

POTENTIAL USE OF ^{177}Lu ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THERAPEUTIC AGENTS FOR RIA USING MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY, ANTI-CD105 AND MONOCLONAL ANTI-VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 (VEGFR 1)

S. J. Choi, S. Y. Lee, P. H. Park, K. H. Choi, Y. D. Hong

Radioisotope Research Division, Basic Science and Technology Department, Korea Atomic, Energy Research Institute (KAERI), Daejeon, 305-353, Republic of Korea
E-mail: Choisj@kaeri.re.kr

The main goal of this study was to optimize the radioimmunoconjugation of monoclonal antivascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1(VEGFR 1) anti-CD105(Endoglin) monoclonal antibody for an angiogenesis targeting and with ^{177}Lu as a potential angiogenic molecular tracer for radioimmunotherapy (RIT). We carried out a radioimmuno conjugation using ^{177}Lu with anti-CD105 (Endoglin) and anti-VEGFR1 for developing a more useful marker to identify proliferating endothelium involved in tumor angiogenesis than panendothelial markers. We optimized the labeling of monoclonal antibody with ^{177}Lu by using cysteine derivative isothiocyanatobenzyl-DTPA(DTPA-NCS) as BFCA. Under the optimal conditions with a slight modifications on the factors such as the reaction time and molar ratio which are known to be very critical in radiolabeling. The labeling yield was greater than 99% each respectively. Immunoactivity of the radioimmunoconjugate was investigated using combinations of radioanalytical and bioanalytical techniques (ITLC-SG,Cyclone phosphorimager, SDS-PAGE and ELISA). For the biological evaluations we carried out a cell binding assay and a biodistribution study using mice bearing Calu 6 lung cancer cell xenografts. The tumor-to-blood ratio was 11.16:1 24h post-injection. For anti-VEGFR1 monoclonal antibody, the biodistribution study showed high specificity in accumulating in tumour tissues where the tumor-to-blood ratio was 3.25:1 24h post-injection.

In conclusion, the anti-CD105 monoclonal antibody for an angiogenesis targeting was effectively radioconjugated with ^{177}Lu . And the biodistribution study showed a high specificity for accumulating in tumour tissues. This radioimmunoconjugate is applicable to detect angiogenesis sites in various diseases and to treat tumors. the anti-VEGFR1 monoclonal antibody for angiogenesis targeting was effectively radioconjugated with ^{177}Lu .

This radioimmunoconjugate is applicable to detect of angiogenesis sites in various diseases and treat tumour over expressed VEGFR 1.