

# POST-COLLISIONAL RESCATTERING OF AUTOIONIZATION ELECTRONS

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In the past few years, great attention of investigators has been attracted to the post-collision interaction (PCI) effects in autoionization as well as Auger process in the kinematical region, where the relative velocity of a scattered ion and an autoionization (Auger) electron is close to zero. In this region PCI results in the so-called Coulomb focusing of the autoionizing electrons<sup>1</sup> and an anomalous feature on the low-energy tail of resonance in autoionization<sup>2</sup> and Auger process<sup>3</sup>, respectively. This structure has been attributed to the autoionization electron rescattering in the attractive Coulomb field of the receding ion<sup>4</sup>.

In this work, we examine in details the origin of this structure within the quantum-mechanical model<sup>5</sup> using the final-state wave function with corrected asymptotic behavior. The angle-dependent spectral intensity at a given electron energy can be written as

$$I(E, \theta) = |A_0 + A_{sc}|^2, \quad (1)$$

where  $A_0$  is the amplitude excluding the rescattering effects.  $A_{sc}$  is the rescattering amplitude.

To demonstrate the rescattering effects we have calculated the shape of the  $(2s^2)^1S$ -autoionization resonance of helium excited by 10 and 50 keV protons for emission angles between 0 and  $10^\circ$ . Fig. 1 shows the result of our calculation at 50 keV proton energy and  $2^\circ$  emission angle: curve 1 is the total calculation according to Eq. (1), curves 2 and 3 represent the separate contributions from the amplitudes  $A_0$  and  $A_{sc}$ , respectively. It is seen that the pronounced shoulder appearing on the low-energy tail of the the line is not a substantially interference effect; the shoulder and the main part of the peak correspond to the scattered and unscattered autoionization electrons, respectively.

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## References

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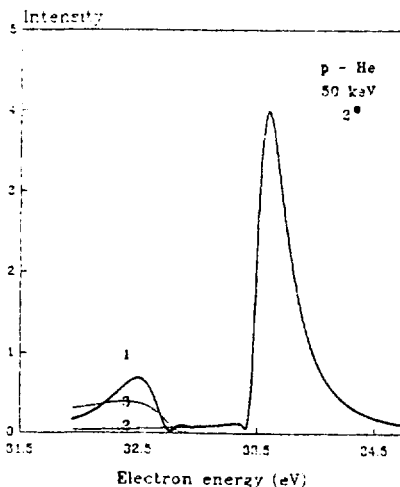


Figure 1: Energy spectrum of the  $(2s^2)^1S$ -autoionization resonance of helium excited by 50 keV protons at  $2^\circ$  emission angle. For notations see text