## ACTINIDES AND TRANSACTINIDES - VERBAL

## MODEL STUDIES OF MERCURY FOR A FUTURE EXPERIMENT WITH ELEMENT 112

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The heaviest member of the periodic table whose chemistry has been investigated so far is element 108 (Hassium, Hs). After the discovery of long-lived superheavy elements in Dubna, Russia, the investigation of their chemical properties becomes feasible. First chemical studies are concentrating on element 112, which is expected to be a member of group 12, i.e. homologous to Hg.

Numerous physico-chemical properties of element 112 and other superheavy elements have been extrapolated on the basis of the properties of the homologous elements<sup>[2]</sup> or evaluated from relativistic calculations.

In a future 112 experiment the same experimental set-up IVO (In-situ Volatilization and On-line detection) that has been successfully applied for the first ever chemical study of hassium will be used. In this device, element 112 in its elemental state will be adsorbed on PIN-detectors in a cryogenic gas thermochromatography system<sup>[5]</sup> covering a temperature range from 0 °C to -170°C. In order to increase the adsorption temperature, the PIN-diodes will be covered by nano-layers of noble metals such as Au, Pd or Pt.

In order to properly select the best-suited metal, off-line thermochromatography studies with carrier-free amounts of Hg isotopes on noble metals have been performed. The experiments yielded adsorption enthalpies of Hg on these surfaces.

These investigations were followed by on-line experiments at the PSI-PHILIPS cyclotron where short-lived Hg-isotopes were produced in the reaction <sup>168</sup>Yb (<sup>20</sup>Ne,xn) <sup>180-182</sup>Hg and continuously transported in He gas to the IVO apparatus. First results of these on-line studies will be outlined.