

iOS Testing Tools

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Who is this guy?

David Lindner

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- 15+ years consulting experience
- I hack and golf, sometimes at the same time.



- Web Assessments
- Code Remediation
- Secure Development
- Training
- Continuous Security
- Mobile & IoT Assessments

Expertise in ...



iOS



django



Scala



python™

play! 

... and more

Disclaimer

Hacking of App Store apps is not condoned or encouraged in any way. What you do on your own time is your responsibility. @golfhackerdave & nVisium take no responsibility if you use knowledge shared in this presentation for unsavory acts.

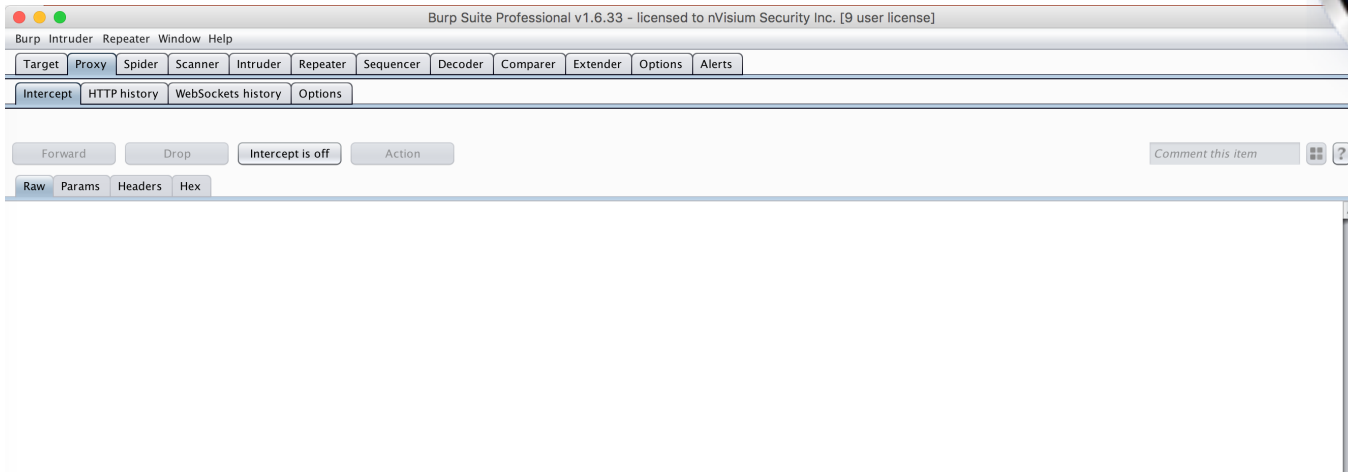
Agenda

- Proxy Traffic
- Runtime Analysis
- Memory Analysis
- Binary Analysis



Proxy iOS

- Step 1 – Pick your Proxy



Proxy iOS

- Step 2 – Add CA to device



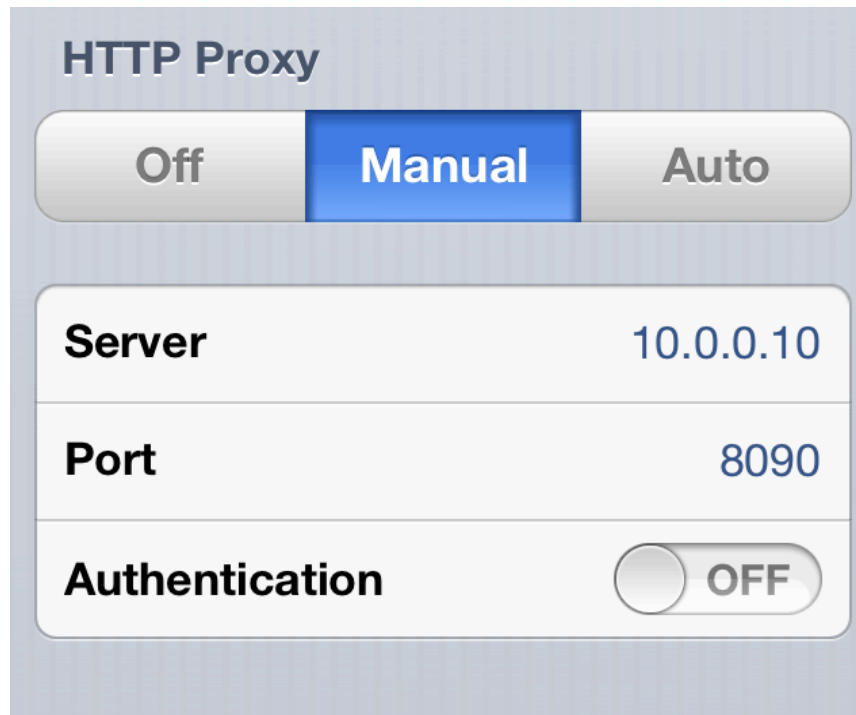
You Can Remove them

This works too but not as easy to manage!

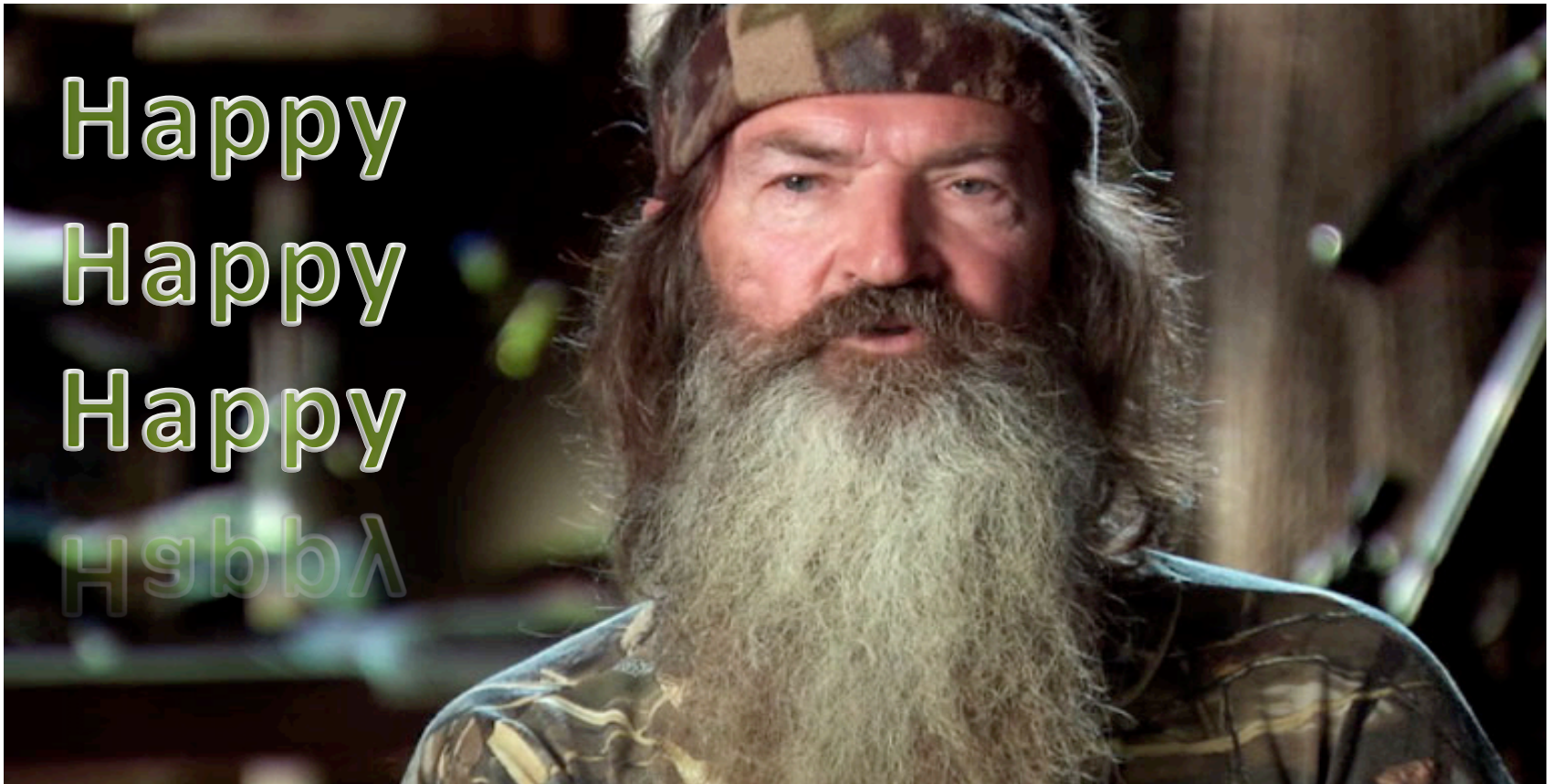


Proxy iOS

- Step 3 – Set your system proxy
 - Settings -> WiFi -> YourNetwork



iOS Proxy Success!



iOS – Certificate Pinning bypass

- SSLKillSwitch
 - <https://github.com/iSECPartners/ios-ssl-kill-switch>

“MobileSubstrate extension to disable certificate validation within NSURLConnection in order to facilitate black-box testing of iOS Apps.”



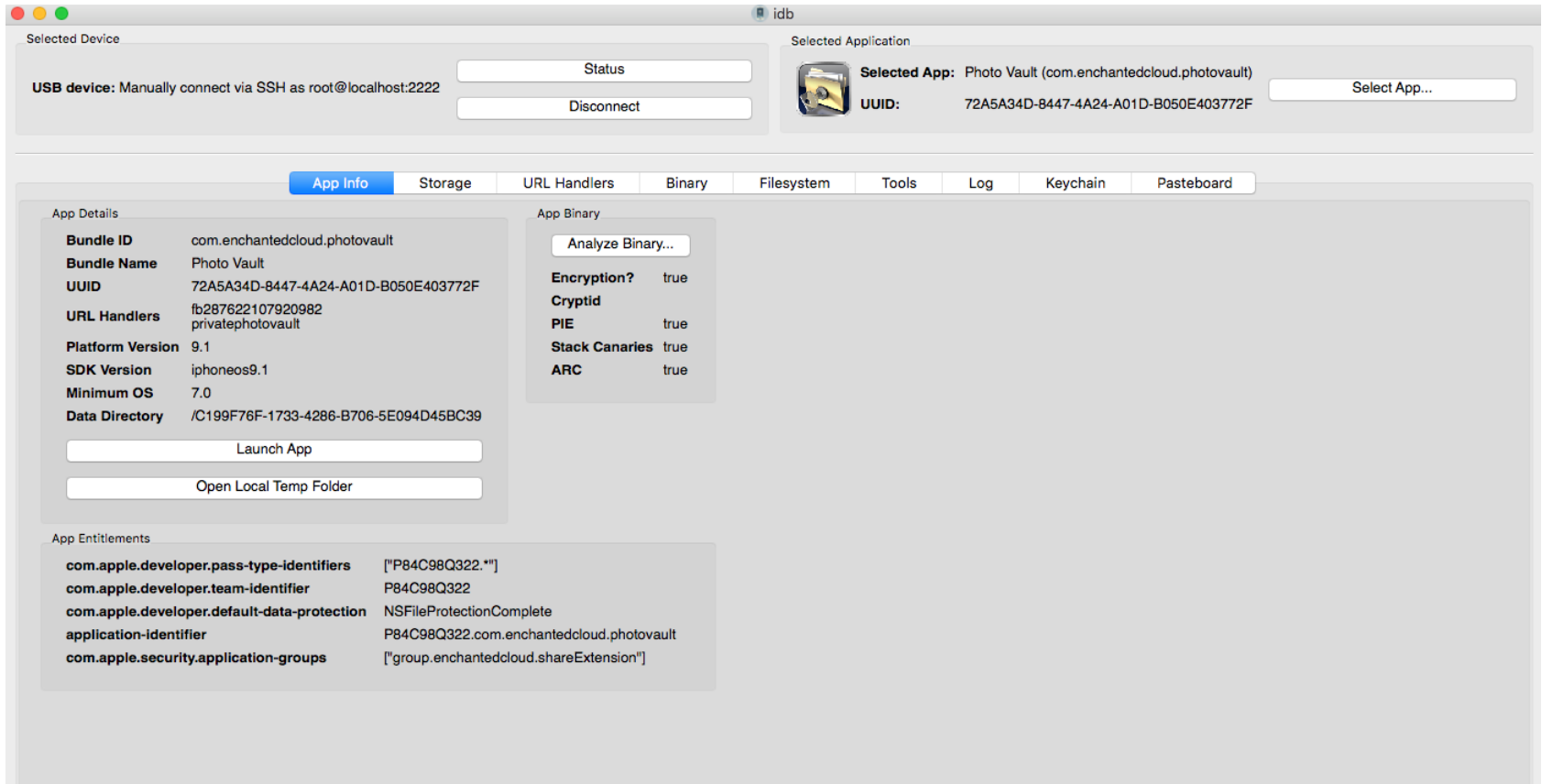
Runtime Analysis and Manipulation

- Monitor and modify the running application.
- Essentially “debugging.”
- Use cases:
 - Client-only applications.
 - Custom protocol (non-HTTP) communication.

Runtime Analysis: iOS

- iOS: Need a jailbroken device
 - Pangu for iOS 9-9.0.2
 - Possible to deploy to simulator (clunky, ugly)
 - Great tools for testing on devices
- Current Tools:
 - idb
 - cycript
 - snoop-it
- Resources
 - <http://www.slideshare.net/jasonhaddix/pentesting-ios-applications>
 - <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/15076510/gdb-on-ipad-failing-to-dump-memory>

idb



idb Features

- **File System Access**
 - View all current and created files
 - Keychain access
 - Check for auto screenshots
 - Check iOS Logs
 - Check iOS Pasteboard
- **App Analysis**
 - Analyze app binary for encryption, PIE, ARC, etc
 - Run strings on App
 - Dump class information

idb: Installing

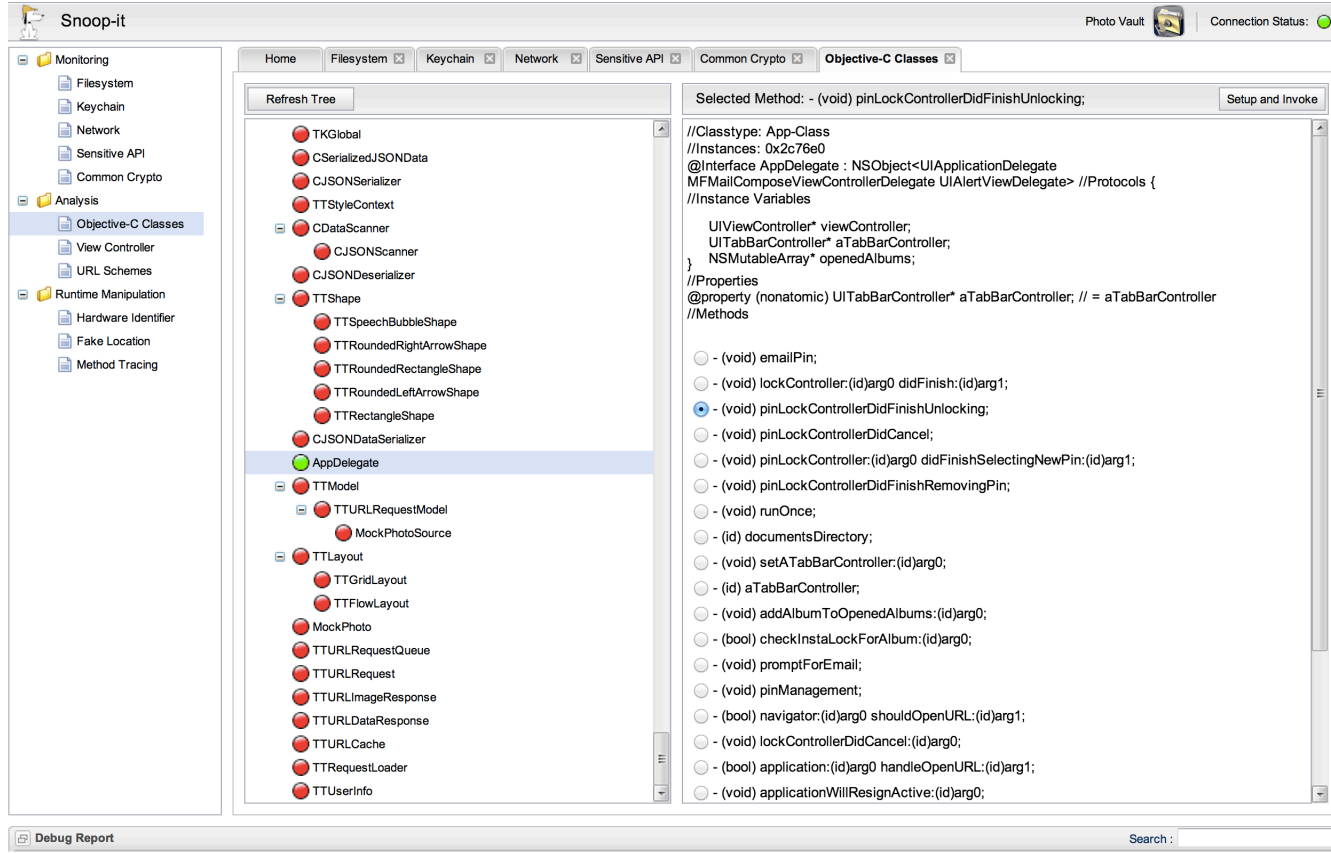
- Requires a ruby environment
- Follow instructions at <http://www.idbtool.com/installation/>



Live Demo: idb

```
[App Bundle]/PhotoVault.app/Plugins/ImportExtension.appex/MainInterface.storyboardc/Info.plist => NSFileProtectionNone  
[Data Dir]/Library/Albums.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete  
[Data Dir]/Library/0/Photos.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete  
[Data Dir]/Library/Decoy/Albums.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete  
[Data Dir]/Library/Preferences/com.enchantedcloud.photovault.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete  
[Data Dir]/Library/iTunes/Photos.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete  
[Data Dir]/Library/Decoy/iTunes/Photos.plist => NSFileProtectionComplete
```

Snoop-it



The screenshot displays the Snoop-it application interface. The top bar includes the application name "Snoop-it", a "Photo Vault" icon, and a "Connection Status" indicator. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Left Sidebar:** A navigation menu with categories like "Monitoring", "Analysis", and "Runtime Manipulation". The "Objective-C Classes" category is currently selected.
- Class List:** A central pane titled "Refresh Tree" showing a list of Objective-C classes. The "AppDelegate" class is highlighted in blue.
- Method Viewer:** A pane on the right titled "Selected Method: - (void) pinLockControllerDidFinishUnlocking;". It displays the class signature, interface, protocols, instance variables, properties, and a list of methods. The selected method is highlighted with a blue dot.
- Bottom Bar:** A "Debug Report" section on the left and a "Search:" field on the right.

<https://code.google.com/p/snoop-it/>

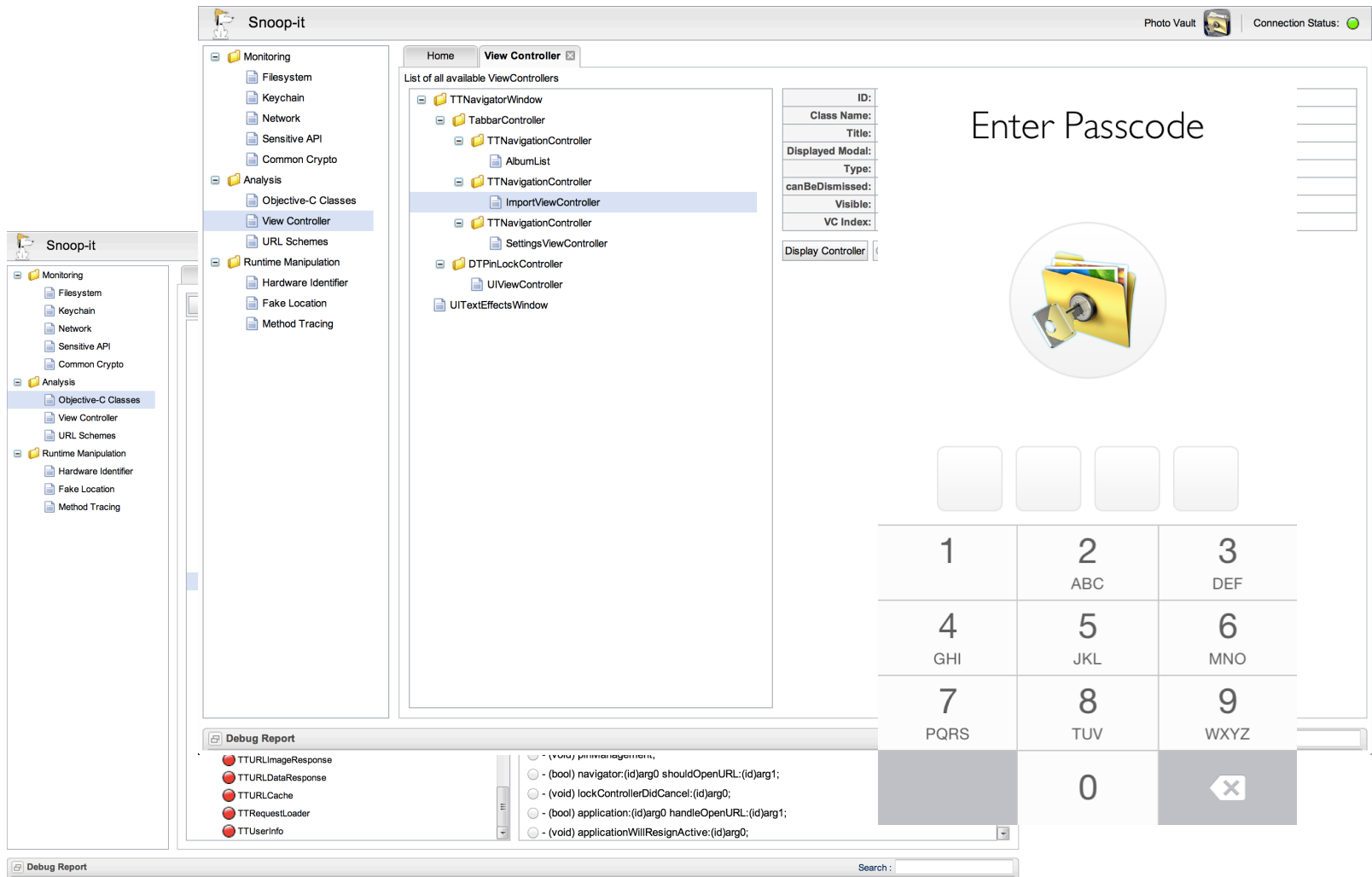
Snoop-it Features

- **Monitoring**
 - File system access (print data protection classes)
 - Keychain access
 - HTTP(S) connections (NSURLConnection)
 - Access to sensitive API (address book, photos etc.)
 - Debug outputs (NSLog)
 - Tracing App internals (objc_msgSend)
- **Anaylsis/Manipulation**
 - Fake hardware identifier (UDID, Wireless MAC, etc.)
 - Fake location/GPS data
 - Explore and force display of available ViewController

Snoop-it: Installing

1. Add the Cydia repository `repo.nesolabs.de` and install the provided snoop-it package
2. After installing, run the Snoop-it Configuration App by tapping the Snoop-it icon on SpringBoard
3. Using the Snoop-it Configuration App, select the Apps to analyze.
4. Adjust the Snoop-it settings if desired (like e.g. the listening port of the web interface, authentication, tracing, etc.)
5. Run the selected App & point the browser in a computer to the Snoop-it web interface.

Live Demo: Snoop-it



The screenshot displays the Snoop-it application interface. The main window is titled "Snoop-it" and includes a "Photo Vault" icon and a "Connection Status" indicator (green circle).

The interface is divided into several sections:

- Left Panel:** A sidebar menu with categories:
 - Monitoring: Filesystem, Keychain, Network, Sensitive API, Common Crypto
 - Analysis: Objective-C Classes, View Controller, URL Schemes
 - Runtime Manipulation: Hardware Identifier, Fake Location, Method Tracing
- Home View Controller:** A list of available ViewControllers:
 - TTNavigatorWindow
 - TabBarController
 - TTNavigationController
 - AlbumList
 - TTNavigationController
 - ImportViewController (highlighted)
 - TTNavigationController
 - SettingsViewController
 - DTPinLockController
 - UIViewController
 - UITextEffectsWindow

- Properties Panel:** A table of properties for the selected class:

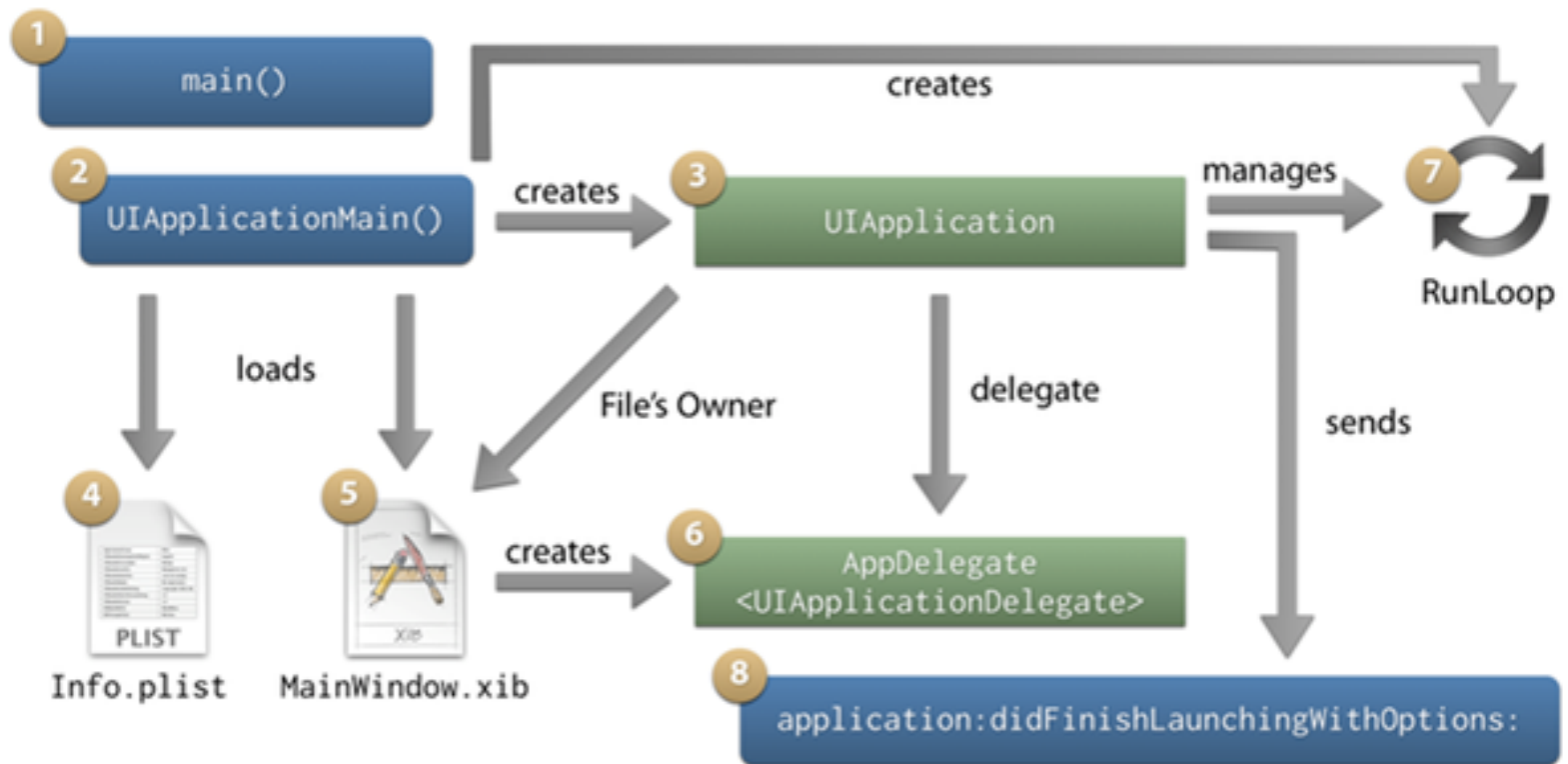
ID:	
Class Name:	
Title:	
Displayed Modal:	
Type:	
canBeDismissed:	
Visible:	
VC Index:	
- Main Content Area:** Displays a passcode entry screen titled "Enter Passcode". It features a folder icon with a keyhole, four empty input boxes, and a numeric keypad with letters (1-9, 0, and a backspace key).
- Debug Report:** A bottom panel showing a list of debug messages:
- TTURLImageResponse
- TTURLDataResponse
- TTURLCache
- TTRequestLoader
- TTUserInfo

Cycript

“Cycript allows developers to explore and modify running applications on either iOS or Mac OS X using a hybrid of Objective-C++ and JavaScript syntax through an interactive console that features syntax highlighting and tab completion.”

<http://www.cycript.org/>

iOS Execution Flow



What is Cypcript

- A programming language designed to blend Objective-C and JavaScript.
- Allows hooking into an iOS process or application.
- It grants access to all of the classes and instance variables and methods within the application.
- Can write and execute scripts.

Cycript: How?

- Available for jailbroken iOS devices (Cydia installation)
- Command line interface.

```
cy# @"hello"  
@"hello"  
cy# @[2, 4, 5]  
@[2,4,5]  
cy# @{"thing": 9, field: 10}  
@{"thing":9,"field":10}  
cy# @YES  
@true  
cy# @null  
@null  
cy# @(5 + 7)  
@12
```

Cycript: Why?

- Bypass client-side validations.
- Obtain sensitive data stored on memory (passwords, private keys, certificates, etc).
- Call methods directly.
- Overwrite methods (aka Method Swizzling).
- Similar capabilities to editing HTML/JS on a Web App (but much more complicated).

Cycript: Installing

- **Cycript is available in Cydia:**
 1. Open cydia on a jailbroken iOS device
 2. In case cycript is now showing up in the search results page make sure the “Developer” option is selected under “Manage”->”Settings”.
 3. Select the cycript package and install it.
- **If the Cycript package is not seen in Cydia:**
 1. Navigate to <http://www.cycript.org/debs/> and download the latest available.
 2. Copy this file to the iDevice by using SFTP.
 3. SSH into the iDevice and install it, you may need root/sudo for this:

```
# dpkg -i cycript_iphoneos-arm.deb
```
 4. Verify the installation by executing the following command:

```
# cycript
```
 5. If the installation was successful a cycript interactive shell will be displayed:

```
cy#
```

Cycript: Usage

- Obtain command line access to the device using SSH.
- Cycript needs to be attached/hooked to a process.

```
# cycript -p Application
```

- Where “Application” is the name of the application running on the device
- If cycript is not able to start a process, an ID can be provided.

```
# ps aux  
# cycript -p {process id}
```

- Get the name of the application delegate class.

```
cy# UIApplication.delegate  
#"<AppDelegate: 0x28a600>"  
cy# UIApplication.keyWindow.rootViewController
```

Cycript: Usage Continued

- Dump all classes

```
cy# ObjectiveC.classes
```

- Get a class memory address

```
cy# choose(SomeClass)
#"<SomeClass: 0x28a600>"
```

- Attach to instance of Class

```
cy# var somcls = new Instance(0x28a600)
```

- Run Methods in Class

```
cy# [somcls someMethod: someParm]
```


Cycript Common Functions

```
function tryPrintIvars(a){ var x={}; for(i in *a){ try{ x[i] = (*a)[i]; } catch(e){} } return x; }
```

```
function printMethods(className) {  
    var count = new new Type("I");  
    var methods = class_copyMethodList(objc_getClass(className), count);  
    var methodsArray = [];  
    for(var i = 0; i < *count; i++) {  
        var method = methods[i];  
        methodsArray.push({selector:method_getName(method), implementation:method_getImplementation(method)});  
    }  
    free(methods);  
    free(count);  
    return methodsArray;  
}
```

```
function methodsMatching(cls, regexp) { return [[new Selector(m).type(cls), m] for (m in cls.messages) if (!regexp ||  
regexp.test(m))]; }
```

Cycript Method Swizzling

```
cy# SomeClass.messages
```

```
cy# SomeClass.messages['someMethod'] = function(){return true;}
```

Live Demo: Cypcript

```
cy# function printMethods(className) {
cy>   var count = new new Type("I");
cy>   var methods = class_copyMethodList(objc_getClass(className), count);
cy>   var methodsArray = [];
cy>   for(var i = 0; i < *count; i++) {
cy>     var method = methods[i];
cy>     methodsArray.push({selector:method_getName(method), implementation:method_getImplementation(method)});
cy>   }
cy>   free(methods);
cy>   free(count);
cy>   return methodsArray;
cy> }
cy#
```

What About Swift

- No tools...yet
- Write custom hooks through Mobile Substrate
 - https://www.securify.nl/blog/SFY20150302/hooking_swift_methods_for_fun_and_profit.html
 - <https://www.uraimo.com/2015/10/23/effective-method-swizzling-with-swift/>

Memory Dumping and Analysis

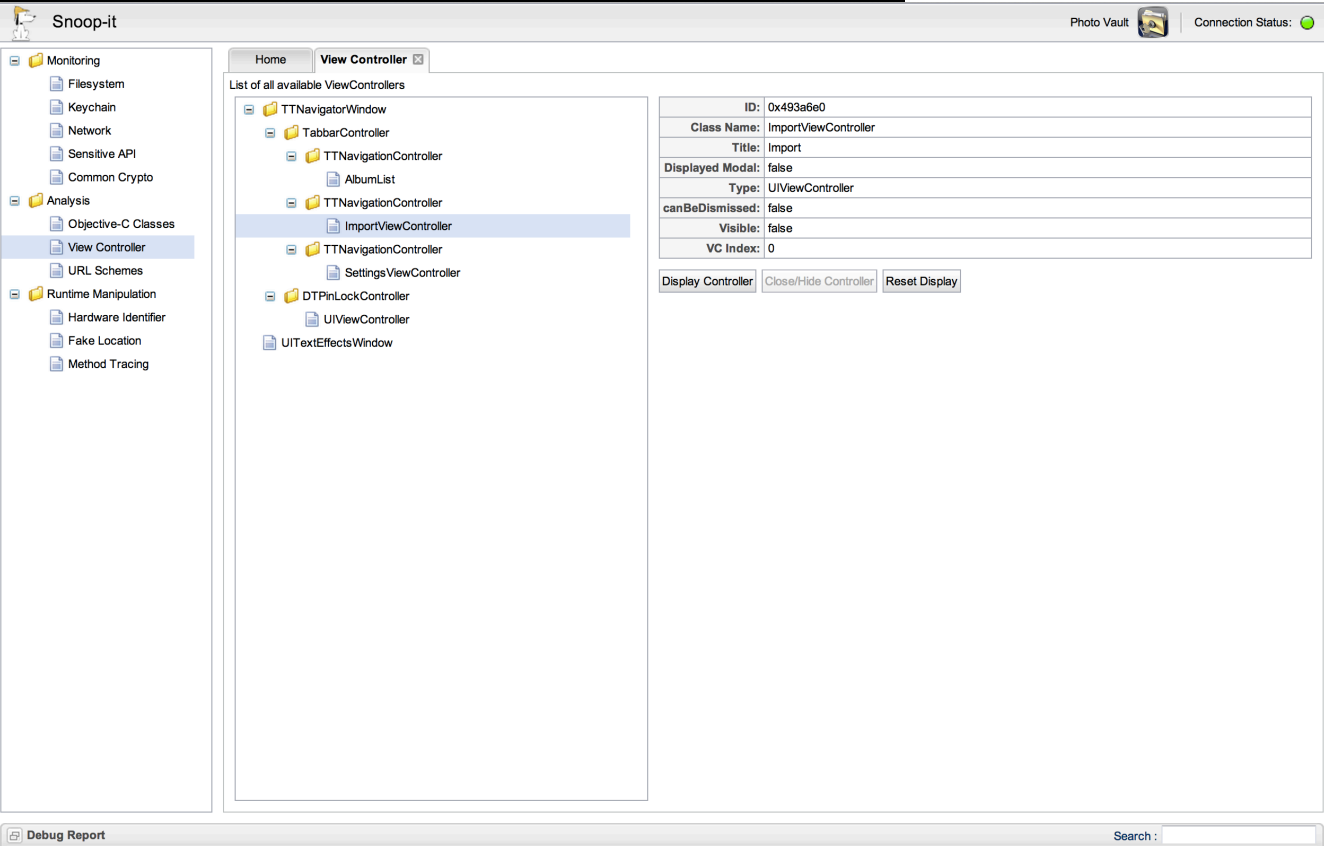
- Why do we care about memory?
 - What type of info is retained? How long?
 - Is it necessary?
 - Could an attacker recover it if lost / stolen?



Memory Analysis: iOS

- Back to Snoop-it/Cycript/idb

```
cy# @"hello"
@"hello"
cy# @[2, 4, 5]
@[2,4,5]
cy# @{"thing": 9,
@{"thing":9,"fie
cy# @YES
@true
cy# @null
@null
cy# @(5 + 7)
@12
```



The screenshot shows the Snoop-it application interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various monitoring and analysis tools such as Filesystem, Keychain, Network, Sensitive API, Common Crypto, Analysis, Objective-C Classes, View Controller, URL Schemes, Runtime Manipulation, Hardware Identifier, Fake Location, and Method Tracing. The 'View Controller' tool is selected, displaying a list of available ViewControllers. The 'ImportViewController' is highlighted. On the right, a detailed view of the selected ViewController is shown, including its ID (0x493a6e0), Class Name (ImportViewController), Title (Import), and other properties like Displayed Modal, Type, canBeDismissed, Visible, and VC Index. Below this information are buttons for 'Display Controller', 'Close/Hide Controller', and 'Reset Display'. The bottom of the window features a 'Debug Report' button and a search bar.

ID:	0x493a6e0
Class Name:	ImportViewController
Title:	Import
Displayed Modal:	false
Type:	UIViewController
canBeDismissed:	false
Visible:	false
VC Index:	0

iOS Binary Analysis

- iOS binaries are native code (read: cannot decompile).
- IPA files from iTunes have their binary code encrypted with Fairplay
- Disassembler tools:
 - Hopper <http://www.hopperapp.com/>
 - IDA pro <https://www.hex-rays.com/products/ida/>
- Resources:
 - <https://rstforums.com/forum/79368-ios-app-decompilation.rst>
 - <http://resources.infosecinstitute.com/penetration-testing-for-iphone-applications-part-5/>

But the app is encrypted???

- idb FTW!
- Uses dumpdecrypted

App Binary

Analyze Binary...

Encryption? true

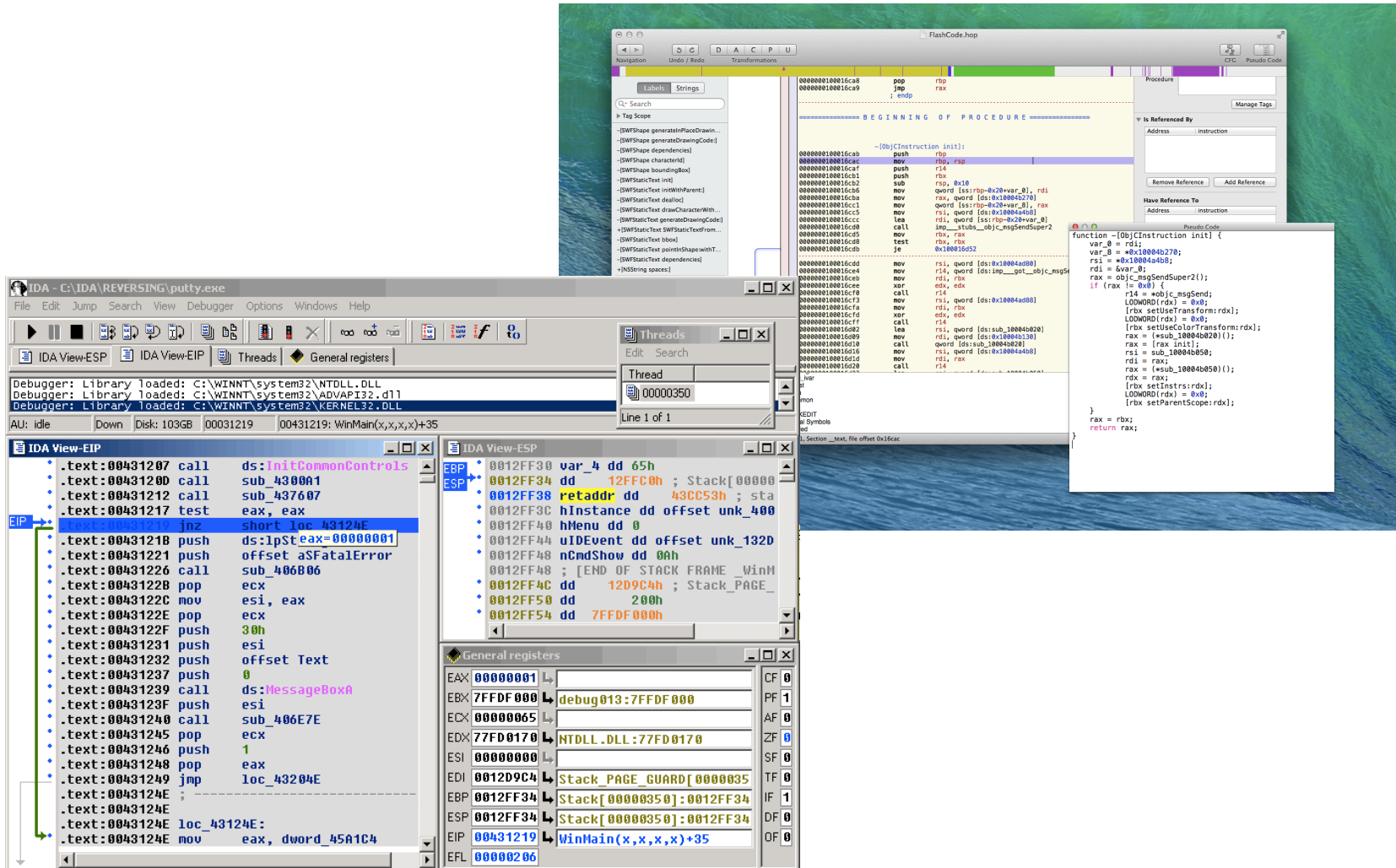
Cryptid

PIE true

Stack Canaries true

ARC true

Disassembler



The screenshot displays a disassembler interface with several key components:

- Debugger:** Shows loaded libraries including `C:\WINNT\system32\NTDLL.DLL`, `C:\WINNT\system32\ADVAPI32.dll`, and `C:\WINNT\system32\KERNEL32.DLL`. The current process is `WinMain(x,x,x,x)+35`.
- IDA View-EIP:** Displays assembly instructions with their addresses and mnemonics. The current instruction is `loc_43124E: mov eax, dword_45A1C4`.
- General registers:** Shows the state of CPU registers. Notable values include `EAX: 00000001`, `EIP: 00431219`, and `EFL: 00000206`.
- Procedure Window:** Shows the assembly code for a procedure named `__ObjInstructionInit`. The code includes instructions like `push rbp`, `mov rbp, rax`, and `call r14`.
- Pseudo Code:** Provides a high-level view of the assembly code, showing variable declarations and function calls.

Other Tools

- **Methods**
 - class-dump
 - nm
 - strings
- **Logging**
 - idevicesyslog
- **Networking**
 - rvictl
 - iproxy



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