Aspect-Oriented Model Development at Different Levels of Abstraction

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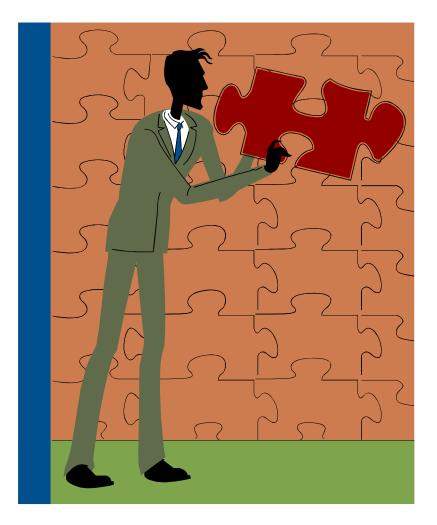
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Outline

- Motivation
- Aspects at the level of
 - Features
 - Use cases
 - Classes with sequence diagrams
 - Classes with state machines
 - Services
 - Mixins
 - Contacts
- Localization of concerns and localization of reasoning in aspectual models at different level of abstraction

Motivation

- Understand possibilities and limitations in keeping intellectual control over evolving models using different type of modeling semantics via
 - localization of concerns,
 - verification and
 - localization of reasoning on parts about behaviour of the whole



Authentication Concern to compare approaches

- 1. System prompts CMSEmployee for login id and password
- 2. CMSEmployee enters login id and password into System.
- 3. System validates the login information. Use case ends in success.

Extensions:

2a. CMSEmployee cancels the authentication process.

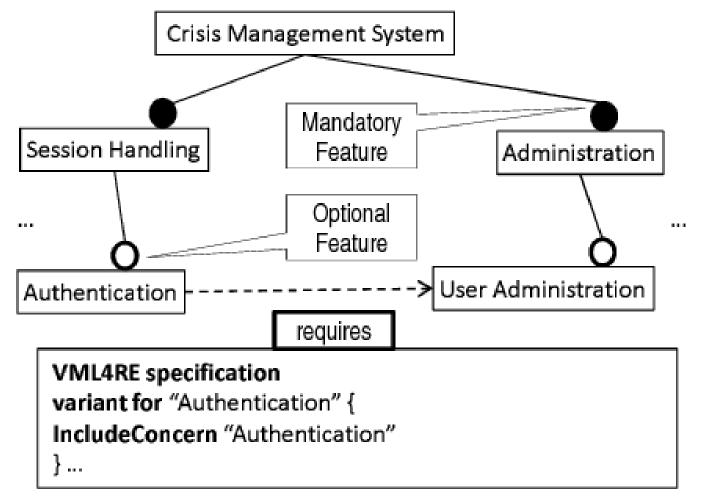
Use case ends in failure.

3a. System fails to authenticate the CMSEmployee.

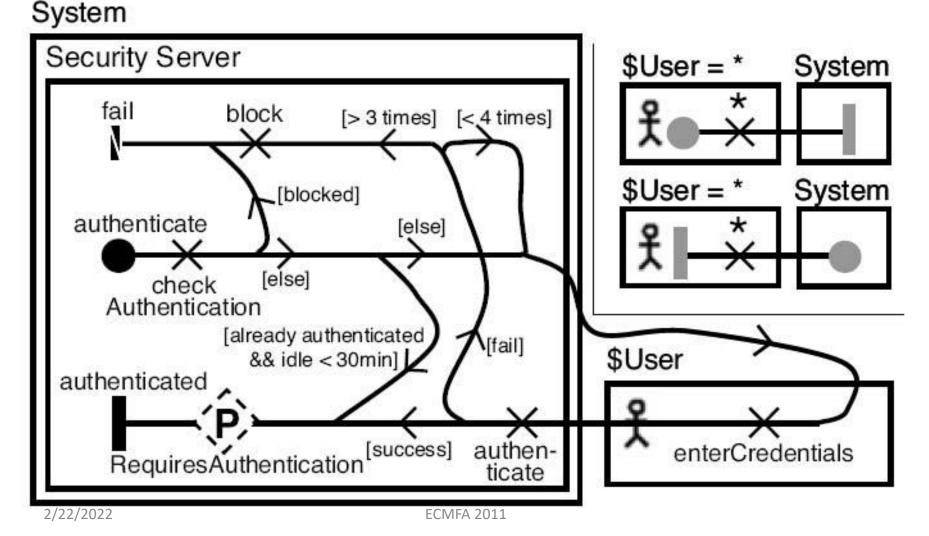
3a.1 Use case continues at step 1.

3a.1a CMSEmployee performed three consecutive failed attempts. Use case ends in failure.

AOM revision of Features: Variability Modelling Language for Requirements (VML4RE)



AOM revision of Use Cases: Aspectoriented User Requirements Notation AOURN

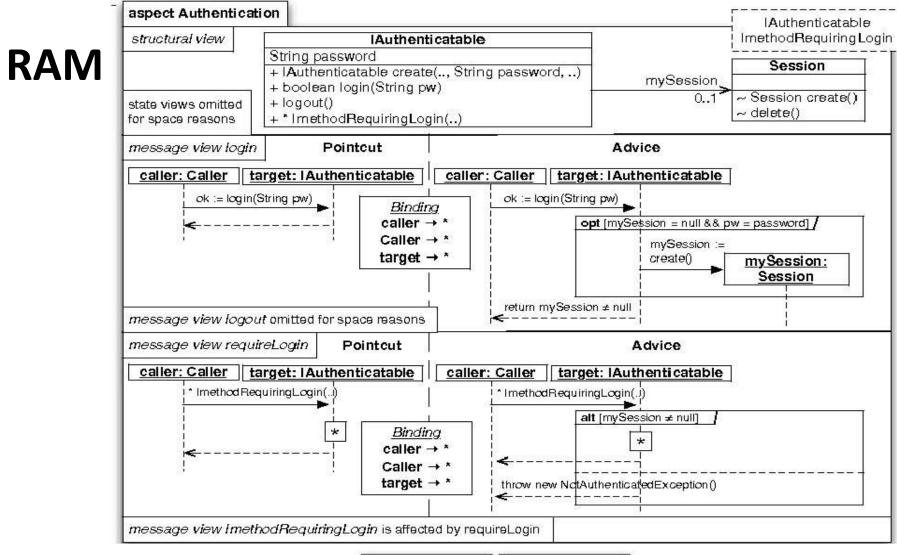


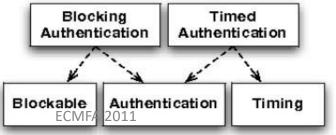
AoURN and composition

- Decomposition of use cases
- Composition is restricted to concatenation of sequences and hierarchy
- Interactive execution is impossible. The specification allows generating of test suits for models and implementations

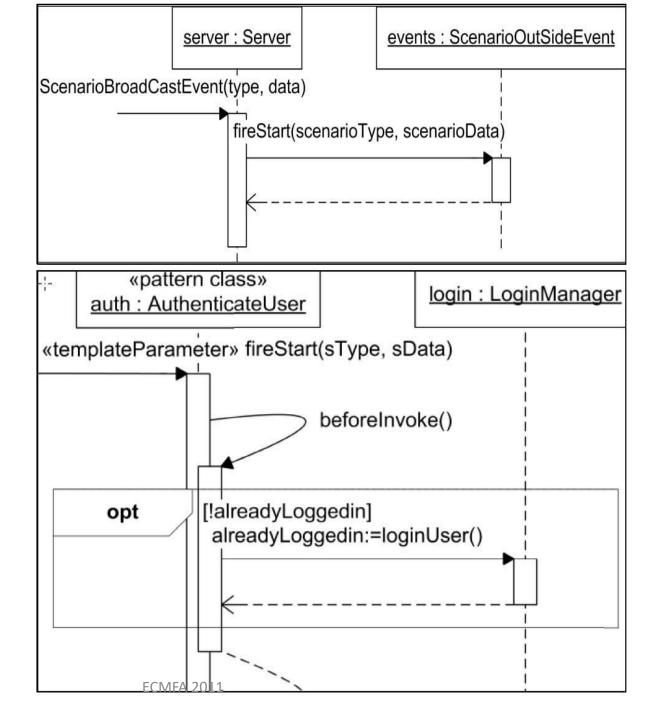
AOM revision of Classes with Sequence Diagrams

- Theme
- Reusable Aspect Models (RAM)
- Graph-based Adaptation, Configuration and Evolution (GrACE)
- Point cuts and Advices are models as separate sequence diagrams. Advise diagrams are woven into base sequence diagrams. State views are used to show how the state is changed to prevent specification of





GrACE



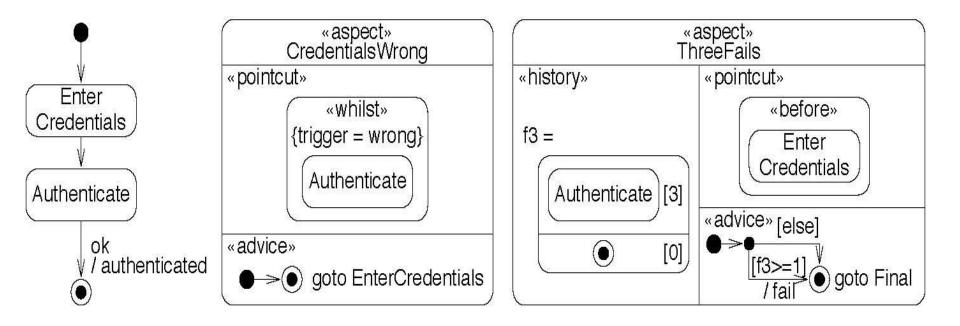
Properties of the approaches working with sequence diagrams

- Localization of concern specification
- Specification of behavior for complex systems is often incomplete.
- If the specification of state is involved then the specification of
 - Spectative aspects
 - Regulative aspects
 - Invasive aspects

is possible

• Local reasoning is impossible and after any evolution step of the model the whole model should be re-generated and re-analysing or verified.

AOM revision of Classes with Behavioural State Machines: High-Level Aspects (HiLA)



HiLA: properties of models

Semantics of BSM:

- If an event recognized by a machine does not enabled in the current state of machine, but is included in the list deferred events for this state, it is kept in a queue for later processing, otherwise the event is discarded.
- Processing of an event by different machines is asynchronous and the result of processing is non-deterministic.

Verification:

 HiLA uses formal methods of model validation. The application of aspects to BSM results in another UML state machine which is analyzed using the model checking component that translates the state machine and the assertions into the input language of a back-end model checker SPIN. SPIN then is used to verify the given properties presented in Linear Temporal Logic.

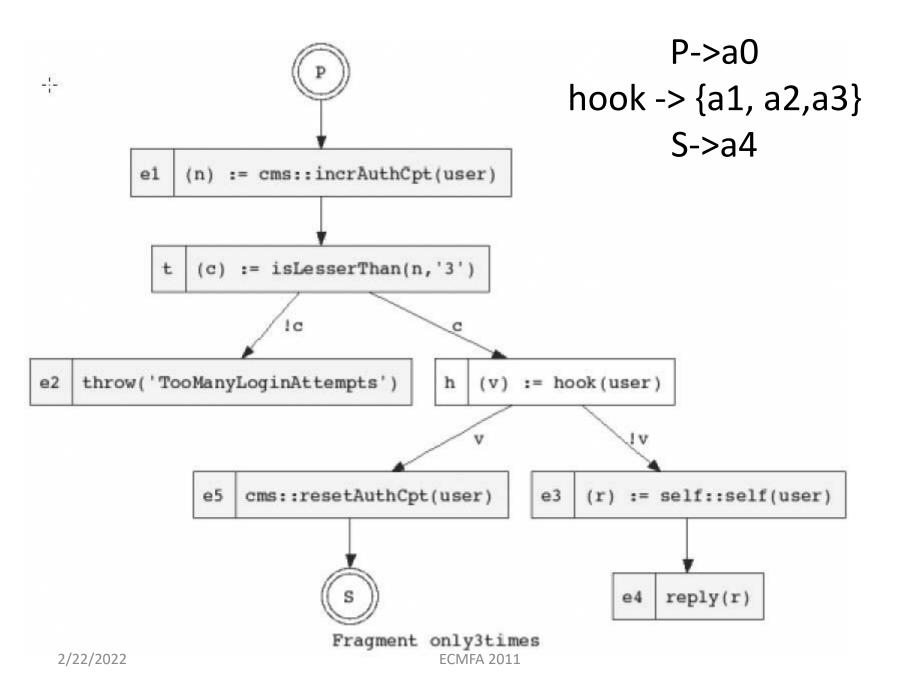
AOM revision of Activity diagrams: Activity moDel supOrting oRchestration Evolution ADORE

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		i.		¥.			2
	ala2	(log,	pwd) :	= ui::	prompt)	Pass(u	iser)
-1: 		:			:		 :
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a3	(15V	alid)	:= cms	::cheo	kPass()	user,1	.og,pwd
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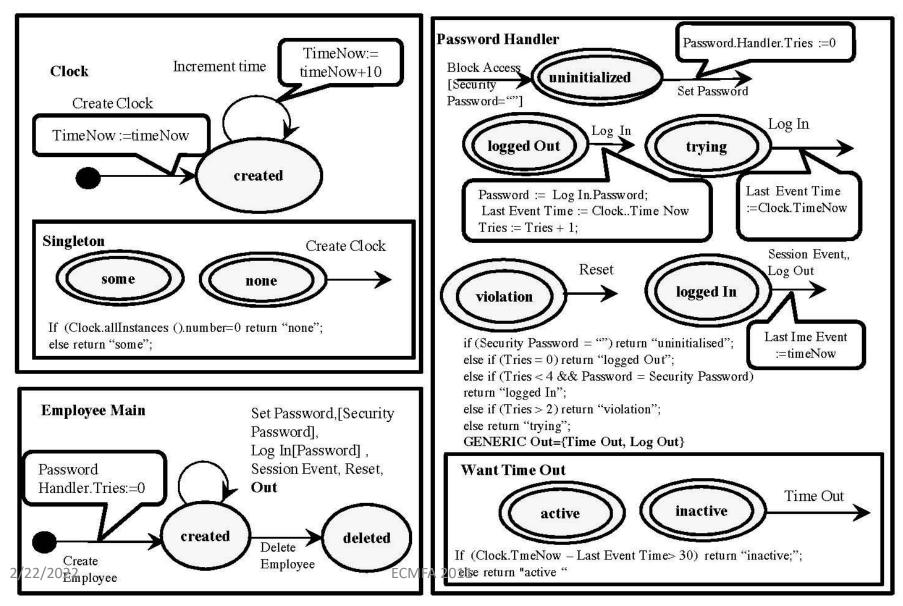
In Adore, an orchestration of services defined as a partially ordered set of activities.

The different types of activities that can be defined in Adore include

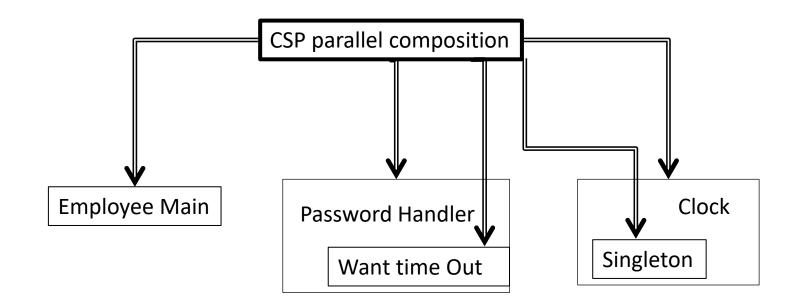
- (i) service invocation (denoted by invoke), inv
- (ii) variable assignment (**a**ssign), **a**
- (iii) fault reporting (**t**hrow), **t**
- (iv) message reception (receive), rcv
- (v) response sending (reply), rp
- (vi) the null activity, which is used for synchronization purpose (nop).



AOM revision of Mixins: Protocol Modelling



CSP parallel Composition of Mixins



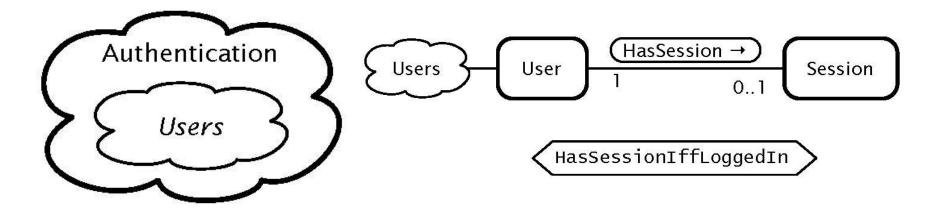
Properties of Protocol Modeles

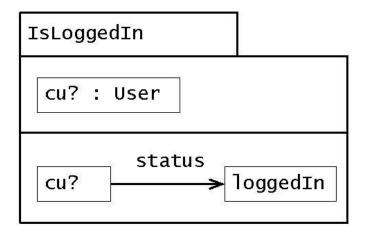
- Localization of concerns
- Synchronous handling of an event by different protocol machines
- Deterministic behaviour
- Invasive aspects are not possible
- CSP composition preserves the order of sequences of events and makes possible localization of reasoning

AOM revision of design by contract: Visual Contract Language (VCL)

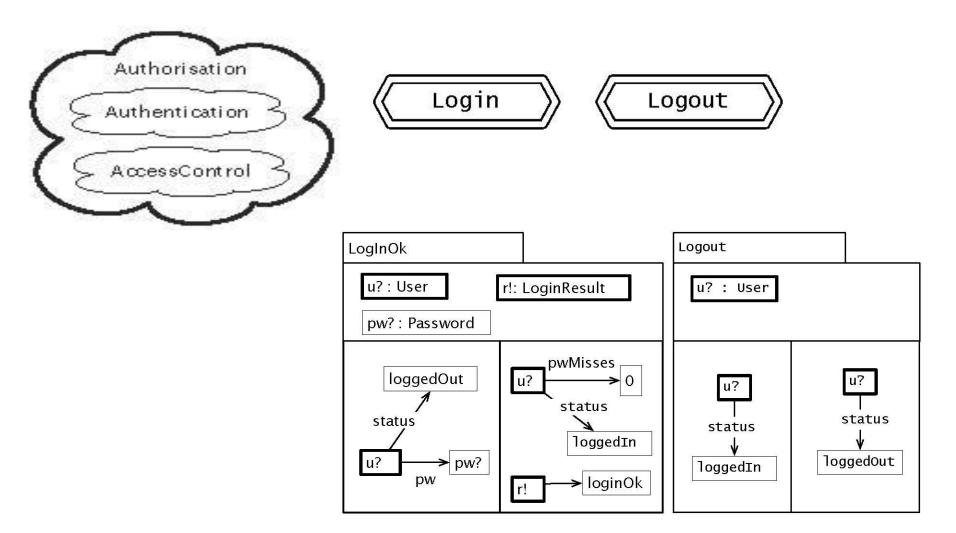
- DbC extends the ordinary definition of abstract data types with preconditions, postconditions and invariants.
- If a precondition is violated, the effect of the section of code becomes undefined and thus may or may not carry out its intended work.

AOM revision of design by contract: Visual Contract Language (VCL)

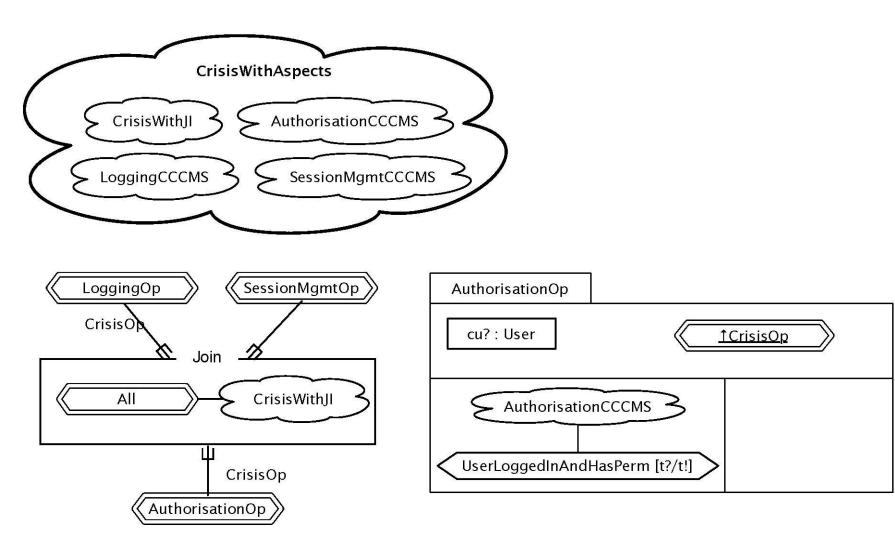




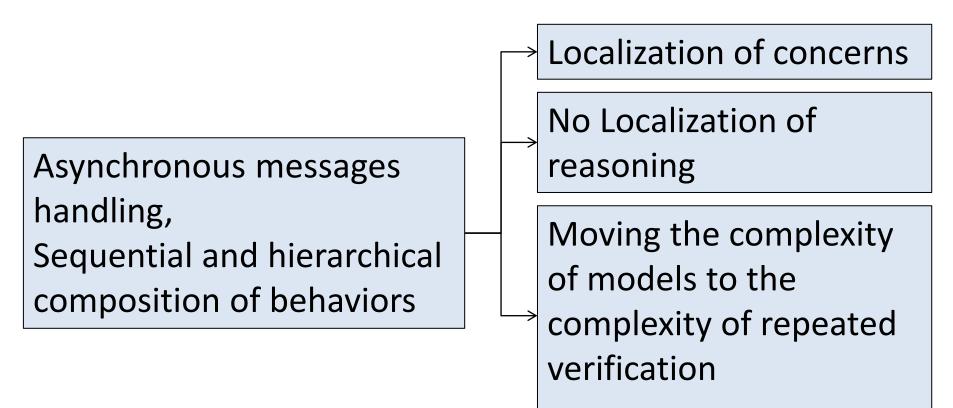
VCL: Package Authentication



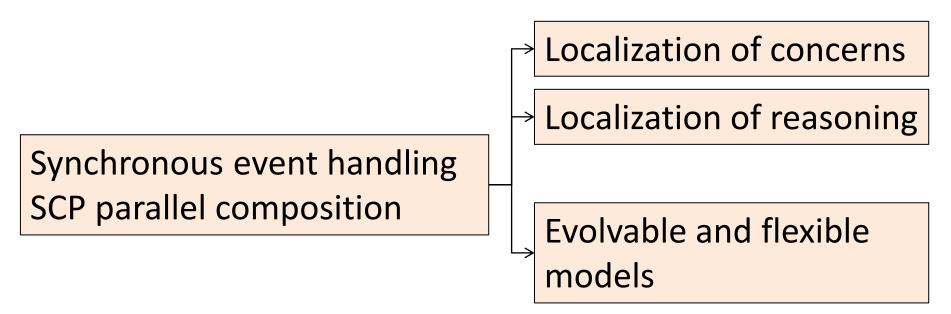
VCL: Crisis with Aspects



Conclusions



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 Having the experience of the last ten years with aspects at different level of abstraction, it is possible to predict the effectiveness of aspect-orientation in any new language.

