

OWASP Stammtisch #12

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Getting a handle on SharePoint Security (SharePoint Sicherheit im "schlüpfrigen" Griff)





Purpose today

Introduction

- » Who I am (<u>http://archimatrix.com/jphilipp</u>)
- » Why this topic: SharePoint security
- » Goals and agenda of this presentation
- » What is SharePoint what can it do
- » What SharePoint security information already exists



Purpose today

Agenda

- » Introducing the SharePoint security model The company-defender/admin/architect view
- » Applying the SharePoint security model The vendor/default configuration reality
- » So how does this security hold up? The pen-tester/auditor/attacker view
- Extending SharePoint
 The features that can kill you



Microsoft SharePoint

So what is this SharePoint?

- SharePoint is a Platform with many Web-parts to rapidly share data and create work-flows for teams on Web-Sites
- » According to the vendor: **It does everything!**

Communities Composites Content Search Insights



Business Intelligence Office Services (Social) mySites SharePoint Designer SharePoint 2013 Store

http://sharepoint.microsoft.com/de-de/product/capabilities/Seiten/default.aspx



Existing attacking knowledge

What SharePoint security information already exists

- » Technet & OWASP
- » A link collection, not more
- » Many gaps
- Based on SP 2003/2007 (Many vulnerabilities are fixed in SP 2010/2013)
- » Missing presentations



Source: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Research_for_SharePoint_%28MOSS%29

The SP Security Model

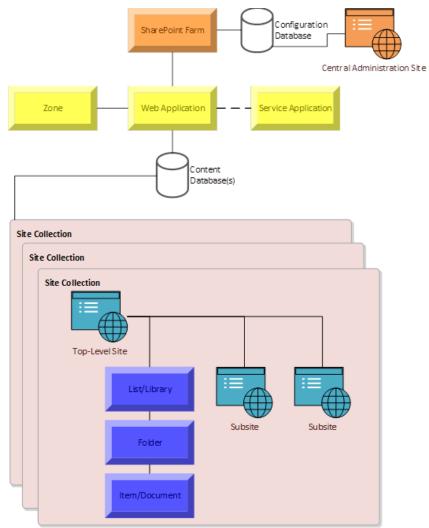
Security Building Blocks Classic Security SharePoint Specifics



SharePoint security elements

SharePoint hierarchy of objects

- » Central Administration Site
- » Web/Service applications (Zones, if multiple URLs)
- » Site Collections
- » Sites
- » Site components





Separate administration (for humans) should be set at:

- » Central Administration site (IT: farm admins)
- » Web-application level (IT: application owners & dev)
- » Site-collection level (Business: site-collection owners)
- » Site-level (Business: site-owners)

Separate (technical) accounts must be used for:

- » The systems farm management
- » Key farm services (crawl, search, timer, ...)
- » Cross system authentication (IIS app-pools, WOPI, ...)

Avoid breaking inheritance !



The classic security model

The "A - G, (U), L ← P" security model

- » <u>Accounts</u> in the Domain, organized by Domain Admins into <u>Global Groups</u>
- » <u>G</u>lobal Groups organized by Enterprise Admins into <u>Universal Groups</u>
- » <u>U</u>niversal Groups or <u>G</u>lobal Groups organized by Resource Admins into <u>Local Groups</u> (Resource Groups)
- » The Local Groups are added to ACLs and **Permissions** are assigned by the resource admins



Applying the classic user access model to SharePoint

- » SharePoint Groups = the locale Resource Groups Define these at the site-collection
- SharePoint is an RBAC (role based) model:
 Define the permissions per SharePoint group

Don't put users in SharePoint groups! Don't assign permissions to AD Groups or users!

Service & connection accounts

» Have them! – before you start installing!



SP security best-practices

Easy on paper but...

- Farm Application access is often overlooked:
 Farm Admin, Server Admin, AD Domain Admins (CA Site)
- » Service account/managed accounts issues Windows managed ≠ SharePoint managed They don' t work everywhere
- » Different authentication methods:

Windows Native authentication

Claims Based authentication

← The Best

Federated authentication

Applying the Model

COSORI MALCO

Only easy in theory



So what happens in reality

SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard	
Configuring SharePoint Products Please waitwhile SharePoint Products are configured. Performing configurationtask 5 of 10 Registering SharePoint services Successfully installed service instance: SharePoint Foundation Search.	Prepare Review hardware and software requirements Read the installation guide Read the upgrade guide Install Install software prerequisites Install SharePoint Server Other Information Visit Windows Update Visit product website

- » What happened in the background:
 - The powerful farm account is used for everything
 - MySites with auto creation and search is installed
 - Standard search and crawl is installed and configured
 - The SharePoint Designer is enabled
 - Legacy protocols (CGI, ISAPI, ...) are turned on



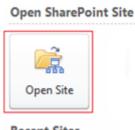
Common permission pitfalls

Default installation "Wizard" worked like a charm

»So how have we exploited this:

Compromising one site can be used to gain access to all other sites in the farm because of the farmAdmin account

The SharePoint Designer (FrontPage) is enabled <u>http://www.microsoft.com/de-</u> <u>de/download/details.aspx?id=16573</u> free download and free access as authenticated users





Default installation "Wizard" worked like a charm

»But wait, you also get these attack surfaces:

Legacy features can be exploited:

 Did you know that if ISAPI can't process a request it passes it to the host Windows machine with built-in SYSTEM credentials ⁽³⁾

Passwords are also passed in clear text (HTTP) from the Central Administration-site, when configuring services (Hey they put a warning on it)



Enumerating your entire Active Directory

- » You can read trusts, domains and accounts with the powerful built in search features!
- » So you 'scoped' your People-Picker control there are many URL's that get to one of the nine search components!
- » So what, here's what it means:
 - We found the RID-500 built-in administrator, used for about 82% of all AD attacks
 - We found blank template accounts with default accounts that allowed us to gain access to systems
 - We found forest trust to test domains with weak security and could gain access to production AD



Creepy crawlies – default search

SharePoint search: What it shouldn't look like

» Finding hidden accounts (\$) – Yes you can!

		🙋 Select People Webseiten	dialog			×
		https://mysites.sps.	oncom/_lay	outs/Picker.aspx?MultiSelect	t=True&CustomProperty=User%3B%3	B1: 🔒
》	Some examples:	Search for people for then click Add.	rom the directory service. Ty	ype a name to find, select	the name or names in the list, and	
	– Services	Find y More than 200 entries we	ere found. Please narrow yo	ur search.		9
	– Trusts	Display Name	Title		Department	*
	- musis	28 FileMaker Pro			Unknown	Ξ
	Select People Webseitendialog					
	https://mysites.sps. ion. :om/_layouts/P	icker.aspx?MultiSelect=True&Cus	omProperty=User%3B%3B1		Finance	
	Search for people from the directory service. Type a then click Add. Find EXTERNAL\$	name to find, select the name o	r names in the list, and		General Management	
	Display Name Title Departm	ient E-Mail	Account Name	er -	Procurement	
	AN external\$		AM external\$		Miccollanaous	Ŧ
	AP ::external\$		AP :external\$			
	AT external\$		AT external\$			
	BT texternal\$		BT external\$		OK Cancel	
	CO :external\$		CO ::external\$		Cancer	
	SC external\$		SC/ external\$	us: Inaktiv		
	Found 6 matches.					



Creepy crawlies – default search

SharePoint search:

- What it shouldn't look like
 - » Even more details are possible:
 - Built-in accounts
 - Service accounts
 - User accounts





The trouble with marketing

Default features are also on

- SharePoint Social
 Share and Follow
 MySites auto-creation
 Like (even on the Central Administration)
- SharePoint Designer Access
 Yes it's FrontPage IIS-Server extensions again

Turn them off – and not just at the GUI layer!

How does it hold up?

Tools Webservices WebDAV, CAML, ...



Let's test SharePoint...

Tools

» Predicable resources and information leaks Use your favourite Proxy (BurpSuite/Zap ...) with fuzzdb

Other tools do not work well

or are they just script-kiddie safe?





Tools for testing SharePoint

Audit Tool

» Sparty – MS SharePoint and FrontPage auditing tool For NTLM support use unofficial patch <u>https://github.com/alias1/sparty</u>

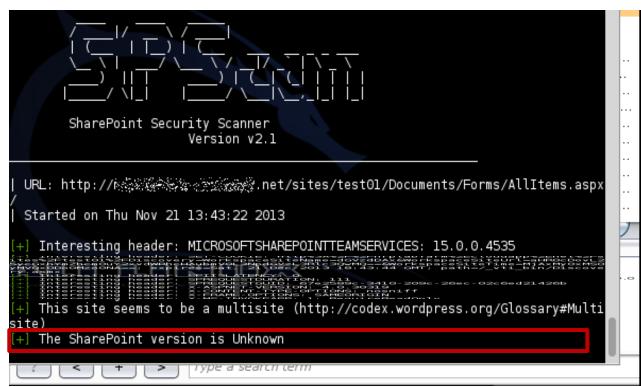
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
X:\>python sparty_v_0.1.py -s layouts -a ntlm -u http://www.www.ash.net/sites/test01
SPARTY : Sharepoint/Frontpage Security Auditing Tool! Authored by: Aditya K Sood {{OknOck}@secniche.org { 2013 Twitter: @AdityaKSood Powered by: SecNiche Security Labs !
<pre>[+][devalias.net] Enabling NTLM authentication support [+][devalias.net][NTLM Authentication] NTLM Support Library Loaded! [+][devalias.net][NTLM Authentication] Enter username (DOMAIN\username):</pre>
[+] target responded with HTTP code: (200) [+] target is running server: (Microsoft-IIS/8.0)
[+]! [+] auditing sharepoint '/_layouts/' directory for access permissions ! [+]!
<pre>[+] (http://nrplabfarm.cloudapp.net/sites/test01/_layouts/aclinv.aspx) - (200) [+] (http://nrplabfarm.cloudapp.net/sites/test01/_layouts/addrole.aspx) - (401) [+] (http://nrplabfarm.cloudapp.net/sites/test01/_layouts/AdminRecycleBin.aspx) - (401) [+] (http://nrplabfarm.cloudapp.net/sites/test01/_layouts/AreaNavigationSettings.aspx) - (401)</pre>



Tools for testing SharePoint

Another audit Tool

- » **spscan** (<u>https://github.com/toddsiegel/spscan</u>)
 - Fork of wpscan tool with SharePoint related data; for NTLM authentication use your favorite proxy





Spotting SharePoint services





Attack and Discovery Pattern Database for Application Fuzz

Project Home

Downloads

Wiki Issues

Source

Checkout Browse Changes

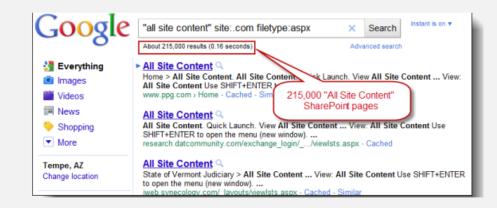
Source	path: svn/ trunk/ discovery/ PredictableRes/ S	harepoint.fuzz.txt
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	<pre>/1033 /3082 /50 /60 /_admin /_admin/operations.aspx /_app_bin /_controltemplates /_layouts /_layouts/1033 /_layouts/1033/accessdeniedpage.aspx /_layouts/1033/accessdeniedpage.aspx /_layouts/1033/accessdeniedpage.aspx</pre>	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		SharePo and Bin
21	/_layouts/1033/allgrps.aspx	

22 /_layouts/1033/applyregionalsettings.aspx

http://code.google.com/p/fuzzdb/source/browse/trunk/discovery/PredictableRes/Sharepoint.fuzz.txt

Google and Bing Hacking Dictionary Files

New GoogleDiggity input dictionary file contains 121 gueries that allow users to uncover SharePoint specific vulnerabilities exposed via the Google search engine. This dictionary helps assessors locate exposures of common SharePoint administrative pages, web services, and site galleries that an organization typically would not want to be made available to the public, let alone indexed by Google.



oint Hacking Alerts for Google Ŋ

Source: http://www.bishopfox.com/resources/tools/sharepoint-hacking-diggity/attack-tools/



Spotting SharePoint services ...

MicrosoftSharePointTeamServices -WWW-Authenticate

Search

Results 1 - 10 of about 16949 for MicrosoftSharePointTeam Se

Services	
нттр	16,391
HTTP Alternate	394
нттр	125
HTTPS Alternate	23
Oracle iSQL Plus	10
Top Countries	

United States	7,638
Canada	925
United Kingdom	810
Germany	699
China	434

Top Organizations	Top	o Orga	aniza	tions
-------------------	-----	--------	-------	-------

Microsoft Hosting	280
Comcast Business Commu	252
Amazon.com	189
Amp Technology, LLC	127
Deutsche Telekom AG	124

Top Domains

comcastbusiness.net	297
verizon.net	129
tierzero.net	118
t-ipconnect.de	108
cox.net	71

IIS7 165.246.17.92

:0:

Inha University Added on 21.11.2013

 \geq

HTTP/1.0 200 OK Content-Type: text/html Last-Modified: Mon, 17 May 2010 04:25:30 GMT Accept-Ranges: bytes ETag: "b0e717fc78f5ca1:0" Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.5 X-Powered-By: ASP.NET MicrosoftSharePointTeamServices: 12.0.0.6421 X-UA-Compatible: IE=EmulateIE9 Date: Thu, 21 Nov 2013 15:24:26 GMT Content-Length: 689

Document Moved

77.66.45.131 Netgroup A/S Added on 21.11.2013 HTTP/1.0 302 Redirect Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8 Location: http://77.66.45.131/SitePages/Home.aspx Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.5 X-SharePointHealthScore: 0 SPRequestGuid: fbd6589c-6aa4-e044-c9e1-c3903ad7b634 request-id: fbd6589c-6aa4-e044-c9e1-c3903ad7b634 X-FRAME-OPTIONS: SAMEORIGIN SPRequestDuration: 37 SPIisLatency: 1 X-Powered-By: ASP.NET MicrosoftSharePointTeamServices: 15.0.0.4420 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff X-MS-InvokeApp: 1; RequireReadOnly

Date: Thu, 21 Nov ...



... and SharePoint known issues

lopers View All

名 Сн	ODAN	EXPLOITS sharepoint Search
Q Results fo 82	ound:	Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Microsoft Office SharePoint Server 2010, Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 and 3.0 SP2, and SharePoint Foundation 2010 allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the URI, ak SharePoint XSS Vulnerability."
Source		
cve	73	Microsoft SharePoint Server 2013 Gold and SP1 and SharePoint Foundation 2013 Gold and SP1 allow remote
exploitdb	8	authenticated users to gain privileges via a Trojan horse app that executes a custom action in the context of
metasploit	1	the SharePoint extensibility model, aka " SharePoint Page Content Vulnerability."
-Platform		Directory traversal vulnerability in Microsoft SharePoint Server 2010 SP1 and SharePoint Foundation 2010
windows	7	SP1 allows remote attackers to bypass intended read restrictions for content, and hijack user accounts, via a crafted URL, aka "SharePoint Directory Traversal Vulnerability."
asp	1	
Windows	1	
Туре		Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Microsoft Office SharePoint Server 2010 Gold and SP1, and SharePoint Foundation 2010, allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the URI, aka "XSS in SharePoint Calendar Vulnerability."
webapps	4	
remote	3	Source: http://www.shodanhq.com/
exploit	1	Microsoft Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 SP3; SharePoint Server 2007 SP3, 2010 SP1 and SP2, and 2013
© 2015 Jan Pl	hilipp	



Attacking surface

SharePoint Build Numbers and Cumulative Updates

» SharePoint 2003/2007

http://blogs.technet.com/b/steve_chen/archive/2012/03/14/3486623.aspx

Recoonce Headers

» SharePoint 2010

http://www.toddklindt.com /sp2010builds

» SharePoint 2013

http://www.toddklindt.com/ sp2013builds

Response neutro	
HTTP/1.1 304 Not Modified	
Cache	
Cache-Control: max-age=31536000	
Date: Thu, 21 Nov 2013 15:16:23 GMT	
Entity	
ETag: "0c7e03f17a0cd1:0"	
Miscellaneous	
Accept-Ranges: bytes	
MicrosoftSharePointTeamServices: 15.0.0.4535	
Server: Microsoft-IIS/8.0	
X-MS-InvokeApp: 1; RequireReadOnly	
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET	
Security	
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff	



SharePoint Webservices

SPSDisco, They like to talk...

← → C Ⅲ

net/sites/test01/_vti_bin/spsdisco.aspx

This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://r <contractRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://r docRef="http://i .net/sites/test01/_vti_bin/copy.asmx"/>

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://ref="

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://istassiantes/test01
<contractRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://ref="http://ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://ref="h

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://www.anet/sites/test01 <contractRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://www.anet/sites/test/test01 docRef="http://rwww.anet/sites/test01/_vti_bin/dws.asmx"/>

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://www.int/sites/test01 <contractRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.xmlsoap.org/disco/scl/" ref="http://schemas.xmlsoap.xmlso

<discoveryRef xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/disco/" ref="http://www.www.net/sites/test01.</pre>

People

Click here for a complete list of operations.

SearchPrincipals

Test

The test form is only available for requests from the local machine.

SOAP 1.1

The following is a sample SOAP 1.1 request and response. The placeholders shown need to be replaced with actual values.

```
POST / vti bin/People.asmx HTTP/1.1
Host:
                        .net
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length
SOAPAction: "http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/soap/SearchPrincipals"
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xml
 <soap:Body>
   <SearchPrincipals xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/soap/">
     <searchText>string</searchText>
     <maxResults>int</maxResults>
     <principalType>None or User or DistributionList or SecurityGroup or SharePointGroup or All</principalType>
   </SearchPrincipals>
 </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xml
 <soap:Body>
   <SearchPrincipalsResponse xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/soap/">
     <SearchPrincipalsResult>
        <PrincipalInfo>
          <AccountName>string</AccountName>
          <UserInfoID>int</UserInfoID>
          <DisplayName>string</DisplayName>
          <Email>string</Email>
          <Department>string</Department>
          <Title>string</Title>
          <IsResolved>boolean</IsResolved>
          <MoreMatches>
           <PrincipalInfo xsi:nil="true" />
```



Nice conversation

Just be a member of a SharePoint site

» And you can:

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex XML	_
<pre>POST /sites/test01, vti_bin/People.asmx HTTP/1.1 Host:net Content-Type: application/soap+xml; charset=utf-8 Content-Length: 481 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> <soap12:envelope <="" pre="" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"></soap12:envelope></pre>	
<pre>xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:soap12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"> <soap12:body> <searchprincipals< pre=""></searchprincipals<></soap12:body></pre>	
<pre>xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/soap/"></pre>	

Response

Hex XML Raw Headers cipalInfo><PrincipalInfo><AccountName>NT AUTHORITY\LOCAL SERVICE</AccountName><UserInfoID>16</UserInfoID><Displa vName>NT AUTHORITY\LOCAL SERVICE</DisplayName><IsResolved>true</IsResolved><Prin cipalType>User</PrincipalType></PrincipalInfo><Principa lInfo><AccountName>Restricted Readers</AccountName><UserInfoID>11</UserInfoID><Displa vName>Restricted Readers</DisplayName><IsResolved>true</IsResolved><Prin cipalType>SharePointGroup</PrincipalType></PrincipalInf o><PrincipalInfo><AccountName>Style Resource Readers</AccountName><UserInfoID>7</UserInfoID><Display Name>Style Resource Readers</DisplayName><IsResolved>true</IsResolved><Prin cipalType>SharePointGroup</PrincipalType></PrincipalInf o><PrincipalInfo><AccountName>SHAREPOINT\system</Account tName><UserInfoID>1073741823</UserInfoID><DisplayName>S vstem Account</DisplayName><IsResolved>true</IsResolved><Prin cipalType>User</PrincipalType></PrincipalInfo><Principa



We can talk even better together

I like WebDAV...

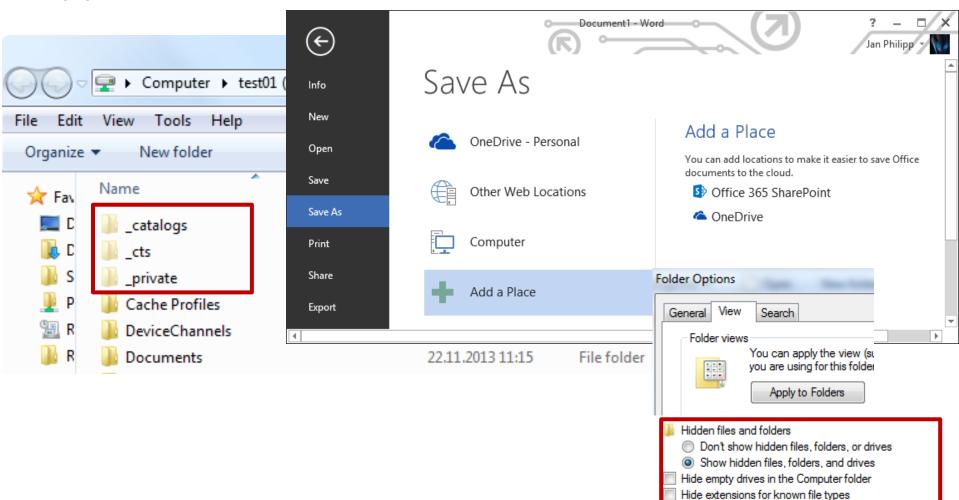
» And so should you

ſ			X
	Map Network D	ive	
	Attempting to http://e		
		Cancel	vant to connect to:
	Drive:	W: •	
	Folder:	http://www.secondersteadstates/test01	▼ Browse
		Example: \\server\share	
		Reconnect at logon	
		Connect using different credentials	
	Windows Sec	urity	nd pictures.
		t to and app.net g to a second	
		User name Password	Finish Cancel



WebDAV quirks

Mapped network drives



Hide protected operating system files (Recommended)



SharePoint query language

Introduction to Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML)

SharePoint 2013 Other Versions - 2 out of 2 rated this helpful - Rate this topic

Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML) is an XML-based language that is used in Microsoft SharePoint Foundation to define the fields and views that are used in sites and lists.

Site Customization with CAML

CAML can be used in various ways to customize a SharePoint site, including the following:

• In script or code that implements members of the SharePoint Foundation object model, where CAML strings are passed through method parameters, assigned to properties, or returned by methods and properties

- · In SOAP messaging that passes CAML strings to a SharePoint Foundation Web service to interact remotely with a deployment
- In front-end site definitions used to instantiate SharePoint sites
- · In SharePoint Foundation Features to add specific functionality within a particular scope

Rendering with CAML

CAML is used for two types of rendering in SharePoint Foundation: to define the type of data that is contained within a field, and to construct HTML that is displayed in the browser. For information on the two major uses of CAML, see **Data-Defining Elements** and **HTML-Rendering Elements**.



Developer insights

Using SPQUERY to return SharePoint list items

Using SPQuery and CAML(Collaborative Application Markup Language) is an efficient way to retrieve data in SharePoint list. It help us to filter and order items in the selected list. In this post, I want to introduce to you an example of using them. In the following code, I want to get all the employees with the position of Developer in Employee list, then, I order them by their Salary ascending.

SPWeb web = SPContext.Current.Web; SPList list = web.Lists["Employee"]; string query = @"<Where> <Ea>

<FieldRef Name='Position' /><Value Type='Choice'>

/alue>

CAML INJECTION

</Eq> </Where> <OrderBy> <FieldRef Name='Salary' Ascending='False' /> </OrderBy>"; query = string.Format(query, "Developer" SPQuery spQuery = new SPQuery(); spQuery.Query = query; SPListItemCollection items = list.GetItems(spQuery); grid.DataSource = items.GetDataTable(); grid.DataBind();

Source: http://programmingshare-thienle.blogspot.com/2012/02/using-spquery-to-return-sharepoint-list.html



Developer tools

CAMLDESIGNER 2013

CAML Designer 2013 - ENG

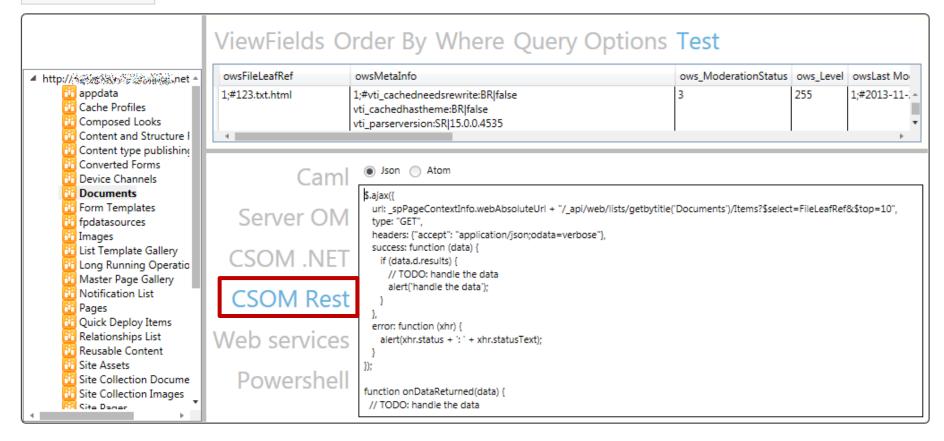
Ŧ

Taka ang taka an

10

Follow us | CONNECTION | SETTINGS | HELP

Caml





Developer's are smart!

Just do it on the client side...

» Do you like HTML5?

CODEPIEX Project Hosting for Open Source Software Register Image: CodePiex Sepsecies Image: CodePiex Register Image: Mome SOURCE CODE DOWNLOADS DOCUMENTATION DISCUSSION	CodePlex			e	Register Si
jQuery Library for SharePoint Web Services	Oge	2Son/	iooo		
HOME SOURCE CODE DOWNLOADS DOCUMENTATION DISCUSSION	jQuery Libra				
	HOME SOL	JRCE CODE	DOWNLOADS	DOCUMENTATION	DISCUSSIONS
Page Info Change History (all pages)	Page Info Change I	History (all pages)			

includes functions which use the various Web Service operations to provide more useful (and cool) capabili It works entirely client side and requires no server install.

Extending SharePoint



Pitfalls Challenges Work Arounds



Content Organizer extension

Using some of the many SharePoint features

- » Your admins are comfortable with SharePoint
- » They enable the built-in document routing feature



Content Organizer

Create metadata based rules that move content submitted to this site to the correct library or folder.

Deactivate Active

- » Everything works automatically, that can't be bad
 - Document Routing bypasses SharePoint security model!
 - Users can upload from one library to one where they don't have permissions
 - Worse: SharePoint will give them an access denied but upload and route the documents anyway



Datapump extension

Backend impersonation

- » You cannot pass Kerberos user credentials directly to the backend database but need the user credentials there
- » You can use the Datapump Webservice to do this
- » So what is the problem?!
 - Any user with any site permissions can cause a DoS of the Datapump <u>and</u> the back-end SQL Analysis Services
 - End user can pass different credentials from the logged on user to the Datapump, which retrieves the Kerberos ticket to pass to the back-end



Datapump extension

Backend impersonation – simple crash code

POST /olap/msmdpump.dll HTTP/1.1 Connection: close Content-Type: text/xml Content-Length: 572 Host: <obfuscated-enter your webserver FQDN>

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"><soap:Header><Session xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis" SessionId="B021E390-38B4-4822-86FD-49A096A4D9F1"/></soap:Header><soap:Body><Execute xmlns="urn:schemasmicrosoft-com:xmlanalysis"><Command><Statement>§A§</Statement></Command><Properties><Property List><Catalog></Catalog><Timeout>0</Timeout><Format>Tabular</Format><DbpropMs mdFlattened2>false</DbpropMsmdFlattened2><SafetyOptions>0</SafetyOptions><Diale ct>SQL</Dialect></PropertyList></Properties></Execute></soap:Body></soap:Envelope>

What's Next ...

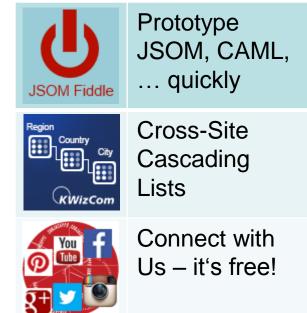
More Security Challenges ahead



And there is more...

There are many more security issues to talk about:

- » Office caching of secured documents (encrypted but...)
- » The SharePoint App-Store challenge <u>https://store.office.com/appshome.aspx?productgroup=Sh</u> <u>arePoint</u>
- SharePoint Social: Attackers are already following you
- The crawler service "creepy crawlies"
 Scoping search is harder than it looks





Fragen, Sorgen, Nöte?





Thanks for coming out!

Jan Philipp Manager, Cyber Risk Services Und kennt sich etwas mit Microsoft aus jphilipp@deloitte.de



Change Control Slide (1 of 1)

Track all changes here! (Always last Hidden Slides)

- » 2013.11.10 Jan Philipp, Alexios Fakos Creation of outline, timing, and frame work
- » 2013.11.11 Jan Philipp Adding of "Container Ship" theme
- » 2013.11.11 Alexios Fakos Adding of section 3 content
- » 2013.11.26 Jan Philipp Intro, Summary, and sections 1, 2, and 4 content added
- » 2013.11.28 Jan Philipp, Alexios Fakos Consistency check and dry-run. Finalized for OWASP AppSec BeNeLux release.
- » 2015.01.28 Jan Philipp
 Adapted for OWASP Frankfurt Stammtisch