

**EXCITATION OF  $K^*(3p^1 4s^2 {}^2P_{3/2}, {}^2P_{1/2})$  BY ELECTRON IMPACT:  
ALIGNMENT AND CROSS SECTION RATIOS**

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We have measured the alignment  $A_{20}$  of  $K^*(3p^1 4s^2 {}^2P_{3/2})$  and the ratio of cross sections  $R_0 = \sigma(3/2)/\sigma(1/2)$  of the fine structure states  $K^*(3p^1 4s^2 {}^2P_{3/2}, {}^2P_{1/2})$  for electron impact excitation in the range of incident energy  $E_0 = 31.4 \text{ eV} - 500 \text{ eV}$ . The alignment  $A_{20}$  was measured via the anisotropic angular distribution of autoionization electrons

$$I_{3/2}(\vartheta) = I_{3/2} \left\{ 1 + A_{20}(E_0) \alpha_2 P_2(\cos \vartheta) \right\},$$

where  $\alpha_2$  is the decay parameter (with the value -1) and  $P_2(\cos \vartheta)$  is the second Legendre polynomial. The ratio of cross sections  $R_0 = \sigma(3/2)/\sigma(1/2)$  were measured as ratio of line intensities  $I_{3/2}/I_{1/2}$  of autoionization electrons at the magic angle  $\vartheta_m = 54.7$ . The results for  $A_{20}$  are plotted in Fig. 1 as function of impact energy  $E_0$ .

We have also calculated the quantities  $A_{20}$  and  $R_0$  in the plane wave Born approximation (PWBA) and distorted wave Born approximation (DWBA). For  $A_{20}$  best agreement with experiment is achieved if the exchange distortion potential  $V_{ex}$  and the exchange amplitude  $T_{ex}$  are included in the DWBA calculation (curves 5,6,7 in Fig. 1). The DWBA values of Pangantiwar and Srivastava<sup>2</sup> do not agree with the experimental values for  $E_0 < 100 \text{ eV}$ .

This work is part of the Sonderforschungsbereich 276 "Correlated dynamics of highly excited atomic and molecular systems" at the Universität Freiburg and is supported by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft.

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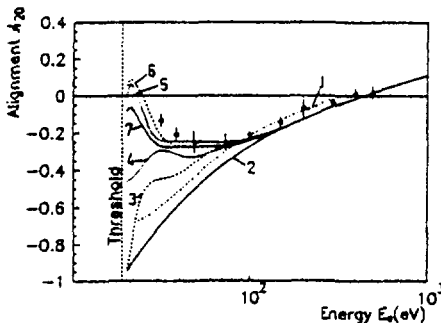


Fig. 1. Alignment  $A_{20}$  of  $K^*(3p^1 4s^2 {}^2P_{3/2})$  as function of electron impact energy  $E_0$ . Present experiment =  $\bullet$ . Theory: curve 1 = DWBA<sup>2</sup>, curves 2 to 7 = present calculations. (2) = PWBA; (3) = DWBA,  $V_{ex} = V_{gs}$ , ground-state electron density,  $T = T_{ex}$ ; (4) = DWBA,  $V_{ex} = V_{gs}$ , ground-state electron density,  $T = T_{ex} - T_{ex}$ ; (5) = DWBA,  $V_{ex} = V_{gs} + V_{ex}$ , ground state electron density,  $T = T_{ex}$ ; (6) = DWBA,  $V_{ex} = V_{gs} + V_{ex}$ , ground-state electron density,  $T = T_{ex} - T_{ex}$ ; (7) = DWBA,  $V_{ex} = V_{gs} + V_{ex}$ , excited-state electron density,  $T = T_{ex} - T_{ex}$ .