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60 Years

Atoms for Peace and Development

# Challenges in unifying nuclear data access

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IAEA Technical Meeting on Nuclear Data retrieval, dissemination and  
data portals, November 11-15 2024, Vienna

# Contents

- Some points to consider
- Some data formats: TALYS, ENDF, EXFOR, GNDS
- Attempt to unify, at least, EXFOR, TALYS and ENDF, with a “light” format: YANDF

# Some points to consider

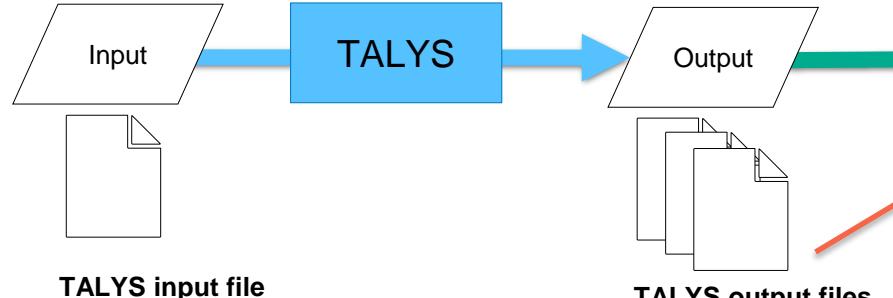
- General trend: Transition from web-GUI's to programmatic access (Web-API's)
- 3 dominant databases in nuclear data
  - ENSDF (evaluated nuclear structure)
  - ENDF (evaluated nuclear reactions)
  - EXFOR (experimental nuclear reactions)
  - ....all with > 50 year old formats
  - Parsers and entirely new formats underway,  
**interpretation** of the databases is the challenge to allow general use

# Some points to consider

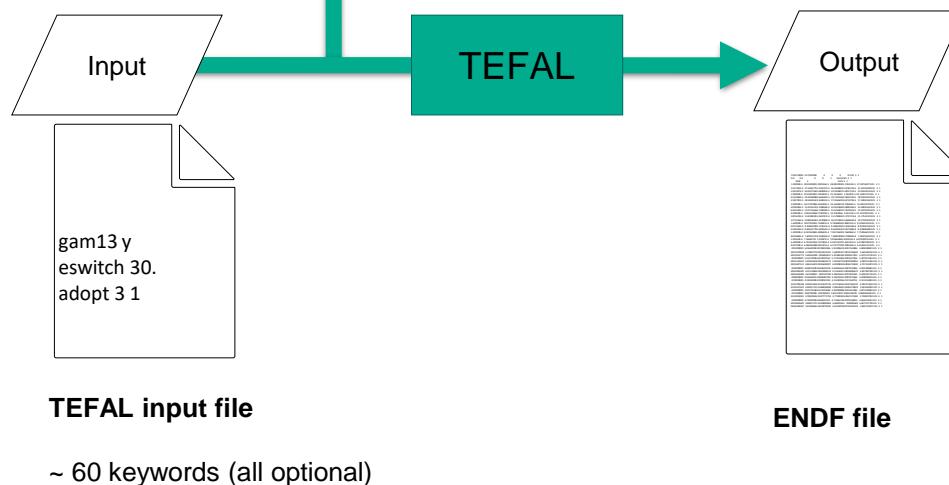
- IAEA Nuclear Data Section hosts many other basic nuclear databases of which many are in need of
  - Unified format (if possible)
  - Richer metadata
  - Programmatic access
  - ...to allow for more automation and AI/ML applications
- Examples:
  - Nuclear model parameters - Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL)
  - Essential experimental/evaluated databases
    - Thermal cross sections
    - Full resonance parameter collections
    - Resonance integrals
    - 30 keV Maxwellian-averaged cross sections
    - Average radiative widths
  - Evaluated Gamma-ray Activation file (EGAF)
  - Evaluated cross sections for medical isotopes
  - Reference database for beta-delayed neutron emission
  - Etc.
- A new website with emphasis on “Findable” of the FAIR principle.

# TEFAL + TALYS

- TEFAL processes the output of TALYS, and data from other sources, into an ENDF-6 data library



TAGNDS  
But also: Other processing software  
Automated plotting  
EXFOR outlier detection  
Astrophysical databases  
Medical isotope data  
AI/ML  
Replace NDL's by prob. tables



# Nuclear data pipeline should flow in 2 directions!

EXFOR

Evaluated experiments

- Resonance Atlas
- thermal c.s.
- MACS
- etc.

TALYS, EMPIRE, etc.

Non-model evaluation

- GLS
- model defects
- etc

Apply ENDF multiplication rules!

Only observables in ENDF:

- simple cross sections
- nubar

The rest: relative distributions

Diagnosis

- CHECKR
- FIZCON
- PSYCHE
- PREPRO, etc.

Processing

- NJOY
- FRENDY
- FUDGE
- etc.

Applications

Manipulation

- ENDFtk
- DECE
- Endfparser\_py
- etc.

Making observables

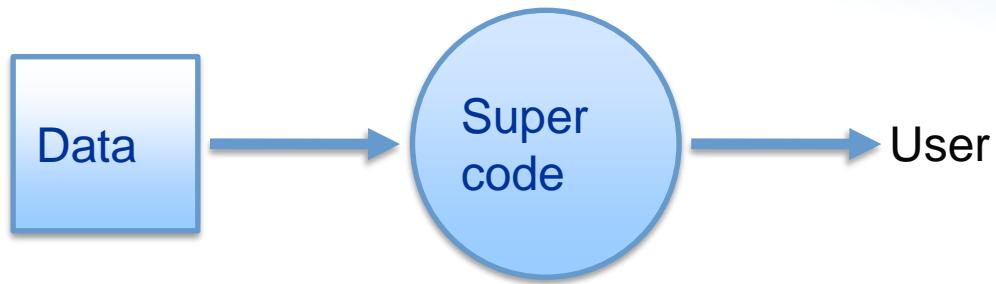
- ENDVER
- Endftables

# Vertical nuclear data evaluation

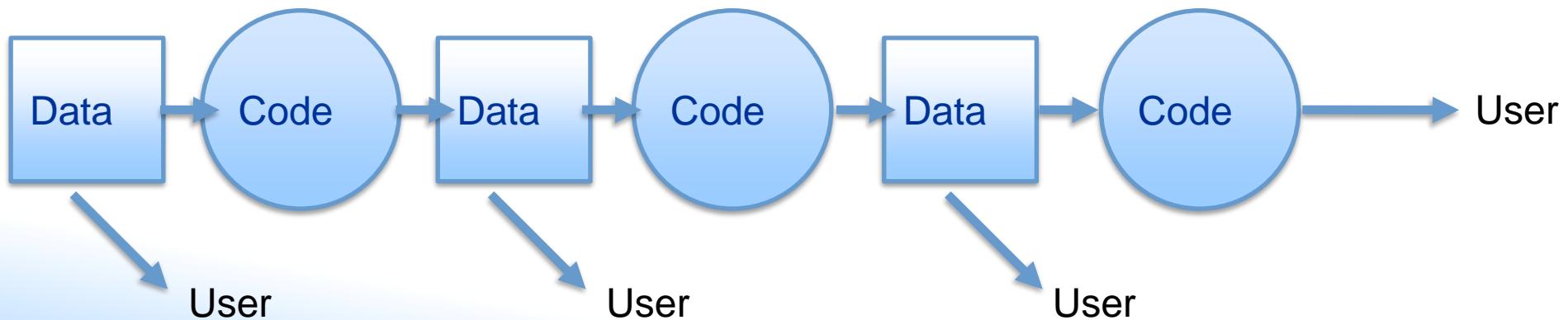
- Improve nuclear data evaluation of a particular projectile - target (- reaction) combination:
  - Sometimes driven by a sponsor
  - Sometimes driven by a new measurement
  - Sometimes driven by feedback from suboptimal integral validation
  - Hackatons needed
  - Frankenstein files
    - We should **never** throw away data which work well (although we may not remember why), often in the RR
    - If safe, add missing categories: emission spectra, gamma data, covariances, data above 20 MeV, etc.
  - Major ‘continental’ NDL’s, ENDF/B-VIII.1, JEFF-3.3, JENDL-5.0, CENDL-3.2, based on this.
  - Leads to currently the best nuclear data libraries for fission applications
  - IAEA-INDEN wish list a good example
  - No evaluators left

# Horizontal nuclear data evaluation

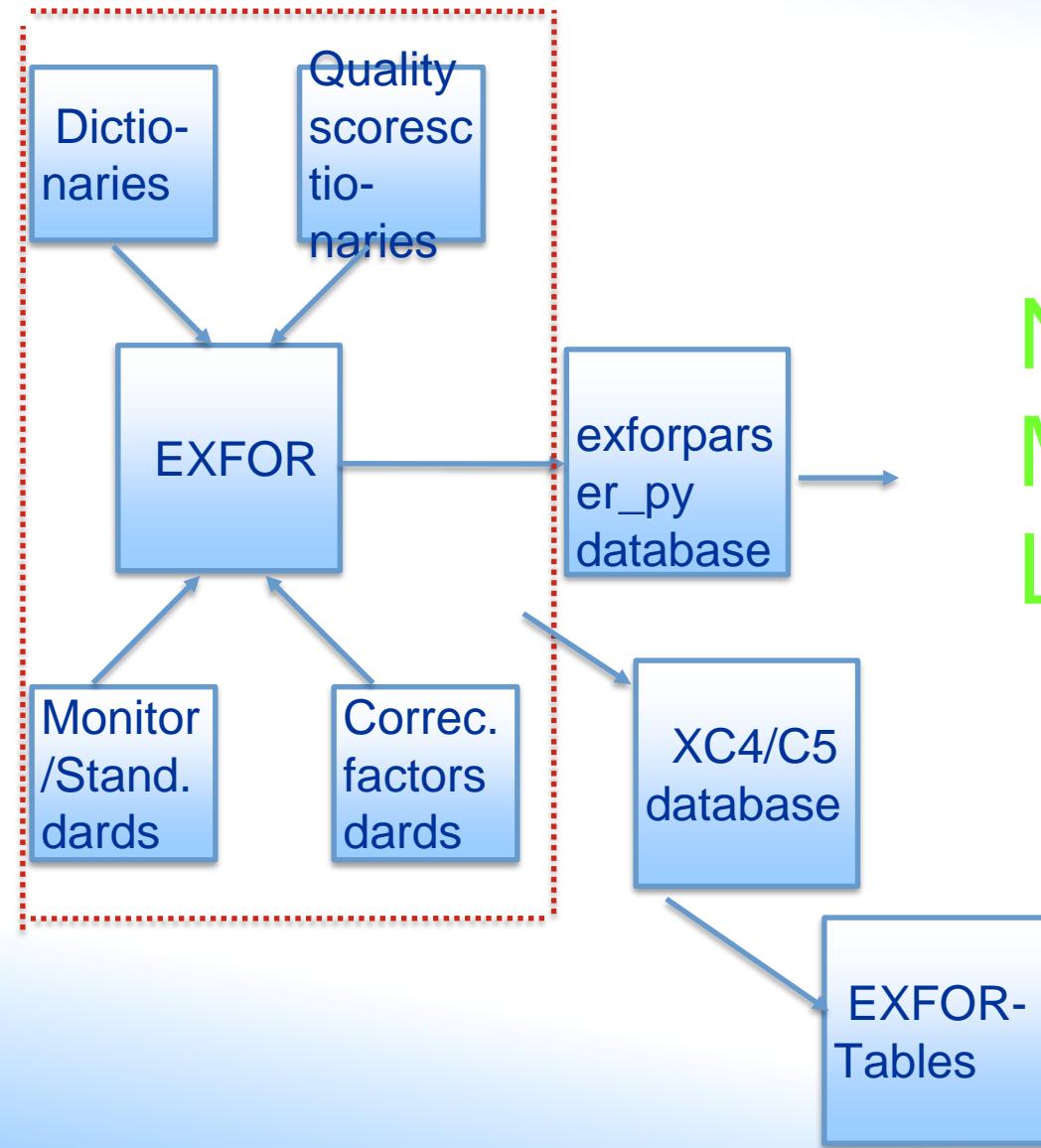
- Ensure a reproducible nuclear data flow with all experimental, theoretical and evaluated data directly available. Requires:
  - a parsed and **interpreted** EXFOR database
  - evaluated experimental databases with rich metadata:
    - Thermal cross sections, resonance integrals
    - Full resonance databases
    - Maxwellian cross sections (MACS), average radiative widths etc.
  - Automated non-model evaluation software for low energies
  - Full control over evaluated nuclear data libraries for optimisation, ML, plotting etc.
  - Time spent on correct retrieval of all the above should be minimal
- Can go (far) beyond ENDF
- TALYS code system and TENDL is based on this
- **Ideal situation:** A Horizontal nuclear data approach in which vertical knowledge is inserted



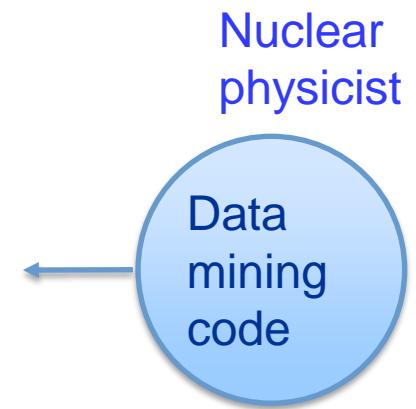
Versus



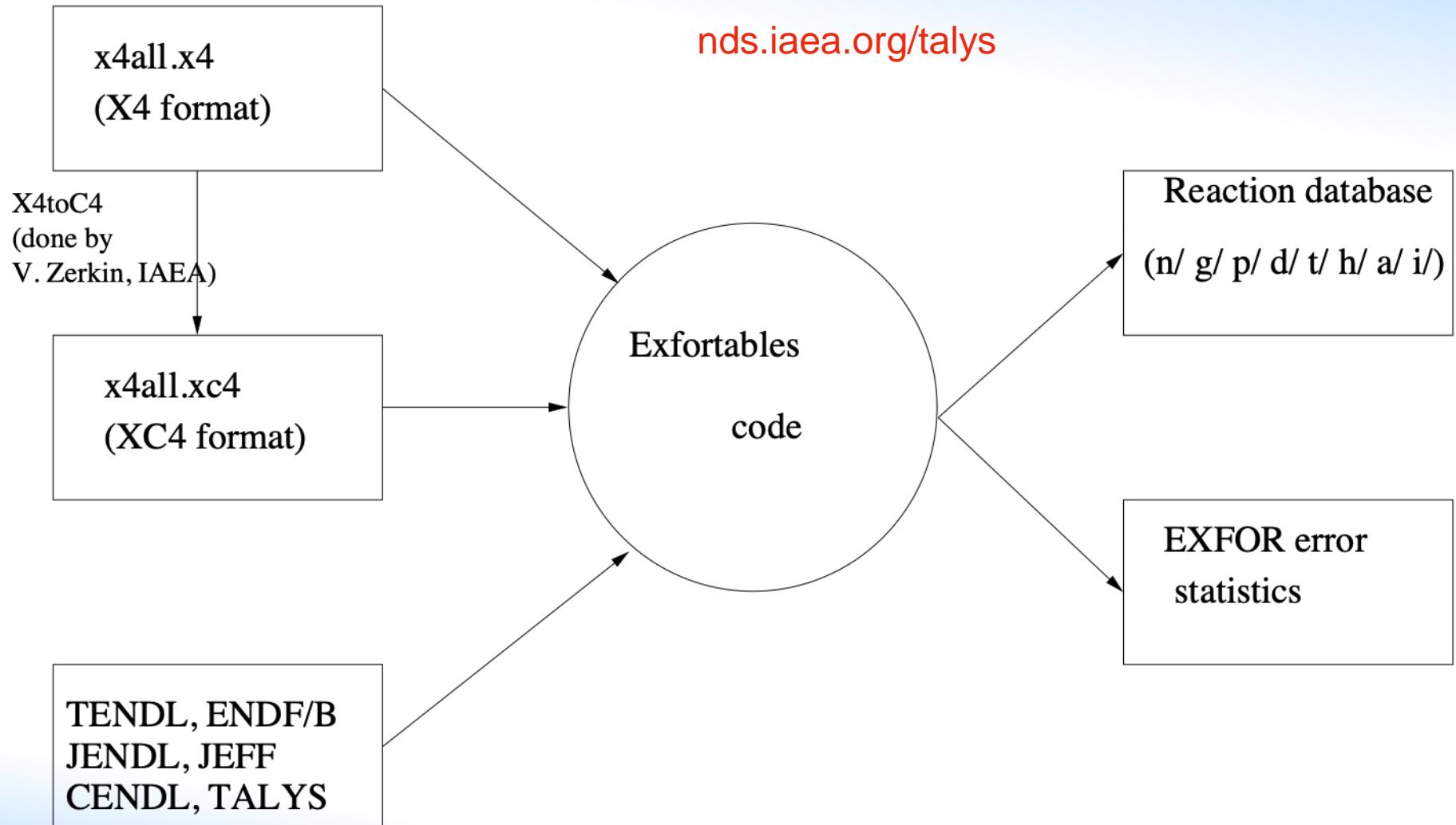
# EXFOR parsing



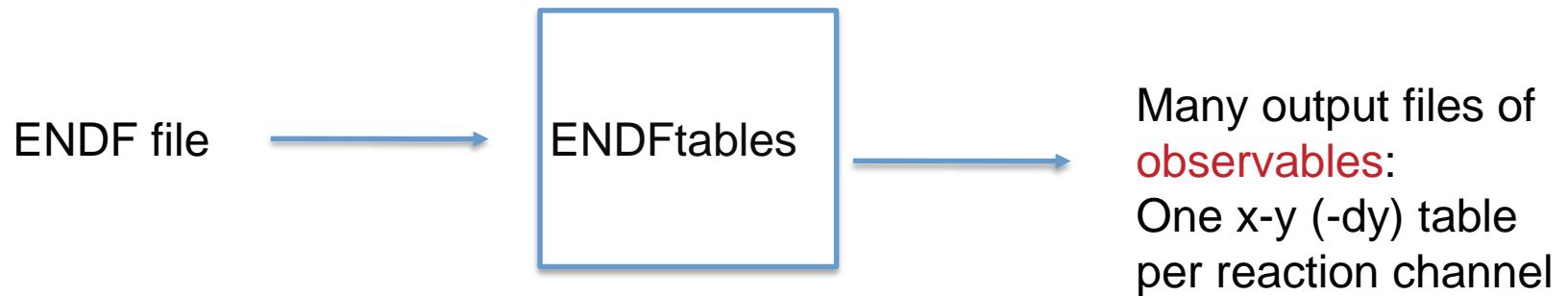
No  
Man's  
Land

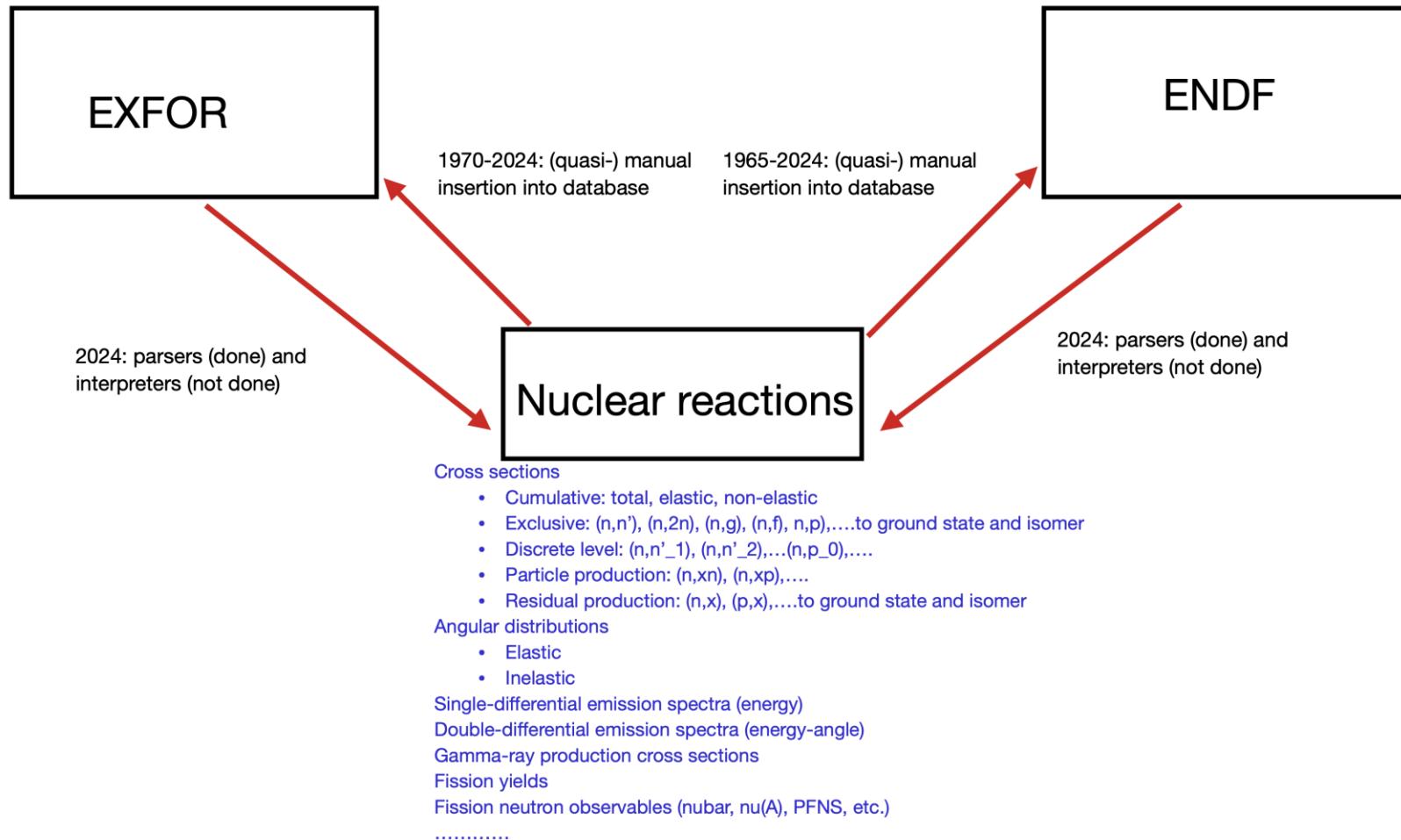


# EXFORTABLES code and database



Very complete output of statistics of EXFOR entries: C/E of all data libraries for a large p





```

<reaction label="U236 + photon" ENDF_MT="102">
  <crossSection>
    <resonancesWithBackground label="eval">
      <resonances href="/reactionSuite/resonances"/>
      <background>
        <resolvedRegion>
          <XYs1d>
            <axes>
              <axis index="1" label="energy_in" unit="eV"/>
              <axis index="0" label="crossSection" unit="b"/></axes>
            <values>
              1.0000000e-05 0.0000000e+00 2.2500000e+03 0.0000000e+00</values><REFERENCE>
            <fastRegion>
              <XYs1d>
                <axes>
                  <axis index="1" label="energy_in" unit="eV"/>
                  <axis index="0" label="crossSection" unit="b"/></axes>
                <values>
                  2.2500000e+03 2.32822500e+00 2.5000000e+03 2.20619000e+00 3.0000000e+03 2.■ Target Z : 92

```

GNDS

TITLE	New precision measurements of the $^{235}\text{U}(n,g)$ cross section
AUTHOR	(M.Jandel, T.A.Bredeweg, E.M.Bond, M.B.Chadwick, A.Couture, J.M.O'Donnell, M.Fowler, R.C.Haight, T.Kawano, R.Reifarth, R.S.Rundberg, J.L.Ullmann, D.J.Vieira, J.M.Wouters, J.B.Wilhelmy, C.Y.Wu, J.A.Becker)
INSTITUTE	(1USALAS,1USALRL)
REFERENCE	(J,PRL,109,202506,2012) Final $(n,g)$ and alpha
	(J,NIM/B,261,986,2007) Prelim. $(n,g)$ and $(n,f)$ in figs
	(C,2007NICE,1,607,2008) Prelim. $(n,g)$ and $(n,f)$ in figs
FACILITY	(LINAC,1USALAS) Lujan Neutron Scattering Center of

EXFOR

```

# n + 235U      : (n,g)           Total
# Q-value       = 6.54552E+00
# E-threshold= 0.00000E+00
# # energies =   24
#   E           xs      gamma xs  xs/res.prod.xs
1.00000E-02 2.07936E+03 1.13814E+04 1.00000E+00
2.00000E-02 1.43254E+03 7.88163E+03 1.00000E+00
4.00000E-02 1.17702E+03 6.52455E+03 1.00000E+00
7.00000E-02 9.83417E+02 5.49190E+03 1.00000E+00
1.00000E-01 8.45338E+02 4.74815E+03 1.00000E+00
2.00000E-01 5.62366E+02 3.19982E+03 1.00000E+00

```

TALYS-1.97

EXFORtables

# Target Z : 92
# Target A : 235
# Target state:
# Projectile : n
# Reaction : (n,g)
# Final state :
# Quantity : Cross section
# Frame : L
# MF : 3
# MT : 102
# X4 Subentry : 141490072
# X4 Reaction : 92-U-235(N,G)92-U-236,,SIG
# Author : Jandel
# Year : 2012
# Data points : 66
# E(MeV)      xs(mb)      dxs(mb)      dE(MeV)
5.00036E-04 2.61329E+03 5.78510E+02 1.15100E-06
5.07024E-04 3.55298E+03 3.12190E+02 5.83701E-06
5.18834E-04 4.99961E+03 3.47930E+02 5.97351E-06
5.30919E-04 5.00055E+03 3.10070E+02 6.11151E-06

9.223500+4 2.330248+2	0	0	0	09228	■ 3102
6.544430+6 6.544430+6	0	0	1	1119228	3102
111	2			9228	3102
1.000000-5 0.000000+0	2.250000+3	0.000000+0	2.250000+3	2.047808+09228	3102
2.370000+3 1.711010+0	2.650000+3	1.881410+0	3.000000+3	1.828870+09228	3102
3.350000+3 1.963650+0	3.750000+3	1.838280+0	4.000000+3	1.676190+09228	3102
4.200000+3 1.534880+0	4.700000+3	1.626720+0	5.300000+3	1.145940+09228	3102

ENDF

# YANDF: Yet Another Nuclear Data Format



- Zen of Python: Explicit is better than implicit
- Key - value approach: allow ‘easy’ parsing into JSON, YAML, GNDS/XML etc.
- Not as non-descriptive as ENDF
- Not as ‘heavy’ as GNDS
- Not as extensive and abbreviated as EXFOR
- More metadata than in previous output files
- Human-readable
- Same schema for TALYS, EXFOR and ENDF
- Data model from the point of view of a nuclear physicist, not from the specialised EXFOR or ENDF formats
- **Would make ALL nuclear reaction data programmatically available at the same time:** good for TENDL, other large data projects, AI/ML

# Structure

- Inspired by YAML
- Multi-level
- Using '#' for attributes
- A relative small number of main attributes
- Use of defaults: if not relevant for particular reaction then metadata is not given
- Consistent, clean and parsable (I hope)

```

# header:
#   title: Nb93(n,x)Y90m cross section
#   source: TALYS-2.0
#   user: Arjan Koning
#   date: 2024-01-11
#   format: YANDF-0.1
# target:
#   Z: 41
#   A: 93
#   nuclide: Nb93
# reaction:
#   type: (n,x)
#   Q-value [MeV]: 4.248473E+00
#   E-threshold [MeV]: 0.000000E+00
#   ENDF_MF: 6
#   ENDF_MT: 5
# residual:
#   Z: 39
#   A: 90
#   nuclide: Y90m
#   mass [amu]: 8.990714E+01
#   level:
#     number: 2
#     energy [MeV]: 6.820100E-01
#     spin: 7.000000E+00
#     parity: 1
#     isomer: 1
#     half-life [sec]: 1.148000E+04
# datablock:
#   quantity: cross section
#   columns: 3
#   entries: 25
##      E          xs      Isomeric ratio
##      [MeV]        [mb]      []
 2.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 4.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 6.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 8.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 1.000000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 1.200000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000000E+00
 1.400000E+00  8.135896E-05  0.000000E+00
 1.600000E+00  1.296808E-04  1.266436E-01
 1.800000E+00  2.699952E-04  1.644318E-01
 2.000000E+00  5.832345E-04  2.057970E-01

```

'#' for direct use in various software, e.g. Gnuplot

Without '#': YAMLesque  
2 space indentation per level

Parsing to JSON should be easy

Only 5 main attributes for nuclear reactions

TALYS: 2 more main attributes: 'parameters' and 'observables'

EXFOR: All specific metadata may follow after the datablock

```

# header:
#   title: Nb93(n,a)Y90m cross section
#   source: TALYS-2.0
#   user: Arjan Koning
#   date: 2024-01-16
#   format: YANDF-0.1
# target:
#   Z: 41
#   A: 93
#   nuclide: Nb93
# reaction:
#   type: (n,a)
#   Q-value [MeV]: 4.248473E+00
#   E-threshold [MeV]: 0.000000E+00
#   ENDF_MF: 10
#   ENDF_MT: 107
# residual:
#   Z: 39
#   A: 90
#   nuclide: Y90m
#   level:
#     number: 2
#     energy [MeV]: 6.820100E-01
#     spin: 7.000000E+00
#     parity: 1
#     isomer: 1
#     half-life [sec]: 1.148000E+04
# datablock:
#   quantity: cross section
#   columns: 3
#   entries: 25
##      E          xs      Isomer
##      [MeV]        [mb]      # Isomer
##      [MeV]        [mb]      # entries: 802
2.000000E-01  5.000000E-08  5.000##      E          xs
4.000000E-01  5.000000E-08  5.000##      [MeV]        [mb]
6.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.000000E-11  4.231872E-04
8.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.032229E-11  4.165287E-04
1.000000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.065491E-11  4.099758E-04
1.200000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.099830E-11  4.035247E-04
1.400000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.135271E-11  3.971754E-04
1.425886E+00  0.000000E+00  1.520##      1.171859E-11  3.909265E-04

```

## JENDL5.0

```

# header:
#   title: Nb93(n,a)Y90m cross section
#   source: ENDF
#   user: Arjan Koning
#   date: 2024-01-02
#   format: YANDF-0.1
# endf:
#   library: jendl5.0
#   author: A.Ichihara
#   year: 2018
# target:
#   Z: 41
#   A: 93
#   nuclide: Nb93
# reaction:
#   type: (n,a)
#   Q-value [MeV]: 4.246250E+00
#   E-threshold [MeV]: 1.000000E+00
#   ENDF_MF: 10
#   ENDF_MT: 107
# residual:
#   Z: 39
#   A: 90
#   nuclide: Y90m
#   level:
#     number: 2
#     energy [MeV]: 6.820100E-01
#     spin: 7.000000E+00
#     parity: 1
#     isomer: 1
#     half-life [sec]: 1.148000E+04
# datablock:
#   quantity: cross section
#   columns: 3
#   entries: 25
##      E          xs      Isomer
##      [MeV]        [mb]      # Isomer
##      [MeV]        [mb]      # entries: 802
2.000000E-01  5.000000E-08  5.000##      E          xs
4.000000E-01  5.000000E-08  5.000##      [MeV]        [mb]
6.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.000000E-11  4.231872E-04
8.000000E-01  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.032229E-11  4.165287E-04
1.000000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.065491E-11  4.099758E-04
1.200000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.099830E-11  4.035247E-04
1.400000E+00  0.000000E+00  0.000##      1.135271E-11  3.971754E-04
1.425886E+00  0.000000E+00  1.520##      1.171859E-11  3.909265E-04

```

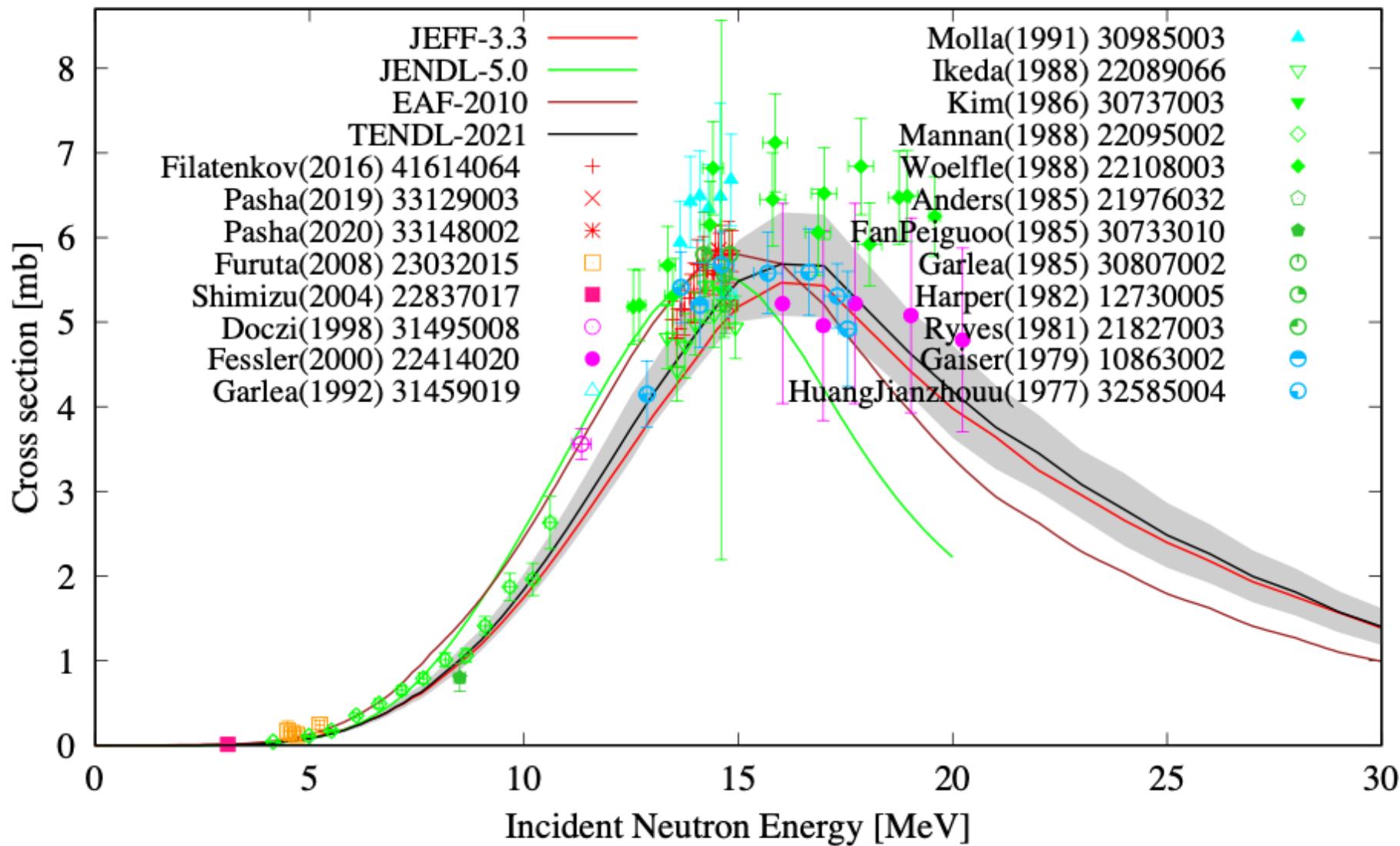
**EXFOR**  
**(One file per data set)**

```

# header:
#   title: Nb93(n,a)Y90m cross section
#   source: EXFOR
#   user: Arjan Koning
#   date: 2023-12-30
#   format: YANDF-0.1
# exfor:
#   author: Fessler
#   year: 2000
#   subentry: 22414020
#   X4 reaction: 41-NB-93(N,A)39-Y-90-M,,SIG
#   X4 source: IAEA-NDS C5 file, database version 2023-08-08
#   X4 link: https://nds.iaea.org/EXFOR/22414020
# target:
#   Z: 41
#   A: 93
#   nuclide: Nb93
# reaction:
#   type: (n,a)
#   ENDF_MF: 3
#   ENDF_MT: 107
# residual:
#   Z: 39
#   A: 90
#   nuclide: Y90m
#   level:
#     number: 0
#     energy [MeV]: 0.000000E+00
#     spin: 0.000000E+00
#     parity: 0
# datablock:
#   quantity: cross section
#   columns: 5
#   entries: 5
##      E          dE          xs          dxs      Normali
##      [MeV]        [MeV]        [mb]        [mb]      []
1.603300E+01  6.200000E-02  5.220000E+00  3.100000E-01  1.000000E+00
1.698100E+01  4.000000E-02  4.960000E+00  3.100000E-01  1.000000E+00
1.772300E+01  3.200000E-02  5.220000E+00  3.100000E-01  1.000000E+00

```

# $^{93}\text{Nb}(\text{n},\alpha)^{90\text{m}}\text{Y}$



```
# header:
#   title: Pb208(n,el) angular distribution at 1.100000E+01 MeV
#   source: TALYS-2.0
#   user: Arjan Koning
#   date: 2024-01-11
#   format: YANDF-0.1
#
# target:
#   Z: 82
#   A: 208
#   nuclide: Pb208
#
# reaction:
#   type: (n,el)
#   ENDF_MF: 4
#   ENDF_MT: 2
#   E-incident [MeV]: 1.100000E+01
#
# datablock:
#   quantity: angular distribution
#   columns: 4
#   entries: 91
##
##      Angle          xs          Direct          Compound
##      [deg]        [mb/sr]        [mb/sr]        [mb/sr]
 0.000000E+00  8.526230E+03  8.526230E+03  0.000000E+00
 2.000000E+00  8.380680E+03  8.380680E+03  0.000000E+00
 4.000000E+00  7.956300E+03  7.956300E+03  0.000000E+00
 6.000000E+00  7.288450E+03  7.288450E+03  0.000000E+00
 8.000000E+00  6.431510E+03  6.431510E+03  0.000000E+00
 1.000000E+01  5.452650E+03  5.452650E+03  0.000000E+00
 1.200000E+01  4.424430E+03  4.424430E+03  0.000000E+00
 1.400000E+01  3.417150E+03  3.417150E+03  0.000000E+00
 1.600000E+01  2.492000E+03  2.492000E+03  0.000000E+00
 1.800000E+01  1.695680E+03  1.695680E+03  0.000000E+00
```

```
# header:  
#   title: Pb208(n,xg_9-3)Pb207 gamma-ray production cross section  
#   source: TALYS-2.0  
#   user: Arjan Koning  
#   date: 2024-01-11  
#   format: YANDF-0.1  
# target:  
#   Z: 82  
#   A: 208  
#   nuclide: Pb208  
# reaction:  
#   type: (n,xg_9-3)  
#   Q-value [MeV]: -1.026987E+01  
#   E-threshold [MeV]: 1.031968E+01  
#   level:  
#       number: 9  
#       energy [MeV]: 2.902000E+00  
#       spin: 5.500000E+00  
#       parity: -1  
#       level:  
#           number: 3  
#           energy [MeV]: 1.633356E+00  
#           spin: 6.500000E+00  
#           parity: 1  
#       gamma energy [MeV]: 1.268644E+00  
# residual:  
#   Z: 82  
#   A: 207  
#   nuclide: Pb207  
# datablock:  
#   quantity: gamma-ray production cross section  
#   columns: 2  
#   entries: 67  
##      E          xs  
##      [MeV]        [mb]  
1.000000E-11  0.000000E+00  
2.530000E-08  0.000000E+00  
2.000000E-07  0.000000E+00
```

# Uncertainties: Variance, in-channel covariance, cross-channel covariance



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# header:					
# title:	Nb93(n,tot) cross section covariance matrix				
# source:	TASMAN				
# user:	Arjan Koning				
# date:	2024-01-11				
# format:	YANDF-0.1				
# target:					
# Z:	41				
# A:	93				
# nuclide:	Nb93				
# reaction:					
# type:	(n,tot)				
# ENDF_MF:	3				
# ENDF_MT:	1				
# covariance:					
# class:	cross-channel covariance				
# reaction:	(n,el)				
# ENDF_MF:	3				
# ENDF_MT:	2				
# datablock:					
# quantity:	cross section covariance matrix				
# columns:	5				
# entries:	100				
## E_a	E_b	Rcov	Ccov	Vcov	
## [MeV]	[MeV]	[]	[]	[]	
1.000000E-01	1.000000E-01	7.522166E-03	1.000000E+00	6.941382E+05	
1.000000E-01	2.000000E-01	7.292479E-03	9.931619E-01	7.072012E+05	
1.000000E-01	5.000000E-01	5.171597E-03	9.666104E-01	4.456966E+05	
1.000000E-01	1.000000E+00	4.337216E-03	9.747387E-01	2.541089E+05	
1.000000E-01	2.000000E+00	5.513683E-03	9.930789E-01	1.526950E+05	
1.000000E-01	3.000000E+00	3.230189E-03	9.947272E-01	6.223200E+04	
1.000000E-01	4.000000E+00	6.676997E-05	5.188200E-01	1.170094E+03	
1.000000E-01	5.000000E+00	-1.492215E-03	-9.738176E-01	-2.651213E+04	
1.000000E-01	8.000000E+00	-5.710922E-04	-9.359357E-01	-1.261057E+04	



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*Thank you!*

