CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT IN EGYPT

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Milestones of the Egyptian Nuclear Power Programme

• Atomic Energy Commission	1955
• Atomic Energy Establishment (Authority)	1957
• Operation of 1st Research Reactor	1961
• International Bidding for NPDP (1)	1964
• War with Israel	1967
•Limited International Bidding for NPP (2)	1974
•Establishment of NPPA	1976
•Establishment of NMA	1977

Milestones of the Egyptian Nuclear Power Programme

• TMI	1979
• Egypt Ratifies NPT	1981
• Establishment of NCNSRC	1982
• International Bidding for NPP (3)	1983
 Chernobyl and suspension of the Project 	1986
• Operation of 2nd Research Reactor	1998
• Revival of the Nuclear Power Program	2006
•The Strategic Decision to Launch NP Program	2007
•Contracting an International Consultant	2009

Stakeholders

- Electricity and Energy Sectors
 - Egyptian Atomic Energy Authority (EAEA)
 - Nuclear Material Authority (NMA)
 - Egyptian Electricity Holding Company (EEHC).
- National Center of Nuclear Safety and Radiation Control (NCNSRC).
- Universities & Research Centers.
- Industry

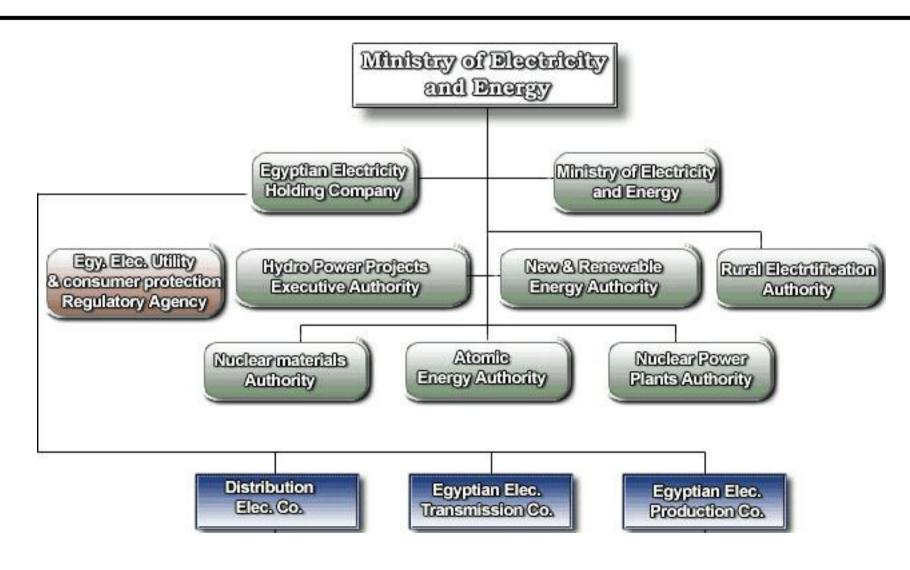
Stakeholders

- Public (Individuals + Organizations)
 - Central and provincial government officials of the related ministries, police, military, other public servants
 - Political party leaders, members of the parliament, elected members of provincial governments, etc.
 - Investors (Financial company, economic policy makers, economic development research institutes)
 - Environmental conservation groups, nature preservation groups, etc.
 - Local population living nearby nuclear facilities, elected members of the local communities, etc.

NPPA MISSION

- Propose NPPs projects for electricity generation and seawater desalination.
- Carry out R&D activities needed for NPPs projects.
- Prepare technical specifications for NPPs projects.
- Implementation of NPPs and related projects and supervise their administration and ensure that the latest scientific, technological and preventive measures are applied.

Authorities and Companies Affiliated to Ministry of Electricity and Energy



REVIVAL OF THE NUCLEAR POWER PROGRAM

Presidential Decision to go ahead in October 2007

- Start a programme to construct a number of Nuclear Power Plants for electricity generation.
- Start the implementation of the necessary steps to construct the first Nuclear Power Plant for electricity generation.
- Start legislative and structural procedures related to the energy sector in general, and the mechanisms and bodies specific to nuclear energy in particular.

RECENT AND CURRENT ACTIVITIES

- Formation of Top-level committees overseeing, monitoring, and coordinating different activities of the programme:
 - Supreme energy council, headed by Prime Minister, participated by relevant ministers, with staff members.
 - Supreme council for peaceful uses of Nuclear Energy, headed by the President, participated by relevant ministers: with staff members.
 - Coordinating Committee (3 Nuclear Authority + EEHC).

RECENT AND CURRENT ACTIVITIES

Following the Presidential Strategic Decision

- Bid invitation for consulting services announced in February 2008. Bid evaluation process completed, and Contract concluded on June 18th, 2009.
- The scope of services include:
 - Sites Selection and Evaluation, and Pre-contract Activities:
 - Updating El-Dabaa site studies;
 - Selection of Additional Sites
 - Pre-contract activities including Technology Assessment,
 Quality Assurance Program, Preparation of Contract, Training and Technology Transfer to NPPA Personnel, and Financial Assessment.
 - Consultation Services for Project Implementation:
 - Construction management,
 - Field engineering,
 - Start-up and commissioning services

REASONS FOR HIRING A SINGLE INTERNATIONAL CONSULTANT

- Lack of national capabilities in nuclear power technology.
- The complexity of activities related to the construction of the first NPP.
- Similar to having a main contractor during the construction phase, a single Consultant would prevent problems of interface between different activities.

Future Activities

- NPP Sites Studies:
 - Completion of El-Dabaa Site Studies
 - Selection of Additional Sites for the NPP Program
- Completion of nuclear technology assessment studies
- Development of related strategies:
 - Financing NPP Program.
 - Optimization of Local Participation.
 - Long-term Supply of Nuclear Fuel.
- Continuation of Restructuring of Nuclear Authorities and Regulatory Body.

Future Activities

- Finalization of QA programs in cooperation with project Consultant, IAEA and International Governmental organizations.
- Development of Technical Specifications for the 1st NPP.
- Formation of the Project Team that will:
 - Review and approve the Technical Specifications
 - Evaluate international bids, as well as, negotiate and conclude the Contract.
 - Supervise the construction of the NPP.
- Invitation for Bids, bid evaluation, negotiations and contracting

Challenges

- The repeated interruptions of the nuclear programme led to the fragmentation of the programme.
- The severest impacts affected the human resources:
 - Many of the highly qualified personnel left the country to join nuclear organizations in the advanced countries, and the international organizations.
 - Inability of the nuclear engineering department to attract good students due to limited employment opportunities.
 - Inability of nuclear authorities to attract high caliber fresh engineering graduates due to week salary scale that could not be improved while the programme was frozen.
 - There is an aging problem due to long period of stagnation of the nuclear program. Most experienced staff is nearing retirement.
 - Lack of National Nuclear Training Centers, and limited financial and human resources

Facing the Challenges

- Develop a comprehensive re-structuring plan that includes better salary scale, to attract, employ and retain qualified human resources.
- Concentrate in the present stage of the programme on providing the training needs required for the pre-contract phase.
- Use of Egyptian experts who have been recently retired from national or international nuclear organizations, and who still have the ability to work efficiently.
- Utilize existing expertise in the Egyptian electricity and energy sectors who have relevant experience in non-nuclear activities such as construction and installation of large conventional power plants and oil refineries.
- Utilize available international cooperation opportunities.
- Utilize the services of an international consultant

Technical Cooperation Expectations

- Assistance in Restructuring of NPPA Organization to Achieve:
 - o Appropriate organizational structure to carry out all anticipated duties during the first NPP project (pre-contract, post-contract activities).
 - o Staffing and recruitment issues including job description, qualifications, training and salary scales.
- Assist NPPA in establishing a specialized Nuclear Safety Group through:
 - o Advise on the strategy to form this group with a clear role within a turn-key project.
 - o Advise on the job-description, qualifications and various responsibilities within the Group.
 - o Provide training to Group's Members (formal and on-the-job).
- Development and Implementation of QA Program

Technical Cooperation Expectations

Training the Trainers for Basic Training Courses:

- o **Nuclear Theory and Fundamentals**
- o Nuclear Policy, Planning, and Project Management.
- Nuclear Power Technology
- o **Nuclear Power Safety**
- o Safeguards and Nuclear Fuel Cycle
- o **Nuclear Security**

Nuclear Power Plants Technology Assessment through:

- o Nuclear power plant system technology
- o Factors to be considered in choosing NPP technology
- Strategies for localization and technology transfer: International experience and lessons learned
- o NSSS design, analysis and safety classification
- o Quality assurance of nuclear power
- WCR technology and fuel design and management in Republic of Korea.
- o Impact of technology on Preparedness to radiological emergency

CONCLUSIONS

- Egypt was one of the few developing countries that realized the importance of nuclear energy in the sustainable supply of electricity and water.
- o The Egyptian Nuclear power programme was suspended following the Chernobyl accident in 1986.
- o In October 2007 the strategic decision was taken to re-start a nuclear power programme.
- o Egypt is proceeding with its Nuclear Power Program.
- o There could be several areas for international cooperation with the international partners, including IAEA, EU, and Bilateral Agreement countries.

