representatives recommended three approaches:

(a) Workshops, where employees can interact with AECB representatives directly to insure their questions are answered and their concerns responded to. This could be similar to the Environment Canada (Section 2.1) annual, regional workshops, or as site-specific meetings with licensee employees that could be conducted less formally by AECB Inspectors when they are on-site. One most commendable example of this latter approach was observed at an exploration camp in northern Saskatchewan in 1984 when the AECB inspector provided an information discussion (in English and French) of the purpose and results of his inspection, as well as responding to questions. This was well received by all in attendance.

(b) Indirect communication through the company's safety committee. Employees and their representatives felt such committees should be a legislated requirement with set procedures and membership requirements. Such committees are generally

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trusted to look impartially after the health and safety of employees. The typical employee would consult with either the company safety officer, his or her direct supervisor, or the safety committee if any questions or concerns on radiation safety arose.

(c) Educational programs were also recommended as a preferred method of direct communication with employees. Employees seem to envisage an interactive program, since this option was almost as highly rated for communication from the employee to the AECB, as in the opposite direction. Such programs would ideally be administered by a safety officer or safety committee with some background knowledge. They would be generally non-technical and have any technical sessions prepared on a job-specific basis (possibly for each of the major licence categories). Early sessions would explain AECB and its regulatory mandate, the AECB consultative process and how workers can become involved in this process or consult directly with AECB if questions or concerns arise.

In general, employees and their union or professional employee representatives felt that AECB should consult directly with employees.

Management representatives at licensed facilities had a number of additional recommendations to improve the AECB consultative process. They tended to be happier with the existing AECB program, and thus most recommendations were for improvements to this program rather than new approaches:

(a) It was suggested that consultative documents should be much less technical, or at least have a layman summary.

(b) Consultative documents should only be sent to industries which could be directly affected by their contents. This would alleviate much confusion and excess paperwork.

(c) A follow-up process (similar to the EPS Environmental Quality Update or the TDG Newsletter or Special Bulletins, see Section 2.3) was recommended to resolve the concern that arises when months or even years pass between notification of a proposed regulatory amendment and its actual passing.

In general, although management representatives receive AECB consultative documents, they seldom pass these on directly to employees. The reasons expressed for this include:

(a) the consultative documents are too preliminary; this raises concerns about changes which may never happen or may take years to put into effect;

(b) many of the consultative documents do not apply to their industry; workers may not realize this;

(c) the consultative documents are too technical; management prefers to have their technical experts review, summarize and simplify the information before passing it on; and

(d) many employers feel that it is their mandate to protect their employees, and thus direct contact between employees and regulators is not required.

Although, in most cases, management indicated that pertinent information was passed on, by them to employees, in a simplified form, there is no guarantee that this does occur in all cases. Many of the employees interviewed felt they were not kept totally informed in this manner. The best approach to ensure a more complete coverage of employees would be an expanded information network to include employee representatives. This is discussed in Recommendation 8.1(b).

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#### 8. RECOMMENDÁTIONS

Two types of recommendations are provided based on the surveys of employees, their union/professional association representatives, and management at licensed facilities across Canada as well as a review of public consultation programs utilized by various Federal Government agencies. The prime objective in the study was to determine the need for changes in AECB's public consultation program to optimize the awareness and participation of employees at licensed facilities. Thus, the first set of recommendations relates to the desires expressed by these employees and their representatives to be better informed. The second set of recommendations relates to the needs expressed by management. A third set of recommendations, though not based on expressed needs of employees or management, may help to improve the targeting of the consultation program. The recommendations, in general, apply to all licence categories included in this study. The optimal approaches, in some cases, might change with the licensee location, number of employees and union or professional association activity. Such decisions must be made on a case-specific basis.

### Recommendations to Meet the Needs Expressed by Employees and Their Representatives.

(a) When employees have concerns relating to radiation protection or regulatory changes, these are usually very job-specific and would require considerable reading to find answers in the literature. Many companies do not have safety committees and management with the technical background to understand the area of concern and employees may not, especially at times of labour strife, wish to rely entirely on management for information.

The best resolution of this problem would be through a mechanism of direct two-way communication between representatives of AECB and interested employees or their representatives (such as a <u>safety committee</u> including both management and employee representation). Suggested mechanisms would either be through regional <u>workshops or employee meetings</u> at each industrial location. Examples of such approaches, used by AECB and other Federal Agencies, are discussed in Section 2.1. The AECB representative could be either a public information specialist or the regional Inspector. A definite information program and perhaps training of the AECB representative in public consultation are advised, but the program should be informal in its presentation and maximize opportunities for two-way interaction

This type of program could be designed to mutually benefit AECB and workers in a number of ways:

(i) To educate workers on the responsibilities and public consultation mechanisms of AECB. Once workers know how to obtain specific information from AECB, they will be more apt to utilize and rely on existing AECB mechanisms such as the Office of Public Information, published reports, consultative documents and the AECB library.

(ii) To obtain feedback on regulatory initiatives. Most workers want their opinions to be considered, but many find the necessity to review technical documents and respond in writing difficult.

(iii) To obtain further feedback on the success of public consultation approaches.

(iv) To establish a better rapport between AECB and employees at licensed facilities as well as a relationship of trust.

(b) Many licensee employees wish more chances for consultation with AECB. This could be addressed with an expanded mailing of either the Notice of Issuance or Summary Report discussed above. Almost all employees of licensed facilities belong either to a union or a professional association. Notices of the availability of these summaries could be made through these organizations and possibly placed in newsletters. Employers could also be asked to cooperate by distributing such notices. Due to many employers indicating they did not agree with AECB efforts to keep employees informed, this latter may not be as successful. The media (through news releases or advertisements), schools and libraries could also be used to inform workers of the availability of this information service.

(c) A common wish of many employees at licensed facilities was to receive further training on radiation protection. While this is not necessarily AECB's responsibility, AECB could coordinate such a program with employers, unions or professional associations and safety committees, and provide the required information or materials, while the company or employee representatives conduct the programs. The Uranium Mines Division currently offers this type of support for company programs. Materials supplied by AECB could include audio-visual materials, self-teaching computer programs, course instructions and background materials for those who do the teaching, course materials for the employees and some type of certification program for those who successfully complete the course.

#### 8.2 Recommendations to Meet the Needs Expressed by Management

(a) The major complaints about the AECB consultative documents from those who do receive them regularly were that they are too technical, and they are often not relevant to the type of licence. A possible resolution would be a layman summary to accompany or replace the consultative document. These would need to be more extensive than the Notice of Issuance, covering topics such as the regulations affected, purpose and general aspects of the proposed amendments and the types of licensed facilities and/or jobs affected. The option could be given to those on the mailing list to receive either the summary alone or both documents. Those receiving the summary alone would have the option of requesting the consultative document later, if they wish.

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(b) The lack of response to consultative documents often resulted from these being perceived as information sources alone as well as the reluctance of many to prepare formal written responses. Response questionnaire mail-back forms could be included with each consultative document to facilitate responses. This would have to include a notice that those who wish to submit more lengthy written responses are welcome to do so. A summary of these responses could be provided with the final regulatory document in the form of an analysis report.

(c) Management representatives at many licensed facilities expressed a desire for a follow-up process to resolve the concern that arises between notification of a proposed regulatory amendment and its actual passing. It is recommended that a regulatory journal or newsletter be issued on a regular basis to keep management informed about the status of proposed amendments, and that this periodical be less technical and more popular in style than the Regulatory Agenda.

(d) Reportedly the non-technical/non-ARW staff in many licensed facilities are most concerned over potential radiation hazards. Cleaning staff, secretaries and

workers from non-radiation areas often see radiation warning signs and immediately assume the worst. While this is not necessarily AECB's responsibility, special information notices could be prepared to explain the reason for posting such warnings, the low probability of problems occurring, and what actions to take or who to contact if concerns arise. Such notices could be made available to employers, unions and professional associations for distribution to such staff and to be posted adjacent to radiation warning signs.

#### 8.3 Additional Recommendations to Improve Targeting of the Consultation Program

(a) Considerable confusion exists over the designation of Atomic Radiation Workers (ARW's). Some licensed facilities designate no ARW's. The reasoning is that since they have never had a worker exposed to radiation levels above the non-ARW limit, they assume that the probability for such exposures is non-existent. Others designated all workers, since they felt this was safer and easier to administrate. Quite a number of management and employees surveyed had no idea of what an ARW was nor how to designate them. AECB could rectify this situation by setting more specific regulations or guidelines on designation of ARW's. These should be based on the risk of exposure relevant to the different licence categories on an industry-wide basis. Greater uniformity in ARW designation would help to define an appropriate target population for consultation programs.

(b) Considerable confusion exists about licence categories. Some companies have six or seven different categories including a consolidated licence. The contacts identified by AECB often were only knowledgeable on one of those various licence types even though they were listed as contact for all of them. An updating, rationalization and consolidation of licence categories would facilitate the flow of information from AECB to appropriate licensee contacts.

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APPENDIX A

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DETAILED QUESTIONNAIRE AND REVISIONS FOR SPECIFIC INDUSTRIES

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#### Questionnaire and Number of Responses to Each Question.

Hello. We are researchers from Beak Consultants Limited. We are doing a survey for the Atomic Energy Control Board (AECB) to took at ways of improving channels of consultation between workers and the Board. May we have a few minutes of your time to answer some important questions? Your name and address are not required, and all information will be kept strictly confidential.

. Please take the time to think about the answers and, if you have any questions, ask one of our researchers.

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ı. 2	I If you wanted to find out a (please circle one response on L. rediation safety officer 2. safety committee 3. supervisor 3. friend 6. union or professional asso 7. Ministry of Labour (provi 8. Labour Canada If you wanted to find out son contact? (please circle one re 1. safety officer 2. safety committee 3. safety control E 3. friend	ome informatic loard represent scistion ncial) he information sponse only.	m about <u>radi</u> 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 13, 14, 14, 14, 10, 10, 11, 11, 11,	ation health and safe Workers' Compensat safety association (i Association, or Can- aspert (i.e., professe doctor not sure ather (please specif; and safety on your joi Workers' Compensat safety association (i Association, or Can- supert (i.e., professe doctor	ty on your job tion Board , Industrial edian (Institute or) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )	o, who would y Accident Preve for Radiation : io radiation, wr Accident Preve for Radiation S	ou most likely con 542 ntion Safety) would you most 1 541 ntion

- 7. Ministry of Labour (provincial) 8. Labour Canada

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 Approximately how many times have you contacted the AECB to express an opinion concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines by writing, telephoning, or attending a meeting with a representative of the AECS? 533 533

16. Approximately haw many times have you received a notice or consultative document directly from the AECB or through your employer concerning board regulations, policies of guidelines?

No. at Times

13. Approximately how many times have you read an article or press release (originating from AECB) concerning AECB regulations, policies or guidelines in a journal, magazine or newspaper? 457

To what degree do you feel radiation health and safety ar	that employees * made?	should be c	onsulted by the AECB	before regul	lations or license	conditions concerning 525
Constantly I	a lot Z	some )	a little 4	none 5	not sure é	

17. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by those in authority before regulations are made that concern <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety (other than radiation)?

constantly I	a lot 2	some 3	a šittle B	none J	not sure	555

13. Would you like to be more active than you are at present in the AECB's process of forming regulations or ticense conditions concerning radiation health and safety? 448

yes	no	not sure

provide

e roress

19. To what extent has the <u>AECB</u> done a good job in providing information to you and finding out employees' opinions regarding <u>radiation</u> health and safety? 456

very	fairly		fairly	very	not
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
1	2	2	•	,	6

20. In general, to what extent have <u>other</u> agencies, government departments, and safety associations done a good job in providing you with information and finding out your opinions concerning <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety regulations? 496

very	fairly		fairly	very	not
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
1	2	,	•	,	•

The following questions list possible public consultation methods which could be used either by the AECB directly, or by employers, unlong or professional associations. Please rate each one according to how well the method would provide information to you from the AECB, and how well it would provide an opportunity for you to express your opinion to the AECB. The scale is from 1 to 10, with 10 being excellent and I very poor. Please read them all over first before starting.

		information to you	your opinion to the AECB
21.	Public Meeting: Open meetings followed by a question period to gauge worker reaction.	515	501
22	<u>News Releases:</u> Information summary intended for news media use (newspapers, radio, TV).	<u>520</u>	<u>457</u>
23.	Vorkshops: Formal presentation of information followed by active discussion in small groups.	521	497
24.	Open Houses: Displays and information summaries accompanied by personnel capable of discussing them,	<u>51</u> 7	<u>492</u>
25.	Newsletters: Periodic information summaries malled to you from a mailing list.	521	457
26,	Surveys) Questionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed.	<u>494</u>	501
27,	<u>Safety Committees</u> Employer, worker (or union) and AECB representatives who meet periodically to review, Comment and provide recommendations.	518	501
28.	Expert Opinion: Surveys of individuals with accepted expertise on topic to gauge reactions and solicit recommendations linspectors, scientists).	<u>506</u>	<u>491</u>
29.	Public Reports: Technical reports either released directly to public requesting them or through Ubrarles. After reading, people can write a letter to express their opinion if they wish.	513	<u>486</u>
30.	<u>Special Interest Group Seminars:</u> Presentations to special interest groups. These will usually include presentations with the group's viewpoint in mind.	<u>519</u>	<u>493</u>
31,	Posters: Information presented in display window or poster format in the work area.	516	455
32.	Information Offices: Open office and telephone available for worker questions or expressions of opinion (drop-in centre and/or hot line).	<u>514</u>	<u>496</u>
<u>))</u> .	<u>Media Advertisement:</u> Advertisements in newspapers, radio, or television to inform workers.	<u>517</u>	461
J4,	<u>Educational Programs:</u> Pilms, slide shows, workbooks, and discussion at an organized worker meeting.	<u>521</u>	4 <u>81</u>

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No. of Times

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35. If you can suggest a superior process not mentioned above, please describe it briefly on the following lines: 543 36. Do you belong to a union? 492 yes ٨o not sure 37. If yes, which one? 34. Have you ever discussed AECB regulations with a union representative or inspector or at union meetings, or have you ever read about AECB regulations in a union magazine or newsletter? 446 yes not sure 00 39. To what extent do you feel unions should be involved in the AECB's public consultation process? not sure 6 438 CONSTANT a little A lot 10mg noor of input at all input 1 input 3 input 4 40. Do you belong to any professional association? not sure 408 781 00 41. If yes, which one(s)? 42. Mave you ever read about AECB regulations or license conditions in your association's magazine or newsletter, or have you ever been contacted by your association in regards to an AECB regulation? 363 00 not sure 785 +3. To what extent do you feel professional associations should be involved in the AECB's public consultation process? 362 constant input i a lot of input Z a little some input 3 none not at all input sure Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confident of and your name will not be needed with any of this information. 527 44. What is your age: \_\_\_\_\_ years maje female 525 45. Sem 46. What is the extent of your formal education? (please circle) 525 Public School Secondary School Community College University L 1 ÷, 5. No formal education 97. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household? under \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$20,000 \$20,000 - \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$40,000 \$40,000 or mare 507

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	Revised Quest	tionnaire	for S	ome Reacto	r Facil	ities	
Hello at we impo	), We are researchers from I ays of improving channels of rtant questions? Your name	Beak Consultants consultation betw and address are n	Limited. N ween worke tot required	We are doing a surve rs and the Board. Mi , and all information	y for the Ato sy we have a will be kept s	nic Energy Control B few minutes of your t trictly confidential.	ard (AECB) to lot ime to answer som
۱ ه	Please take the time to think	about the answe	rs and, if yo	u have any questions	ask one of o	ar researchers.	
	Plate circle the concention				,		
• •	riease circle the appropriate	responde or ortig	r your anset	er in the space provid	eu.		
i. P	Have you previously heard of	the Atomic Ener	gy Control I	Board latso known as	the AECBI?		
	7	/08		no		not sure	
lf yes	s, go to question 2; if no go to	o question ).					
2. 5	Briefly describe, in your opin	ion, the function	of the AEC	в.			
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-							
	HAVE YOU previously neard of	Atomic Energy o	I Canada Li	IG. UEISO KNOWN AS AE	CLR		
	<i>r</i>	<b>e</b> s		no		not sure	
l yes,	, go to question 4; if no go to	question 3.				•	
. 8	briefly describe, in your opini	ion, the function o	of AECL.				
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	a mur present job do you at	t any time, bandle	radioactim	e materials?			
	,	••					
. 0	loss your job require you to a	reck, at any time,	, in a design	lated radiation area?			
	7	11		00		not sure	
. н ф	lave you been designated b issignate all workers who hav	y your employer 's a <u>reasonable pr</u>	as an Ato obability of	mic Radiation Work receiving a 5 millisi	er (A.R.W.)? evert (500 mr	(The AECB require em) radiation dose or	s the employer i more per year.)
	74	rs		no		not sure	
. н	low many years have you been	n working?				•	
F	or your present employer						
	a an Atomic Radiation Voria						
. н	ow safe do you feel you are a very	st work, from inju	ury, iliness o	or death due to radia moderately	tion? not safe		
	sare 1	5430 2	average 3	unuale 0	5		
0. H	low sale do you leel you are i	at work from inju	ry, lliness, «	or death from all oth	er		
M	azarda? very	fairly		moderately	not sale		
	sale 1	ante 2	average 3	unsafe	nt ali 5		
1 11	you wanted to find out so please circle one response on	- me information a sy)	about <u>radia</u>	tion health and safe	ty on your ja	ob, who would you m	ost likely contact
"φ			2	Workers' Compensat	tion Board		
	radiation salety officer		10	safety association (	.e., Industrial	Accident Prevention	,
	<ul> <li>radiation safety officer</li> <li>safety committee</li> <li>supervisor</li> </ul>		10.	Association, or Can	adian Institute	e for Radiation Safety	
	<ul> <li>radiation safety officer</li> <li>safety committee</li> <li>supervisor</li> <li>Atomic Energy Control Be folget</li> </ul>	sard representation	ve <u>ii</u> .	Association, or Can expert G.e., profess	adian Institut or)	e for Radiation Safety	<i>.</i>
	radiation safety officer supervisor Atomic Energy Control Bi friend union or professional asso	oard representatio	ve 11. 12. 13.	Association, or Can expert G.e., profess doctor not sure	adian Institut or)	e for Radiation Safety	,
	<ul> <li>radiation safety officer</li> <li>safety committee</li> <li>supervisor</li> <li>Atomic Energy Control Bi</li> <li>friend</li> <li>union er professional asso</li> <li>Ministry of Labour Grovir</li> <li>Labour Canada</li> </ul>	oard representativ clation volal)	ve 11. 12. 13. 14.	Association, or Can expert U.e., profess doctor not sure other (please specif	adian Institut or) y)	e for Radiation Safety	, 
	radiation safety officer safety committee safety committee Atomic Energy Control B friend union er professional amo Ministry of Labour (provir Labour Canada you wanted to find out som mittet? (plasse circle one rea	oard representation Incluib e information about the second	ve <i>li.</i> 12, 13, 14, out health a	Association, or Can expert (i.e., profess- doctor not sure other (please specif and safety on your jo	adian Institut or) y) b <u>not</u> related	to radiation, who wo	uld you most likel
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	radiation safety officer safety committee supprvisor Atomic Energy Control B. friend Ministry of Labour Grovir Labour Canada you wanted to find out some mitact? (plasse circle one real safety officer safety officer supprvisor	oard representati clation scial) e information abo sponse only.	10. 12. 13. 14. out health a 9. 10.	Association, or Can expert (i.e., profess doctor not sure other (please specif, and safety on your jo Vorkers' Compensat safety association (i Association or Can-	adián Institut 97) <u>not</u> related tion Board .e., Industrial	e for Radiation Safety to radiation, who wo Accident Prevention for Radiation Safety	) John John Jikel
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	radiation safety officer safety committee supprvisor Atomic Energy Control B friend Ministry of Labour (provin Labour Canada you wanted to find out som safety officer safety committee safety officer safety committee safety committee safety Control Bo friend union or professional asso	oard representati clation ncial) e information abo sponse only. clation	10. ve 11. 13. 14. out health a 9. 10. ve 11. 13.	Association, or Can- expert G.e., protess doctor not sure other (please specif) and safety on your jo Vorkers' Compensat safety association ( Association, or Can aspert G.e., protesse doctor not sure	ndian Instituti or) b <u>not</u> related tion Board .e., Industrial edian Instituti or)	e for Radiation Safety to radiation, who wo Accident Prevention a for Radiation Safety	) )

- 13. not sure 14. other (please specify)
- 13. Approximately now many times have you contacted the AECB to express an opinion concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines by writing, telephoning, or attending a meeting with a representative of the AECB?

Ne. of Times

14. Approximately how many times have you received or been made aware of a notice or consultative document directly from the AECB or through your employer concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines?

No. of Times

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15. Approximately how many times have you read an article or press release (originating from AECB) concerning AECB regulations, policies or guidelines in a journal, magazine or newspaper?

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constantly	a lot	some 3	a little	none 3	not sure
•	•	,	•		•

17. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by regulatory agencies before regulations are made that concern other types of occupational health and safety (other than radiation)?

constantly	a lot	30006	a little	9000	not sure
1 <sup>*</sup>	2	J	•	3	6

12. Would you like to be more active than you are at present in the AECB's process of forming regulations or license conditions concerning rediation health and safety?

yes no not sure
19. To what extent has the <u>AECB</u> done a good job in providing information to employee/employee and finding out employees' opinions regarding <u>radiation</u> health and safety?

very	fairly	•	fairly	very	hot
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure

20. In general, to what extent have <u>other</u> agencies, government departments, and safety associations done a good job in providing you with Information and finding out your opinions concerning <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety regulations?

very	fairly		fairty	very	not
good	good	a de que te	poor	poor	sure
1	2	3	•	5	

The following questions list possible public consultation methods which could be used either by the AECB directly, or by employers, unlang or professional associations. Please rate each one according to how well the method would provide information to you from the AECB, and how well it would provide an opportunity for you to express your opinion to the AECB. The scale is from 1 to 10, with 10 being excellent and I very poor. Please read them all over first before starting.

	•	provide information to you	express your opinion to the AECS
21.	Public Meeting: Open meetings followed by a question period to gauge worker reaction.		
22.	<u>News Releases:</u> Information summary intended for news media use (newspapers, radio, TV).		
23.	<u>Vorkshops</u> Formal presentation of information followed by active discussion in small groups,		·
24.	Open Houses: Displays and information summaries accompanied by personnel capable of discussing them.		
23.	Newsletters: Periodic information summaries mailed to you from a mailing list.		
26.	Surveys: Questionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed.		_
27,	Safety Committee: Employer, worker (or union) and AECB representatives who meet periodically to review, comment and provide recommendations.		
28.	Expert Opinions Surveys of individuals with accepted expertise on topic to gauge reactions and solicit recommendations (inspectors, scientists),		
₽.	Public Reports: Technical reports either released directly to public requesting them or through Ubrarles. After reading, people can write a letter to express their opinion if they wish.		
30.	Special Interest Group Seminars: Presentations to special interest groups. These will usually include presentations with the group's viewpoint in mind.		_
31.	Posters: Information presented in display window or poster format in the work area,		
32,	Information Offices; Open office and telephone available for worker questions or expressions of opinion from its even metric but time.		
33.	Media Advertisement: Advertisement: Advertisement:		<u> </u>
34,	Educational Programs:	and the second s	_
	Films, slide shows, workbooks, and discussion at an organized worker meeting.		_

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33. If you can suggest a superior process not mentioned above, please describe it briefly on the following lines:

. Do you b	elong to a union?						
		yes		ло		not sure	
. 15 yes, w	hich one?						
Have yo about Al	u ever discussed ICB regulations in	AECB regulations a union magazine	with a union re or newsletter?	epresentative or i	nspector of at u	nion meetings, or I	have you ever n
		788		<b>no</b>		not sure	
. To what	entent do you lee	l unions should be i	avolved in the A	ECB's public cons	ultation process?	2	
	constant input j	a lot of input 2	some input 3	a little input 4	none at all 5	nas sure 6	
. Do you b	elong to any profe	ssional association	(such as th	) or corporate a	ssociation (such a	* 17	
		761		no	nor	t sure	
if yes, w	hich one(s)?						
Have you	ever read about	AECB regulations	ar license condit	tions in your assoc	iation's magazine	or newsletter, or	have you ever be
contacte	d by your associat	ion in regards to si	n AECB regulati	on?	-		
		Ves		00	n	ot sure	

53. To what extent do you feel professional associations should be involved in the AECB's public consultation process?

constant	s lot	some	e little	none	not
input	of input	Input	input	at all	sure
1	2	3	4	5	6

Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be needed with any of this information.

.

ee. What is your age: \_\_\_\_\_ years

45. Sezz male female

46. What is the extent of your formal education? (please circle)

- L. Public School 2. Secondary School 3. Community College 9. University 5. No formal education

47. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household?

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- 1, under \$10,000 2. \$10,000 \$20,000 3. \$20,000 \$30,000 4. \$30,000 \$40,000 5. \$40,000 ar more

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# Revised Questionnaire for a Heavy Water Plant

Hello. We are researchers from Beak Consultants Limited. We are doing a survey for the Atomic Energy Control Board (AECB) to look as ways of improving channels of consultation between workers and the Board. May we have a few minutes of your time to answer some impertant questions? Your name and address are not required, and all information will be bept strictly confidential.

not sure

not sure

not sure

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- Please take the time to think about the answers and, if you have any questions, ask one of our researchers,
- Please circle the appropriate response or write your answer in the space provided.
- Have you previously heard of the Atomic Energy Control Board latso known as the AEC377 ۱.

yes.	no	
If yes, go to question 2; if no go to question 3.		

Briefly describe, in your seinion, the function of the AECB.

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3. Have you previously heard of Atomic Energy of Canada Ltd, Jalao known as AECL??

#### not sure 795

If yes, go to question 4; if no go to question 5.

4. Briefly describe, in your opinion, the function of AECL.

4	In your pressors lab	 at say time	handle melloscalus metaclais?

- 191 200
- 4. Does your job require you to work, at any time, in an H<sub>2</sub>S buddy area?
  - not iure
- Have you been designated by your employer as an Atomic Radiation Worker (A.R.W.J?). (The AECS requires the employer to designate all workers whe have a <u>reasonable probability</u> of receiving a 3 millisievert (300 mrem) radiation dose or more per year.) 7.

# 798

1. Hew many years have you been working? For your present employer

As an Atemic Radiation Verier

- How safe do you feel you are at wark, from injury, illness or death due to H2S poisoning? 9. fuirly derately not sale at all **m**H VETY sale nate. average unsale 2
- 10. How safe do you feel you are at work from injury, illness, or death from all other hazardal

 	fairly		meditra tel v	not safe
54/4	ale		umaste.	at all
1	2	3	•	,

11. If you wanted to find out some information about chemical (e.g., H<sub>2</sub>S) health and safety on your job, who would you most likely contact? (please carcle one response only)

- salety efficer 1.2
- Asinty Committee Superviser ī
- Atomic Energy Control Board representative
- 1. 5. triend
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- informer professional association Ministry of Labour (provincial) Labour Canada

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- 21 Aufery committee Sugarviaer Atomic Energy Control Board representative
- ٥,
- 1 leined
- union or professional association Ministry of Labour (provincial)
- ÷.
- Labour Canada

- 9. Verters' Compensation Board 10. sofety association (Le., Industrial Accident Prevention Association, or Canadian Institute (or Radiation Safety)
- 11. expert (Le., professor)
- 12. dector
- 14. other (please specify)
- 12. If you wanted to find out some information about health and safety on your job not related to H<sub>2</sub>S, who would you must likely contact? (blease circle one response only.
- 9. Warkers' Compensation Board 10. safety association (i.e., industrial Accident Prevention
  - Association, or Canadian Institute for Radiation Safety) 11. stpert (Le, professor)

  - 12. dector 13. net sure 14. ether (piesse specify)
- 13. Appreximately how many times have you contacted the AECB to express an opinion concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines by writing, telephoning, or attending a moneting with a representative of the AECB?

No. of Times

18. Appreximately new many times have you received or been made aware of a notice or consultative document directly from the AECB or through your employer concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines?

No. of Times

13. Approximately how many times have you read an article or press release (originating from AECB) concerning AECB regulations, policies or guidelines in a journal, magazine or newspaper?

No. of Times

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16. To what degree do you jeel that employees should be consulted by the AECB before regulations or license conditions concerning chemical (e.g., H<sub>2</sub>5) health and safety are made?

Constantly	a lot	some	a little	none	not sure
1 <sup>1</sup>	2	3	•	5	6

17. To what degree do you jeel that employees should be consulted by regulatory agencies before regulations are made that concern other types of occupational health and safety (other than H<sub>2</sub>S)?

constantly	a lot	10me	a little	none	not sure
1	2	3	•	5	6

 Yould you like to be more active than you are at present in the AECB's process of forming regulations or license conditions concerning chemical (e.g., H<sub>2</sub>S) health and safety?

	yes	no	not sure	
19.	To what extent has the <u>AECB</u> done a good job in gregarding chemical (e.g., $H_2S$ ) health and safety?	providing information to	employer/employee and finding out employe	es' opinions

very	fairly		fairly	very	not
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	ALT C
1	- 2	ز	•	5	6

20. In general, to what extent have other agencies, government departments, and safety associations done a good job in providing you with information and finding out your opinions concerning other types of occupational health and safety regulations?

very	fairly		fairty	very	not
food	good	ê de quê te	poor	poor	sure
1	2	3	•	و	6

The following questions list possible public consultation methods which could be used either by the AECB directly, or by employers, unions or professional associations. Please rate each one according to how well the method would provide information to you from the AECB, and how well it would provide an opportunity for you to express your opinion to the AECB. The scale is from 1 zo 10, with 10 being excellent and 1 wery poor. Please read them all over first before sterring.

		provide information to you	express your opinion to the AECB
21.	Public Meeting: Open meetings followed by a question period to gauge worker reaction.		
22	<u>News Releases:</u> Information summary intended for news modia use inewspapers, radio, TV).		
23.	Vorkshops Formal presentation of information followed by active discussion in small groups,		
24,	Open Houses: Displays and information summaties accompanied by personnel capable of discussing them.		
23.	Newsletters: Periodic information summaries malled to you from a mailing list.	<u> </u>	
26.	Surveys: Questionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed.		
27.	<u>Safery Committee:</u> Employer, worker for union) and AEC8 representatives who meet periodically to review, comment and provide recommendations.		
28.	Expert Opinion: Surveys of Advicuals with accepted expertise on topic to gauge reactions and Wild's recommendations Unspectors, scientists).		
27.	Public Reports : Yeofuncal reports either released directly to public requesting them or through Bibraries. Alter reading, people can write a letter to express their opinion if they wish.		
30.	Special Interest Group Seminars: Presentations to special interest groups, These will usually include presentations with the exercit's texacols in Mind.		
31.	Posters: Rifermation presented in display window or poster format in the work area.		
32	Information Offices: Open effice and telephone svallable for worker questions or expressions of opinion (dream, centry and/or hot ling).		
<b>33</b> .	Media Advertisement: Aevertisements in newspapers, radie, or talevision to inform workers.	·	
3 <b>4</b> .	<u>Educational Programs;</u> Films, slide shows, workbooks, and discussion at an organized worker meeting.		

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33. If yos can suggest a superior process not mentioned above, please describe it briefly on the following lines: 36. Do you belong to a union? 783 not sure no 37. If yes, which one? 34. Have you ever discussed AECB regulations with a union representative or inspector or at union meetings, or have you ever read about AECB regulations in a union magazine or newsletter? 785 not sure 20 39. To what extent do you feel unions should be involved in the AECB's public consultation process? constant input 1 not sure 6 s lot el input 2 some input 3 a little at all input 4 ) or corporate association (such as 77 40. Do you belong to any professional association (such as \* \* not sure 795 10 +i. If yes, which one(s)? 62. Have you ever read about AECB regulations or license conditions in your association's megazine or newsletter, or have you ever been contacted by your association in regards to an AECB regulation?

	•	•		
	yes		ne	not sure
43.	To what extent do you feel professional associatio	ons should b	e involved in the Al	ECB's public consultation process?

constant	e lot	some	a littie	0006	not
input	of input	Input	input	at all	sure
L	2	3	•	5	4

Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be needed with any of this information.

ss. What is your ages \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

45. 5em male female

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16. What is the extent of your formal education? (please circle)

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Public School Secondary School Community College University ĩ

۰.

5. No formal education

•7. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household?

1.	under \$10,000	
-		

- ž L
- \$10,000 \$20,000 \$20,000 \$10,000 \$30,000 \$40,000 \$40,000 er mere
- 8. 5.

## \* Name Deleted

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### Revised Questionnaire for a Unionized Mine

Hello.	Ve i	are re	searc	thers iro	m Be	ak Consu	litants Lim	ited.	We are	doing i	surve;	y ior th	e Atom	c Energ	ty Contro	80ard	(AECB)	to look
at way:	i of s	improv	ing	channels	of c	onsultati	on betwees	n worke	ers and	the Bo	ard, M	ay we t	nave a fe	A WINA	tes of you	ir time :	to answe	r some
importa	int g	ucstio	ns?	Your ner	ne an	nd addres	s are not r	equired	s, and a	11 infor	mation	will be	kept str	ictly co	ofidentia	1.		

•	Please take the time to think about the answers and, if you have any questions, ask one of our researchers.
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- o Please circle the appropriate response or write your answer in the space provided.
- 1. Have you previously heard of the Atomic Energy Control Board (also known as the AECB)?

yes	no	r	not sure

if yes, go to question 2; if no go to question 3.

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з.	Have you previously he	ard of Atomic Ener	gy of Canada L	td. (also known as AE	CL ??		
		yes		no		not sure	
if y	es, go to question 4; if n	o go to question 5.				•	
۰.	Briefly describe, in you	r opinion, the funct	tion of AECL.	······································			
5.	In your present job, do	you, at any time, h	andle radioactiv	e materials?			
		yes		no		not sure	
í.	Does 77 % job require y	ou to work, at any	time, in a desig	nated radiation area?			
		yes		no		not sure	
7.	Have you been design designate all workers w	ated by your empl to have a <u>reasonab</u>	loyer as an At le probability o	omic Radiation Worl freceiving a 5 millisi	ker (A.R.W.)? evert (300 mr	(The AECB requires the emplo em) radiation dose or more per ye	oyer ar.)
	-	yes		no		not sure	
I.	How many years have y	ou been working?					
	For your present emplo	yer					
	As an Atomic Radiation	Worker					
	Now safe do you feel w	ware at work from	iolucy illocs	or death due to radia	tion?		
	very	fairly		moderately	nat sale		
	safe 1	Lafe 2	average 3	unsafe N	at all		
10.	How safe do you feet yo hazards?	u are at work from	injury, illness,	or death from all oth	er		
	very	fairly		moderately	not safe		
	Petc 1	2	3	unsa le	3		
1.	If you wanted to find (please circle one respo	out some informat nse only)	ion about <u>radia</u>	ation health and safe	ty on your jo	ab, who would you most likely co	ntact
	I. radiation safety of	licer	9.	Workers' Compensa	tion Board	<b>.</b> .	
	<ol> <li>safety committee</li> <li>supervisor</li> </ol>		10.	Association or Can	i.e., Industrial adian Instituti	Accident Prevention e for Radiation Safety)	
	4. Atomic Energy Cor	trol Board represent	ntative II.	expert li.e., profess	or)	•	
	<ol> <li>Intend</li> <li>union or profession</li> </ol>	al association	12.	not sure			
	7. Ministry of Labour 8. Labour Canada	(provincial)	14.	other (please specif	y)		
•	If you wanted to find o	ut some informatio	about health	and safety on your io	b not related	to radiation, who would you most	likel

· ·

- union or professional association Ministry of Labour (provincial) Labour Canada 16.7.6

- I. safety officer 2. safety committee 3. supervisor 4. Atomic Energy Control Board representative 5. friend

- 9. Workers' Compensation Board 10. safety association (i.e., Industrial Accident Prevention Association, or Canadian Institute for Radiation Safety) 11. expert (i.e., professor)

- 12. doctor 13. not sure 14. other (please specify)
- 13. Approximately how many times have you contacted the AEC8 to express an opinion concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines by writing, telephoning, or attending a meeting with a representative of the AEC8?
  - No. of Times
- 14. Approximately how many times have you received a notice or consultative document directly from the AECB or through your employer concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines?

No. of Times

15. Approximately now many times have you read an article or press release (originating from AEC8) concerning AEC8 regulations, policies or guidelines in a journal, magazine or newspaper?

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10.	ot	Times		
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16. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by the AECB before regulations or license conditions concerning radiation health and sufety are made?

constar.tiy	a lot	some	a little	none	not sure
1	2	3	•	5	6

17. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by those in authority before regulations are made that concern <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety (other than radiation)?

constantly	a lot	some	a little	none	not sure
1	2	3	•	5	6

12. Would you like to be more active than you are at present in the AECB's process of forming regulations or license conditions concerning radiation health and safety?

yes	no	not sure
-----	----	----------

19. To what extent has the <u>AECB</u> done a good job in providing information to you and finding out employees' opinions regarding <u>radiation</u> health and safety?

VELY	fairly		fairly	ver y	001
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
- I	2	3	•	5	6

20. In general, to what extent have other agencies, government departments, and safety associations done a good job in providing you with information and finding out your opinions concerning other types of occupational health and safety regulations?

very	fairly		fairly	very	nat
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
1	2	3	•	5	6

The following questions list possible public consultation methods which could be used either by the AECB directly, or by employers, unions or professional associations. Please rate each one according to how well the method would provide information to you from the AECB, and how well it would provide an opportunity for you to express your opinion to the AECB. The scale is from 1 to 10, with 10 being excellent and 1 very poor. Please read them all over first before starting.

		provide information to you	express your opinion to the AECB
21.	<u>Public Meeting:</u> Open meetings followed by a question period to gauge worker reaction.		
2Z.	<u>News Releases:</u> Information summary intended for news media use (newspapers, radio, TV).		
23,	Workshops: Formal presentation of information followed by active discussion in small groups.		
24.	Open Houses: Displays and information summaries accompanied by personnel capable of discussing them.		
25.	<u>Newsletters:</u> Periodic information summaries mailed to you from a mailing list.		
26.	<u>Surveys:</u> Questionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed,		
27.	<u>Safery Committee:</u> Employer, worker (or union) and AECS representatives who meet periodically to review, comment and provide recommendations.		
28.	Expert Doinion: Surveys of individuals with accepted expertise on topic to gauge reactions and solicit recommendations (inspectors, scientists).		
<b>н</b> .	Public Reports: Technical reports either released directly to public requesting them or through libraries. After reading, people can write a letter to express their opinion if they wish.		
30.	Special Interest Group Seminars: Presentations to special interest groups. These will usually include presentations with the group's viewpoint in mind.		
31.	Posters: Information presented in display window or poster format in the work area.		<u> </u>
32.	Information Offices: Open office and telephone available for worker questions or expressions of opinion (drop-in centre and/or hot line).		
33.	<u>Media Advertisement:</u> Advertisements in newspapers, rádio, or television to inform workers.		
34,	<u>Educational Programs:</u> Films, slide shows, workbooks, and discussion at an organized worker meeting,		

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-A13-

differentiation of the

35. If you can suggest a superior process not mentioned above, please describe it briefly on the following lines:

36.	Do you belong to any	ou belong to any professional association?			
	yes	NO	not sure		
37.	If yes, which one(s)?				

38. Have you ever read about AECB regulations or license conditions in your association's magazine or newsletter, or have you ever been contacted by your association in regards to an AECB regulation?

no not sure

39. To what extent do you feel professional associations should be involved in the AECB's public Consultation process?

Constant	a lot	some	a little	none	not
input	of input	input	input	at all	sure
1 2	3	4	3	6	

Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be needed with any of this information.

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40. What is your age: \_\_\_\_\_ years

yes

ei. Sex: maie female

42. What is the extent of your formal education? (please circle)

1. 2.

Public School Secondary School Community College University

1

University
 No formal education

. 83. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household?

1. under \$10,000 2. \$10,000 - \$20,000 3. \$20,000 - \$30,000 4. \$30,000 - \$40,000 5. \$40,000 or more

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	levised Questionnaire for a	a No	n-Unionized	1 Mine		
, TT , TT , TT	searchers from beak Consultants Limited are do proving channels of Consultation between workers a portant questions. Your name and address are not re	ing a si und the equired,	Board. We would like and all information w	e to take a ( nii be kept st	ntrol 504rd (AECB) to look at - tw minutes of your time to answ- rictly confidential.	-471 er 10/
•	Please take the time to think about the answers an	nd, if yo	w have any questions,	do not hesita	te to ask for an explanation.	
•	Please Circle your response or write your mawer in	a the sp	ace provided.			
	Have you operately beard of the Ase-in Research					
۰.	Have you previously heard at the Atomic Energy C	ontrol :	BOARD LAISO KNOWN AL	IN ALCO!		
	yes		10		ngt sure	
,	Brially destruct a 2 no go to question 3.		•			
	enterly consistent in your opinited the function of th					
			·····			
J.	Have you previously heard of Atomic Energy of Ca	mada L'	td. (also known as AE	 נות		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		00		bot ture	
iđ v	es to to question at if no to question 5.					
4.	Briefly describe, in your agining, the function of A	ECL.				
•	In your present ich do you at any time handle red	licartiz	e materiale fe e una	ium bearing		
				a an inclusion and an an a		
4	Does your job require you to work, at you time. In :	a decise	ated radiation area?		•	
•.	Deer foor foo regere you to opin, at any dine, in	e venië.				
,	yes Have you been designated by your amployer as		mu Amin Badiatina Work		The ASCS continue the error	
	designate all workers who have a reasonable probab	tility of	receiving a 5 millisie	vers (500 mr	em) radiation dose or more per ye	ear.)
	yes .		ne		not ture	
L	How many years have you been working?					
	For your present employer	-				
	As an Atomic Radiation Vorker	-				
9.	How safe do you feel you are at work, from injury, very fairly	ilinesa -	or death due to radiat moderately	ion? not safe		
	sate sate av	erage	unsafe	at all 5		
10.	Now sale do you feel you are at work from injury, i	illAess.	or death from all othe	r		
	hazards? Very fairly	•	moderately	not safe		
	sale sale av	arage 3	unsafe	at all		
11.	If you wanted to find out some information about (please circle one response only)	ıt <u>radia</u>	tion health and safes	ty on your ja	b, who would you most likely c	00140
	I. radiation safety officer	8.	Vorkers' Compensat	ion Board	Angidana Diamana an	
	6 Salety Committee J. Supervisor	7. 	Association, or Care	idian Instituti	e for Radiation Safety)	
	<ul> <li>Atomic Energy Control Board representative</li> <li>J. Iriand</li> </ul>	11,	expert u.e., protesso doctor	×,		
	<ul> <li>Ministry of Labour (provincial)</li> <li>Labour Canada</li> </ul>	12.	not sure other (piease specif)	a	······································	
1 Z.	If you wanted to find out some information about I contact? (please circle one response only.	health i	and safety on your job	hot related	to rédiation, who would you mos	st lije
		L.	Workers' Compensat	ion Soard	Actident Prevention	
	I. Safety committee	2. safety committee 9. safety association (i.e., Industrial Accident Prevention 3. supervisor Association, or Canadian Institute for Radiation Safety)				
	Safety atticer     Safety committee     Supervisor     A Armin Energy Control Board constantiation	<b>9.</b> 10	Association, or Cana expert (i.e., professo	idian Institute ari	for Radiation Safety)	
	<ol> <li>safety atticer</li> <li>safety committee</li> <li>supervisor</li> <li>Atomic Energy Control Board representative</li> <li>Iriend</li> </ol>	9. 10. 11.	Association, or Cana expert (i.e., professo doctor	idian Instituti ri	for Radiation Safety)	

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- safety officer
   safety committee
   supervisor
   Atomic Energy Control Board representative
   Iriend
   Minuter of Labour (reprincial)

- Ministry of Labour (provincial)
   Labour Canada

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- i). Approximately how many times have you contacted the ASCS to express an opinion concerning board regulations, policies or guidelines by writing, telephoning, or attending a meeting with a representative of the AECB?

#### No. of Times

14. Approximately now many times have you received or been made aware of a notice or proposed regulatory document directly from the AECB or through your employer concerning changes that are being considered to board regulations, policies or guidelines? .

No. of Times

-A15-

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13. Approximately how many times have you read an article or press release (originating from AECB) concerning AECB regulations, policies or guidelines in a journal, magazine or newspaper?

No. of Times

:

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16. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by the AECB before regulations or license conditions concerning radiation health and salety are made?

constantly	a lot	some	a little	0000	not sure
i	2	,	4	5	6

17. To what degree do you feel that employees should be consulted by provincial or federal regulatory agencies before regulations are made that concern <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety (other than rediation)?

constantly	a lot	some	a little	none	not sure
1	2	3	•	3	6

18. Would you like to be more active than you are at present in the AECB's process of forming regulations or license conditions concerning reduction health and safety?

yes no not sure

19. To what extent has the <u>AECB</u> done a good job in providing information to you and finding out employees' opinions regarding <u>radiation</u> health and safety?

very	fairiy		lairly	very	1001
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
1	2	3	•	,	

20. In general, to what extent have <u>other</u> agencies, government departments, and safety associations done a good job in providing you with information and finding out your opinions concerning <u>other</u> types of occupational health and safety regulations?

very	fairly		fairly	very	not
good	good	adequate	poor	poor	sure
I	2	3		5	6

The following questions list possible public consultation methods which could be used either by the AECB directly, or by employers. Please rate each one according to how well the method would provide information to you from the AECB, and how well it would provide an opportunity for you to express your opinion to the AECB. The scale is from 1 to 10, with 10 being excellent and 1 very poor. Please read them all over first before starting.

provide

express

		information to you	your opinion to the AECB
21.	Public Meeting: Open meetings followed by a question period to gauge worker reaction.		—
22.	<u>News Releases:</u> Information summary intended for news media use (newspapers, radio, TV).		
23.	<u>Workshops:</u> Formal presentation of information followed by active discussion in small groups-		
24.	Open Mouses: Displays and information summaries accompanied by personnel capable of discussing them.		
23.	Newstetters: Periodic information summaries malled to you from a mailing list.		—
26.	<u>Surveys:</u> Quessionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed.	_	,
27.	Salety Committee: Employer, worker, and ASCB representatives who meet periodically to review, comment and provide recommendations.		
21.	Expert Opinion: Surveys of individuals with accepted expertise on a topic to gauge reactions and ask for recommendations linspectors, scientists).		. <del>—</del>
19.	Public Reports: Technical reports made available to the public either directly by request or through libraries. Alter reading, people can write a letter to express their opinion if they wish.	_	_
30.	Special Interest Group Seminars: Presentations to special interest groups. These will usually include presentations with the group's viewpoint in mind.	_	
э.	Posters: Information presented in display window or poster format in the work area.		
32.	Information Offices: Open affice and telephone line available for worker questions or expressions of opinion (drop-in centre and/or hat line).		_
33.	<u>Media Advertisements</u> Advertisements in newspapers, radio, or television to inform workers.	_	—
34,	Educational Programs: Films, slide shows, workbooks, and discussion at an organized worker meeting.		<u> </u>

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-A16-

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33. If you can suggest a better process not mentioned above, picase describe it briefly on the following lines:

Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be needed with any of this information.

. ....

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36. What is your age: \_\_\_\_\_years

•

37. Sex: male female

38. What is the estent of your formal education? (please circle)

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- L Z
- Public School Secondary School Community College
- Secondary School
   Community College
   University
   No formal education

39. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household?

- I. under \$10,000 2. \$10,000 \$20,000 3. \$20,000 \$30,000 4. \$30,000 \$40,000 5. \$40,000 or more

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#### Pretest Questionnaire

Hello my name is and I am from Beak Consultants Limited. I am doing a survey for the Atomic Energy Control Board. May I have a few minutes of your time to answer some important questions? Your name and address are not required and all information you give will be strictly confidential. (Please circle the appropriate response.)

Have you ever heard of the Atomic Energy Control Board (also known as the AECB)? 1.

	yes	no	not sure
if y	yes, go to question 2; if no go to	o question 3.	
2.	Briefly describe, in your opin	ion, the function of the A	ECB.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3.	In your present job, do you, at	t any time, handle radioac	tive materials?
	yes	no	not sure
4.	Does your job require you to	work, at any time, in a de	signated radiation area?
	yes	no	· not sure
5.	Have you been designated	by your employer as a	n Atomic Radiation Wo

5. н rker (A.R.W.)? (The AECB requires the employer to designate all workers who have a reasonable probability of receiving a 5 milisievert radiation dose or more per year.)

yes	no	not sure

How safe do you feel you are at work, from injury, illness or death due to radiation? 6.

very safe	fairly safe	average	moderately unsafe	not safe at all
1	2	3	4	5

7. How safe do you feel you are at work from injury, illness, or death from all other hazards?

very safe	fairly safe	average	moderately unsafe	not safe at all
1	2	3	4	5

- 8. If you wanted to find out some information about radiation health and safety on your job who would you contact (position, not name)?
- If you wanted to find out some information about health and safety on your job not 9. related to radiation, who would you contact?

The Atomic Energy Control Board provides information to the public in various ways. I will now read a list of different methods they use. If you have ever had contact with the AECB through any of these methods either directly or indirectly, answer yes, or no. If yes, approximately how may times? (please check)

			ves	00	approximate
10.	Have you ever written the Al	ECB a letter?			
11.	Have you ever telephoned the	AECB?			
12.	Have you ever attended a me with a representative of the <i>i</i>	eting AECB?		<u> </u>	
13.	Have you ever received AECI in the mail or from your empl	B newsletters loyer?			
14.	Have you ever read a news re the AECB in a newspaper, ma or journal?	lease from Igazine,			
15.	Have you ever read the AECE Agenda in the Canada Gazett	3's Regulatory e?			<del></del>
16.	Have you ever read the AECB Summary of Reported Inciden	S's Quarterly hts?		<u> </u>	
17.	Have you ever read the AECB "Control"?	3's magazine			
18.	In your opinion do you feel th AECB before regulations conc	hat you and other en cerning <u>radiation</u> hea	nployees sho alth and safe	uid be ty are	consulted by the made?
	yes	no		n	ot sure
19.	Why?				
20.	Would you like to be more forming regulations concernin	active in participa og radiation health a	ting in in nd safety?	the Al	ECB's process of
	yes	no		n	ot sure
21.	Do you feel that you and othe before regulations are made safety (other than radiation)?	er employees should that concern <u>other</u>	be consulte types of a	d by t ccupat	hose in authority tional health and
	yes	no		n	ot sure
22.	Why?				···-

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ides.

23.	In your op out your op	inion, what is the <u>pinions</u> regarding	e best way for the AECB existing radiation health	to get in touch and safety?	with you <u>to find</u>
24.	In your op concerning	inion, what is th existing or prop	e best way for the AEC osed radiation health and	B <u>to provide info</u> safety regulation	ormation to you hs?
25.	In your opi finding out	nion, has the AE employees' opini	CB done a good job in p ions regarding radiation he	roviding informa ealth and safety?	ition to you and ?
		yes	no	no	t sure
26.	Why?				·
	<u> </u>				
27.	In general, done a goo concerning	have <u>other</u> age od job in providi other types of o	nices, government depart ing you with information coupational health and sat	tments, and safe and finding ou	ety associations t your opinions
	·	yes	no	not	tsure
28.	Why?	yes	no	not	t sure
28. Nov to i fror opir	Why? v I am going rate each or n the AECE nion to the A	yes to read a list of he according to and how well ECB. The scale	no possible public consultati how well the method wo it would provide an oppo is from 1 to 10, with 10 b	on methods and uld provide info rtunity for you eing the best and provide information to you	I would like you rmation to you to express your d I the worst. express your opinion to the AECB
28. Nov to I fror opir	Why? v I am going rate each or n the AECE hion to the A <u>Public Mee</u> Open meeti gauge work	yes to read a list of he according to and how well ECB. The scale ting: ings followed by a er reaction.	no possible public consultati how well the method wo it would provide an oppo is from 1 to 10, with 10 b	on methods and uld provide info rtunity for you eing the best and provide information to you	t sure I would like you rmation to you to express your d I the worst. express your opinion to the AECB
28. Nov to I fror opir 29. 30.	Why? v I am going rate each or n the AECE nion to the A <u>Public Mee</u> Open meeti gauge work <u>News Relea</u> Information (newspaper:	yes to read a list of ne according to a, and how well ECB. The scale ting: ings followed by a er reaction. ases: i summary intend s, radio, TV).	no possible public consultati how well the method wo it would provide an oppo is from 1 to 10, with 10 b a question period to led for news media use	on methods and uld provide info rtunity for you eing the best and provide information 	I would like you rmation to you to express your d I the worst. express your opinion to the AECB

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	provide - information to you	express your opinion- to the AECB
32. <u>Open Houses</u> : Displays and information summaries a by personnel capable of discussing the	ccompanied m	
33. <u>Newsletters</u> : <u>Periodic information summaries maile</u> from a mailing list.	d to you	
34. <u>Surveys</u> : Questionnaires provided to you, then collected and analysed.	_	
35. Safety Committee: Employer, worker and AECB represent meet periodically to review, comment recommendations.	tatives who and provide	
<ol> <li>Expert Opinion: Surveys of individuals with accepted e on topic to gauge reactions and solicit recommendations.</li> </ol>	xpertise	
<ul> <li>37. Public Reports:</li> <li>Technical reports either released direct public requesting them or through libra After reading, people can write a lette express their opinion if they wish.</li> </ul>	ctly to aries. cr to	
<ol> <li>Special Interest Group Seminars: Presentations to special interest group will usually include presentations with group's viewpoint in mind.</li> </ol>	s. These the	
39. <u>Posters:</u> Information presented in display windo format in the work area.	w or poster	
<ol> <li>Information Offices: Open office and telephone available fo questions or expressions of opinion (dro centre and/or hot line).</li> </ol>	r worker op-in	
41. <u>Media Advertisement:</u> Advertisements in newspapers, radio, c television to inform workers.	or	
<ol> <li>Educational Programs: Films, slide shows, workbooks, and disc at an organized worker meeting.</li> </ol>	ussion	、 

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3. Do you b	elong to a	a union?			
	yes		no		not sure
(If no, go	to Quest	ion 49)			
. If yes, wi	hich one?	<u> </u>	, not sure	_	
5. Do you a	ttend unio	on meetings?			
all the t l	ime	often 2	sometimes 3	rarely 4	not at all 5
Have you union me	ever disc etings?	cussed AECB	regulations with you	ir union represe	ntative or at
	yes		no		not sure
. Have you	ever rea	d about AECE	s regulations in a un	ion magazine o	rnewsletter:
. Have you . What role 	yes yes do you f	d about AECE	no no ve in the AECB's pul	on magazine o blic consultatio	not sure n process?
. Have you . What role	ever readyes yes do you fr	eel unions hav	no ve in the AECB's pul	on magazine o	not sure n process?
. Have you . What role  . Do you be	e do you fr	d about AECE	no ve in the AECB's pul association?	on magazine o	not sure
. Have you . What role 	e do you fr e do you fr elong to a yes	eel unions hav	no ve in the AECB's put association?	on magazine o	not sure
. Have you . What role 	e do you fi e do you fi elong to a yes to Questi	eel unions hav	no ve in the AECB's pul association?	on magazine o	not sure
Have you What role	e do you fo e do you fo elong to a yes to Questi ich ones? ever reac	d about AECE	no ve in the AECB's put association? no regulations in your	on magazine o blic consultatio	not sure not sure not sure
Have you What role	e do you fo e do you fo elong to a yes to Questi ich ones? ever reac r? yes	d about AECE eel unions hav professional ion 55)	no ve in the AECB's pul association? no regulations in your no	on magazine o	not sure not sure not sure agazine or
<ul> <li>Have you</li> <li>What role</li> <li>What role</li> <li>Do you be</li> <li>(If no, go</li> <li>If yes, wh</li> <li>Have you</li> <li>Have you</li> </ul>	e do you fi e do you fi elong to a yes to Questi ich ones? ever reac r? yes ever beer	d about AECE eel unions hav professional on 55) d about AECB	a regulations in a un no ve in the AECB's pul association? no regulations in your no y your association ir	on magazine o blic consultatio , not sure association's m	not sure n process? not sure agazine or not sure AECB regulatio
Have you What role	ever read yes e do you fi elong to a yes to Questi ich ones? ever read r? yes ever beer yes	d about AECE eel unions hav professional on 55) d about AECB	a regulations in a un no ve in the AECB's pul association? no regulations in your no y your association ir no	on magazine o blic consultatio 	not sure not sure not sure agazine or not sure AECB regulation

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Now I am going to ask you some personal questions about yourself. All the information you provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be needed with any of this information.

55. What is your age: \_\_\_\_\_years

Or if you prefer, are you? (please circle)

18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65 or more

56. Sex: male female

57. What is the extent of your formal education? (please check)

Partial	Completed	
<u> </u>		Public School
	·	Secondary School
		University Conege
		- graduate level
		No formal education
		Refused

58. Which of the following categories best describe the combined total annual income (before taxes) of all the members of your household?

	under \$10,000
	\$10,000 - \$20,000
	\$20,000 - \$30,000
هر: نستي <b>کک</b>	\$30,000 - \$40,000
	\$40,000 or more
	Don't know
	Refused

59. Now that we have completed the survey, is there anything you would like to add or say about the Atomic Energy Control Board, public consultation, or this survey?

Thar	nk you for y	our cooperation.						
60.	Interviewe participati	r's Comments:	After	completion	of	interview,	respondents	degree
		very hostile somewhat hosti neutral somewhat coop very cooperativ	le erative e					
51	Comments							

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APPENDIX B

# DETAILED QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSES BY LICENCE CATEGORY

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Summarie By level	s of V1 s of CAT			
Variable	Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	re Population	1.0687	.2532	524
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.0000 1.2593 1.3793 1.1818 1.0000 1.1053 1.1290 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0484 1.0645 1.0909 1.0000 1.0103 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.2500	0.0 .4466 .4938 .4045 0.0 .3153 .3408 0.0 0.0 0.0 .2163 .2497 .3015 0.0 .1015 0.0 .1015 0.0 .0 .4523	2 27 29 11 33 19 31 50 3 2 62 31 11 8 97 51 44 12
Summaries By levels	of V2 of CAT			
Variable	Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	e Population	1.1971	.3981	543
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.0000 1.4194 1.5455 1.4545 1.1515 1.4545 1.1875 1.0400 1.0000 1.0000 1.2969 1.3235 1.4545 1.0000 1.0714 1.0385 1.0227 1.0000 1.2500	0.0 .5016 .5056 .5222 .3641 .5096 .3966 .1979 0.0 0.0 .4605 .4749 .5222 0.0 .2589 .1942 .1508 0.0 .2589 .1942 .1508	2 31 33 11 33 22 32 50 3 2 64 34 11 8 98 52 44 12

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Summari By leve	ies of V3 els of CAT			
Variabl	le Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	tire Population	1.1725	.3782	487
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.0000 1.0690 1.3448 1.2222 1.2069 1.2632 1.2800 1.0217 1.3333 1.0000 1.4737 1.6000 1.3333 1.1429 1.0222 1.0000 1.0238 1.0000 1.0833	0.0 .2579 .4837 .4410 .4123 .4524 .4583 .1474 .5774 0.0 .5037 .5000 .5000 .3780 .1482 0.0 .1543 0.0 .2887	2 29 29 29 29 29 29 25 46 3 25 57 25 9 7 90 51 42 12
Summarie By leve	es of V4 Is of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	ire Population	1.4640	.4992	541
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR BEACTORB	1.0000 1.2581 1.7273 1.6364 1.4848 1.5909 1.7813 1.4000 1.3333 1.5000 1.8281 1.9706 1.9091 1.1429 1.2062 1.1538	0.0 .4448 .4523 .5045 .5075 .5032 .4200 .4949 .5774 .7071 .3803 .1715 .3015 .3780 .4067 .3643	2 31 33 11 33 22 32 50 3 2 64 34 11 7 97 52
CAT CAT CAT	REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.1538 1.1591 1.0000 1.3333	.3043 .3700 0.0 .4924	52 44 1 12

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Summarie By leve	es of V9 Is of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	ire Population	1.9963	1.0028	540
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.0000 2.0968 1.8438 1.8182 1.6970 2.4091 1.7188 1.7800 2.3333 1.0000 2.4921 2.0303 2.2727 1.6250 1.5918 2.2500 2.5909 2.0000 1.5833	0.0 1.1062 .9197 .7508 .8472 1.2968 .7719 .7637 .5774 0.0 1.1760 .9180 .9045 .9161 .7156 1.0266 1.1677 0.0 .7930	2 31 32 11 33 22 32 50 3 2 63 33 11 8 98 52 44 1 12
Summaries By levels	s of V10 s of CAT			
Variable	Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entir	re Population	2.0776	.7967	541
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	1.0000 2.4516 2.1818 2.7273 2.0938 2.4091 2.0000 1.7800 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.3281 2.0294 2.0909 1.8750 1.8673 2.1538 2.0000 3.0000 1.7273	0.0 .9605 .9828 .6467 .9625 .8541 .7184 .6158 1.0000 1.4142 .7571 .7582 .7006 .8345 .6679 .6969 .8069 0.0 .7862	2 31 33 11 32 22 32 50 3 2 64 34 11 8 98 52 44 1

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Variable Value Label For Entire Population CAT ACCEL CAT ANAL CAT CONSOL CAT CONSPRO CAT FUEL CAT FUEL CAT CONSER	Mean 3.7620 1.0000 5.6774 5.2813 8.6364 2.6970 4.0909 3.2813 3.6200 6.0000 4.0000	Std Dev 4.2571 0.0 4.8055 5.1821 5.1239 3.8688 4.1965 3.2847 3.9790 3.4641	Cases 542 31 32 11 33 22 32 50
For Entire Population	3.7620 1.0000 5.6774 5.2813 8.6364 2.6970 4.0909 3.2813 3.6200 6.0000 4.0000	4.2571 0.0 4.8055 5.1821 5.1239 3.8688 4.1965 3.2847 3.9790 3.4641	542 2 31 32 11 33 22 32 50
CAT ACCEL CAT ANAL CAT CONSOL CAT CONSPRO CAT FUEL CAT FUEL	1.0000 5.6774 5.2813 8.6364 2.6970 4.0909 3.2813 3.6200 6.0000 4.0000	0.0 4.8055 5.1821 5.1239 3.8688 4.1965 3.2847 3.9790 3.4641	2 31 32 11 33 22 32 50
CATHUMOPSCATHVWATCATIRADCATIRADCATLOGGINGCATMINEKCATMINERCATMINERCATMINERCATRADGFYCATREACTORCATREACTORBCATTARGETCATTELPY	2.2059 1.0000 5.1250 2.2245 5.9038 4.2955 1.0000 3.5000	0.0 4.0707 2.7389 0.0 4.5493 3.5334 4.6495 4.5422 0.0 4.1670	3 2 64 34 11 8 98 52 44 1 12
Summaries of V12 By levels of CAT			
Variable Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire Population 3	3.6858	3.7180	541
CATACCEL2CATANAL5CATCONSOL5CATCONSPRO4CATFUEL2CATGUAGES4CATHUMOPS3CATHYYWAT3CATLOGGING10CATMINEK3CATMINEK3CATMINEK3CATMINEK3CATMINER2CATMINER2CATRADGFY5CATREACTOR2CATREACTOR3CATREACTOR3CATTARGET1CATCARGET1CATREACTOR3CATREACTOR3CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1CATTARGET1	2.5000 5.4839 5.1875 8.182 2.6667 8.8182 9375 8.8200 0000 0000 0000 5000 7941 2727 6250 5258 8654 3409 0000	.7071 4.3349 4.8821 5.0362 3.4065 3.5002 3.6184 3.9625 1.7321 0.0 3.6645 3.4796 .6467 3.5026 2.9968 3.7049 2.3422 0.0	2 31 32 11 33 22 32 50 3 2 64 34 11 8 97 52 44

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Summaries By levels	of V15 of CAT			
Variable	Value Lab	el Mea	n Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	Population	2.608	3 5.0378	457
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	2.000 .846 .333 .600 6.769 1.454 1.2414 3.833 1.333 8.000 2.9216 1.9286 3.000 2.3810 4.1190 2.3171 3.0000 .9167	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 26 30 10 26 22 29 36 3 2 51 28 7 5 84 42 41 12
Summaries By levels	of V16 of CAT			
Variable	Value Labe	el Mear	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	Population	2.1505	1.0621	525
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINEX RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET	2.5000 1.9000 2.3750 2.6667 2.2727 2.0000 2.2667 2.3750 2.0000 1.9677 2.0323 1.6667 1.8750 2.5368 2.0192 1.5455 3.0000	- 7071 - 8847 - 0.0395 - 1.1180 - 1.0687 - 9258 - 7397 - 2312 - 0000 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0	2 30 32 9 33 22 30 48 3 2 62 31 9 8 95 52 44 1

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Summarie By level	s of V17 s of CAT			
Variable	Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	re Population	2.1308	.9509	535
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINEX RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	2.5000 1.9355 2.3125 2.1818 2.1212 1.9545 2.1333 2.2979 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0625 2.1875 1.8182 2.2500 2.3469 2.1154 1.6136 2.0000 2.4167	.7071 .8920 .9980 .8739 .8929 .7854 .6288 1.0813 1.0000 0.0 .8886 1.0298 1.0787 .8864 1.0659 .9000 .7840 0.0 1.0836	2 31 32 11 33 22 30 47 3 2 64 32 11 8 98 52 44 1 12
Summaries By levels	of V18 of CAT	Mara	Std Day	Casas
For Fatir	e Population	1-4129	_ 4929	448
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINEXR RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET	2.0000 1.5357 1.8077 1.4000 1.4286 1.3500 1.5714 1.4667 1.6667 1.5000 1.2807 1.2857 1.4286 1.3750 1.4285 1.3750 1.4795 1.2273 1.2381 1.0000	0.0 .5079 .4019 .5477 .5040 .4894 .5071 .5045 .5774 .7071 .4533 .4600 .5345 .5175 .5030 .4239 .4311 0.0	2 28 26 5 28 20 21 45 3 2 57 28 7 8 73 44 42 1
CAT	TELPY	1.6250	.5175	8

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Summar By lev	ies of V19 els of CAT			
Variabl	le Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	tire Population	3.7829	1.1555	456
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINEXR RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTOR REACTORP TARGET TELPY	3.0000 3.9565 3.8947 4.1250 3.8387 4.0500 3.3333 3.6905 4.3333 2.5000 3.4423 3.3333 3.6364 3.6250 3.7625 4.2200 4.1463 2.0000 4.0000	1.4142 1.2239 1.1002 .9910 1.1575 1.0990 1.3077 1.0238 .5774 .7071 1.3197 1.2954 1.1201 .9161 1.2553 .8401 .9100 0.0 .7071	2 23 19 8 31 20 24 42 30 24 30 11 8 80 50 41 1 9
Summari By leve	es of V20 ls of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent		3.3266	1.1255	496
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ALLEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTOR REACTOR REACTORP TARGET TELPY	4.0000 3.4286 3.5417 3.4000 3.2500 3.4762 2.9200 3.0625 4.0000 2.5000 3.4000 3.1471 3.0909 3.1250 3.3793 3.4600 3.3415 4.0000 3.8880	0.0 1.2301 1.1788 .9661 .9837 1.1233 1.0376 1.1375 0.0 2.1213 1.1960 1.3736 1.1362 .6409 1.1022 1.0539 1.1093 0.0 1.0541	2 28 24 10 32 21 25 48 3 2 60 34 11 8 87 50 41 1 2

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Summaries of V21A By levels of CAT			
Variable Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev
For Entire Populatio	n	5.4932	2.8003
CAT ACCEL CAT ANAL CAT CONSOL CAT CONSPRO CAT FUEL CAT GUAGES CAT HUMOPS CAT HVYWAT CAT IRAD CAT LOGGING CAT MINEK CAT MINER CAT MINER CAT MINER CAT REACTOR CAT REACTOR CAT REACTOR CAT REACTOR CAT REACTOR CAT TARGET CAT TARGET		3.0000 5.9677 4.9667 3.9000 4.2759 5.0556 6.0000 5.5714 4.3333 2.0000 6.0645 4.8182 5.2727 4.3750 5.6804 3.4600 3.3415 4.0000	1.4142 3.0275 3.1237 2.5144 2.4480 2.4125 2.4928 2.9861 2.3094 1.4142 3.0988 2.6979 2.6867 3.2923 2.6986 1.0539 1.1093 0.0

By levels of CAT			
Variable Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire Population	5.3553	2.8972	501
CAT ACCEL CAT ANAL CAT CONSOL CAT CONSPRO CAT FUEL CAT GUAGES CAT HUMOPS CAT HUMOPS CAT HVYWAT CAT IRAD CAT LOGGING CAT MINEK CAT MINER CAT MINER CAT MINER CAT MINER CAT REACTOR CAT REACTOR CAT REACTORB CAT REACTORP CAT REACTORP CAT TARGET	3.0000 5.2759 5.0000 3.9000 5.1724 5.1053 6.7500 5.5957 6.0000 4.5000 5.1774 4.0938 5.4545 4.0000 5.3441 5.7660 6.2381 4.0000	1.4142 3.1836 3.3110 2.3781 2.8039 2.5143 2.6194 2.8640 3.4641 4.9497 3.1702 3.0729 2.6968 2.7689 2.7760 2.4066 2.9118 0.0	2 29 28 10 29 19 28 47 32 62 32 11 7 93 47 42 1
LAI ILLPT	5.0000	2.8284	9

Summaries of

V21B

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Cases 

Sum By	maries ( levels (	of \ of (	/22A CAT	
Var	iable	Vá	alue	Label
For	Entire	Popul	atio	n
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT		ACCEL ANAL CONSO CONSP FUEL GUAGE HUMOPA IRAD LOGGI MINEK MINER MINEX RADGF REACT REACT TARGE TELPY	DL PRO S S S T NG S R Y OR OR OR D R D R D R D R D R D R D T	

Mean	Std Dev	° Cases
4.7769	2.6556	<b>52</b> 0
1.5000	.7071	29
5.7931	2.1444	29
3.5667	2.8000	30
4.7273	2.4121	11
4.8387	2.6845	31
5.5000	2.1761	18
4.7333	2.5316	30
5.3265	2.4781	49
2.6667	2.0817	3
3.5000	3.5355	2
4.5323	2.6962	62
5.0000	3.0451	34
4.5455	2.3817	11
2.6250	1./6/8	8
4.9691	2.6710	97
4.6275	2.7565	51
4.8810	2.8302	42
6.0000	0.0	1
4.0000	2.0616	9

Suл	maries	of	V22B
Вy	levels	of	CAT

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Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	e Populatio	n	2.4595	2.2631	457
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY		1.5000 3.3750 1.6000 2.7000 2.4815 2.0588 2.1923 3.0000 3.3333 1.0000 3.1333 2.7273 3.3636 2.5714	.7071 2.4815 1.1902 2.0028 2.5776 1.4778 1.9395 2.7497 1.5275 0.0 2.9022 2.5529 1.4334 1.8127	2 24 25 10 27 17 26 42 3 1 60 33 11 7
CAT CAT CAT CAT	REACTOR REACTORP TARGET TELPY		2.2000 1.7333 2.1707 1.0000 1.5714	1.9313 1.9235 2.0845 0.0 1.1339	75 45 41 1 7

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Summarie By level	s of V23A s of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	re Population	6.9731	2.4501	521
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	5.5000 6.6774 6.7000 5.9091 7.2667 6.6111 7.8333 6.3617 9.0000 8.0000 7.0159 5.9091 7.0909 6.7500 7.3711 6.9800 7.1163 7.0000 8.0909	3.5355 2.6757 2.8666 2.8794 2.2884 2.4287 1.5775 2.8849 1.7321 0.0 2.6609 2.8324 1.8684 1.7525 2.2973 2.1617 2.1181 0.0 1.8684	2 31 30 11 30 47 32 63 33 11 8 97 50 43 11
Summarie By level	s of V23B s of CAT			
Variable	Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	re Population	6.4789	2.7157	497
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTORP TARGET TELPY	5.5000 6.2143 6.1481 5.9000 6.6207 6.5294 7.0357 5.9535 8.6667 8.0000 6.1774 5.3333 6.2727 6.7143 7.2421 6.4792 6.5238 7.0000 6.3333	3.5355 2.9484 2.7832 3.0350 2.5130 2.5029 2.4416 2.9757 2.3094 0.0 3.1959 2.7576 2.5334 2.0587 2.4999 2.4494 2.4519 0.0 3.1225	2 28 27 10 29 17 28 43 3 2 62 33 11 7 95 48 42 1 9

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Summaries of By levels of	F V24A F CAT
Variable	Value Label
For Entire A	Population
CAT A CAT A CAT C CAT C CAT C CAT C CAT F CAT G CAT H CAT H CAT H CAT H CAT L CAT L CAT L CAT M CAT M CAT M CAT R CAT R CAT R CAT R CAT R CAT T CAT T	ACCEL INAL IONSOL IONSPRO IUEL IUAGES IUMOPS IVYWAT RAD OGGING IINEK IINER IINER IINER IINER EACTOR EACTOR EACTOR EACTORB EACTORP ARGET ELPY
Summaries of By levels of	V24B CAT
/ariable	Value Label
	• •

Mean	Std Dev	Cases
5.8665	2.5744	517
4.5000 5.5000 5.6333 4.6000 5.7333 5.3684 6.9000 5.8333 8.3333 7.5000 6.0645 5.0000 5.8182 6.0000 6.1546	4.9497 2.9566 2.8465 2.5033 2.5452 2.8715 2.0060 2.5124 2.8868 .7071 2.7092 2.8174 2.4008 3.7033 2.4081	2 30 30 10 30 19 30 48 3 2 62 33 11 8 97
5.6327 6.1163 8.0000	2.1956 2.5280	49 43
5.1111	2.0883	9

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Sun	maries	of	V24B
Вy	levels	of	CAT

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Variable	Value	Label	Mear	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	Populatio	n	4.9004	2.7710	492
CAT	ACCEL		3.0000	2.8284	2
CAT	ANAL		4.7857	2.9609	28
CAT	CONSOL		4.9231	3.0584	26
CAT	CONSPRO		4.1000	1.9692	10
CAT	FUEL		4.4138	2.2602	29
CAT	GUAGE S		4.7778	2.6691	18
CAT	HUMOPS		5.5185	2.6511	27
CAT	HVYWAT		4.9091	2.5864	44
CAT	IRAD		8.0000	3.4641	3
CAT	LOGGING		2.5000	.7071	2
CAT	MINEK		5.2097	3.0035	62
CAT	MINER		4.0303	2.6982	33
CAT	MINEXR		6.1818	2.0889	11
CAT	RADGFY		6.0000	3.3166	7
CAT	REACTOR		5.3333	2.7399	93
CAT	REACTORB		4.0000	2.3219	47
CAT	REACTORP		5.1707	3.0895	41
CAT	TARGET		1.0000	0.0	1
CAT	TELPY		3.8750	3.2266	8

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Summarie By level	es of V25A Is of CAT				
Variable	e Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	ire Population	ı	6.7083	2.5501	521
CAT ·	ACCEL		8.0000	0.0	2
CAT	ANAL		/.0045	2.0045	31
CAT	CONSDED		5,000	3 5624	11
CAT	FUEL		6,7000	2.0869	30
CAT	GUAGES		8,5263	1.4286	19
CAT	HUMOPS		7.6129	2.3899	31
CAT	HVYWAT		6.0652	2.1950	46
CAT	IRAD		6.6667	3.0551	3
CAT	LOGGING		8.5000	.7071	2
CAT	MINEK		6.7097	2.7544	62
CAT	MINER		6.0000	2.9475	33
CAT	MINEXR		0./2/3	2.080/	11
CAT			6 6598	2 6295	97
CAT	DEACTOR		6 1560	2 4262	51
CAT	REACTORP	•	7 1860	2.4302	51
CAT	TARGET		8,0000	0.0	
CAT	TELPY		7.3000	2.6687	10
Summaries By levels Variable	s of V25B s of CAT Value I	abel	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
				500 000	02303
For Entir	re Population		3.3260	2.9314	457
CAT	ACCEL		3.0000	2.8284	2
CAT	ANAL		4.4091	3.4318	22
CAT	CONSOL		2.8000	2.3094	25
CAT	CUNSPRU		1.8000	1.4/5/	10
CAT	GUAGES		3 5294	2.0/34	17
CAT	HUMOPS		2.6538	2.0965	26
CAT	HVYWAT		3,4103	2.3921	39
CAT	IRAD		8.0000	2.8284	2
CAT	LOGGING		2.0000	0.0	ī
CAT	MINEK		4.1148	3.6656	61
CAT	MINER		3.1250	2.6488	32
CAT	MINEXR		5.6364	3.3845	11
CAT	RAUGEY		4.7143	2.8702	7
CAT	REACTOR		3.2023	2 100/	80 A C
CAT	REACTORP		3-0750	2.9000	45
CAT	TARGET		1.0000	0.0	40
CAT	TELPY		3.4444	3,1269	9

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Summa By le	ries of V26A vels of CAT			
Varia	ble Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For E	ntire Population	4.0951	3.0019	494
CAT	ACCEL	3.0000	1.4142	2
CAT	ANAL	4.8900	2.9502	29
CAT	CONSOL	2 2000	3.0927	20
CAT	FIIFI	3_8333	2.4786	30
CAT	GUAGES	4.4118	2.8952	17
CAT	HUMOPS	3.1379	2.4600	29
CAT	HVYWAT	4.3830	2.8556	47
CAT	IRAD	2.6667	2.8868	3
CAT	LOGGING	3.0000	2.8284	2
CAT	MINEK	4.7581	3.6018	62
CAT	MINER	5.2353	3.5705	34
CAT	RADGEY	4.8750	2.6959	8
CAT	REACTOR	3,9091	2.8873	88
CAT	REACTORB	3.0000	2,1396	46
CAT	REACTORP	4.9512	3.5704	41
CAT	TARGET	2.0000	0.0	1
CAT	TELPY	3.0000	1.6903	8
Summar By lev	ries of V26B vels of CAT			
Variab	ole Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For En	tire Population	6.0299	2.9143	501
CAT	ACCEL	6,0000	1.4142	2
CAT	ANAL	5.9310	2.8652	29
CAT	CONSOL	4.7857	3.2014	28
CAT	CUNSPRU	4.8182	3.6829	11
CAT	CHACES	6.2759	2.8772	29
CAT	HUMOPS	5.8421	2.3157	19
CAT	HVYWAT	7.0000	2.8284	29
CAT	IRAD	7.6667	2.7297	40
CAT	LOGGING	7.5000	3,5355	2
CAT	MINEK	6.5000	3.0555	62
CAT	MINER	5.4375	3.1616	32
		3.7273	2.1950	11
CAT	REACTOR	5.8571	2.1157	7
CAT	REACTORB	0.24/3	2.8194	93
CAT	REACTORP	5.410/ 6.7967	2./969	48
CAT	TARGET	9.0000	2.0000 0.0	42
CAT	TELPY	6.7143	2.5635	7

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Summaries By levels	of V28A of CAT				
Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	e Populatio	n	5.5909	2.7244	506
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR		5.5000 6.3448 6.0000 5.0909 5.3000 6.2000 6.3667 4.6739 7.0000 6.5000 5.3871 6.2121 5.3636 6.3750 5.5056	.7071 2.3033 2.8803 2.7002 2.4090 1.7652 2.2664 2.7813 2.6458 .7071 3.2104 2.7924 2.1339 2.8209	2 29 28 11 30 20 30 46 3 2 62 33 11 8 9
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT Summaries By levels	REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY of V28B of CAT	Luba)	5.1373 5.6905 8.0000 4.8750	2.3666 3.3018 0.0 2.4165	51 42 1 8
For Entire	Population	Laner	4.6782	2,9316	491
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		1.5000 $5.3846$ $5.1429$ $4.9000$ $4.3793$ $4.7500$ $5.0000$ $4.0667$ $5.6667$ $6.0000$ $4.2581$ $4.9394$ $5.0909$ $5.4286$ $5.1461$ $3.3125$ $5.2927$ $3.0000$ $4.1429$	.7071 2.8576 3.2627 3.0350 2.5413 2.4682 2.8420 2.6578 .5774 1.4142 3.1826 2.9679 2.9139 3.2071 2.9678 2.1354 3.4874 0.0 3.3877	2 26 28 10 29 20 27 45 3 2 62 33 11 7 89 48 41 1 7

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Variable         Value         Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.8378         2.5105         518           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         2.8284         2           CAT         ANAL         6.7241         2.6271         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.4483         2.9951         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0000         2.5752         20           CAT         HUNDPS         7.0645         2.0483         31           CAT         HUNDPS         7.0645         2.0483         31           CAT         IRAD         5.3333         4.5092         3           CAT         MINEK         6.5802         2.9475         62           CAT         REACTOR         6.8587         2.4573         50           CAT         REACTOR         6.8557         2.4573         50           CAT         REAC	Summar By lev	ries of V27A rels of CAT			
For Entire Population         6.8378         2.5105         518           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         2.8284         2           CAT         ANAL         6.7241         2.8271         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.4483         2.9951         29           CAT         CONSPRO         7.1818         2.0405         11           CAT         GUAGES         7.0000         2.5752         20           CAT         MUMOPS         7.0645         2.0433         31           CAT         RUADES         7.0645         2.0433         31           CAT         HUMOPS         7.0645         2.0433         31           CAT         HUMOPS         7.0645         2.0433         31           CAT         MINEK         6.8809         2.2078         47           CAT         MINEK         6.6809         2.9860         34           CAT         RADGFY         7.8750         1.9594         8           CAT         REACTOR         6.2557         2.4579         97           CAT         REACTORB         6.7800         2.5257         50           CAT         REACTORE         5.00	Variab	le Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
CAT       ACCEL       5.0000       2.8284       2         CAT       ANAL       6.7241       2.8271       29         CAT       CONSPRO       7.1818       2.0405       11         CAT       FUEL       7.3667       2.0424       30         CAT       GUASES       7.0000       2.5752       20         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0483       31         CAT       MINEK       6.809       2.2078       47         CAT       MINEK       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINEX       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RACTOR       6.8577       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTORP       5.0000       0	For En	tire Population	6.8378	2.5105	518
CAT         CONSOL         5.7421         2.6211         29           CAT         CONSPRO         7.1818         2.0405         11           CAT         GUAGES         7.0607         2.5752         20           CAT         GUAGES         7.0000         2.5752         20           CAT         HUMOPS         7.0645         2.0424         30           CAT         HUMOPS         7.0645         2.0483         31           CAT         HUYWAT         6.6809         2.2078         477           CAT         IABD         5.3333         4.5092         3           CAT         MINEK         6.6290         2.7475         62           CAT         MINEK         6.6290         2.7475         62           CAT         MINER         7.4545         1.3685         11           CAT         RACTOR         6.8577         2.4579         97           CAT         REACTOR         6.7800         2.5257         50           CAT         REACTORP         7.6977         2.3046         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ACCEL         5.00	CAT	ACCEL	5.0000	2.8284	2
CAT       CONSPRO       7.1818       2.0405       11         CAT       FUEL       7.3667       2.0424       30         CAT       GUAGES       7.0000       2.0724       30         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0403       31         CAT       HWMOPS       7.0645       2.0403       31         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0403       31         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0403       31         CAT       HNDRK       6.6809       2.078       47         CAT       MINEK       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       6.8587       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTOR       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       ACCEL       5.0000       0.0       2         CAT       ACCEL       5.0000       0.0       2         CAT       REACTORE       5.9286       3.0904	CAT	CONSOL	5.4483	2.9951	29
CAT       FUEL       7.3667       2.0424       30         CAT       GUAGES       7.0000       2.5752       20         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0483       31         CAT       HWYWAT       6.6809       2.2078       47         CAT       IRAD       5.3333       4.5092       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       4.2426       2         CAT       MINEK       6.6899       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       6.5882       2.9860       34         CAT       RADGFY       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       2         CAT       REACTORP       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       5.9286 </td <td>CAT</td> <td>CONSPRO</td> <td>7.1818</td> <td>2.0405</td> <td>11</td>	CAT	CONSPRO	7.1818	2.0405	11
CAI       GUAGES       7.0000       2.5752       20         CAT       HUMOPS       7.0645       2.0483       31         CAT       IRAD       5.3333       4.5092       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       4.2426       2         CAT       LOGGING       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINEK       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       2         CAT       AAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904	CAT	FUEL	7.3667	2.0424	30
CAT       HVTWAT       6.6809       2.2078       47         CAT       IRAD       5.3333       4.5092       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       4.2426       2         CAT       MINEK       6.5290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINEK       6.5882       2.9860       34         CAT       MINER       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTORP       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8.0000       0.0       2         Summaries       O       CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.0904       28       28       28/33       20         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904	CAT	GUAGES	7.0000	2.5752	20
CAT       IRAD       5.3333       4.5092       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       4.2426       2         CAT       MINEK       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       6.6829       2.9860       34         CAT       MINER       6.6829       2.9860       34         CAT       MINER       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTOR       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTOR       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Variable       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       ACCEL       5.0000       0.0       2         CAT       AAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286	CAT		/.0045	2.0483	31
CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       4.2426       2         CAT       MINEK       6.6290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       6.5882       2.9860       34         CAT       MINER       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of V27B       Variable       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       FUEL	CAT	TRAD	5,3333	2.2078	4/
CAT       MINEX       6.0290       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       6.0590       2.7475       62         CAT       MINER       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8.0000       0.0       1         By levels of       CAT       Yariable       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9991       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7331       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7331       2.2894       29         CAT<	CAT	LOGGING	5.0000	4.2426	2
CAT       MINER       6.5882       2.9860       34         CAT       MINEXR       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TAREACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8.0000       0.0       1         By levels of       CAT       Yariable       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9091       2.2563       11         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2803       30         <	CAT	MINEK	6.6290	2.7475	62
CAT       MINEXR       7.4545       1.3685       11         CAT       RADGFY       7.8750       1.9594       8         CAT       REACTOR       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       6.7800       2.5257       50         CAT       REACTORP       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       9       1evels of       CAT         Variable       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       FUEL       6.9310       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS	CAT	MINER	6.5882	2.9860	34
CAT       REACTOR       7.8750       1.9994       8         CAT       REACTORB       6.8557       2.4579       97         CAT       REACTORB       7.6977       2.3046       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       97       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       97       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       97       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       97       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       V27B       8       97       7.1250       1.7269       8         Summaries of       Value Label       Mean       Std Dev       Cases         For Entire Population       6.6068       2.6486       501         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9091       2.2563       11 <t< td=""><td>CAT</td><td>MINEXR</td><td>7.4545</td><td>1.3685</td><td>11</td></t<>	CAT	MINEXR	7.4545	1.3685	11
CAT         REACTOR         0.8357         2.4379         97           CAT         REACTORB         6.7800         2.5257         50           CAT         REACTORP         7.6977         2.3046         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         7.1250         1.7269         8           Summaries of         V27B         Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9091         2.2563         11           CAT         FUEL         6.9310         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         IRAD         8.0000         2.0000         3			/.8750	1.9594	8
CAT         REACTORP         C.7607         2.3046         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         7.1250         1.7269         8           Summaries of V27B         Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9910         2.2563         11           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT	CAT	REACTOR	0.000/	2.45/9	9/
CAT         TARGET         7.007         2.3040         4.3           CAT         TELPY         7.1250         1.7269         8           Summaries of V27B         By levels of CAT         7.1250         1.7269         8           Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9910         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7111         2.3222         45           CAT         LOGGING         5.0000         0.0         1           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT <t< td=""><td>CAT</td><td></td><td>0./800</td><td>2.5257</td><td>50</td></t<>	CAT		0./800	2.5257	50
CAT         TELPY         7.1250         1.7269         8           Summaries of V27B By levels of CAT         Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.90310         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7111         2.2322         45           CAT         HUMOPS         6.731         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.8942         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.8943         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.8943         29	CAT	TARGET	8,0000	0.0	43
Summaries of V27B By levels of CAT         Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9091         2.2563         11           CAT         FUEL         6.9310         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HVWAT         6.7111         2.3222         45           CAT         HVWAT         6.7031         2.2894         29           CAT         LOGGING         5.0000         0.0         1           CAT         HUMOPS         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT         MINEK         6.5000         1.9003         10 <t< td=""><td>CAT</td><td>TELPY</td><td>7.1250</td><td>1.7269</td><td>8</td></t<>	CAT	TELPY	7.1250	1.7269	8
Variable         Value Label         Mean         Std Dev         Cases           For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ACCEL         5.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9091         2.2563         11           CAT         FUEL         6.9310         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7111         2.2322         45           CAT         IRAD         8.0000         2.0000         3           CAT         HVWAT         6.7111         2.2322         45           CAT         HUMOPS         5.0000         0.0         1           CAT         MINEK         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT         MINEK         6.5000         1.9003         10           CAT         MINEXR         6.6915 <th>Summari By leve</th> <th>es of V27B Is of CAT</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Summari By leve	es of V27B Is of CAT			
For Entire Population         6.6068         2.6486         501           CAT         ANAL         5.0000         0.0         2           CAT         ANAL         5.4483         3.3444         29           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSOL         5.9286         3.0904         28           CAT         CONSPRO         6.9091         2.2563         11           CAT         FUEL         6.9310         2.3442         29           CAT         GUAGES         7.0500         2.8373         20           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7931         2.2894         29           CAT         HUMOPS         6.7111         2.2322         45           CAT         IRAD         8.0000         2.0000         3           CAT         IRAD         8.0000         2.0000         3           CAT         INEK         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT         MINEK         6.5000         1.9003         10           CAT         MINER         5.9091         3.0554         33           CAT         RADGFY         8.1429 <t< th=""><th>Variab]</th><th>e Value Label</th><th>Mean</th><th>Std Dev</th><th>Cases</th></t<>	Variab]	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
CAT       ACCEL       5.0000       0.0       2         CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9091       2.2563       11         CAT       FUEL       6.9310       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINEXR       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINEXR       6.5080       1.9003       10         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904	For Ent	ire Population	6.6068	2.6486	501
CAT       ANAL       5.4483       3.3444       29         CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9091       2.2563       11         CAT       FUEL       6.9310       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINEK       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTOR       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665 <td>CAT</td> <td>ACCEL</td> <td>5.0000</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>2</td>	CAT	ACCEL	5.0000	0.0	2
CAT       CONSOL       5.9286       3.0904       28         CAT       CONSPRO       6.9091       2.2563       11         CAT       FUEL       6.9310       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       HVYWAT       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINEK       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTORB       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665<	CAT	ANAL	5.4483	3.3444	29
CAI       CUNSPRO       6.9991       2.2563       11         CAT       FUEL       6.9310       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HVYWAT       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       HVYWAT       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       MINEXR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTORB       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0 <td>CAT</td> <td>CONSOL</td> <td>5.9286</td> <td>3.0904</td> <td>28</td>	CAT	CONSOL	5.9286	3.0904	28
CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.3442       29         CAT       GUAGES       7.0500       2.8373       20         CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HVYWAT       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTORB       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1	CAL		6.9091 6.0210	2.2503	11
CAT       HUMOPS       6.7931       2.2894       29         CAT       HVYWAT       6.7111       2.2322       45         CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINEXR       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTOR       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1	CAT	GUAGES	7,0500	2.8373	29 20
CAT         HVYWAT         6.7111         2.2322         45           CAT         IRAD         8.0000         2.0000         3           CAT         LOGGING         5.0000         0.0         1           CAT         MINEK         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT         MINER         5.9091         3.0554         33           CAT         MINE XR         6.5000         1.9003         10           CAT         RADGFY         8.1429         1.6762         7           CAT         REACTOR         6.6915         2.5904         94           CAT         REACTOR         6.7708         2.3900         48           CAT         REACTORP         7.2791         2.5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1	CAT	HUMOPS	6.7931	2.2894	29
CAT       IRAD       8.0000       2.0000       3         CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINER       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTOR       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       5.8571       2.6095       7	CAT	HVYWAT	6.7111	2.2322	45
CAT       LOGGING       5.0000       0.0       1         CAT       MINEK       6.5082       2.9190       61         CAT       MINER       5.9091       3.0554       33         CAT       MINEXR       6.5000       1.9003       10         CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTORB       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       5.8571       2.6095       7	CAT	IRAD	8.0000	2.0000	3
CAI         MINEK         6.5082         2.9190         61           CAT         MINER         5.9091         3.0554         33           CAT         MINE R         6.5000         1.9003         10           CAT         RADGFY         8.1429         1.6762         7           CAT         REACTOR         6.6915         2.5904         94           CAT         REACTOR         6.7708         2.3900         48           CAT         REACTORP         7.2791         2.5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         5.8571         2.6095         7	CAT	LOGGING	5.0000	0.0	1
CAT         MINER         5-3091         3-054         33           CAT         MINEXR         6-5000         1-9003         10           CAT         RADGFY         8-1429         1-6762         7           CAT         REACTOR         6-6915         2-5904         94           CAT         REACTORB         6-7708         2-3900         48           CAT         REACTORP         7.2791         2-5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8-0000         0-0         1           CAT         TELPY         5-8571         2-6095         7	CAT	MINEK	6.5082	2.9190	61 22
CAT       RADGFY       8.1429       1.6762       7         CAT       REACTOR       6.6915       2.5904       94         CAT       REACTORB       6.7708       2.3900       48         CAT       REACTORP       7.2791       2.5665       43         CAT       TARGET       8.0000       0.0       1         CAT       TELPY       5.8571       2.6095       7	CAT		5+9091 6-5000	3+0354	33 10
CAT         REACTOR         6.6915         2.5904         94           CAT         REACTORB         6.7708         2.3900         48           CAT         REACTORB         7.2791         2.5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         5.8571         2.6095         7	CAT	RADGEY	8.1429	1.6762	-10
CAT         REACTORB         6.7708         2.3900         48           CAT         REACTORP         7.2791         2.5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         5.8571         2.6095         7	CAT	REACTOR	6.6915	2.5904	94
CAL         REACTORP         7.2791         2.5665         43           CAT         TARGET         8.0000         0.0         1           CAT         TELPY         5.8571         2.6095         7	CAT	REACTORB	6.7708	2.3900	48
CAT TELPY 5.8571 2.6095 7	CAT	REACTORP	7.2791	2.5665	43
	CAT	TELPY	5.8571	2.6095	17

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Summaries By levels	of V29A of CAT				
Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	e Populatio	n	4.8596	2.6773	513
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB TARGET TELPY		8.0000 6.1333 5.7931 5.1818 4.8667 5.3333 5.2333 4.5652 6.0000 1.5000 4.7097 4.8235 4.2727 2.2500 4.8526 4.4000 4.8526 4.4000 4.4048 3.0000 5.3333	2.8284 2.9680 3.1211 3.2193 2.3004 2.5896 2.2234 2.4097 1.7321 7071 3.0749 2.5521 2.4532 1.3887 2.7866 2.0404 2.6965 0.0 2.1213	2 30 29 11 30 18 30 46 31 2 62 34 11 8 95 50 42 1 9
Summaries By levels	of V29B of CAT				
Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	e Populatio	n	4.0062	2.6860	486
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINEX RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		8.0000 5.0000 4.0741 2.8000 4.1379 4.2222 4.7857 3.9091 5.6667 1.5000 4.2581 4.3125 4.5000 1.8571 4.0116 3.0625 3.5714 3.0000 3.8750	2.8284 2.8148 2.9079 1.8738 2.7088 2.3901 2.4092 2.3705 4.5092 .7071 3.1044 3.0101 2.6771 .8997 2.6898 2.0043 2.6146 0.0 2.9970	2 27 27 10 29 18 28 44 3 2 52 32 10 7 86 48 42 1 8

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Summari	ies of V30A			
By leve	LAI			
Variabl	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	ire Population	5.8478	2.6938	519
CAT	ACCEL	7,5000	. 7071	2
CAT	ANAL	7.2903	2.1478	31
CAT	CONSOL	6.0345	3.0762	29
CAT	CONSPRO	6.5455	2.4643	11
CAT	FUEL	6.3667	2.0083	30
CAT	GUAGES	5.1667	2.7062	18
CAT	HUMOPS	7.1667	2.4925	30
CAT	HVYWAT	5.4583	2.4922	48
CAT	IRAD	8.6667	1.1547	3
CAT	LOGGING	5.0000	0.0	2
CAT	MINEK	5.4194	2.9838	62
CAT	MINER	5.6176	2.8817	34
CAT	MINEXR	5.3636	3.2023	11
CAT	RADGFY	4.7500	3.4538	8
CAT	REACTOR	5.1579	-2.6710	95
CAT	REACTORB	6.2115	2.3038	52
CAT	REACTORP	5.6190	2.8452	42
CAT	TARGET	3.0000	0.0	1
CAT	TELPY	7.4000	1.1738	10
Summario By leve	es of V3OB ls of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Enti	ire Population	5.4341	2.7919	493
CAT	ACCEL	7,5000	- 7071	2
CAT	ANAL	6.3929	2,9607	28
CAT	CONSOL	4.6923	2.7095	26
CAT	CONSPRO	5.8000	2.8206	10
CAT	FUEL	5.8276	2.5223	29
CAT	GUAGES	4.2941	3.0365	17
CAT	HUMOPS	5.8148	2.6463	27
CAT	HVYWAT	5.1111	2.6044	45
CAT	IRAD	6.6667	3.5119	3
CAT	LOGGING	5.5000	3.5355	2
CAT	MINEK	5.0968	2.8842	62
CAT	MINER	4.6364	2.7818	33
CAT	MINEXR	5.6364	3.0748	11
CAL	RAUGFY	5.0000	3.3665	7
CAL	REACTOR	5.3000	2.7126	90
CAL	REACTORB	6.2245	2.4261	49
CAT	REACTORP	5+9524	3.0917	42
		3.0000	0.0	1
UNI	ICLTI	4.0003	2.1/20	9

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Summaries By levels	of V31A of CAT					
Variable	Value	Label		Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entir	e Populatio	n		5.4845	2.7009	516
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINEX RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		•	8.0000 $5.3667         6.7333         5.4000         5.5333         6.1500         6.2258         5.5652         7.0000         6.0000         5.7903         5.2941         6.4000         2.4286         5.1771         4.9000         4.8605         7.0000         5.3333     $	2.8284 2.9418 2.6514 2.7968 2.4598 2.4554 2.6040 2.2672 1.7321 1.4142 2.8059 2.7692 2.5033 2.2991 2.5915 2.5655 3.2336 0.0 2.5000	2 30 30 30 20 31 46 3 2 62 34 10 7 96 50 43 1 9
Summaries By levels	of V31B of CAT					
Variable	Value	Label		Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	Population			2.5473	2.4136	455
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT			1.0000 3.5652 2.4000 1.8000 2.1429 2.4444 2.4615 2.8537	0.0 3.1598 2.5820 1.3166 1.8199 2.1481 2.4533 2.3083	2 23 25 10 28 18 26 41

2.0000

3.0968

2.5455

4.0000

2.5000

2.6216

1.7674

1.9268

1.0000 2.2500 2.3094

2.8498

2.5750

2.9814

2.5100

2.3912

1.9741

1.9798

1.5811

0.0

0.0

IRAD

MINEK

MINER

MINEXR

RADGFY

REACTOR

REACTORB

REACTORP

TARGET

TELPY

LOGGING

CAT

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of V32A of CAT			
Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
Population	5.7743	2.8687	514
ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY	5.0000 6.2903 6.3000 5.2727 6.1333 6.7222 5.8710 5.8478 6.6667 8.0000 5.9032 4.9118 5.6364 3.6250 5.2418 6.0200 6.0698 7.0000 5.4000	4.2426 2.4248 3.1530 3.2277 2.4738 2.6746 2.9410 2.5903 3.5119 1.4142 2.9847 3.3698 3.3548 2.5036 2.8610 2.5192 3.1502 0.0 2.5033	2 31 30 11 30 18 31 46 3 2 62 34 11 8 91 50 43 1 10
of V32B of CAT			
Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
Population	5.8448	2.9305	496
ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET	5.5000 6.1481 5.7778 5.0000 6.2069 6.6500 6.1786 5.8372 5.3333 8.0000 5.9194 4.9697 6.0909 4.0000 5.7191 6.0816 5.8372 7.0000	.7071 2.9050 3.4455 3.8730 2.4695 2.9607 2.9821 3.0153 2.5166 1.4142 2.8069 3.4322 3.2390 2.7080 2.8203 2.5235 3.2945 0.0	2 27 27 11 29 20 28 43 3 2 62 33 11 7 89 49 43 1
	of V32A of CAT Value Label Population ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINEX RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY Of V32B of CAT Value Label Population ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MIN	of V32A of CAT Value Label Mean Population 5.7743 ACCEL 5.0000 ANAL 6.2903 CONSOL 6.3000 CONSPRO 5.2727 FUEL 6.1333 GUAGES 6.7222 HUMOPS 5.8710 HYYWAT 5.8478 IRAD 6.6667 LOGGING 8.0000 MINEK 5.9032 MINER 4.9118 MINE XR 5.6364 RADGFY 3.6250 REACTORB 6.0200 REACTORB 6.0200 TELPY 5.4000 Of V32B of CAT Value Label Mean Population 5.8448 ACCEL 5.5000 ANAL 6.1481 CONSOL 5.7778 CONSPRO 5.0000 FUEL 6.2069 GUAGES 6.6500 HUMOPS 6.1786 RACCEL 5.5000 ANAL 6.1481 CONSOL 5.7778 CONSPRO 5.0000 FUEL 6.2069 GUAGES 6.6500 HUMOPS 6.1786 HUMOPS 7.7191 REACTORB 7.70000 TELPY 7.0000 REACTOR 5.8372 TARGET 7.0000 REACTOR 5.8372 REACTOR 5.8372 REACTOR 5.8372 REACTO	of         V32A of         Mean         Std         Dev           Value         Label         Mean         Std         Dev           Population         5.7743         2.8687           ACCEL         5.0000         4.2426           ANAL         6.2903         2.4248           CONSOL         6.3000         1.530           CONSOL         6.3333         2.4738           GUAGES         6.7222         2.6746           HUMDPS         5.8710         2.9410           HYWAT         5.8478         2.5903           IRAD         6.6667         3.5119           LOGGING         8.0000         1.4142           MINER         4.9118         3.3698           RADGFY         3.6250         2.5036           REACTOR         5.2418         2.5033           REACTORB         6.0698         3.1502           TARGET         7.0000         0.0           TELPY         5.4000         2.5033           Of         V328         5           Of         V328         5           OCONSOL         5.7778         3.4455           CONSOL         5.7778         3.4455

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Summaries By levels	of V33A of CAT				
Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entir	e Populatio	n	4.5764	2.6865	517
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		1.5000 5.8333 3.4333 4.8182 4.5172 5.6667 4.6000 5.0638 3.6667 4.0000 4.1774 5.1471 4.4545 2.5000 5.0208 3.9000 4.1395 4.0000 4.2000	.7071 2.6533 2.4023 1.9400 2.3848 2.5205 2.6600 2.7059 1.5275 4.2426 2.4928 3.0164 2.9787 1.6903 2.6949 2.6438 2.8915 0.0 2.6162	2 30 30 11 29 18 30 47 3 2 62 34 11 8 96 50 43 1 10
Summaries By levels Variable	of V33B of CAT Value	l abel	Мозл	Std Dov	Casos
For Entire	e Population	1	2.4685	2.2921	461
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR REACTORB REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		1.0000 3.0833 1.7600 2.6000 2.6786 2.4444 2.0400 3.2857 3.6667 1.0000 2.8226 2.3333 2.7273 2.0000 2.4933 1.8444 2.2439 1.0000 1.6250	0.0 2.5353 1.3928 2.4129 2.3579 2.6172 1.8138 2.5878 2.3094 0.0 2.6644 2.3936 2.4121 1.5275 2.0624 2.0445 2.4370 0.0 1.1877	2 24 25 10 28 18 25 42 33 11 62 33 11 7 75 45 41 1 8

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By leve	els of CAT			
Variabi	le Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent	ire Population	7.3052	2.3674	521
CAT	ACCEL	6.5000	2.1213	2
CAT	ANAL	6 4222	2.1000	30
CAT		0.4333 6.3636	2.0/30	30
	FUEL	7,8387	1.5726	31
CAT	GUAGES	6,9000	2.4473	20
CAT	HUMOPS	8.0667	2.0667	30
CAT	HVYWAT	6.8478	2.5295	46
CAT	IRAD	9.3333	1.1547	3
CAT	LOGGING	4.0000	1.4142	2
CAT	MINEK	7.1613	2.3553	62
CAT	MINER	7.5294	2.5134	34
	MINEXR	6.7273	2.7961	11
		7.5000	2.2039	8 06
CAT		6 9804	2.1909	90 51
CAT		7.5116	2,4041	43
CAT	TARGET	8,0000	0.0	1
CAT	TELPY	7.7000	1.3375	10
Summari By leve	es of V34B ls of CAT			
Variable	e Value Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Ent				
	re Population	5.2204	3.1789	481
CAT	ACCEL	5.2204 5.0000	3.1789 4.2426	481 2
CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069	481 2 24
CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649	481 2 24 26
CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO EVICI	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511	481 2 24 26 10
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991	481 2 24 26 10 29
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMDPS	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127	481 24 26 10 29 20 28
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891	481 24 26 10 29 20 28 42
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188	481 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSORO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSOL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836 5.3636	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480 3.1207	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61 33
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSOL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836 5.3636 5.5455	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480 3.1207 2.7700	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61 33 11
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSOL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER MINE XR RADGFY	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836 5.3636 5.3636 5.5455 6.1429	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480 3.1207 2.7700 3.2367	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61 33 11 7 7
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836 5.3636 5.3636 5.5455 6.1429 6.2113	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480 3.1207 2.7700 3.2367 3.1362	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61 33 11 7 7 35
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTOR TARGET	5.2204 5.0000 4.7083 3.2692 4.5000 5.6552 4.9000 5.6071 5.1905 7.3333 3.0000 4.9836 5.3636 5.3636 5.5455 6.1429 6.2118 5.2857	3.1789 4.2426 3.4069 2.7649 3.9511 3.1991 3.3545 3.2127 2.6891 4.6188 0.0 3.2480 3.1207 2.7700 3.2367 3.1362 3.3443	481 2 24 26 10 29 20 28 42 3 1 61 33 11 7 85 42

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Summ	aries	of	V35
By lo	evels	of	CAT

Variable	Value	Label	Mean	Std Dev	Cases
For Entire	Populatio	n	1.9429	.2322	543
CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT CAT	ACCEL ANAL CONSOL CONSPRO FUEL GUAGES HUMOPS HVYWAT IRAD LOGGING MINEK MINER MINER MINER MINER RADGFY REACTOR REACTORB REACTORP TARGET TELPY		2.0000 1.9355 1.9394 2.0000 1.9697 1.9091 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 1.5000 1.5000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 1.9490 1.8846 1.9318 1.0000 2.0000	0.0 .2497 .2423 0.0 .1741 .2942 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	2 31 33 11 33 22 32 50 3 2 64 34 11 8 98 52 44 12
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APPENDIX C

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STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN EMPLOYEE RESPONSES

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Sheeting to

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Kruska	l-Wallis l-way /	ANOVA	-
۷13 ۲۷ על V7			
Mean Rank	Cases		
245.15 220.81	346 V7 = 130 V7 =	1 2	
	476 Total	I	
CASES 476	Chi-Square Si 2.9587	ignificance .0854	Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance 9.9227 .0016
Kruska	l-Wallis 1-way A	NOVA	
۷14 by V7			
Mean Rank	Cases		
220 <b>.45</b> 203.27	306 V7 = 124 V7 =	1 2	
	430 Total		
CASES 430	Chi-Square Si 1.6364	gnificance .1941	Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance 2.1699 .1407
Kruskal	-Wallis 1-way A	AVON	
۷15 by V7			
Mean Rank	Cases		
214.53 171.89	290 V7 = 114 V7 =	1 2	
	404 Total		
CASES 404	Chi-Square Si 10.9131	gnificance .0010	Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance 12.5188 .0004

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-C3-- - - - Kruskal-Mallis 1-way ANOVA V13 by V36 Mean Rank Cases 231.57 246 V36 = 1 252.82 237 V36 = 2 483 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 483 2.7979 .0944 10.7883 .0010 - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V14 by V36 Mean Rank Cases 211.12  $227 \quad \sqrt{36} = 1$ 237.29 220 V36 = 2 447 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 4.5826 .0323 6.0677 447 .0138 ------ - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V15 by V36 Mean Rank Cases 209 V36 = 1 207 V36 = 2 219.06 197.84 ---416 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 3.2370 .0720 3.8300 416 .0503 

- - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V13 by V40 Mean Rank Cases 216.92 113 V40 = 288 V40 = 113 1 194.75 2 ---401 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 401 2:9686 .0849 10.9799 .0009 - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V14 by V40 Mean Rank Cases 218.06 104 V40 = 1 268 V40 = 2 174.25 ---372 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 372 12,4332 .0004 16.6533 .0000 - - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V15 by V40 Mean Rank Cases  $\begin{array}{rrrr} 100 & v40 = & 1 \\ 247 & v40 = & 2 \end{array}$ 182.98 170.37 347 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance .2488 347 1.1245 .2889 1.3303

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- - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V13 by V45 Mean Rank Cases 454 V45 = 1 61 V45 = 2 259.80 244.61 ---515 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 515 .5598 .4543 2.0482 .1524 - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V14 by V45 Mean Rank Cases 239.61 215.15 ---472 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 1.6841 2.2324 472 .1944 .1351 - - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA ٧15 by V45 Mean Rank Cases V45 = 1 V45 = 2 386 228.11 175.92 56 ---442 Total Corrected for Ties CASE S Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 8.1646 .0019 .0043 9.6406 442 \_\_\_\_

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VI3				
DY 440				
Mean Rank	Cases			
231.50	1	V46 =	0	
245.18	19	V46 =	1	
252.07	148	V40 ≈ V46 =	2	
268.09	178	V46 ⊨	4	
		Tatal		
	213	iocai		
CACEC				Corrected for Ties
LASES 515	Ln1-Squa 1.33	re Sign 82	.8549	4,8132 .3070
Kruska	l-Wallis 1	-way ANO	VA	
V14				
by V46				
	_			
Mean Rank	Cases			
146.50	1	V46 =	0	
190.25	14	V46 =	1	
250.47	143	¥46 ≃	2	
200.14	143	V40 =	3	
201.90	109	¥40 =	4	
	470	Total		
				Corrected for Ties
CASES	Chi-Squa	re Signi	ficance	Chi-Square Significance
470	12.88	46	-0119	16.9836 .0019
Kruska	I-Wallis I	-way ANOV	A	
V15				
V15 by V46				
V15 by V46				
V15 by V46 Mean Rank	Cases			
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50	Cases 1	V46 =	0	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69	Cases 1 13	V46 = V46 =	0 1	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00	Cases 1 13 134	V46 = V46 = V46 =	0 1 2	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00 218.21	Cases 1 13 134 124	V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 =	0 1 2 3	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00 218.21 210.92	Cases 1 13 134 124 167	V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 =	0 1 2 3 4	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00 218.21 210.92	Cases 1 13 134 124 167  439	V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = Total	0 1 2 3 4	
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00 218.21 210.92	Cases 1 13 134 124 167  439	V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = Total	0 1 2 3 4	Corrected for Ticc
V15 by V46 Mean Rank 116.50 196.69 236.00 218.21 210.92	Cases 1 13 134 124 167  439 Chi-Soual	V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = V46 = Total	0 1 2 3 4 ficance	Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance

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-C7-V13 by V47 Mean Rank Cases 222.50 7 240.92 13 55 V47 = 1 V47 = .2 V47 = 3 244.59 65 132 249.14 V47 = 4 V47 = 5 250.99 280 ---497 Total Corrected for Ties CASES Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 497 .3947 .9829 1.3755 .8484 . - - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V14 by V47 Mean Rank Cases 164.86 V47 = 1 7 185.62 57 V47 = 3 194.11 219.91 128 V47 = 4 246.37 253 V47 = 5 ---458 Total Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance 11.9539 .0177 15.6279 .0036 CASES 458 11.9539 .0177 .0036 15.6279 - - - - - Kruskal-Wallis 1-way ANOVA V15 by V47 Mean Rank Cases 6 V47 = 133.42 1 11 V47 = 151.82 2 176.81 54 V47 = 3 204.41 117 V47 = 4 239 ¥47 = 5 231.98 ---427 Total Corrected for Ties Chi-Square Significance Chi-Square Significance CASES

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Question No.	13	14	15	13/8	14/8	15/8
Aeaning	Contacts to AECB	Consultative Documents	Press Releases	Contacts per Year	Consultative Documents per Year	Press Releases per Year
4 Age	0.03450	0.07780	0.10279	0.04058	0.02124	0.04018
	517 (0.0202)	474 (0.0027)	443 (0.0005)	357 (0.0310)	320 (0.2685)	301 (0.1409)
3 Contacts to AECB	0,20808	0.13354	0.06326	0.26598	0.14929	0.05602
	533 (0.0000)	483 (0.0000)	454 (0.0000)	366 (0.0000)	324 (0.0000) °	306 (0.0076)
4 Consultative Documents	0.13354	0.61617	0.19761	0.15822	0.60861	0.19996
	483 (0.0000)	487 (0.0000)	432 (0.0000)	324 (0.0000)	327 (0.0000)	286 (0.0000)
5 Press Releases	0.06326	0.19761	0.72782	0.06773	0.18799	0.69161
	454 (0.0000)	432 (0.0000)	457 (0.0000)	306 (0.0013)	286 (0.0000)	309 (0.0000)

## TABLE C-1: RANK CORRELATION ANALYSIS - KENDALL'S TAU C, N, (P)

Crosstabul	ation: E	V1 V V36			
V36->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1 1.001	1 2.001	I Row I Total	
1	1.00	1 239 1 53.6 1 96.8 1 50.1	1 207 1 46.4 1 90.0 1 43.4	446 93.5	
	2.00`	¶ 8 ¶ ¶ 25.8 ¶ ¶ 3.2 ¶ ¶ 1.7 ¶	23 74.2 10.0 4.8	31 6.5	
	Column Total	247 51.8	230 48.2	477 100.0	
Chi-Square	e D.F.	Sign	ificance	Min E.F	. Cells with E.F.< 5
7.88143 8.95954			.0050 .0028	14.94 ( Befor	8 None e Yates Correction )
rosstabula	ition: B Count	V2 y V36 ¶			
V36->	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 1.009	1 2.001	Row Total	
2	1.00	1 221 1 1 54.4 1 1 88.4 1 1 44.9 1	185 ¶ 45.6 ¶ 76.4 ¶ 37.6 ¶	406 82.5	
	2.00	9 29 9 33.7 9 11.6 9 1 5.9 9	57 ¶ 66.3 ¶ 23.6 ¶ 11.6 ¶	86 17.5	
	Column Total	250 50.8	242 49.2	492 100.0	
Chi-Square	D.F.	Sign	ificance	Min E.F	• Cells with E.F.< 5

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Crosstabu	lation:	By	V9 V36							ı	
V36->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9 9	1.0	)0¶	2.0	¶ 109	Row Total				
13	1.00	9 9 9 1 1 +	81 42.9 32.4 16.5	9 9 9 9 9 9 9	108 57.1 44.8 22.0	9 9 9 9 9 9	189 38.5				
	2.00	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	103 57.5 41.2 21.0	9 9 9 9 9 9 1 -+-	76 42.5 31.5 15.5	9 9 9 9 9 9 4 -+	179 36.5				
	3.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	38 49.4 15.2 7.7	1 9 9 9 9 9	39 50.6 16.2 7.9	          +-	77 15.7				
	4.00	9 9 9 9 9 9 9	25 69.4 10.0 5.1	4 4 9 9 9 9	11 30.6 4.6 2.2	9 9 9 9 9 +-	36 7.3				
	5.00	91 91 91 91 91 91 +-	3 30.0 1.2 .6	1 9 9 9 9 1 -+-	7 70.0 2.9 1.4	ף 9 9 9 4 +-	10 2.0			·	
	Column Total		250 5 <b>0.</b> 9		241 49.1		491 100.0				
Chi-Squar	e D.F.	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	e	M 	in E.F.	Cells	with 	E.F.< 5
14.8272	21 4	ţ		•	0051			4.908	1 OF	10	( 10.0%)

		БУ	130								
V36->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 : 91 : 91 : 91	1.(	094	2.0	)P IP O(	Row Total				
115	0.0	91 91 91 91 91	233 53.3 93.2 47.4	91 91 91 91 91	204 46.7 84.3 41.5	ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	437 88.8				
	1.00	9 9 9 9	17 30:9 6.8 3.5	91 91 91 91 91	38 69.1 15.7 7.7	بــــ∓ ۹۱ ۹۱ ۹۱ ۹۱	55 11.2				
	Column Total	+	250 50.8		242 49.2		492 100.0		***		
Chi-Squar	re D.F	•	Si 	gni 	ficanc	e -	M 	lin E.F.	(	Cells with E.F.	5
8.9390 9.8151	)6 L8	1 1		•	0028. 0017		. (	27.053 Before	Yates	None Correction )	
v36->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	V By V ¶ ¶ ¶	14 36 1.0	0¶	2.0	¶ 0¶ -+	Row Total				
V36-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	8y V ¶ ¶ ¶ −+ ¶ ¶ ¶	14 36 1.0 155 55.6 62.0 31.5	091 -+- 91 91 91	2.0 124 44.4 51.2 25.2	99 + -90 + 9 9 - + -90 + 9 9 9 9 1 - + -90 + 19 9 9 1 - + -90	Row Total 279 56.7				
V36-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	V By V 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	14 36 1.0 155 55.6 62.0 31.5 	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1	2.0 124 44.4 51.2 25.2 118 55.4 48.8 24.0		Row Total 279 56.7 213 43.3				
V36-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	V By V 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	14 36 1.0 155 55.6 62.0 31.5 95 44.6 38.0 19.3 -250 50.8	0¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ =+-	2.0 124 44.4 51.2 25.2 118 55.4 48.8 24.0 242 49.2		Row Total 279 56.7 213 43.3 43.3 492 100.0				
V36-> V14 Chi-Squar	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	V 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	14 36 1.0 155 55.6 62.0 31.5 95 44.6 38.0 19.3 -250 50.8	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 -+-	2.0 124 44.4 51.2 25.2 118 55.4 48.8 24.0 242 49.2 ficanc		Row Total 279 56.7 213 43.3 492 100.0	in E.F.	с	ells with E.F.<	5

-C10-

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Crosstabulation: V15 By V36 Count ¶ Row Pct 1 V36-> Col Pct 1 ¶ Row Tot Pct 4 1.004 2.004 Total V15 0.0 1 100 1 122 1 222 1 45.0 1 55.0 1 45.1 1 40.0 1 50.4 1 1 20.3 1 24.8 1 +----+-----+ 1.00 1 150 1 120 1 270 1 55.6 1 44.4 1 54.9 1 60.0 1 49.6 1 1 30.5 1 24.4 1 +----+ 250 242 492 Column Total 50.8 49.2 100.0 Chi-Square D.F. Significance Min E.F. Cells with E.F.< 5 .0258 4.97253 1 109.195 None ( Before Yates Correction ) 5.38485 .0203 Crosstabulation: V18 By V36 Count ¶ Row Pct ¶ ¶ Row V36-> Col Pct ¶ Tot Pct 1 1.001 2.001 Total ٧18 --------1.00 1 140 1 96 1 236 1 59.3 1 40.7 1 57.6 1 67.6 1 47.3 1 1 34.1 1 23.4 1 +----+---+----++ 2.00 1 67 1 107 1 174 1 38.5 1 61.5 1 42.4 1 32.4 1 52.7 1 1 16.3 1 26.1 1 +----+----+----+ Column Total 207 203 410 50.5 49.5 100.0 Chi-Square D.F. Significance Min E.F. Cells with E.F. 5 ------------------16.53867 1 17.36142 1 .0000 86.151 None .0000 ( Before Yates Correction )

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Crosstabulation: V16 By V36

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V36->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	01	2.0	¶ 190	Row Total			
VIG	1.00	9 9 9 9 9	89 54.3 36.8 18.5	1 1 1 1 1 1	75 45.7 31.5 15.6		164 34.2			
	2.00	+- 9 9 9 9	68 52.3 28.1 14.2	 9 9 9 9 9	62 47.7 26.1 12.9	-+ 9 9 9 9	130 27.1			
	3.00	9 9 9 9	67 46.9 27.7 14.0	 9 9 9 9 9	76 53.1 31.9 15.8	 9 9 9 9	143 29.8	•		
	4 <b>.</b> 00	+	12 46.2 5.0 2.5	-+- 9 9 9 9	14 53.8 5.9 2.9	-+ 9 9 9 9	26 5.4			
	5.00	4 9 9 9 9 9	6 35.3 2.5 1.3	-+- 9 9 9 9	11 64.7 4.6 2.3	+- 91 91 91 91	17 3.5			
	Column Total	+	242 50.4	-+-	238 49.6	-+	480 100.0			
Chi-Square	D.F.		S 1	gni	ficanc	e -	Mi 	in E.F.	Cells with	E.F.< 5
3.62983	4	-			4584			8.429	None	

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Crosstabula	ation:	By	V19 V36							
V36->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	4	1.0	01	2.0	9 10 9	Row Total			
ŶĬġ	1.00	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 4	10 52.6 4.6 2.4	1 1 1 1 1	9 47.4 4.6 2.2	+- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 4 9	19 4.6			
	2.00	9 9 9 9 9 9	13 38.2 6.0 3.2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+-	21 61.8 10.8 5.1	9 9 9 9 9 9	34 8.3			
	3.00	9 9 9 9	46 48.4 21.2 11.2	9 9 9 9 9	49 51.6 25.3 11.9		95 23.1	·		
	4.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9 9	63 53.4 29.0 15.3	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 4	55 46.6 28.4 13.4	-+             	118 28.7			
	5.00		85 58.6 39.2 20.7	-+- 9 9 9 9	60 41.4 30.9 14.6	 9 9 9 1 9 1 9	145 35.3			
	Column Total	+-	217 52.8	-+-	194 47.2	<b>-</b> +	411 100.0			
Chi-Square	e D.F.	•	Si	gni	ficanc	e -	М	lin E.F.	Cells wit	ch E.F.< 5
5.61291	. 4	ļ 		•	2300			8.968	None	

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-C13-

		Вy	¥7						
۷7->	Count Row Pc Col Pc Tot Pc	91 t 91 t 91 t 91	1.(	0091	2.0	9 1900	Row Total		
V2	1.00	+-             	315 77.4 89.5 64.8	· 91 91 91 91 91	92 22.6 68.7 18.9	+ 91 91 91 91	407 83.7	·	
	2,00	+- 91 91 91 91	37 46.8 10.5 7.6	91 91 91 91 91 91	42 53.2 31.3 8.6	+          	79 16 <b>.3</b>		
	Colum Total	ד- ז ו	352 72.4		134 27.6	• <b>-</b> T	486 100.0		
Chi-Squa	are D.F	-	S 1	igni	ficanc	e.		Min E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
29.428 30.940	365 )04	1 1		•	0000 0000			21.782 ( Before	None Yates Correction )
rosstahi						•			
v7->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By 91 91 91 91	V13 V7 1.0	01!	2.0	91 19 00 + -	Row Total		
v7-> /13	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	By 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	1.0 298 70.4 84.7 61.3	09! -+ 9! 9! 9!	2.0 125 29.6 93.3 25.7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Row Total 423 87.0		
v7-> /13	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	By 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0 298 70.4 84.7 61.3 	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.0 125 29.6 93.3 25.7 9 14.3 6.7 1.9		Row Total 423 87.0 63 13.0		
v7-> /13	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	By 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0 298 70.4 84.7 61.3 54 85.7 15.3 11.1 352 72.4	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+-	2.0 125 29.6 93.3 25.7 9 14.3 6.7 1.9 134 27.6	91 + 91 91 + 91 91 + 91 91 + 91 91 + 91 91 + +	Row Total 423 87.0 63 13.0 486 100.0		
<pre></pre>	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	By ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	1.0 298 70.4 84.7 61.3 54 85.7 15.3 11.1 352 72.4	01 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 1 9 9 1 9 1 9	2.0 125 29.6 93.3 25.7 9 14.3 6.7 1.9 134 27.6		Row Total 423 87.0 63 13.0 486 100.0	in E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5

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Crosstabulation: ٧9 By V7 Count ¶ Row Pct 1 Col Pct 1 1 Row ٧7-> 1.001 Tot Pct 1 2.00¶ Total ٧9 ------+----+----+----+ 1.00 1 139 📢 47 ¶ 186 74.7 1 25.3 1 38.5 1 1 39.6 1 35.6 1 9.7 1 1 28.8 1 +----+ 2.00 1 133 📲 46 1 179 74.3 1 25.7 1 37.1 9 37.9 1 34.8 1 1 1 27.5 1 9.5 % -----+ +--3.00 - 11 51 ¶ 28 ¶ - 79 1 64.6 1 35.4 1 16.4 1 14.5 1 21.2 1 1 10.6 1 5.8 1 +------+ 4.00 1 25 📲 10 🐐 • 35 28.6 1 1 71.4 1 7.2 . 4 7.1 🖞 7.6 1 ¶ 5.2 1 2.1 1 +-----3 11 1 1 75.0 11 25.0 11 5.00 1 4 •8 1 .9 ¶ .8 1 1 .2 1 .6 ¶ 1 -----+-----+ 351 132 483 Column Total 72.7 27.3 100.0 Chi-Square Significance D.F. Min E.F. Cells with E.F.< 5 -------------------3.29416 4 .5099 1.093 2 OF 10 (20.0%)

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Crosstabul	ation:	Вy	V14 V7							
٧7->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	)0¶	2.(	11 19 00	Row Total			
¥14	0.0	-+- 9 9 9 9	179 68.8 50.9 36.8	-+- 91 91 91 91	81 31.2 60.4 16.7	+ 19 19 19 19	260 53.5			
	1.00	+- 1 1 1 1	173 76.5 49.1 35.6	-+- 91 91 91 91	53 23.5 39.6 10.9	+ 91 91 91 91	226 46.5			
	Column Total	<b>+</b> •	352 72.4	-+-	134 27.6	•=+	486 100.0			
Chi-Square	e D.F.	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	:e	м 	in E.F.		Cells with E.F.< 5
3.21665 3.59200	5	1		•	072 <b>9</b> 0581		(	62.313 Before	Yates	None Correction )
Crosstabula	ation:	Ву	V15 V7							
۷7->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9] 9] 9] 9]	1.0	0¶	2.0	¶ ₽0	Row Total			
A12	0.0	-+- 91 91 91 91	130 64.4 36.9 26.7	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	72 35.6 53.7 14.8	-+ 9  9  9  9	202 41.6			
	1.00	+- 9  9  9  9  9	222 78.2 63.1 45.7	 91 91 91 91	62 21.8 46.3 12.8		284 58.4			
	Column Total	+-	352 72.4	-+-	134 27.6	-+ 	486 100.0			
Chi-Square	e D.F.		 Si	gni	ficanc	e -	M'	in E.F.	(	Cells with E.F.< 5
10.59631 11.27737	; ]	L		•	0011 0008		(	55.695 Before	Yates	None Correction )

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										-	
V7->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1	1.0	01	2.00	19 19 C	Row Total				
¥10	1.00	9 9 9 9	128 79.0 37.4 27.3	 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	34 21.0 26.8 7.2	+- 91 91 91 91	162 34.5				
	2.00		85 67.5 24.9 18.1	-+- 9 9 9 1 9 1	41 32.5 32.3 8.7		126 26.9				
	3.00		94 69.1 27.5 20.0	11 11 11 11	42 30.9 33.1 9.0	-+ 91 91 91 91	136 29.0				
	4.00		21 75.0 6.1 4.5	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	7 25.0 5.5 1.5	+ 9 9 9 9 9 9	28 6.0				
	5.00		14 82.4 4.1 3.0	- <del></del> 9 9 9 9	3 17.6 2.4 .6	+ 9 9 9 9 9	17 3.6				
	Column Total	<b>+</b> -	342 72.9	- 7 -	127 27.1	+	469 100.0				
Chi-Squ	are D.F.		Si 	gni 	ficance	2	Mi	in E.F.	Cells v	vith E.I	F.< 5
6.77	031 4	ļ		•	1485			4.603	1 OF	10 ( 1	10.0%)

Crosstabulation: V16 By V7

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Crosstabula	tion: By	V18 V7			
۷7->	Count ¶ Row Pct ¶ Col Pct ¶ Tot Pct ¶	1.001	¶ 2.00¶	Row Total	
VIO ····································	1.00 ¶ ¶ ¶	187 ¶ 79.6 ¶ 62.3 ¶ 46.2 ¶	48 ¶ 20.4 ¶ 45.7 ¶ 11.9 ¶	235 58.0	·
	2.00 ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	113 ¶ 66.5 ¶ 37.7 ¶ 27.9 ¶	57 ¶ 33.5 ¶ 54.3 ¶ 14.1 ¶	170 42.0	
	Column Total	300 74.1	105 25.9	405 100.0	
Chi-Square	D.F.	Signi	ficance	Min E.F. 	Cells with E.F.< 5
8.15071 8.81985	1 1	•	0043 0030	44.074 ( Before	None Yates Correction )

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Crosstabulation:		V19
	By	٧7

V1 0	¥7-> (	Count Row Pct Col Pct Fot Pct	99 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 9	1.0	01	2.0	¶ 190	Row Total	
V19	-	1.00	9 9 9 9 9	14 73.7 4.5 3.3	 9 9 9 9 9	5 26.3 4.8 1.2		19 4.5	
		2.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	25 59.5 8.0 6.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	17 40.5 16.3 4.1		42 10.0	
		3.00	9 9 9 9	71 73.2 22.6 17.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26 26.8 25.0 6.2	9 9 9 9	97 23.2	
		4.00	91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	90 76.9 28.7 21.5	9 9 9 9	27 23.1 26.0 6.5	• • • • • • •	117 28.0	
		5.00	91 91 91 91 91	114 79.7 36.3 27.3	91 91 92 93	29 20.3 27.9 6.9	91 91 91 91 91	143 34.2	
		Column Total		314 75.1	-7-	104 24.9		418 100.0	
Ch	i-Source			c :		<i></i>	_		 

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Chi-Square	D.F.	Significance	Min E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
7.50188	4	•1116	4.727	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

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Crosstabul	ation:	By	V1 V40						
V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1	1.(	091	2.(	}  } OC	Row Total		
/1	1.00	-+- 91 91 93 91	106 29.0 93.0 26.8	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	260 71.0 92.5 65.8	++  }          	366 92.7		
	2.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9	8 27.6 7.0 2.0	-+- 9 9 9 9	21 72.4 7.5 5.3	-+ 91 91 91 91	29 7.3		
	Column Total	- <b>T</b> -	114 28.9	· • • •	281 71.1	-+	395 100.0		
Chi-Square	e D.F	•	Si	gni	ficanc	e -	M	in E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
.00000 .02476	5	1 1		1.	0000 8750		(	8.370 Before	None Yates Correction )
rosstabula V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By 11 11 11 11	V2 V40 1.0	01	2.0	१। 0 ¶।	Row Total		
-	1.00	9 9 9 9	101 29.7 87.8 24.8	91 91 91 91 91	239 70.3 81.6 58.6		340 83.3		
	2.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9	14 20.6 12.2 3.4	9) 9) 9) 9) 9) 9)	54 79.4 18.4 13.2	+ 	68 16.7		
	Column Total	+-	115 28.2	-+-	293 71.8	-+	<b>40</b> 8 100.0		
Chi-Square	e D.F.		Si	gni	ficanc	e		in E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
		-				-			

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Crosstabulation:	٧9	
	By V40	

va	V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9	1.0	01	2.0	1P 1P O(	Row Total			
• 5		1.00	4 4 9 9	67 39.9 58.3 16.4	91 91 91 91 91	101 60.1 34.5 24.8	9 9 9 9 9	168 41.2			
		2.00		32 21.2 27.8 7.8	9 9 9 9 9	119 78.8 40.6 29.2	-+ 9 9 9 9 9 9	151 37.0			
		3.00		·11 19.3 9.6 2.7	 9 9 9 9 9 9 	45 80.7 15.7 11.3	9 9 9 9 9 9	57 14.0			•
		4.00		5 18.5 4.3 1.2	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	22 81.5 7.5 5.4		27 6.6			
		5.00			-+ 9( 9( 9) 9) 9)	5 100.0 1.7 1.2	+- 9 9 9 9 9	5 1.2			
		Column Total	т-	115 28.2		293 71.8		408 100.0			
Ch 	i-Square	D.F.	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	e -	M -	lin E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
	20.43420	4	Ļ			0004			1.409	2 OF	10 ( 20.0%)

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CLOSSFADAI			V12						
	acron.	By	V13 V40						
V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	091	2.0	1P 1P 01	Row Total		
V13	0.0	-+- 9  91 91 91	93 25.8 80.9 22.8	-+- 81 91 91 91	268 74.2 91.5 65.7	+-         	361 88.5		
	1.00	+- 91 91 91 91 91	22 46.8 19.1 5.4	-+- 91 91 91 91	25 53.2 8.5 6.1	++          	47 11.5		
	Column Total	+-	115 28.2	-+-	293 71.8	-+	408 100.0		
Chi-Squar	e D.F.	 -	 Si 	gni	ficanc	e -	M	in E.F.	Cells with E.F.<
8.0905 9.1005	1 1 9 1	L L		•	0044 0026		(	13.248 Before	None Yates Correction )
Crosstabul									
V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	3y 91 91 91 91	V14 V40 1.0	01	2.0	¶ 0¶	Row Total		
V40-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	3y 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0 51 21.7 44.3 12.5	091 -+- 91 91 91	2.0 184 78.3 62.8 45.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Row Total 235 57.6	·	
V40-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	3y 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0 51 21.7 44.3 12.5  64 37.0 55.7 15.7	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 1	2.00 184 78.3 62.8 45.1 109 63.0 37.2 26.7		Row Total 235 57.6 173 42.4		
V40-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	3y 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	1.0 51 21.7 44.3 12.5 64 37.0 55.7 15.7 115 28.2	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 1 -+-	2.00 184 78.3 62.8 45.1 109 63.0 37.2 26.7 293 71.8		Row Total 235 57.6 173 42.4 408 100.0		
V40-> V14 Chi-Square	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	3y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	v14 v40 51 21.7 44.3 12.5 64 37.0 55.7 15.7 115 28.2 Sii	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 -+-	2.00 184 78.3 62.8 45.1 109 63.0 37.2 26.7 293 71.8		Row Total 235 57.6 173 42.4 408 100.0	in E.F.	Cells with E.F.<

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Crosstabulation:		V16
	Rv	V40

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By V∘	40
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¥40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9	1.0	10¶	2.0	1) 19 01	Row Total			
10	1.00	9 9 9 1	29 22.5 25.7 7.3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100 77.5 35.1 25.1	1 1 1 1 1 1	129 32.4			
	2.00		31 28.4 27.4 7.8	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	78 71.6 27.4 19.6	-+                	109 27.4			
	3.00		37 30.1 32.7 9.3	-+- 1 1 1 1 1	86 69.9 30.2 21.6	91 91 91 91	123 30.9			
	4.00	+- 1 1 1 1 1	10 47.6 8.8 2.5	-+- 1 1 1 1 1	11 52.4 3.9 2.8	 9 9 9 9 9	21 5.3			
	5.00		6 37.5 5.3 1.5	-+- 9 9 9 9	10 62.5 3.5 2.5		16 4.0			
	Column Total	<b>T</b>	113 28.4	- +	285 71.6		398 100.0			
Chi-Square	D.F.		Si 	gni 	ficanc	e -	M	in E.F.	Cells v	/ith E.F.< 5
6.86130	4			•	1434			4.543	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

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Crosstabul							01		
	ation:	Ву	V15 V40						
V40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	001	2.(	1) 11:00	Row Total		
412	0.0		52 28.1 45.2 12.7	น ๆ ๆ ๆ ๆ	133 71.9 45.4 32.6	י ע ע ע ע ע ע ע	185 45.3		
	1.00	+- 91 91 91 91	63 28.3 54.8 15.4	-+- 91 91 91 91	160 71.7 54.6 39.2	-+ + 11 91 91 91	223 54.7		
	Column Total	+-	115 28.2	-+-	293 71.8	•=+	408 100.0		
Chi-Square	e D.F.	• - 1	Si 	gni 	ficanc	:e 	۸ -	1in E.F. 52.145	Cells with E.F.< 5
rosstadula	tion:	,	<b>v</b> 18						
v40->	tion: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By ' 91 91 91 91	V18 V40	0¶	2.0	1P 1P 04	Row		
v40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	By ' 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	1.0 1.0 34 18.8 35.4 10.1	0 ¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶	2.0 147 81.2 61.3 43.8	11 19 01 19 01 19 19 19 19	Row Total 181 53.9		
v40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00	By ' 91 91	1.0 1.0 34 18.8 35.4 10.1 62 40.0 64.6 18.5	09 -+- 9 9 9 -+- 9 9 9	2.0 147 81.2 61.3 43.8 93 60.0 38.8 27.7	11 00 11 12 12 14 17 00 11 12 14 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	Row Total 181 53.9 155 46.1		
v40-> /18	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	By ' 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	1.0 1.0 34 18.8 35.4 10.1 62 40.0 64.6 18.5 96 28.6	0 ¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	2.0 147 81.2 61.3 43.8 93 60.0 38.8 27.7 240 71.4	91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 9	Row Total 181 53.9 155 46.1 336 100.0		
V40-> /18 Chi-Square	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	By '' fi fi fi fi fi fi fi fi fi fi	1.0 1.0 34 18.8 35.4 10.1 62 40.0 64.6 18.5 96 28.6 Si	091 -+- 91 91 91 91 91 91 -+- 91 91 -+-	2.0 147 81.2 61.3 43.8 93 60.0 38.8 27.7 240 71.4 ficanc		Row Total 181 53.9 155 46.1 336 100.0	lin E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
Crosstabulation:		V19							
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	By	V40							

¥40->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	101	2.0	<b>P</b> 1700	Ro <del>w</del> Total	
115	1.00	4 9 9	4 36.4 4.3 1.2	1 1 1 1	7 63.6 2.8 2.1	1 1 1 1 1	11 3.2	
	2.00		11 39.3 11.7 3.2	-+- 1 1 1 1 1	.17 60.7 6.9 5.0	-+ ¶ ¶ ¶	28 8.2	
	3.00	1 1 1 1 1	20 26.0 21.3 5.9	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	57 74.0 23.2 16.8	-+ 91 91 91 91 91	77 22.6	
	4.00		26 26.5 27.7 7.6	91 91 91 91 91 91	72 73.5 29.3 21.2	9 9 9 9 9 9 1 9	98 28•8	
	5.00		33 26.2 35.1 9.7	 9 9 9 9 9 1 9	93 73.8 37.8 27.4	91 91 91 91 91	126 37.1	
	Column Total		94 27.6		246 72.4		340 100.0	
Chi Causa			<b>C i</b>		<i></i>	•	Min	~

Chi-Square	D.F.	Significance	Min E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
2.61635	4	.6239	3.041	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

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Crosstabu	lation:	By	V44							
¥44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 : 91 : 91 : 91	1.(	00¶	2.(	¶ ₽00	Row Total			
*1	1.00	91 91 91 91 91	378 79.4 92.4 74.3	9 9 9 9	98 20.6 98.0 19.3	9 9 9 9 9	476 93.5			
	2.00	+ 11 11 11 11	31 93.9 7.6 6.1	91 91 91 91	2 6.1 2.0 .4	91 91 91 91 91	33 6.5			
	Column Total	+- !	409 80.4	+-	100 19.6	-+	509 100.0			
Chi-Squai	re D.F		Sí 	gní	ficanc	e	!	Min E.F.	Cells wi	th E.F.< 5
3.2568 4.1257	33 77	1 1 		•	0711 0422			6.483 ( Before	None Yates Correct	ion ) 
3.2568 4.1257 Crosstabul V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1  By ¶ ¶ ¶	V2 V44 1.0	01	0711 0422 	11 1011 -+	Row Total	6.483 ( Before	None Yates Correct	ion ) 
3.2568 4.1257 crosstabul V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	1 1  9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	V2 V44 337 79.1 79.5 63.9	09  9 9 1	0711 0422 2.0 89 20.9 86.4 16.9	11 091 -+ 91 91 91	Row Total 426 80.8	6.483 ( Before	None Yates Correct	ion )
3.2568 4.1257 crosstabul V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00	1 1  By 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	v2 v44 337 79.1 79.5 63.9 87 86.1 20.5 16.5		0711 0422 		Row Total 426 80.8 101 19.2	6.483 ( Before	None Yates Correct	ion )
3.2568 4.1257 crosstabul V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1  9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	v2 v44 337 79.1 79.5 63.9 87 86.1 20.5 16.5 424 80.5	091 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0711 0422 		Row Total 426 80.8 101 19.2 527 100.0	6.483 ( Before	None Yates Correct	ion )
3.2568 4.1257 Crosstabul V44-> 2 2	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1 By 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	v2 v44 1.0 337 79.1 79.5 63.9 87 86.1 20.5 16.5 424 80.5	091 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	0711 0422  89 20.9 86.4 16.9 14 13.9 13.6 2.7 103 19.5 ficanc		Row Total 426 80.8 101 19.2 527 100.0	6.483 ( Before 	None Yates Correct	ion )

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vo	V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1 1	1.0	09	2.0	9 10 91	Row Total			
• 3		1.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	143 71.5 33.9 27.2	9 9 9 9	57 28.5 55.3 10.9	19 19 19 19 19	200 38.1			
		2.00		161 86.1 38.2 30.7	4 9 9 9 9	26 13.9 25.2 5.0	9 9 9 9 9	187 <b>35.</b> 6			
		3.00		76 84.4 18.0 14.5	9 9 9 9 9	14 15.6 13.6 2.7	9 9 9 9 9	90 17.1			
		4.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	34 87.2 8.1 6.5	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	5 12.8 4.9 1.0	-+          	39 7.4			
		5.00		8 88.9 1.9 1.5	-+- 11 11 11 11 11	1 11.1 1.0 .2	-+             	9 1.7			
		Column Total	т-	422 80.4	- -	103 19.6	-+	525 100.0			
Cł 	ni-Square	D.F.	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	e -	M -	lin E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
	16.37459	4	ļ		•	0026			1.766	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

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Crosstabulation: V9 By V44

Crosstabul	lation:	By	V13 V44						
V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9  9  9  9	. 1.0	190	2.0	   PO(	Row Total		
113	0.0	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	381 82.1 89.9 72.3	-+- 91 91 91 91	83 17.9 80.6 15.7	+          	464 88.0		
	1.00		43 68.3 10.1 8.2	1 1 1 1 1 1	20 31.7 19.4 3.8	+           	63 12.0		
	Column Total	T =	424 80.5		103 19.5		527 100.0		
Chi-Squar	e D.F	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	e -	א -	lin E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
5.9218 6.7744	4	1 1		•	0150 0092		(	12.313 Before	None Yates Correction )
Crosstabu	lation:	By	V14 V44						
V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	01	2.0	ף 1900	Row Total		
/14	0.0	-+- 91 91 91 91	259 87.5 61.1 49.1	-+- 9! 9! 9! 9!	37 12.5 35.9 7.0	++             	296 56.2		
	1.00		105 71.4 38.9 31.3	9 9 9 9 9	66 28.6 64.1 12.5	+۔ ۹ ۹ ۹	231 43.8		
	Column	Τ-	424		103	- +	<b>52</b> 7		
	Total		80.5		19.5				
Chi-Squar	Total	•	80.5  Si	gni	ficanc	 e -	 M	lin E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5

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V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct	91 91 91				4	Row				
15	Tot Pct	¶ _+	1.0	)0¶ -+-	• 2.0	)0¶ +	Total				
_	0.0	91 91 91 91	200 85.1 47.2 38.0	9] 9] 9] 9]	35 14.9 34.0 6.6	9 91 91 91	235 44.6				
	1.00	+ 91 91 91 91	224 76.7 52.8 42.5	-+- 11 11 11 11 11	68 23.3 66.0 12.9	+ 11 11 11 11	292 55.4				
	Column Total	+	424 80.5	-+-	103 19.5	•=+	. 527 100.0				
Chi-Squa	re D.F	•	Si 	gni	ficanc	e	 N -	1in E.F.		Cells wi	th E.F.< 5
5.3128 5.8344	87 48 	1 1 		• •	0212 0157			45.930 ( Before	Yates	None Correct	ion )
5.3128 5.834 	87 48 	1 1 	/18 /44	•	0212 0157		(	45.930 ( Before	Yates 	None Correct	ion )
5.3123 5.8344 Crosstabu V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 By- \ ¶ ¶ ¶	/18 /44 1.0	0 ¶	0212 0157 	11 0 11	Row Total	45.930 ( Before	Yates	None Correct	ion )
5.3128 5.8344 Crosstabu V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	1 1 By- \ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	/18 /44 1.0 207 80.2 59.7 47.3	0 1 -+- 1 1 1 1	0212 0157  2.0 51 19.8 56.0 11.6	 91 92 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	Row Total 258 58.9	45.930 ( Before	Yates	None Correct	ion )
5.3128 5.8344 crosstabu V44->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00	1 1 By \ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	118 /44 207 80.2 59.7 47.3 140 77.8 40.3 32.0	091 -+- 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	0212 0157  51 19.8 56.0 11.6 		Row Total 258 58.9 180 41.1	45.930 (Before	Yates	None Correct	ion )
5.3128 5.8344 Crosstabu V44->	B7 48 ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1 By-\ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	118 1.0 207 80.2 59.7 47.3 140 77.8 40.3 32.0 347 79.2	0 ¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	0212 0157  51 19.8 56.0 11.6  22.2 44.0 9.1  91 20.8		Row Total 258 58.9 180 41.1 438 100.0	45.930 ( Before	Yates	None Correct	ion )
5.3128 5.8344 Crosstabu V44-> /18 Chi-Squar	B7 48 ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	118 /44 1.0 207 80.2 59.7 47.3 140 77.8 40.3 32.0 347 79.2 Si	0 1 -+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0212 0157  51 19.8 56.0 11.6  40 22.2 44.0 9.1  91 20.8 		Row Total 258 58.9 180 41.1 438 100.0	45.930 ( Before	Yates	None Correct	n E.F.< 5

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Crosstabulation: V16 By V44

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V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9 -+-	1.0	091	2.0	1) 19 0(	Row Total
	1.00	91 91 91 91 91	153 84.5 36.9 29.9	91 91 91 91 91	28 15.5 29.2 5.5	P  P  P  P  P  P	181 35.4
	2.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9	113 81.9 27.2 22.1	9 9 9 9 9 9	25 18.1 26.0 4.9	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	138 27.0
	3.00	9 9 9 9 9 9	117 79.6 28.2 22.9	91 91 91 91 91	30 20.4 31.3 5.9		147 28.8
	4.00	9 9 9 9 9 9 9	20 71.4 4.8 3.9	1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1)	8 28.6 8.3 1.6	9 9 9 9 9 9	28 5.5
	5.00	9 9 9 9 9	12 70.6 2.9 2.3	9 9 9 9 9 9	5 29.4 5.2 1.0		17 3.3
	Column Total	<b>T</b>	415 81.2		96 18.8		511 100.0

Chi-Square	D.F.	Significance	Min E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
4.61421	4	.3292	3.194	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

Crosstabulation:		V19	
	Вy	٧44	

V44->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1	1.0	)0¶	2.0	ןף 19 0(	Row Total
	1.00	-+- 9 9. 9	10 47.6 2.8 2.3	 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 52.4 12.2 2.5	91 91 91 91 91 91	21 4.8
	2.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9	21 47.7 6.0 4.8	ୟ ୟ ୟ ୟ	23 52.3 25.6 5.2	9 9 9 9 9 9	44 10.0
	3.00	1 1 1 1	85.9 24.1 19.2	୍ୟୁ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧	14 14.1 15.6 3.2	91 91 91 91	99 22.4
	4.00	+- 9 9 9 9 +-	101 83.5 28.7 22.9	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	20 16.5 22.2 4.5	-+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	121 27.4
	5.00	91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	135 86.0 38.4 30.5		22 14.0 24.4 5.0	9 9 9 9 9 9	157 35.5
	Column Tctal	+	352 79.6	-+-	90 20.4	-+	442 100.0

Chi-Square	D.F.	Significance	Min E.F.	Cells	with E.F.< 5
48.26888	4	.0000	4.276	1 OF	10 ( 10.0%)

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Crosstabul		By	V45								
V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.(	00¶	2.(	    0C	Row Total				
<b>*1</b>	1.00	91 91 91 91 91	427 90.1 95.1 84.2	9 9 9 9 9	47 9.9 81.0 9.3	9 9 9 9 9	474 93.5				
	2.00		22 66.7 4.9 4.3	91 91 91 91 91	11 33.3 19.0 2.2	+ 91 91 91 91	33 6.5				
	Column Total		449 88.6		58 11.4	•••	507 100.0				
Chi-Square	e D.F.	•	Si	gni	ficanc	e	 M -	lin E.F.		Cells	with E.F.< 5
14 46947	, 1									l of	4 ( 25.02
16.69995	5 3	i 		•	0001		(	3.//5 Before	Yates	Corre	ction)
14.40047 16.69995 Crosstabula V45->	tion: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	v2 v45 1.0	01	2.0	1 1901	( Row Total	3.7/5 Before	Yate:	5 Corre	ction`)
14.40047 16.69995 crosstabula V45-> 2	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	By 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	V2 V45 1.0 386 90.6 83.5 73.5	101  11 11 11	2.0 40 9.4 63.5 7.6	19 1901 1901 19 19 19 19	( Row Total 426 81.1	3.7/5 Before	Yate:	s Corre	ction`)
14.40047 16.69995 	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00		v2 v45 386 90.6 83.5 73.5 76.8 16.5 14.5	 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	2.0 2.0 40 9.4 63.5 7.6 23 23.2 36.5 4.4	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	( Row Total 426 81.1 99 18.9	3.7/5 Before	Yate:	5 Corre	ction`)
14.40047 16.69995 Crosstabula V45-> 2	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	By 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	v2 v45 386 90.6 83.5 73.5 76.8 16.5 14.5 462 88.0		2.0 40 9.4 63.5 7.6 	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	( Row Total 426 81.1 99 18.9 525 100.0	3.7/5 Before	Yate	5 Corre	ction`)
14.4004/ 16.69995 Crosstabula V45-> /2 Chi-Square	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total 2.00	By 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	v2 v45 1.0 386 90.6 83.5 73.5 76.8 16.5 14.5 462 88.0 Si	091 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 -+ 91 1 91 	2.0 2.0 40 9.4 63.5 7.6 23 23.2 36.5 4.4 63 12.0 ficanc	1091 + 1191 + 19	( Row Total 426 81.1 99 18.9 525 100.0	in E.F.	Yate	Cells ,	vith E.F.< 5

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V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1 1 1	1.0	01	2.00	19 19 19 19	Row Total			
V9	1.00	91 91 91 91 91	176 88.4 38.3 33.7	9 9 9 9 9 9	23 11.6 36.5 4.4		199 38.0			
	2.00	9 9 9 9 9	163 87.6 35.4 31.2	 9 9 9 9	23 12.4 36.5 4.4		186 35.6			
	3.00	+- 9 9 9 9 9	77 85.6 16.7 14.7	 9 9 9 9 9 1 9	13 14.4 20.6 2.5		90 17.2			
	4.00	+	38 97.4 8.3 7.3	-+- ¶ ¶ ¶	1 2.6 1.6 .2	+ 1 1 1 1 1 1	39 7.5			
	5.00	+- 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 66.7 1.3 1.1	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3 33.3 4.8 .6	9 9 9 9 9 9	9 1.7			
	Column Total		460 88.0		63 12.0	• +	523 100.0			
Chi-Square	D.F.	•	S i 	gni 	ficance	2	M	in E.F.	Cells v	vith E.F.< 5
7.71022	4	Ļ			1028			1.084	2 OF	10 ( 20.0%)

Crosstabulation:

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۷9 By V45

Crosstabu	lation:	8y	V13 V45						
V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 : 91 : 91 : 91	1.(	091	2.0	(P (P OC	Row Total		
412	0.0	91 91 91 91	405 87.5 87.7 77.1	91 91 91 91	58 12.5 92.1 11.0	9 9 9 9 9	·463 88.2		
	1.00	+- 91 91 91 91 91	57 91.9 12.3 10.9	91 91 91 91 91	5 8.1 7.9 1.0		62 11.8		
	Column Total	1	462 88.0		63 12.0	1	525 100.0		
Chi-Squar	e D.F	•	Si	gni	ficanc	e	 ا	lin E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
.6518 1.0311	2 0	1 1		. • •	4195 3099		. (	7.440 Before	None Yates Correction )
Crosstabul V45->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By 91 91 91	V14 V45 1.0	10¶	! 2.0	19 19 01	Row Total		
14	0.0	-+- 9 9 9 9	253 85.8 54.8 48.2	9 9 9 9 9	42 14.2 66.7 8.0	9 9 9 9	295 56.2		
	1.00	¶ ¶ ¶	209 90.9 45.2	9 9 9	21 9.1 33.3		230 43.8		
		11 ¶	39.8	- 11	4.0	1			
	Column Total	" " +-	39.8 462 88.0	¶ _+-	4.0 63 12.0	יי + 	525 100.0		
Chi-Squar	Column Total 		39.8 462 88.0	¶ _+- gni	4.0 63 12.0	-+  e	525 100.0		Cells with E.F.< 5

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Crosstabul	ation:	By	V15 V45						
V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	4 9 9 9	1.(	01	2.0	1P 1P (0(	Row Total		
412	0.0	-+- 91 91 91 91	195 83.0 42.2 37.1	-+- ¶ ¶ ¶	40 17.0 63.5 7.6	-+ 9 9 9	235 44.8		
	1.00	+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	267 92.1 57.8 50.9	-+- 9 9 9 9	23 7.9 36.5 4.4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	290 55.2		
	Column Total	<b>-</b>	462 88.0	- 7 -	63 12.0		525 100.0		
Chi-Squar	e D.F.		Si	gni	ficanc	 e -	 N	1in E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
9.3150 10.1576	8 1 5 1	L L		•	0023 0014		(	28.200 Before	None Yates Correction )
rosstabul	ation:	3y Y	v18 v45						
V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9) 1) 9) 9)	1.0	01	2.0	¶ 0¶	Row Total		
18	1.00	-+ 	231 90.2 59.5 53.0	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	25 9.8 52.1 5.7	-+ 9 91 91 91 91	256 58.7		
	2.00	+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	157 87.2 40.5 36.0	 91 91 91 91	23 12.8 47.9 5.3		180 41.3		
	Column Total	+	388 89.0	-+-	48 11.0	- <del>-</del> -	436 100.0		
Chi-Squar	e D.F.		Si 	gni	ficanc	e -		lin E.F.	Cells with E.F.< 5
.6954	6 1	L		-	4043		(	19.817 Before	None

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Crosstabulation: V16 By V45

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V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9 9	1.0	0¶	2.0	1) 1901	Row Total	
<b>A</b> 10	1.00	9 9 9 9	157 86.7 35.0 30.8	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	24 13.3 39.3 4.7	-+ 9 9 9 9 9 1	181 35.5	
	2.00		120 87.0 26.7 23.5	4 4 4 1 1 1 -+-	18 13.0 29.5 3.5	• • • • • • •	138 27.1	
	3.00	1 9 9 9 9	131 89.7 29.2 25.7	9 9 9 9 9	15 10.3 24.6 2.9	11 11 11 11 11	146 28.6	
	4.00		24 85.7 5.3 4.7	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	4 14.3 6.6 .8	-+ - 9 9 9 9 9	28 5.5	
	5.00	9 9 9 9 9	17 100.0 3.8 3.3				17 3.3	ŗ
	Column Total	+-	449 88.0	-+-	61 12.0	-+	510 100.0	
Chi-Square	D.F.	•	Si	gni	ficanc	e -	Mi 	n E.F.

 Chi-Square
 D.F.
 Significance
 Min E.F.
 Cells with E.F.
 5

 3.29142
 4
 .5103
 2.033
 2 OF
 10 (20.0%)

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V45->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	8 9 9 9 9	1.0	09	2.0	1) 0 11	Row Total					
413	1.00		19 90.5 4.8 4.3	 9 9 9 9	2 9.5 4.2 .5	+- 9 9 9 9 9 1 9	21 4.8					
	2.00		40 90.9 10.2 9.1	 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 9.1 8.3 .9	+- 9 9 9 9 9 9	44 10.0					
	3.00		87 87.9 22.1 19.7	 	12 12.1 25.0 2.7	-+ 91 91 91 91	99 22.4					
	4.00	 1 1 1 1	108 90.0 27.5 24.5	-+- 9 9 9 9	12 10.0 25.0 2.7	-+ 9 9 9 9	120 27.2					
	5.00		139 88.5 35.4 31.5	 91 91 91 91	18 11.5 37.5 4.1	-+          	157 35.6					
	Column Total	+	393 89.1	-+-	48 10.9	-+	441 100.0					
Chi-Square	D.F.		Si 	gni	ficance	2	Mi 	n E.F.	C	ells	with	E.F.< 5
.49344	4			•	9741			2.286	2	0F	10	( 20.0%)

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Crosstabulation: V19 By V46

V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91 0.0	) ¶	1.0	1P O(	2.0	00¶	3.(	0091	4.0	}  P O(	Row Total
VIG	1.00	¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	+ 9 9 9 9 9	4 19.0 26.7 .9	91 91 91 91 91	3 14.3 2.0 .7	9 9 9 9 9	5 23.8 3.8 1.1	9 9 9 9 9	9 42.9 6.3 2.0	+             	21 4.8
	2.00	¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	4 9.1 26.7 .9	-+- 9 9 9 9	20 45.5 13.2 4.5	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	12 27.3 9.2 2.7	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 9	8 18.2 5.6 1.8	+-                +-	44 10.0
	3.00	9 9 9 9	91 91 91 91	3.0 20.0 .7	91 91 91 91	39 39.0 25.7 8.8	91 91 91 91	25 25.0 19.1 5.7	9 9 9 9	33 33.0 23.1 7.5	91 91 91 91	100 22.6
	4.00	¶ 1 ¶ .8 ¶ 100.0 ¶ .2	91 91 91 91 91	2 1.7 13.3 .5	-+- 9 9 9 9	40 33.1 26.3 9.0	 91 91 91 91	35 28.9 26.7 7.9	9 9 9 9 9 9	43 35.5 30.1 9.7	-+ 91 91 91 91 91	· 121 27.4
	5.00	¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	91 91 91 91 91	2 1.3 13.3 .5	 91 91 91 91	50 32.1 32.9 11.3	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	54 34.6 41.2 12.2	9 9 9 9 9 9	50 32.1 35.0 11.3	-+ 91 91 91 91	156 35.3 !
	Column Total	1 .2		15 3.4		152 34.4		131 29.6		143 32.4	- T	442 100.0
Chi-Square	D.F.	Si 	gni	ficanc	e -	M -	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi 	th E.F.< 5
36.38177	16		•	0026				.048		<b>9</b> OF		25 ( <b>3</b> 6.0%)

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Crosstabulation: V16 By V46

V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	<b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	0.0	¶!	1.0	0¶	2.0	1P 0(	3.0	)0¶	4.0	91 19 O(1	Row Total
410	1.00	91 91 91 91 91 91		9 9 9 9	6 3.3 31.6 1.2	 91 91 91 91	57 31.7 35.0 11.2	9 9 9 9 9	70 38.9 47.9 13.7	1 1 1 1 1	47 26.1 26.0 9.2		180 35.3
	2.00			91 91 91 91 91	6 4.4 31.6 1.2	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 9	48 35.0 29.4 9.4	91 91 91 91 91	39 28.5 26.7 7.6	9 9 9 9 9 9	44 32.1 24.3 8.6	-+ 91 91 91 91	137 26.9
	3.00	91 91 91 91	1 .7 100.0 .2	4 9 9 1 1	7 4.7 36.8 1.4	9 9 9 1 9	44 29.7 27.0 8.6	91 91 91 91 91	28 18.9 19.2 5.5	91 91 91 91 91	68 45.9 37.6 13.3	9 9 9 9	148 29.0
	4.00	+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶		9 9 9 9 9 9		-+- 9  9  9  9	8 28.6 4.9 1.6	-+- 91 91 91 91	5 17.9 3.4 1.0	 91 91 91 91	15 53.6 8.3 2.9	-+ 9  9  9  9	28 5.5
	5.00			9 9 9 9 9		 91 91 91 91 	6 35.3 3.7 1.2	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	4 23.5 2.7 .8	91 91 91 91 91	7 41.2 3.9 1.4	-+ 91 91 91 91 91 91	17 3.3
	Column Total	τ.	1 .2		19 3.7		163 32.0	• 7 •	146 28.6		181 35.5		510 100.0
Chi-Square	D.F.		Sig	ini	ficance	5	м -	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi 	th E.F.< 5
30.53303	16			•	0154				.033		8 OF		25 ( 32.0%)

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Crosstabul	ation:	V15 Sy V46						
V46~>	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91 0-0	¶ 1.0	)0¶ 2	2.00 1	3.001	4.00	l Row I Total
V12	0.0	1         1           1         .4           1         100.0           1         .2	¶ 7 ¶ 3.0 ¶ 33.3 ¶ 1.3	9 6 9 25. 9 35. 9 11.	5 ¶ 4 ¶	67 ¶ 28.9 ¶ 44.7 ¶ 12.8 ¶	97 41.8 52.7 18.5	232 44.2
	1.00	1 1 1 1 1	1       14         1       4.8         1       66.7         1       2.7	9 10 9 37 9 64 9 20	9 ¶ 2 ¶ 5 ¶ 8 ¶	83 ¶ 28.3 ¶ 55.3 ¶ 15.8 ¶	87 29.7 47.3 16.6	293   55.8 
	Column Total	.2	21 4.0	16 32	9 2	150 28.6	184 35.0	525 100.0
Chi-Squar	e D.F.	Si	gnificanc	e -	Min E	.F.	Cells w	vith E.F.< 5
12.8768	0 4		.0119		•	.442	2 OF	10 ( 20.0%)
Crosstabul	ation: B	V18 y V46						
V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9) 9) 91 1.00	011 2.0	011 3	.001	۹ 4 • 00 ۹	Row Total	
410	1.00	13 5.1 76.5 3.0	¶         92           ¶         35.9           ¶         63.4           ¶         21.1	1     8       1     33.       1     71.       1     71.       1     19.	6 ¶ 6 ¶ 1 ¶ 7 ¶	65 ¶ 25.4 ¶ 42.5 ¶ 14.9 ¶	256 58.7	
	2.00	4 1 2.2 1 23.5 1 .9	¶       53         ¶       29.4         ¶       36.6         ¶       12.2	¶ 3 ¶ 19. ¶ 28. ¶ 8.	5 ¶ 4 ¶ 9 ¶ 0 ¶	88 ¶ 48.9 ¶ 57.5 ¶ 20.2 ¶	180 41.3	
	Column Total	17 3.9	145 33.3	12 27.	+ 1 8	153 35.1	436 100.0	
Chi-Square	e D.F.	Sig	nificanc	e e	Min E	.F.	Cells w	ith E.F.< 5

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Crosstabulation: V9 By V46

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	V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9	1.0	1011	2.0	1091	3.0	09	4.0	)0¶	5.0	- 1 1 1 1 1 0	Row Total
49		1.00	-+- 91 91 91 91	5 2.5 23.8 1.0	 1 1 1 1 1	51 25.6 30.5 9.8	-+- 9 9 9 9	44 22.1 29.3 8.4	יד-י ף ף ף ף	98 49.2 53.3 18.7	9 9 9 9 9	1 .5 100.0 .2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	199 38.0
		2.00	+	4 2.2 19.0 .8	-+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	65 34.9 38.9 12.4	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	63 33.9 42.0 12.0	 9 9 9 9 9	54 29.0 29.3 10.3	9 9 9 9 9		+-             	186 35.6
		3.00	+- 1 1 1 1	9 10.1 42.9 1.7	-+- 91 91 91 91	35 39.3 21.0 6.7		21 23.6 14.0 4.0	19 19 19 19 19	24 27.0 13.0 4.6	91 91 91 91		91 91 91 91 91	89 17.0
		4.00		2 5.1 9.5 .4	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	12 30.8 7.2 2.3	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	19 48.7 12.7 3.6	+- 9 9 9 9 9	6 15.4 3.3 1.1	-+- 91 91 91 91		+- 8 8 8 9	39 7.5
		5.00		1 10.0 4.8 .2	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 1	4 40.0 2.4 .8	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	3 30.0 2.0 .6		2 20.0 1.1 .4	91 91 91 91 91 91		-+ 91 91 91 91	10 1.9
		Column Total		21 4.0		167 31 <b>.9</b>		150 28.7	-	184 35.2		1 .2	• •	523 100.0
C 	hi-Square	D.F.	-	Si 	gni 	ficanc	e -	M -	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi	ith E.F.< 5
	49.26553	16	5		•	0000				.019		11 OF		25 ( 44.0%)

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Crosslabu		By	V46										
V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9  1 91 1 91 1 91 1 1	0.0	<b>9</b> j	1.0	1900	2.0	)0 ¶	3.(	00¶	4.(	1P 1P 00	Row Total
412	0.0	9) 9) 9) 9) 9) 9)	1 .2 100.0 .2	9 9 9 9 9	18 3.9 85.7 3.4	91 91 91 91	154 33.3 91.1 29.3	9 9 9 9 9	136 29.4 90.7 25.9	9i 9i 9i 9i 9i	153 33.1 83.2 29.1	9 9 9 9 9 9	462 88.0
	1.00			-+- 9 9 9 9 9	3 4.8 14.3 .6	9 9 9 9 9	15 23.8 8.9 2.9	9 9 9 9 9	14 22.2 9.3 2.7	91 91 91 91	31 49.2 16.8 5.9		63 12.0
	Columr Total	)	1 •2		21 4.0		169 32.2		150 28.6		184 35.0		525 100.0
6 007	4	4		•	1409				.120		3 OF		10 ( 30.0%
6.9074  Crosstabul	ation:		V14										·
6.9074 Crosstabul V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	By ¶ ¶ ¶	V14 V46 0.0	¶[	1.0	01	2.0	 0¶	3.0	01	4.0	¶ 0¶	Row Total
6.9074 Crosstabul V46-> /14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	By 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	V14 V46 0.0 1 100.0 .2	¶ -+ ¶ ¶ ¶	1.0 11 3.8 52.4 2.1	09 -+ 9 9 9	2.0 79 27.1 46.7 15.0	09 -+- 9 9	3.0 105 36.0 70.0 20.0	09 -+- 9 1 1	4.0 96 32.9 52.2 18.3	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Row Total 292 55.6
6.9074  Crosstabul V46-> /14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	By 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	V14 V46 0.0 1 .3 100.0 .2		1.0 11 3.8 52.4 2.1 10 4.3 47.6 1.9	 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	2.0 79 27.1 46.7 15.0 90 38.6 53.3 17.1		3.0 105 36.0 70.0 20.0 45 19.3 30.0 8.6	09 -+- 9 9 9 9 9	4.0 96 32.9 52.2 18.3 88 37.8 47.8 16.8		Row Total 292 55.6 233 44.4
6.9074 Crosstabul V46-> /14	Count Row Pet Col Pet Tot Pet 0.0 1.00 Column Total	By 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	V14 V46 0.0 1 3 100.0 .2 1 .2		1.04 11 3.8 52.4 2.1 10 4.3 47.6 1.9 21 4.0	0 ¶ -+ 9 ¶ 9 ¶ 1 ¶ 1 ¶ 1 ¶	2.0 79 27.1 46.7 15.0 90 38.6 53.3 17.1 169 32.2	09 -+- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3.0 105 36.0 20.0 20.0 45 19.3 30.0 8.6 150 28.6	09 -+- 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	4.0 96 32.9 52.2 18.3 88 37.8 47.8 16.8 184 35.0		Row Total 292 55.6 233 44.4 525 100.0
Crosstabul V46-> /14 Chi-Squar	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total	By 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	V14 V46 0.0 1 100.0 .2 1 .2 Sig		1.0 11 3.8 52.4 2.1 10 4.3 47.6 1.9 21 4.0 ficance	 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	2.0 79 27.1 46.7 15.0 90 38.6 53.3 17.1 169 32.2	09 + 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3.0 105 36.0 70.0 20.0 45 19.3 30.0 8.6 150 28.6 	091 -+- 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	4.0 96 32.9 52.2 18.3 88 37.8 47.8 16.8 184 35.0 Cells	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Row Total 292 55.6 233 44.4 525 100.0 th E.F.< 5

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Crosstabu	lation:	Вy	V1 V46											
V46->	Count Row Pc <sup>-</sup> Col Pct Tot Pct	91 : 91 : 91 : 91	0.0	) ¶	1.(	001	2.(	001	3.(	001	4.(	¶1 R 20¶1 To	ow tal	-
	1.00	91 91 91 91	1 .2 100.0 .2	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	15 3.2 78.9 3.0	91 91 91 91	161 33.9 96.4 31.7	91 91 91 91	137 28.8 94.5 27.0	1 1 1 1 1	161 33.9 91.5 31.7	¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	475 3.5	
	2.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		91 91 91 91	4 12.1 21.1 .8	9 9 9 9 9	6 18.2 3.6 1.2	91 91 91 91	8 24.2 5.5 1.6	91 91 91 91 91	15 45.5 8.5 3.0	91 91 91 91	33 6.5	
	Column Total		1.2		19 3.7	•	167 32.9		145 28.5		176 34.6	100	508 0.0	
	re D.F		Si	 gni	ficanc	e	 M -	in 	E.F.		Cells	with	E.F.< 9	5
Chi-Squar														
Chi-Squar 	38	4		•	0337				.065		3 OF	10	( 30.0;	()
Chi-Squar 10.4338 Crosstabul V46->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	4  By ¶ ¶	V2 V46 0.0	•	0337		2.0		.065  3.0		3 DF	10  11 Rc D11 Tot	( 30.0; 	6) 
Chi-Squar 10.4338 Crosstabul V46->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	4 By 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	V2 V46	 	0337 1.00 8 1.9 38.1 1.5	091  11 11 11	2.01 140 32.9 82.8 26.7	0 11 -+ 11 11 11 11	.065 3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2	0 1 1 1 1	3 DF 4.00 154 36.2 83.7 29.3	10 1 Rc D1 Tot 1 4 1 81 1	( 30.09 	6)
Chi-Squar 10.4338 Crosstabul V46->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00	4 By 99994 9994 9994 9994 9994 9994 9994 99	V2 V46 1 .2 100.0 .2		1.00 8 1.9 38.1 1.5 13.0 61.9 2.5	091 -+ 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2.01 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5	0 11  11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	.065 3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28 28.0 18.7 5.3	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 OF 4.00 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30 30.0 16.3 5.7	10 1 Rc 1 Rc 1 Tot 1 4 1 4 1 81 1 81 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	( 30.09 	6)
Chi-Squar 10.4338 Crosstabul V46->	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	4 By 99999 91997 91999 9199 9199 9199 9199 9	V2 V46 1 100.0 .2 1 1 .2	91  91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	1.00 8 1.9 38.1 1.5 13 13.0 61.9 2.5 21 4.0	0 91 -+ 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	2.00 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5 169 32.2	0 1 - + 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.065 3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28 28.0 18.7 5.3 150 28.6	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 OF 4.00 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30.0 16.3 5.7 184 35.0	10 1 Rc D1 Tot 1 4 1 81 1 81 1 81 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	( 30.0) w a1 225 .0 00 .0 25 .0	6)
Chi-Squar 10.4338 Crosstabul V46-> V2	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	4 By 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	V2 V46 1 100.0 .2	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	0337 1.00 8 1.9 38.1 1.5 13 13.0 61.9 2.5 21 4.0 ficance		2.01 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5 169 32.2	0 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	.065 3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28 28.0 18.7 5.3 150 28.6	O 11 -+ 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	3 OF 4.00 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30.0 16.3 5.7 184 35.0 Cells	10 1 Rc 1 Rc 1 Tot 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	( 30.09 25 .0 250 250 250	6) 

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Crosstabu	lation:	V1 By V46											
V46->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9 1.	00 ¶	2.0	00¶	3.	00¶	4.	001	5.(	    0C	Row   Total	
VI	1.00	1       15         1       3.2         1       78.9         1       78.9         1       3.0	9 9 9 9 9 9	161 33.9 96.4 31.7	9 9 9 9 9	137 28.8 94.5 27.0	9 9 9 9 9	161 33.9 91.5 31.7	9 9 9 9 9	1 .2 100.0 .2	9 9 9 9 9	475 93.5	
	2.00	¶     4       ¶     12.1       ¶     21.1       ¶     .8	9 9 9 9 9 9	6 18.2 3.6 1.2	19 91 91 91 91	8 24.2 5.5 1.6	9  9  9  9  9	15 45.5 8.5 3.0	9 9 9 9 9		91 91 91 91 91	33 6.5	
	Column Total	19 3.7		167 32.9		145 28.5		176 . 34.6		1 .2		508 100.0	
Chi-Squar	e D.F. 	 S 	igni	ficano	:e -	۱ -	4in	E.F.		Cells		ith E.F	.< 5
10.4338	8 4		-	0337				•065		3 OF		10 ( 30	).0%)
Crosstabula	ation: By Count	V2 / V46											j./00
V46->		4											
V2	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	     1.0	09	2.0	0¶	3.0	0¶	4.0	0¶	5.0	   0	Row Total	
V2	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	   1.0   8   1.9   38.1   1.5	)0 9  -+ 9  9  9  9  1	2.0 140 32.9 82.8 26.7	09  -+- 9  9  9  9	3.0 122 28.7 81.3 2 <b>3.</b> 2	091 -+ 91 91 91 91	4.0 154 36.2 83.7 29.3	091 -+- 91 91 91 91	5.00 1 .2 100.0 .2	9  -+ 9  9  9  9	Row Total 425 81.0	
V2	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00	1 1.0 1 8 1 1.9 1 38.1 1 1.5 1 13 1 13.0 1 61.9 1 2.5	90 91 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	2.0 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5	091 -+- 91 91 91 -+- 91 91 91	3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28 28.0 18.7 5.3	0 91 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	4.0 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30 30.0 16.3 5.7	091 - 91 91 91 - 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	5.0 1 .2 100.0 .2	999 + 999 +	Row Total 425 81.0 100 19.0	
V2	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1.0 8 1.9 38.1 1.5 1.3 13.0 61.9 2.5 21 4.0	00 9  -+ 9  9  9  9  9  9  9  9  9	2.0 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5 169 32.2	091 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 -+	3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28.0 18.7 5.3 150 28.6	0 91 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	4.0 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30.0 16.3 5.7 184 35.0	091 -+- 91 91 91 -+- 91 91 -+-	5.0 1 100.0 .2		Row Total 425 81.0 100 19.0 525 100.0	
V2 Chi-Square	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total	1 1.0 1 8 1.9 38.1 1.5 13.0 61.9 2.5 21 4.0 Si	009 -+ 9 9 9 9 9 9 4 9 4 9 1 4 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.0 140 32.9 82.8 26.7 29 29.0 17.2 5.5 169 32.2	0 ¶ - + - ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ = + -	3.0 122 28.7 81.3 23.2 28.0 18.7 5.3 150 28.6	0¶ -+ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ 1 1 1	4.0 154 36.2 83.7 29.3 30.0 16.3 5.7 184 35.0	0 9 1 - + - 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	5.0 1 2 100.0 .2 1 .2 Cells	91 -91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 9	Row Total 425 81.0 100 19.0 525 100.0 th E.F.	< 5

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		By	V47										
¥47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	91 91 91 91	1.0	01	2.(	091	3.(	001	4.1	001	5.0	    0C	Row Total
VI	1.00	-+- 1 1 1 1 1	4 .9 57.1 .8	-+- 9 9 9 9 1	9 2.0 75.0 1.8	-+ 91 91 91 91	51 11.1 83.6 10.4	+- 91 91 91 91	122 26.6 92.4 24.8	+- 91 91 91 91	273 59.5 97.5 55.5	++ 9  91 9  9	459 93.3
	2.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 9.1 42.9 .6	9 9 9 9 9	3 9.1 25.0 .6	9 9 9 9	10 30.3 16.4 2.0	91 91 91 91 91	10 30.3 7.6 2.0	 9 9 9 9	7 21.2 2.5 1.4	++ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33 6.7
	Column Total		7 1.4		12 2.4		61 12.4		132 26.8		280 56.9		492 100.0
									<i>-</i>				
Crosstabula	ation: E Count Row Pct	3y 1	••••• v2 v47										
Crosstabula V47->	ation: E Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	3y 11 11 11 11	v2 v47 1.00	01	2.0	0¶	3.0	0¶	4.0	09	5.0	91 091 +	Row Total
Crosstabula V47-> V2	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00	3y 11 11 11 11 11 11	v2 v47 2.5 28.6 .4	0 11 -+- 11 11 11	2.0 5 1.2 38.5 1.0	0 4 -+ 1 1 1	3.0 38 9.3 58.5 7.5	 91 91 91	4.0 107 26.1 77.0 21.1	109 -+- 9 9 9	5.0 258 62.9 91.2 50.9	99 091 -+ 91 91	Row Total 410 80.9
Crosstabula V47-> V2	ation: E Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00		v2 v47 28.6 .4 5 5.2 71.4 1.0	0 ¶ -+ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	2.0 5 1.2 38.5 1.0 8.2 61.5 1.6	0 U -+ 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3.0 38 9.3 58.5 7.5 27 27.8 41.5 5.3	0 	4.0 107 26.1 77.0 21.1 33.0 23.0 6.3	109 -+- 9 9 9 1 -+- 9 9 1 1 1 1	5.0 258 62.9 91.2 50.9 25.8 8.8 4.9		Row Total 410 80.9 97 19.1
Crosstabula V47-> V2	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total		v2 v47 28.6 .4 5 5.2 71.4 1.0 7 1.4	 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	2.0 5 1.2 38.5 1.0 8 8.2 61.5 1.6 13 2.6	0 1 - + 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.0 38 58.5 7.5 27 27.8 41.5 5.3 65 12.8	0 9 - + 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	4.0 107 26.1 77.0 21.1 32 33.0 23.0 6.3 139 27.4	IQ 9 -+- 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5.0 258 62.9 91.2 50.9 25.8 8.8 4.9 283 55.8		Row Total 410 80.9 97 19.1 507 100.0
Crosstabula V47-> V2 Chi-Square	ation: Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 1.00 2.00 Column Total 2.0.F.		v2 v47 28.6 .4 5 5.2 71.4 1.0 7 1.4	0 ¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	2.0 5 1.2 38.5 1.0 8.2 61.5 1.6 13 2.6	0 9 + 9 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	3.0 38 9.3 58.5 7.5 27 27.8 41.5 5.3 65 12.8	0¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	4.0 107 26.1 77.0 21.1 32 33.0 23.0 6.3 139 27.4	IO 1 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.0 258 62.9 91.2 50.9 25.8 8.8 4.9 283 55.8 Cells	91 -+ 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	Row Total 410 80.9 97 19.1 507 100.0 

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V47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	୩ ୩ ୩ ୩	1.0	1091	2.0	10 ¶	3.(	)0¶	4.(	00¶	5.0	19 19 CH	Row Total
¥ 9	1.00	-+- 9 9 9 9	2 1.0 28.6 .4	 11 11 11 11	5 2.6 38.5 1.0	91 92 93 93 91 91	15 7.8 23.1 3.0	9 9 9 9 1	44 22.9 31.9 8.7	9 9 9 9 9 9	126 65.6 44.5 24.9	-+ 91 91 91 91	192 37.9
	2.00	+- 91 91 91 91	2 1.1 28.6 .4	-+- 9  9  9  9	3 1.6 23.1 .6	91 91 91 91 91	31 17.0 47.7 6.1	9] 9] 9] 9] 9]	50 27.5 36.2 9.9	91 91 91 91 91	96 52.7 33.9 19.0	-+ 9 9 9 9 9	182 36.0
	3.00	+- 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 3.5 42.9 .6	-+- 9( 9  9  9  9  9	3 3.5 23.1 .6		8 9.4 12.3 1.6	91 91 91 91 91	30 35.3 21.7 5.9	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	41 48.2 14.5 8.1	-+-             	85 16.8
	4.00	+- 91 91 91 91 91 91		-+- 91 91 91 91	1 2.7 7.7 .2	-+- 9  9  9  9	9 24.3 13.8 1.8	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	11 29.7 8.0 2.2	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	16 43.2 5.7 3.2	+- 91 91 91 91 91 91	37 7.3
	5.00	+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 4	-+- 9 9 9 9 1	1 10.0 7.7 .2	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	2 20.0 3.1 .4	9  9  9  9  9	3 30.0 2.2 .6	9 9 9 9 9	4 40.0 1.4 .8	-+ 9 9 9 9 9	10 2.0
	Column Total	-	7 1.4		13 2.6		65 12.8		138 27.3		283 55.9	-+	506 100.0
Chi-Square	D.F.		Si	gni	ficance	e -	M -	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi	th E.F.< 5
27.47890	16	j		•	0365				<b>.</b> 138		1 <b>3</b> OF		25 ( 52.0%)

Crosstabulation: V9 By V47

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0.0330202	ation:	By	V13 V47											
V47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	4 4 4 4	1.(	001	2.0	)0¶	3.0	09	4.(	001	5.0	ף 19 סכן 19 סכן	Row Total	
412	0.0	4 4 4 4 4	7 1.6 100.0 1.4	+- 91 91 91 91 91	12 2.7 92.3 2.4	9 9 9 9 9	59 13.3 90.8 11.6	9 9 9 9	118 26.6 84.9 23.3	1 1 1 1 1 1	248 55.9 87.6 48.9	9 9 9 9 9	444 87.6	
	1.00			9 9 9 9 9	1 1.6 7.7 .2	1 1 1 1 1	6 9.5 9.2 1.2	9 9 9 9 9	21 33.3 15.1 4.1	91 91 91 91	35 55.6 12.4 6.9	19 19 19 19 19	63 12.4	
	Column Total		7 1.4	• • • •	13 2.6		65 12.8		139 27.4		283 55•8	,	507 100.0	
	<b></b>	•											*	
Chi-Squar	e D.F.	•	S i 	gni	ficanc	е -	M -	lin 	E.F.		Cells	W	ith E.F.< 5	
2.7904	0 4			•	5935				.870		2 OF		10 ( 20.0%)	
Crosstabul	ation:	v	V14 V47											
	Count	9 ¶												
V47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0	01	2.0	0¶	3.0	0¶	4.0	19 01	5.0	91 0 91	Row Total	
V47-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	+ = = = = + = = = + = = + = = + = = = =	1.0 6 2.1 85.7 1.2	01 -+ 11 11 11 11 11	2.0 10 3.5 76.9 2.0	01 -+- 19 19 19 19	3.0 41 14.5 63.1 8.1	0 ¶ -+ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	4.0 83 29.4 59.7 16.4	0091 -+- 91 91 91	5.0 142 50.4 50.2 28.0	91 091 -+ 91 91 91 91	Row Total 282 55.6	
V47-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0	+	1.0 6 2.1 85.7 1.2 1 .4 14.3 .2	01 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.0 10 3.5 76.9 2.0 3 1.3 23.1 .6	01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.0 41 14.5 63.1 8.1 24 10.7 36.9 4.7	0 ¶ -+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	4.0 83 29.4 59.7 16.4 56 24.9 40.3 11.0	-+- 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	5.0 142 50.4 50.2 28.0 141 62.7 49.8 27.8		Row Total 282 55.6 225 44.4	
V47-> V14	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total		1.0 6 2.1 85.7 1.2 1 .4 14.3 .2 7 1.4	01 -+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.0 10 3.5 76.9 2.0 3 1.3 23.1 .6 13 2.6	01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.0 41 14.5 63.1 8.1 24 10.7 36.9 4.7 65 12.8	0 9 + - 9 9 9 1 + - 9 9 1 + - 9 9 1 - + -	4.0 83 29.4 59.7 16.4 56 24.9 40.3 11.0 139 27.4	001 -+- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+- 1 1 1 1 +-	5.0 142 50.4 50.2 28.0 141 62.7 49.8 27.8 283 55.8		Row Total 282 55.6 225 44.4 507 100.0	
V47-> V14 	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct 0.0 1.00 Column Total		1.0 6 2.1 85.7 1.2 14 14.3 .2 7 1.4 Si	01 -+ 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	2.0 10 3.5 76.9 2.0 3 1.3 23.1 .6 13 2.6 ficance	01 -+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -+	3.0 41 14.5 63.1 8.1 24 10.7 36.9 4.7 65 12.8	0¶ -+ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	4.0 83 29.4 59.7 16.4 56 24.9 40.3 11.0 139 27.4	00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.0 142 50.4 50.2 28.0 141 62.7 49.8 27.8 27.8 283 55.8 Cells	91 091 - 19 91 91 91 91 - 1 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	Row Total 282 55.6 225 44.4 507 100.0 th E.F.< 5	

-C47-

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Crosstabulation: V15 By V47 Count ¶ Row Pct 1 ¶ Row V47-> Col Pct ¶ Tot Pct 1 1.001 2.001 3.001 4.001 5.001 Total ٧15 9 11 35 11 68 11 108 11 0.0 11 5 11 225 1 2.2 1 4.0 1 15.6 1 30.2 1 48.0 1 44.4 
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 1
 55.6

 1
 28.6
 1
 30.8
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 46.2
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 51.1
 1
 61.8
 1

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 .8
 1
 5.9
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 14.0
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 34.5
 1

 +----+ Column 7 13 65 139 Total 1.4 2.6 12.8 27.4 283 507 55.8 100.0 Chi-Square D.F. Significance Min E.F. Cells with E.F. 5 \_\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_\_ ---------.0100 3.107 2 OF 10 (20.0%) 13.27991 4 

Crosstabulation: V18 By V47

V47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	1.0	0¶	2.0	0¶	3.0	01	4.0	001	5.0	¶   0	Row Total	
110	1.00	91 91 91 91 91 91	2 .8 33.3 .5	-+- 1 1 1 1 1 -+-	5 2.0 45.5 1.2	-+- - 	27 10.9 52.9 6.4	 9 9 9 9 1 1 -+-	75 30.2 65.2 17.7	 91 91 91 91 91	139 56.0 57.7 32.8	+-             	248 58.5	
	2.00	• - • • • • • • • • • •	4 2.3 66.7 .9	9 9 9 9 9	6 3.4 54.5 1.4	ୟ ୩ ୩ ୩ ୩ ୧:	24 13.6 47.1 5.7	 	40 22.7 34.8 9.4	9 9 9 9 9	102 58.0 42.3 24.1	9 9 9 9 9	176 41.5	
	Column Total		5 1.4		11 2.6		51 12.0		115 27.1		241 56.8		424 100.0	-
Chi-Square	D.F.		Si	gni 	ficanc	2	M 	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi	th E.F.< 5	
5.18996	4			•	<b>2</b> 684			2	.491		3 OF		10 ( 30.0%)	

-C48-

Crosstabulation:		V16
	8v	V47

V47->	Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.0	1P O(1	2.0	01	3.(	00¶i	4.(	00¶	5.(	וף 1900	Row Total
V10	1.00	 9 9 9 9 9 1	1 .6 14.3 .2	1 1 1 1 1 1	4 2.4 33.3 .8	11 12 13 19 19	22 13.0 35.5 4.5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	53 31.4 39.0 10.8	19 19 19 19 19	89 52.7 32.4 18.1	91 19 19 19 19 19	169 34.3
•	2.00		2 1.5 28.6 .4	 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 2.2 25.0 .6	9 9 9 9 9	17 12.4 27.4 3.5	9 9 9 9 9 9	42 30.7 30.9 8.5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	73 53.3 26.5 14.8	91 91 91 91 91	137 27.8
	3.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 2.8 57.1 .8	9 9 9 9 9 9	2 1.4 16.7 .4	91 91 91 91 91	21 14.9 33.9 4.3	9 9 9 9 9	37 26.2 27.2 7.5	1 9 9 9 9	77 54.6 28.0 15.7	9 9 9 9 9 9	141 28.7
	4.00	9 9 9 9		9 9 9 9 9 9	3 10.7 25.0 .6	9( 9) 9) 9)	2 7.1 3.2 .4	4 4 4 9 9	4 14.3 2.9 .8	91 91 91 91	19 67.9 6.9 3.9	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28 5.7
	5.00	9 9 9 9 9 9 9		91 91 91 91		91 91 91 91 91		9) 9) 91 91		9 9 9 1	17 100.0 6.2 3.5	91 91 91 91 91	17 3.5
	Column Total	, -	7 1.4	_,	12 2.4		62 12.6	- , -	136 27.6		275 55.9	-,	492 100.0
Chi-Square	D.F.		Sig	gni	ficanc	e -	м -	in 	E.F.		Cells	wi 	th E.F.< 5
30.83995	16	i		•(	0141				.242		13 OF		25 ( 52.0%)

-C49-

V47->	Count Row Pct Col Pct Tot Pct	9) 9) 91 91	1.0	101	2.0	091	3.(	09	4.(	)0¶	5.0	       0(	Row Total
•••	1.00	9 9 9 9 9		ମ୍ ମ ମ ମ ମ		9( 9) 91 9(	2 9.5 4.3 .5	91 91 91 91	6 28.6 5.0 1.4	9 9 9 9	13 61.9 5.3 3.1	91 91 91 91	21 4.9
	2.00	9 9 9 1	1 2.4 20.0 .2	          		9  9  9  9	4 9.8 8.5 .9	9 9 9 9	10 24.4 8.4 2.4	9  9  9  9	26 63.4 10.7 6.1	9 9 9 9 9	41 9.6
	3.00	4 4 6 1		9 9 9 9	5 5.2 50.0 1.2	91 91 91 91	12 12.5 25.5 2.8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	29 30.2 24.4 6.8	91 91 91 91	50 52.1 20.5 11.8	9 9 9 9 9	96 22.6
	4.00	+- 91 91 91 91	2 1.7 40.0 .5	-+- 9  9  9  9	1 .9 10.0 .2	-+- 91 91 91 91	7 6.0 14.9 1.6	-+- 91 91 91 91	38 32.8 31.9 8.9	-+- 9 9 9 9 9 9	68 58.6 27.9 16.0	+-             	116 27.3
	5.00	+- ¶ ¶ ¶	2 1.3 40.0 .5	-+- 9 9 9 9 9	4 2.6 40.0 .9	-+- ¶ ¶ ¶ ¶	22 14.6 46.8 5.2	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	36 23.8 30.3 8.5	-+- 91 91 91 91 91	87 57.6 35.7 20.5	+- 11 11 12 12 12	151 35.5
	Column Total	+-	5 1.2	-+-	10 2.4	-+-	47 11.1	-+-	119 28.0	-+-	244 57.4	-+	<b>42</b> 5 100.0
Chi-Square	D.F.		Si	gni	ficance	e -	M 	in 	E.F.		Cells	w1	th E.F.< 5
15.87999	16	ì		•	4614				.247		12 OF		25 ( 48.0%)

Crosstabulation: V19 By V47 -C50-

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