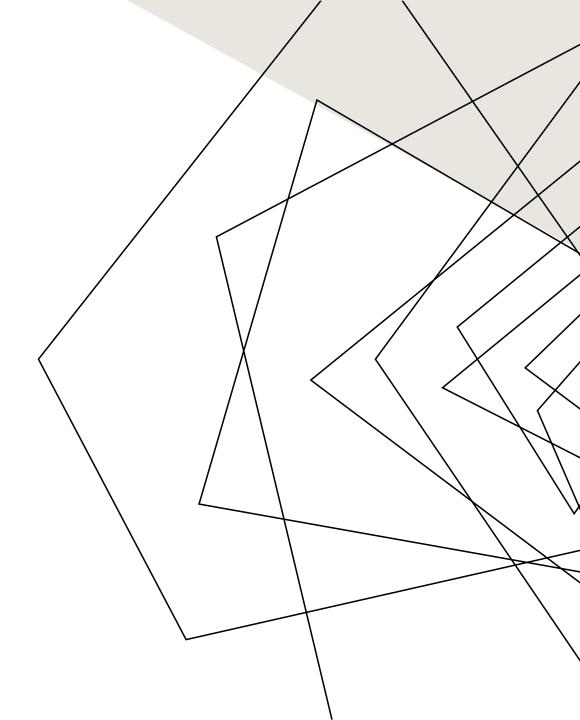


## **ABOUT ME**

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Security Cloud Solution Architect at Microsoft

Interests: Cloud Security and SIEM, XDR, CSPM, now AI too





## 1. ATTACK SURFACE X

#### On-prem:

- Well-defined
- Limited by the organization's physical network
- Stable number of assets

#### Cloud:

- Multiple cloud vendors
- External resources and apps such as SaaS
- Rise of AI

## **Risk: Growing Attack Surface**

- Assets are scattered all over the internet with many dependencies.
- Lack of standardization, losing control and visibility.

## 2. DIFFERENT TYPE OF WORKLOADS

(UNFAMILIARITY)

#### On-prem:

- Well-known
- Limited number of long-lived assets
- VMs, Networks, Databases, etc.

#### Cloud:

- New workload types, new risks
- Cloud control plane, layers like identity, network
- Serverless functions, APIs
- Short lived assets

### **Risk: Unfamiliarity**

- "You can't protect if you don't know what you are protecting"
- Lack of context for the security teams

## 3. IDENTITY & ACCESS MANAGEMENT

#### On-prem:

- Network perimeter
- Design, deploy, maintain

#### Cloud:

- Identity perimeter, adoption of Zero Trust
- IAM complexity within across CSPs
- Management of user and machine identities

## Risk: Easier to login than hack in

If you have the keys to the kingdom, you can't just enter it but reconfigure
it

## 4. MISCONFIGURATIONS

## On-prem:

- Not easily reachable
- Done by a central team

#### Cloud:

- Examples: excessive permissions, leaving ports unrestricted, etc.
- Configuration drifts
- Drifting to Non-compliance

Risk: By far cloud misconfigurations are the biggest threat in the cloud world.

- Misconfigured assets can be an easy way for the attackers to gain access
- It can cause an organization to fall into a non-compliance causing legal/regulatory issues

## 5. SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

#### On-prem:

- Well known boundaries
- Most work is done by the organization itself

#### Cloud:

- Vague boundaries of control and responsibilities
- Lack of visibility
- Knowledge gaps

Risk: Moving workloads to cloud does not guarantee security per default

 Lack of visibility and knowledge gap in terms of who is responsible for security – CSP vs Organizations



## SPEED AND AUTOMATION + AI TOO

#### Challenge:

- Things are scalable and fast
- Attack surface x -> Increasing number of alerts

#### **Opportunity:**

- Automation, integration and machine learning
- Shift to a more unified/platform approach
- Support of AI

Technology used by the modern SOCs needs to be more "smart" to support the operations

## HARDENING AND PREVENTION FIRST

#### Challenge:

- More reactive mindset
- Detection and Response > value

#### **Opportunity:**

- Proactiveness
- Predict and prevent > value
- Influence the design decisions
- Understanding secure IAC

The ability of SOC teams to influence the design decisions from the beginning will reduce the likeliness of an attack dramatically

## **VULNERABILITIES – WHAT TO FIX FIRST**

#### Challenge:

- Fluctuating number of assets
- Misconfigurations and security drifts
- What to fix first?

## **Opportunity:**

- Automated patching
- Configuration Management is a new "discipline"
- Ability to collect and correlate data
- Contextual posture management

Vulnerability management is rising and changing – new roles and discipline

Using power of cloud for intelligent prioritization and remediation

## **PEOPLE**

#### Challenge:

 Close as many ticket as possible as soon as possible

#### **Opportunity:**

- Proactiveness and breaking the silos
- Co-work cross-functional security teams
- Distributed workforces

#### A chance to glue security to the foundation

Breaking the isolation results in faster feedback cycles that will enhance the quality of detections and responses.

It is getting more important to employ people who can creatively solve security problems, rather than buying the best-in-class security technology and relying on the technology (not the people).



# REAL WORLD EXAMPLES

- 1.) As the SecOps team member, what are the 3 challenges you are facing when moving to cloud?
- 2.) How do you think the SecOps would look like in 5 years?

## THE FUTURE

- Al for Security and Security for Al
- Platformization & Information Sharing
- New acronyms like
  - CDR Cloud Detection and Response
  - CIRA Cloud Incident Response Automation

