

P-63.

The EOS studies on Luch facility

Bel'kov S.A., Voronich I.N., Garanin S.G., Derkach V.N., Kochemasov G.G., Litvin D.N., Sukharev S.A.
ILFI, RFNC-VNIIEF, Sarov, Russia

The results of the investigations in the shock compressibility of materials on the “Luch” facility [1] are presented. The experiments have been performed with impedance mismatch technique [2] applying.

The output non-uniformity of the shocks achieved <10ps and inaccuracy of their velocity measuring <3%. The pressures to 30 Mbars were developed in lead and till 50 Mbars with applying of the special-constructed targets for hydrodynamic pressure increasing. Results on the materials shock compressibility have been obtained that accord well with the test results shown on hydrodynamic stands [3].

The work was performed in part under the sponsorship of the RFFI (grants No.09-02-12157-ofi_m and No.09-02-97089-r_povolzh'ye_a), and grant of the President of the RF to leading scientific schools No.65192.2010.2

References:

- [1] S G Garanin, A I Zaretskii, R I Il'kaev, G A Kirillov et al. *Quantum Electronics*, v. 35, №4, p. 299 (2005).
- [2] Zel'dovich Y.B. & Raizer Yu.P. *Physics of shock waves and high temperature hydrodynamic phenomena*. New York: Academic Press (1976).
- [3] *Experimental data on shock-wave compression and adiabatic expansion of condensed matter*. Edited by R.F. Trunin, Sarov (2001).

P-64.

Development of the systems for uniform target irradiation

Voronin A.Yu., Garanin S.G., Derkach V.N., Zhidkov N.V., Kravchenko A.G., Petrazhitskaya N.A., Starodubtsev K.V., Sukharev S.A., Shnyagin R.A.
ILFI, RFNC-VNIIEF, Sarov, Russia

The new devices have been developed for laser beams homogenizing in the focal spot – multi-component lens raster and raster with the edges smoothing phase mask [1]. The envelope non-uniformity of <3-5% at energy concentration up to 60% was achieved for beams having the initial non-uniformity in the near field of approximately 30% and divergence $\leq 10^{-4}$ radians.

Investigation into the temporary-spatial smoothing with the use of low-density foams with the density less than the critical one [2] is still in progress. Experiments on the foams with the density of 1-2.3 mg/cm³, thickness of 100-200 μm , and the cells' sizes up to the tens of micrometers were carried out with the radiation wavelength of 0.657 μm . The RMS non-uniformity <5% has been found for the beam passed through the foam. The non-uniformity is evenly distributed over the spatial frequency spectrum. The induced divergence of radiation is measured to be 0.35radian. The frequency of the rearranged speckled field of about 2 THz was obtained. The beam smoothing was recorded from the start of pulse of radiation, had the duration up to 1 ns, and the width of the radiation spectrum was about 30 \AA .

The work was performed in part under the sponsorship of the RFFI (grants No.09-02-12157-ofi_m and No.09-02-97095-r_povolzh'ye_a), and grant of the President of the RF to leading scientific schools No.65192.2010.2.

References:

- [1] V.N.Derkach, S.G.Garanin, A.V.Kravchenko et al. *Proceedings of XXIX ECLIM, Madrid, 707 (2006)*.
- [2] S.G. Garanin, V.N. Derkach, R.A. Shnyagin. *Quantum Electronics*, v. 34, №5, p. 427 (2004).