

INPRO activities on Proliferation Resistance

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 - TECDOC-1575 rev.1, vol.5 concepts and application
- 4) Revision concept INPRO Proliferation Resistance manual
 - Process and focus for revision of the manual
 - Improve clarity of term "Proliferation Resistance" (PR)

Overview of the 6 INPRO Areas of Assessment + Physical Protection

Areas and main messages in INPRO methodology edition 2008 (TECDOC-1575):

- 1) Economics: <u>competitiveness</u> against alternatives available (in the country)
- WM: managing waste so that humans and environment are protected and undue burdens on future generations are avoided
- 3) Infrastructure: adequate infrastructure and effort to create / maintain it
- PR: <u>unattractiveness</u> for a nuclear weapon program by combination of intrinsic features and extrinsic measures
- 5) Environment: impact of <u>stressors</u> must stay within performance envelope of current NES. <u>Resources</u> sufficient to run NES until end of 21 century
- 6) Safety: <u>superiority</u> against safety of existing plants. Large off-site releases should be <u>prevented</u> so that there is no need for evacuation

* Physical Protection: effective nuclear security regime

Formulation of the Basic Definition of Proliferation Resistance (PR)

Characteristic of a nuclear system that impedes diversion or undeclared production of nuclear material, or misuse of technology, by States in order to acquire nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices

> Derived at Meeting in Como, Italy IAEA STR-332 December 2002

Proliferation Resistance Fundamentals for Future Nuclear Energy Systems

NATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY

DEPARTMENT OF SAFEGUARDS

International Atomic Energy Agency Department of Safeguards

December 2002



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STR-332

Opinions on PR and INPRO

- Research into new reactor technologies, including fast reactors, is being coordinated within two multilateral frameworks, the U.S.-led GIF and the IAEA led INPRO
- Ideally, the IAEA would take the lead in this process and, indeed, it has been developing a methodology for assessing proliferation resistance within INPRO.
- Given that the IAEA never criticizes states' fuel cycle choices, however, it's not clear whether it's capable of leading this effort effectively.



of the

INPRO Proliferation Resistance Manual 2008: INPRO PR Basic Principles



PR intrinsic features and extrinsic measures shall be implemented throughout the full life cycle for NESs to help ensure that NESs will continue to be an unattractive means to acquire fissile material for a nuclear weapons program

1) Both intrinsic features / extrinsic measures are essential

2) Neither shall be considered sufficient by itself

INPRO PR Manual 2008: INPRO Five User Requirements (UR)



- The States' commitments, obligations and policies regarding nonproliferation and its implementation should be adequate to fulfil international standards in the non-proliferation regime.
- 2) The attractiveness of nuclear material and nuclear technology in a NES for a nuclear weapons program should be low. This includes the attractiveness of undeclared nuclear material that could credibly be produced or processed in the NES.
- The diversion of nuclear material (NM) should be reasonably difficult and detectable. Diversion includes the use of an innovative nuclear energy system (INS) facility for the production or processing of undeclared material.
- 4) Innovative nuclear energy systems should incorporate multiple PR features and measures.
- 5) The combination of intrinsic features and extrinsic measures, compatible with other design considerations, should be optimized (in the design/engineering phase) to provide cost-efficient proliferation resistance.

INPRO collaboration with GIF Proliferation Resistance & Physical Protection WG

- Harmonize characteristics of PR features and formulate measures and metrics for comparing the robustness of nuclear systems against proliferation
- Potential linkage between Sustainability and PR
 - Sustainability of nuclear fuel resources impact choice
 - Nuclear Fuel Material
 - □ Fuel Cycle Depending on the Optimal Fuel Option
 - Used Fuel Management
 - Optimal + Available Fuel Supply Chain

Conclusion



- INPRO methodology in all assessment areas uses assessment method separated from the analysis of PR
- > Two parallel activities currently ongoing in INPRO
 - PROSA collaborative project (final report compilation and editing) development / improvement / enhancement of INPRO PR analysis method– Report in final stages in Printing Process
 - Revision of the INPRO Methodology Proliferation Resistance Manual INPRO PR assessment method development (links to analytical methods and concept of sustainable development) with the goals:

□ Make the assessment methodology simpler and easier to use

- □ Allow for different users and depths of analysis as part of assessment
- Demonstrate value of the refined assessment methodology to the users

> The CM to revise the INPRO PR manual – Commenced 4Q 2020

- Contribution from global selection of subject area experts
- Broader audience / expertise gained with the invited consultancy experts
- Consensus on structure of PR Manual and utility of URs a main goal



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INPRO 2020 - Celebrated 20 Years 2021 - Planning for the Future





INTERNATIONAL PROJECT ON INNOVATIVE NUCLEAR REACTORS AND FUEL CYCLES

- Developing sustainable nuclear energy scenarios
- Investigating institutional and technical innovations
- Assessing the sustainability of nuclear energy systems
- Facilitating dialogue between technology holders and users



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